



NIGERIA - RRRP 2017

CHAD at a glance

January - December 2017



SITUATION ANALYSIS

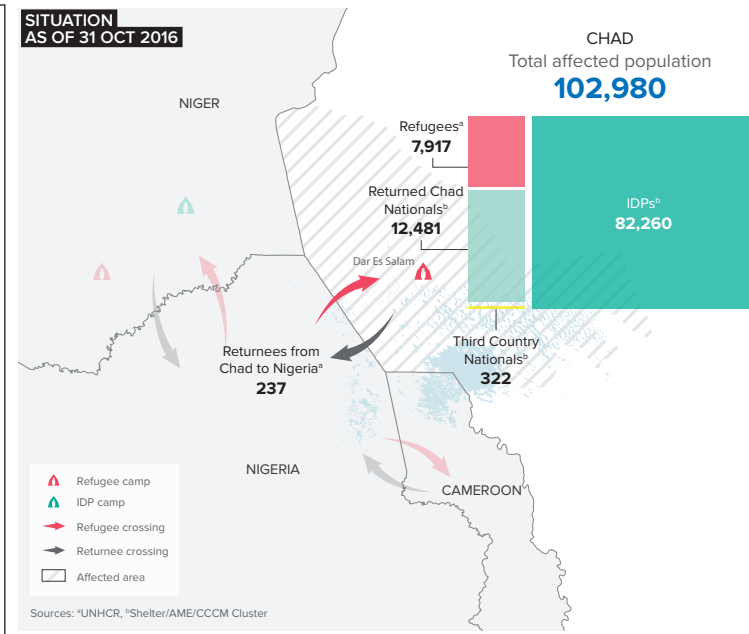
In 2016, the fight against Boko Haram insurgents intensified with the continued deployment of the Multi-National Joint Task Force (MNJTF). To support these efforts, local authorities in Chad's Lake region, provided strong leadership in community mobilisation efforts to prevent Boko Haram from infiltrating communities. In response, the insurgent group changed its modus operandi, switching from attacking villages and civilians, to attacking military positions and planting mines instead. The state of emergency in the region declared in November 2015 is still in force. As a result of counter-insurgency operations, the number of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) and returned Chadian nationals increased.

Heavy military presence in the area jeopardized the civilian and humanitarian character of IDP sites and Dar Es Salam refugee camp, increasing the number of incidents related to sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV). Lastly, humanitarian space and access were further reduced. Since May 2016, armed escorts have been necessary to provide humanitarian assistance to refugees in Ngouboua and Tchoukoutalia. Those refugees hosted in more remote areas continued to receive minimal assistance through close collaboration with the authorities and volunteers from the Chadian Red Cross.

In 2017, RRRP partners will continue to provide protection and assistance to 8,000 Nigerian refugees and 14,550 host community members, to support affected communities in a region already characterized by harsh climatic conditions, poor infrastructure, poor service delivery and frequent epidemic outbreaks.

UNHCR will continue to collaborate with the Government through the *Commission Nationale pour l'Accueil et la Réinsertion des Réfugiés et des Rapatriés* (CNARR) to

SITUATION AS OF 31 OCT 2016



coordinate the refugee response in close cooperation with local authorities. RRRP partners include six UN agencies as well as their implementing partners. In N'Djamena and Baga Sola, UNHCR will continue to lead coordination meetings related to the refugee response in close collaboration with partners and local authorities.

PLANNED SECTOR RESPONSE



PROTECTION SECTOR

The sector response will target 8,000 refugees (2,664 households). Registration activities will carry on and refugee profiles will be updated on a regular basis. RRRP actors will continue to identify persons with specific needs, update their profiles and follow-up with appropriate interventions. Community mobilisation efforts will be enhanced to contribute to refugee protection, including with the management of persons with specific needs. Children at risk will be identified, documented, monitored, and provided with assistance.



EDUCATION SECTOR

RRRP partners will build additional classrooms to bring the number of fully functional classrooms up to 43 in the primary schools. These classrooms will be equipped and additional latrines and water points will be constructed. Advocacy will be carried out with the Ministry of Education to deploy additional teachers. Literacy classes for adults and children aged 13-24 years will also be organized.



FOOD SECURITY SECTOR

Monthly food distributions will be organized in Dar Es Salam camp for all refugees living within and outside the camp. Cash-based intervention will be implemented, informed by the results of a survey as well as prevailing market conditions.



HEALTH & NUTRITION SECTOR

Partners aim to maintain the crude mortality rate and under-5 mortality rate at the standard. To this end, partners will ensure that refugees and the host population have access to primary health care services by providing Dar Es Salam and Ngouboua health centres with drugs, equipment, human resources and capacity building exercises.



LIVELIHOODS & ENVIRONMENT SECTOR

Refugees in accessible areas will receive support to engage further in agricultural and fishing activities thanks to advocacy efforts for the provision of more arable land and fishing space in secure areas as well as the distribution of food crop and vegetable seeds and agricultural tools. In addition, they will also be provided with business and skills training. To protect and preserve the environment, the refugee community will be made familiar with the use of energy-saving stoves to reduce firewood use.



SHELTER & NFI SECTOR

The sector response will target 300 households in Dar Es Salam camp who will be assisted with constructing their own transitional shelters. Community infrastructures will be built with durable materials. Shelter kits and NFIs will be provided to a total of 2,163 households.



WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE SECTOR

The main priority is to maintain the existing quantity and quality of water available and to continue ensuring access to sanitation facilities in Dar Es Salam camp by strengthening the capacity of water management committees. Environmental health and hygiene campaigns will also be organized.



TARGET POPULATION

22,550 total population

8,000 refugees



FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

USD 19,610,356

RRRP requirements