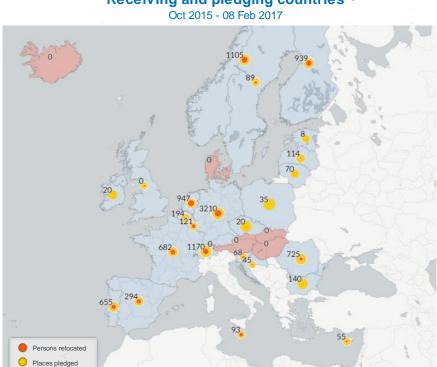
Italy - EU Relocation Dashboard

October 2015 – 08 February 2017

The charts below are based on figures of the Italian Ministry of Interior and the European Commission. All figures are provisional and subject to change. Sources: EC_ninth_report_on_relocation_and_resettlement_annex_2_en, and European Agenda on migration - Legislative documents



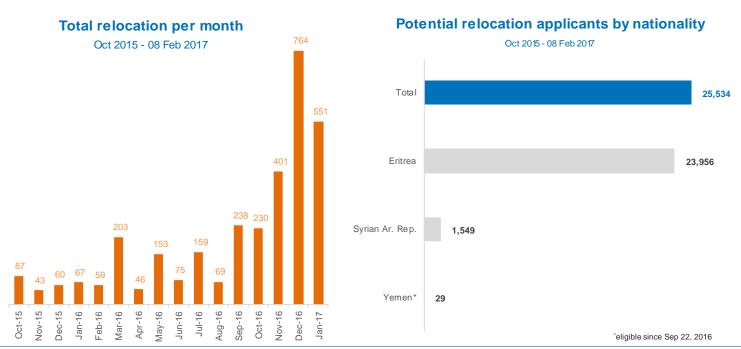
Receiving and pledging countries 1



¹Numbers included in the map refer to the sum of persons relocated and places pledged as of 08 February 2016

Over 25,500 potential relocation candidates arrived to Italy by sea since the adoption of the September 2015 EU Council decisions on relocation. However, the number of relocation transfers and pledges remains low, compared to the potential applicants. Furthermore, more people are staying in Italy than in previous years, also due to increased border controls in the northern areas.

According to the latest Eurostat data on decisions, candidates eligible for relocation include citizens of Syria, Eritrea, Yemen, Burundi, Maldives, Oman, Qatar. Nationals of the Central African Republic (CAR) and Iraq do not longer meet the 75% eligibility threshold. Nationals of Yemen and Burundi were eligible for relocation until end March 2016 and 8 July 2016, respectively; both groups were again eligible candidates after 30 September 2016, following publication of 2Q 2016 Eurostat data.



Since September 2015, 3,205 asylum-seekers (8% of the 39,600 target) were relocated from Italy to 17 European countries. While some participating States have showed greater commitment towards relocation, the number of pledges made available continues to be inadequate and implementation remains slow and challenging. UNHCR calls on States to increase pledges, including for unaccompanied and separated children and to speed up the registration and transfers of candidates. In addition, the eligibility threshold should be lowered to include nationalities to benefit from the relocation scheme. Effective relocation is crucial to increasing solidarity and responsibility sharing in Europe, and ensuring the better management of movements, including helping to address irregular secondary movement and reliance on smuggler networks.

Number of people relocated and pledges by European States





Overall progress on relocation by **European States**



