DTM Nigeria

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Nigeria
EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

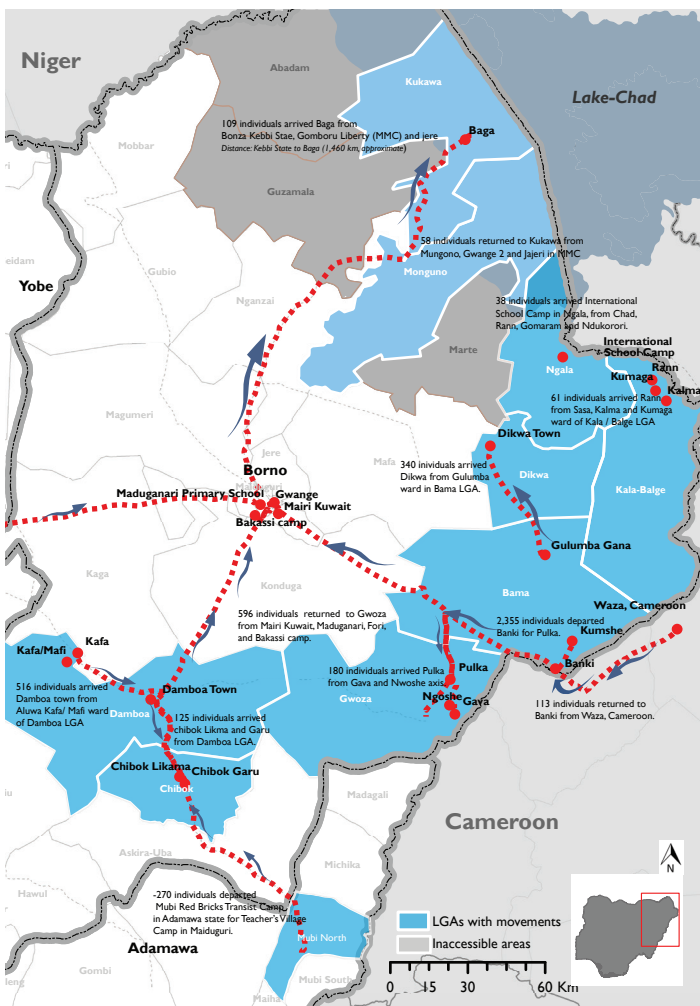DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

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ETT Report: No. 16 — Reporting period: 23 - 31 May 2017

SNAPSHOT: Bama, Chibok, Dikwa, Gwoza, Kukawa, Damboa, Ngala, Kala Balge, and Maiduguri M. C.

Map labels: Niger, Lake-Chad, Abadam, Kukawa, Baga, Mobbar, Guzamala, Gubio, Yobe, Nganzai, Monguno, Marte, International School Camp, Ngala, Kumaga, Rann, Kalma, Dikwa Town, Magumeri, Jere, Mafa, Dikwa, Kala-Balge, Borno, Gwange, Madugunari Primary School, Mairi Kuwait, Bakassi camp, Gulumba Gana, Kaga, Konduga, Bama, Waza, Cameroon, Kumshe, Kafa, Kafa/Mafi, Gwoza, Pulka, Ngoshe, Gava, Banki, Damboa Town, Damboa, Chibok Likma, Chibok Garu, Chibok, Madagali, Cameroon, Askira-Uba, Hawul, Mubi North, Adamawa, Gombi, Mubi South, Maiha, Michika

- 109 individuals arrived Baga from Bonza Kebbi Stae, Gomboru Liberty (MMC) and Jere. *Distance: Kebbi State to Baga (1,460 km, approximate)*
- 58 individuals returned to Kukawa from Mungono, Gwange 2 and Jajeri in MMC
- 38 individuals arrived International School Camp in Ngala, from Chad, Rann, Gomaram and Ndukorori.
- 61 individuals arrived Rann from Sasa, Kalma and Kumaga ward of Kala / Balge LGA
- 340 inividuals arrived Dikwa from Gulumba ward in Bama LGA.
- 596 individuals returned to Gwoza from Mairi Kuwait, Maduganari, Fori, and Bakassi camp.
- 2,355 individuals departed Banki for Pulka.
- 180 individuals arrived Pulka from Gava and Nwoshe axis.
- 516 individuals arrived Damboa town from Aluwa Kafa/ Mafi ward of Damboa LGA.
- 125 individuals arrived chibok Likma and Garu from Damboa LGA.
- 113 individuals returned to Banki from Waza, Cameroon.
- -270 individuals departed Mubi Red Bricks Transit Camp, in Adamawa state for Teacher's Village Camp in Maiduguri.

Legend: LGAs with movements / Inaccessible areas
0 — 15 — 30 — 60 Km

NFIs to be distributed to new arrivals in Pulka by MSF
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LGA: Bama — 26 – 31 May 2017
Movement: Organized | Triggers: Voluntary relocation

Arrivals: 113 | Departures: 2,409

Arrivals: 113 individuals (9 HH) returned to Banki from Waza in Cameroon and from Wasala and Bula Melaye locations in Kumshe ward of Bama LGA.

Departure: 1,272 individuals (204 HH) departed Banki for Pulka on 27 May. 1,083 individuals (182 HH) were relocated to Pulka and 54 departed for Maiduguri on 31 May.

Needs: Shelter and Water — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 45,501**

LGA: Chibok — 26 – 28 May 2017
Movement: Spontaneous | Trigger: Poor living conditions

125 individuals (31 HH) came into Likama and Garu wards in Chibok from Kaya ward in Damboa LGA in search of better living conditions.

DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 13,148

LGA: Dikwa — 26 – 28 May 2017
Movement: Organized | Trigger: Improved security

340 individuals (205 HH) were brought by the Civilian Joint Task Force to 20-Housing Unit Camp in Dikwa town between 26 and 28 May. The majority were from Muliye Afuye ward of Dikwa LGA and others were from villages in Gulumba ward of Bama LGA.

Needs: Shelter, water and clothing — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 100,948**

LGA: Gwoza — 26 – 27 May 2017
Movement: Spontaneous | Trigger: Improved security

Gwoza Town: 596 individuals (154 HH) returned to Gwoza from Mairi Kuwait, Moduganari, Fori and Bakassi camp of MMC and Jere LGAs. Pulka: 1,452 individuals (262 HH) arrived in Pulka from Banki (1,272 INDs) and Gava, Gwoshe axis of Pulka (180 INDs).

Needs: Water, food and shelter — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 63,468**

LGA: KUKAWA — 23 – 26 May 2017
Movement: Spontaneous | Trigger: Improved security

Baga: 109 individuals (31 HH) came into Baga from Bonza in Kebbi State and Old Maiduguri, Gomboru Liberty in MMC and Jere respectively. Kukawa: 58 individuals (11 HH) returned to Kukawa from Monguno and Gwange 2 and Jajeri in MMC.

Needs: Food, water, shelter and NFIs — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 17,304**

LGA: DAMBOA — 23 – 28 May 2017
Movement: Spontaneous | Trigger: Voluntary relocation

516 individuals (102 HH) arrived in Damboa town from Damboa Road, Aluwa Kafa/Mafi ward in Damboa LGA.

Needs: Food, and shelter — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 56,869**

LGA: NGALA — 23 – 28 May 2017
Movement: Spontaneous | Trigger: Voluntary relocation

38 individuals (18 HH) arrived from Chad, Rann, Gomaram and Ndukorori to International-School Camp in Ngala. They have received food, NFIs and some shelter.

DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 34,045

LGA: KALABALGE — 23 – 28 May 2017
Movement: Spontaneous | Trigger: Voluntary relocation

61 individuals (14 HH) arrived in Rann town from Sasa, Kalma Kumaga ward of Rann LGA.

Needs: Food, water and shelter — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 36,195**

LGA: Maiduguri M. C. — 27 May 2017
Movement: Organized | Trigger: Voluntary relocation

NEMA relocated 270 individuals (45 HH) from Mubi Red Bricks Transit Camp in Adamawa State to Teachers Village Camp in Maiduguri on 27 May. ETT Report No. 15 had reported their arrival from Minawawou Camp in Cameroon.

Needs: Shelter, food, NFIs — **DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 396,117**

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Methodology

Data Collection:

Data is collected daily by IOM staff deployed in the field. Locations that are inaccessible or insecure are assessed through phone interviews with partners or key informants present in the concerned locations.

Data verification:

The data collected is verified and cross-checked with partners on the field to provide the best estimates possible and ensure data' accuracy.

Data analysis and sharing:

Data is collected and analyzed on a daily basis and shared through weekly reports. Daily incident reports are also published in case of important population' movements that require immediate attention.

Definitions

Types of Movement:

• Organized: Planned movements from one location to another, usually with assistance from various actors on ground, such as government, the military, and other humanitarian actors.

• Spontaneous: Unplanned movement usually as a result of sudden triggers, such as attacks, conflicts and other situations that pose threat.

Triggers:

• Voluntary relocation: Voluntary movement of persons who are not under critical threat from one location to another.

• Involuntary relocation: Involuntary movement of persons from one location to another, usually due to intervention by other actors, for example, the closure of a camp in a location, requiring IDPs in the location to move to other locations, security reasons, and other prompts.

• Conflicts/Attacks: Population movement triggered by security threats in a location.

• Poor living condition: Population movement as a result of difficult circumstances and poor access to basic needs, such as, shelter, food, water, livelihood and other needs.

• Military operations: Population movements as a result of the arrival of the military to a location requiring civilians to move to other locations, to avoid being caught in between conflict situation that might ensue.

• Improved security: Population movement as a result of reduced threat or danger in a location.

Needs: Areas where an affected population require humanitarian assistance to alleviate suffering and improve the chance of survival.

Available Services: Humanitarian assistance provided to the affected population in a location to alleviate suffering and improve the chance of survival.

Icons

Icon	Label	Icon	Label	Icon	Label
	Population displacement		Military		Conflict or Attack
	Population return		Improved security		