

<p>tap, and the students do not seem to use TLS latrines from TLS.</p> <p>LIVELIHOOD: Currently no support to livelihood activities.</p> <p>OTHER ISSUES: UNHCR (Protection) held meeting with Women Group and Boy Group. ICRC provided first-aid training to three men and two women in BDP 2. 15 chairs from CMC office were stolen in BDP 1.</p> <p>FOLLOW UP ON FORMER ISSUES: NTR</p> <p>PROTECTION: Protection monitoring, activities with the women`s group, and identification of PWSNs for IPAs are ongoing.</p> <p>IDPs continue to report the lack of blankets and winter clothes.</p> <p>It was reported that due to the lack of livelihoods in the village some of them have taken the decision to leave their village and look for opportunities abroad.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow up on former issues <p>NTR</p>	<p>The DRC Protection Team continues to monitor the situation in the camp as well as unhindered access to basic services by all IDPs.</p>
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6. Dar Paing IDP Camp

Population: approx. 10,500 IDPs

<p>Highlights</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other update on activities and issues CAMP MANAGEMENT: DRC full range of activities on-going, focus on access to services monitoring and referral, shelter maintenance monitoring, and integration of camp representatives into camp coordination meetings. Field Office Assistant and volunteers collected data on WASH services in the camp, including indicators relating to water points, latrines, drainages, and solid waste management. A Focus Group Discussion with both CMC and Women Group was held about what sort of training they would most prefer to attend. 16 Days of Activism Against Violence Against Women and Girls 2014 was advocated by DRC staffs and volunteers. Furthermore, an assessment (individual interviews) on household fuel usage of IDPs was conducted. Community Service Activities included cane ball matches as well as setting up a visibility sign board for cane ball. SHELTER: The camp residents complained that some shelter roofs, walls, and floors are still in need of renovation. DRC (CCCM) staffs, the DRC shelter engineer, the Field Office Assistant, and the volunteers did shelter maintenance monitoring regarding the most damaged parts. CHILD PROTECTION: Regular activities of SCI are on-going and the CFSs are running regularly. Activities focussed on recreational activities for children and students, such as handicraft and painting, and health education session at the CSFs. Furthermore, CRC training was provided to children on CRC day. There were no new child-related protection cases that had to be followed up. WASH: SI (WASH) running full range of activities, focussing on camp cleaning, latrines cleaning and desludging, monitoring quality of water in boreholes and in households, diarrhoea tracking surveys, as well as hygiene kit distribution and monitoring. Further activities included shelter visits, ceramic water filter distribution and trainings, a school hygiene promotion program in the TLSs, water testing in households and water points, latrine and borehole repairs, setting up hand washing stand near the latrines, and Focus Group Discussions with Women and Men Groups regarding the use of hand-washing tap. Furthermore, constructed walkway in sector 1, new bathrooms in sector 4, and emergency latrines in tent areas in sector 3 and 4. HEALTH: IRC opened clinic in Sector 4 opened two days per week. IDPs want this clinic to open daily, as sometimes there is not enough time to treat all patients. To get treatment, some sick persons went to Dar Paing Rural Health Centre which is open daily in DP village. No major health issues were reported. Some Pregnant women regular come to the clinic in order to receive health care. IRC distributed mosquito nets in sector 4. NUTRITION: ACF, SCI, and MAHH activities are running regularly. SCI opened nutrition centre, conducting counselling sessions for pregnant women, peer-group meetings on women’s nutrition. Furthermore, SCI did MUAC measuring for children, picked up the pregnant women list, and provided multi-vitamin to those women. ACF and MHAA nutrition centre opened in DP village. ACF did awareness raising regarding nutrition. FOOD: WFP delivered food and distribution of 15 day rations by week 4. WFP staff did food monitoring in this camp. Government distributed rice to families who did not get rations from WFP. In sector 4, one private donor from abroad donated the rice to those who don't get food from WFP. In DP counter, food committees received and distributed beans from WFP for 15 days. In tented area, state government administrator supported rice and oil and in sector 4, rice 150 bags and oil 25 gallons have been distributed. NON-FOOD ITEMS: No agencies supported NFI in the camp in 2014 and the camp residents stated that they want NFI kits that include blankets and clothes, as there will be winter season very soon and especially the children need warm clothes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow up, challenges and advocacy
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<p>EDUCATION: UNICEF handed their activities over to LWF, and all TLS are running regularly. One new TLS is under construction in Sector 3. LWF is planning to recruit more volunteers and advertised job vacancies.</p> <p>LIVELIHOOD: Currently no support to livelihood activities.</p> <p>OTHER ISSUES: WFP staff said that they are going to reduce rice at Thae Chaung counter by 20%. IDPs are worried about that. MRF did needs assessment from CMC. Furthermore, RSG administrator asked CMC to collect the list of people who will compete in sport event in December.</p> <p>FOLLOW UP ON FORMER ISSUES: The DRC Protection Team followed up on a reported incident involving a minor.</p> <p>PROTECTION: Protection monitoring, activities with the women`s group, and identification of PWSNs for IPAs are ongoing. Reportedly, police and military conduct security checks in the camp.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow up on former issues <p>The DRC Protection Team followed up on a reported incident involving a minor.</p>	<p>The DRC Protection Team continues to monitor the situation in the camp as well as unhindered access to basic services by all IDPs.</p> <p>The DRC Protection Team referred a reported incident involving a minor to SCL for further action.</p>
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7. Sat Roe Kya IDP Camp
Population: approx. 3,002 IDPs