9. Sin Tet Maw IDP Camp

Population: approx. 3,000 IDPs

Highlights - IDPs expressed serious concerns about their lack of legal status and rumours on policies that might be adopted by the Government in the next months. - Shelters are in need of maintenance and that even some have become dangerous for children; - Access to health services is still limited despite the mobile clinics that visit the camps every month.	• Follow up, challenges and advocacy DRC Protection has referred to the PWG the situation of IDPs without shelters in the camp. The Protection Team is following closely on the situation of these families and any possible protection concerns.
 Other update on activities and issues CAMP MANAGEMENT: No updates. SHELTER: It was reported that most of the shelters are in need of repair works and that some of them are too dangerous for children as they could easily fall. Moreover, the showers in the camp have no doors and, as a result, women do not feel comfortable going there. It was observed that some of the showers have been used as by some IDPs. There are kitchens in the camp, however, these are in need of repair works and IDPs who moved from other camps to Sin Tet Maw are temporarily staying there. WASH: Some weeks ago, IDPs stated they need more water especially in eastern and western parts of the camp. Hence water is being pumped from Sin Tet Maw village. SCI is working regularly in their activities as latrine maintenance/ construction, drinking water irrigation from near the village, road renovation between shelters and latrines. HEALTH: MHAA and State Health Mobile clinic cover medical services. However, it was 	DRC Protection will follow up with WASH partners on the repair works of the showers in the camps for the women.



reported that neither have they medic						
FOOD: WFP/SCI distributed food rations to the IDPs.						
EDUCATION: SCI is running the elementary school in the camp. IDPs were informed that their						
children will have to attend the same class as last school year due to the lack of						
examinations.						
NON-FOOD ITEM: it was reported that	no more firewood would be distributed in this camp.					
PROTECTION: Women and girls do not						
as <mark>these have n</mark> o doors and are being used as latrin <mark>es by some I</mark> DPs. As a result, IDPs are						
taking showers inside their shelters and this is causing stagnant water underneath and						
det <mark>erioration o</mark> f the shelters. Moreove						
the <mark>re is a lack o</mark> f a well-equipped healt						
conditions of the shelters in the camp are a serious concern for the safety of children and						
other persons with specific needs such						
NUTRITION: Regular activities by SCI on-going.						
CHILD PROTECTION: Regular activities by SCI on-going.						
LIVELIHOOD: No updates						
• Follow up on former issues						
The DRC Protection Team followed up on health, shelter, and WASH but unfortunately there						
has been no major improvement in the	e situation.					

10. Ah Nauk Ywe IDP Camp

Population: approx. 3,900 IDPs

Highlights				• Follow up, challenges and
f <mark>or PWSNs. There are not</mark>	health facilities or clin	ics in the car	mited in the camp, particularly mp and most of the IDPs have to seek medical assistance.	advocacy - DRC Protection Team will follow up with health actors on the provision of health
HHs are temporarily staying shelters for these families SGBV, and exploitation, are - Access to latrines is still	ng in the kitchen facilit could raise protection mong others. Il challenging for perso e are too high and lac	y in the cam concerns suc ons with disa k proper har	are in need of shelters. These p or with relatives. The lack of ch as frictions with other IDPs, abilities, elderly, children and drails. Moreover, latrines are ticularly at night.	services in the camp. - DRC Protection Team continues to follow up and advocate for the IDPs who still have not received any food rations in the camp. This matter has been referred to WFP and the PWG in various occasions.
• Other update on activ SECURITY: CAMP MANAGEMENT: no SHELTER: Households who shelters as they are stayin shelters. It was also report WASH: The IDPs reported	updates. o arrived in the camp so g in the kitchen facility ted that some shelters	in the camp were repaire	or with relatives in their ed.	- DRC Protection has referred to the PWG the situation of IDPs without shelters in the camp. The Protection Team is following closely on the situation of these families and any possible protection





Solidaritès International (SI) is rehabilitating the latrines in the camp as most of them are in very bad condition.concerns.HEALTH: A State run health mobile clinic continues to provide medical services. The IDPs request the opening of a health center or clinic in the camp or that the State run mobile clinic visits the camp more frequently (at least two or three times per week). Reportedly, IDPs are suffering from various types of diseases and many of them have no financial means to buy medicines from the pharmacy DRC Protection Team will advocate for proper access to latrines by PWSNs in the camp with WASH partners in the camp as well as the improvement of the
HEALTH: A State run health mobile clinic continues to provide medical services. The IDPs advocate for proper access to latrines by PWSNs in the camp clinic visits the camp more frequently (at least two or three times per week). Reportedly, IDPs are suffering from various types of diseases and many of them have no financial camp as well as the
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clinic visits the camp more frequently (at least two or three times per week). Reportedly, with WASH partners in the IDPs are suffering from various types of diseases and many of them have no financial camp as well as the
IDPs are suffering from various types of diseases and many of them have no financial camp as well as the
FOOD: food rations were delivered; however, IDPs who moved from other camps to Ah sanitation/hygiene conditions
Nauk Ywe Camp have not received any rations in the past months.
EDUCATION: NTR
NON-FOOD ITEM: it was reported that ICRC distributed firewood to the IDPs and that
German Agro Action (GAA) distributed NFIs to the IDPs that arrived in the camp in the past
months.
PROTECTION: protection monitoring activities are ongoing as well as support to the
women's group. No reports on any frictions or protection concerns due to the lack of
shelters for the IDPs who moved from another camp to Ah Nauk Yew Camp in the last
months, however, the Protection Team is monitoring closely their situation in the camp.
Access to latrines remains challenging for many persons with disabilities, elderly, children
and pregnant women as these are too high, the floor is very slippery, and latrines do not
have proper handrails for them. Sanitation/hygiene activities need to be improved as
stagnant water in the camp is breeding mosquitos and flies which could transmit various
dis <mark>eases to the IDPs in the camp. Moreover, latrines are not s</mark> ex segregated and this could
cause incidents of GBV, particularly at night.
Moreover, the lack of food rations for the IDPs who moved to the camp in the past months
is exposing them to risks such as sexual exploitation, malnutrition, involvement in criminal
a <mark>ctivities, dis</mark> eases and ev <mark>en death. In</mark> addition to this, lack of firewood and the fact that
some IDPs go out of their <mark>camps to col</mark> lect firewood are also putting them at risk when
trying to collect firewood <mark>from areas o</mark> utside of the camp. They can be physically attacked
b <mark>y neighbouring villagers when going to collect firewood. In</mark> addition to this, the lack of
p <mark>roper health services may cause widespread of diseases am</mark> ong the IDPs and death. Lack
o <mark>f financial means to buy medicines also exposes the IDPs to</mark> exploitation, SGBV,
i <mark>nvolvement in criminality or even malnutrition as some of th</mark> em have to sell part of their
food rations to obtain any money to buy medicines for them or their relatives. Self-
medication also implies a major health risk for the IDPs.
NUTRITION: reportedly, nutrition activities are being carried out for children under 5 years
old.
CHILD PROTECTION: No updates.
Follow up on former issues
The DRC Protection Team followed up on health, and WASH services as well as food
distribution but unfortunately there has been no major improvement in the situation.

11. Kyein Ni Pyin IDP Camp

Population: approx. 4,500 IDPs



Monthly Record of Information from DRC program locations in Rakhine State

October 2014

Highlights	 Follow up, challenges and
Protection monitoring activities are ongoing as well as support to the women's group.	advocacy
 Other update on activities and issues PROTECTION: protection monitoring activities are ongoing as well as support to the women's group. WASH: IDPs report almost most latrines are full, concerns over open defecation. Drainage line often filled with sand. Hygiene promotion and regular monitoring. Without funding, the WASH component is not able to function as intended. There is no disposal system in place for latrine waste and open defecation is very evident. There is no fuel or chemicals to run the water treatments system and repairs are required to one of only 2 pumps available. The volunteers have not received wages for 2 months and although currently understanding, they grow more discontent at each visit and unwilling to perform the tasks requested of them. The overall hygienic situation in the camp is poor and has the potential to impact on health if ready solutions are not implemented ASAP. This cannot be achieved without funding. Follow up on former issues NTR 	WASH – DRC plan latrine renovation in line with new WASH 2014/2015 project, awaiting final agreement. DRC investigating solutions for on site desludging