

SUDAN: South Sudanese Refugee Response

1-15 July 2017

Nearly 3,000 refugees arrive in South Darfur over 10-day period due to conflict escalation in South Sudan. Mobile registration teams continue to roll out biometric and household registration to reduce registration gaps over the rainy season. Refugees in East Darfur face relocation and movement restrictions in response to acute water diarrhea (AWD).

4,513 New arrivals in July so far

164,595 Total new arrivals in 2017

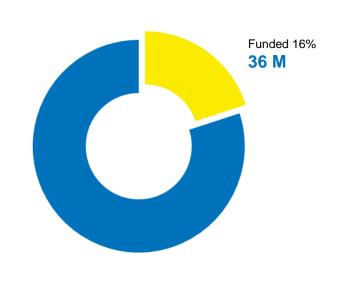
410,354

South Sudanese refugees who have fled to Sudan since December 2013

(*This figure does not include an estimated 350,000 South Sudanese people who remained in Sudan following South Sudan's secession in 2011.)

Population and demographic update can be found on page 4.

TOTAL FUNDING REQUIRED



STATE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL (1-15)	TOTAL
WHITE NILE	3,801	5,901	15,363	11,576	17,249	2,482	513	56,885
EAST DARFUR	4,300	2,975	26,208	3,272	6,637	1,725	674	45,791
SOUTH KORDOFAN	480	8,185	6,661	3,398	6,360	765	270	26,119
WEST KORDOFAN	1,708	5,462	1,050	2,110	630	563	207	11,730
SOUTH DARFUR	709	2,324		2,731	8,300	2,627	2,849	19,540
NORTH DARFUR				200	4,330			4,530
TOTAL	10,998	24,847	49,282	23,287	43,506	8,162	4,513	164,595

NEW ARRIVALS BY STATE IN 2017



Population Update

- NEARLY 3,000 NEW ARRIVALS REPORTED IN BURAM AND EL RADOM, SOUTH DARFUR The Commission for Refugees (COR) and the Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) have reported the arrival of nearly 3,000 South Sudanese refugees over a 10-day period, including 988 new arrivals to Buram and approximately 2,000 in El Radom. COR will begin household (Level 1) registration of new arrivals in both locations and UNHCR registration teams have been dispatched to support registration activities. The refugee population in Buram is now estimated at over 2,300 individuals, and nearly 15,000 refugees currently residing in El Radom.
- STEADY RATE OF NEW ARRIVALS REPORTED IN WHITE NILE STATE New arrivals continue to be reported in El Megenis and Joda border reception centres in White Nile, with an average of 34 refugees arriving per day. A total of 513 individuals (225 household) have been verified as of 15 July. According to COR, new refugee arrivals may be expected in the state over the next few weeks due to ongoing conflict reported inside Upper Nile state of South Sudan, approximately 40 km away from Joda border area.
- BIOMETRIC REGISTRATION CONTINUES IN SOUTH AND WEST KORDOFAN UNHCR and COR continue to roll-out individual biometric (Level 2) registration in South and West Kordofan with a total of 16,351 individuals in South Kordofan and 6,174 individuals in West Kordofan registered so far. New arrivals continued to be reported in both states with a total of 270 refugees reportedly arriving to South Kordofan and 207 to West Kordofan in the beginning of July so far.
- HOUSEHOLD REGISTRATION COMPLETED FOR SOUTH SUDANESE REFUGEES IN EL FASHER TOWN, NORTH DARFUR – UNHCR, COR and WFP completed Level 1 registration on 5 July for South Sudanese refugees residing in El Fasher Town. A total of 249 households (759 individuals) were registered, the majority of whom are women and children. Non-food items (NFI) and food distribution will follow shortly.
- MOBILE REGISTRATION TEAMS DEPLOYED TO OUT-OF-CAMP SETTLEMENTS IN EAST DARFUR – UNHCR has deployed two mobile registration teams to out-of-camp settlements to complete Level 1 registration to confirm estimates new arrival figures. The teams will cover Abu Jabra, Abu Mattarig, Adila and Abu Karinka, with a combined estimated population of over 22,000 refugees. Level 2 registration will follow next month.

Operational Update

RECEPTION FACILITIES EXPANDED IN WHITE NILE – UNHCR, through SRCS, completed the construction of a new reception centre at Um Jalala entry point, including communal shelters, administrative facilities and a health clinic. UNHCR and COR have nearly completed the expansion of the El Megenis reception centre, which will include four new communal shelters, fencing and staff accommodation to boost capacity to process and support new arrivals. El Megenis remains the main entry point for new arrivals to White Nile state.



- SUSPECTED ACUTE WATERY DIARRHEA (AWD) REPORTED AMONG SOUTH SUDANESE REFUGEES IN AL NIMIR CAMP, EAST DARFUR – On 9 July, UNHCR received reports from the American Refugee Council (ARC) of 11 suspected AWD cases with 8 deaths in the Al Nimir refugee camp. WHO and the State's Ministry of Health (SMoH) have sent a technical team to verify the cause of death and investigate further. ARC has established an isolated treatment clinic (CTC) at Al Nimir since 10 July. An estimated 455 AWD cases have been observed in East Darfur since 22 June, which has so far affected refugees in Kario and Al Nimir refugee camps, as well as resident populations in Ed Daein Town, Khor Omer and Khazan Jadid locality.
- EAST DARFUR AUTHORITIES CALL FOR RELOCATION AND MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS OF SOUTH SUDANESE REFUGEES – In response to the AWD outbreak in East Darfur, local authorities have called for the relocation of South Sudanese refugees from Ed Daein to Kario refugee camp, and are restricting some refugee movements outside of camps. COR initially voluntarily relocated 532 refugees from Ed Daein town to the Kario camp; however, no further relocations have been reported. Severe shortages of fuel wood and other commodities, as well as reduced access to livelihood opportunities, have been observed in the camps due to the movement restrictions. UNHCR continues to advocate for refugees' freedom of movement. Presently, no evidence links the AWD outbreak to refugee arrivals. UNHCR is concerned that relocations will further congest the camp and increase risks to refugee health.
- SHELTER FOR REFUGEES IN EL RADOM, SOUTH DARFUR REMAINS AN URGENT NEED COR and local authorities in El Radom locality have allocated land for South Sudanese refugees to establish shelters near El Radom town. Shelter kits have been dispatched. Plastic sheeting was distributed to refugees to reinforce makeshift shelters as a temporary measure.
- UNHCR SET TO BEGIN SHELTER DISTRIBUTION IN AL LAIT, NORTH DARFUR UNHCR will begin a shelter distribution to 2,520 South Sudanese refugee households in Al Lait to be completed before the end of July. Community mobilization and training activities will begin from 21 July, followed by shelter distribution and construction. The shelter kits include bamboo sticks, rope, and local mats, complemented by UNHCR's durable plastic sheeting

CONTACTS

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LINKS

UNHCR Data Portal for the South Sudan Situation: http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204 2017 South Sudan Regional Refugee Response Plan: http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/download.php?id=3165



