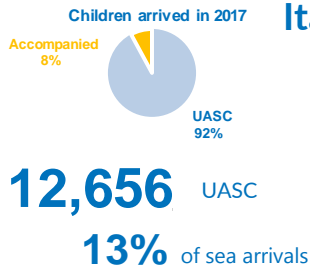


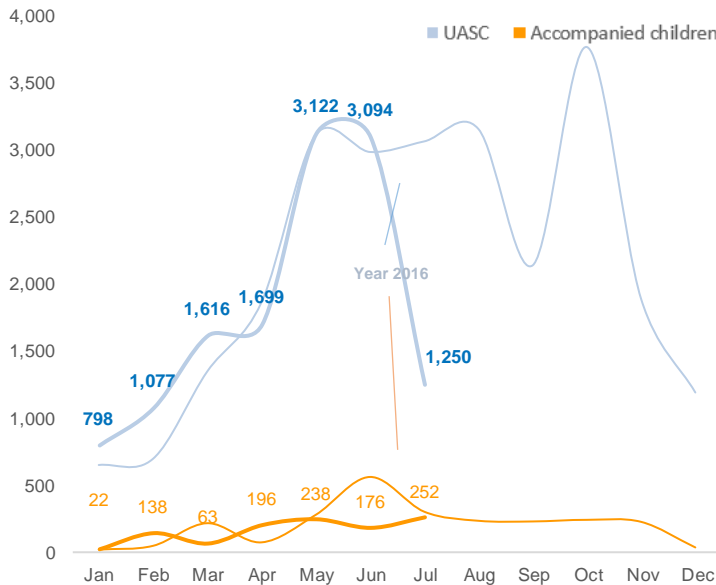
Italy - Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC) Dashboard

July

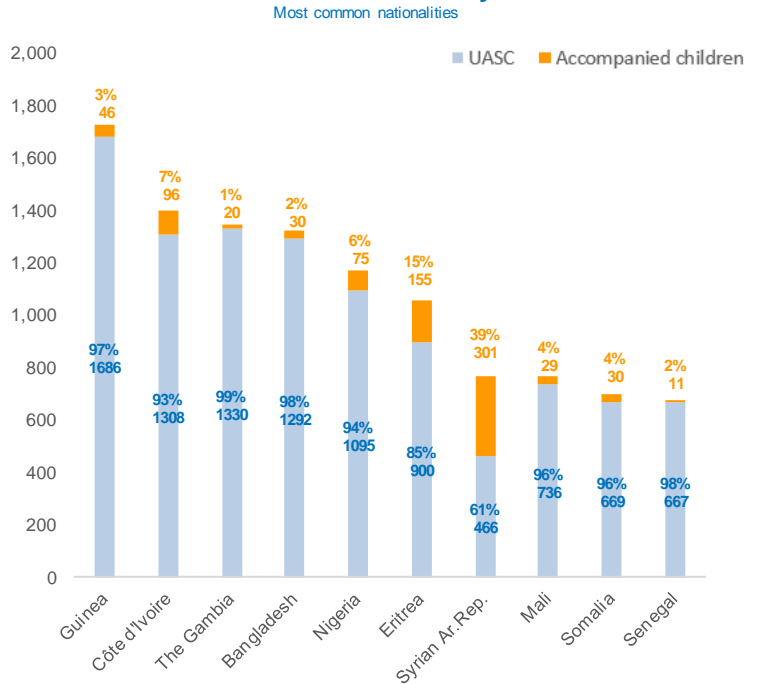


Between 1 January and 31 July 2017, 12,656 unaccompanied and separated children arrived in Italy by sea, representing 13% of all sea arrivals in this period. This proportion is comparable to the first seven months of 2016, when 15% of those arriving by sea were UASC. UASC numbers have slightly decreased compared to last year, when 13,705 UASC arrived in the first seven months of the year.

UASC and accompanied children sea arrivals trend

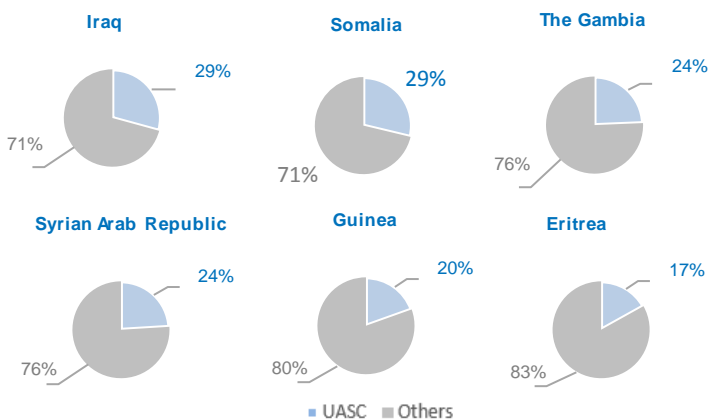


UASC and accompanied children: sea arrivals to Italy

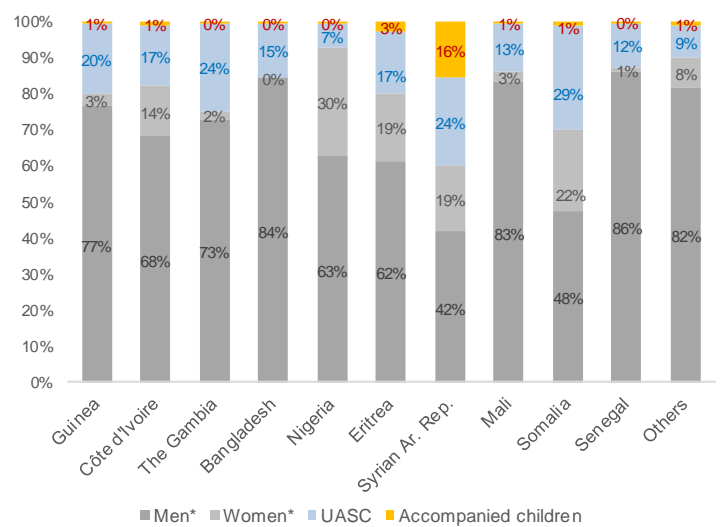


UASC arriving by sea in the first seven months of 2017 most commonly originate from Guinea (1,686), Côte d'Ivoire (1,308), The Gambia (1,330), and Bangladesh (1,292). Between 1 January and 31 July 2017, significant numbers of UASC arrivals also originate from Nigeria (1,095), Eritrea (900), Mali (736), Somalia (669), Senegal (667), and Syria (466).

Proportion of UASC by nationality on total sea arrivals



Distribution by age, gender, UASC and accompanied children by nationality



In January-July 2017, Eritrean UASC arrivals halved, compared to the same period last year, when 1,804 were registered at landing points. UASC account for 17% of Eritrean sea arrivals so far this year. In the first seven months of 2017, 29% of Iraqi arrivals were UASC, followed by 29% of Somali arrivals, 24% of Ivoirians, 24% of Syrians, 20% of Guineans. In January-July 2017, 39 Egyptian UASC reached Italian shores, compared to almost 1,800 in January-July 2016.

Most UASC arriving by sea are boys and are 16 and 17 years old. However, exact figures on gender of UASC arrivals are currently unavailable.

The charts are based on figures from the Italian Ministry of Interior. All figures are provisional and subject to change.