

# SOMALIA | Displacements dashboard | Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) | Part 1 of 3

## Internal Displacements during September 2017

**49,000**  
internal displacements in month

**1,029,000**  
internal displacements year-to-date

### HIGHLIGHTS

Reports from the UNHCR-led Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) indicate that some 49,000 individuals have been newly internally-displaced countrywide during September (August: 63,000). Of these, for 30,000 the primary reason given was drought related. This represents the lowest figure this year.

12,000 of the new displacements in the month were triggered by conflict or insecurity (August:25,000) predominantly from Marka and Qoryooley districts in Lower Shabelle arriving in IDP sites in Mogadishu. However, during the last 10 days of the month, some 29,000 IDPS were also monitored returning from IDP sites in Marka district to their areas of origin within Marka or Kurtunwaarey.

8,000 displacements were also recorded on arrival within Berbera district where PRMN partners noted that the primary reason was 'Access to humanitarian assistance'. This represents a large increase compared to previous months but the detailed reports indicate lack of livelihood and/or basic needs due to the ongoing drought as the core underlying driver so these do not appear to be indicative of a new trend or 'pull factor' (these displacements are categorised under 'Other reasons').

Cumulative drought related displacements monitored by PRMN in the period 1 November 2016 to 30 September 2017 now total approximately 926,000 (or 837,000 year to date). Conflict-related displacements during 2017 have reached approximately 163,000.

### INTERACTIVE DASHBOARD

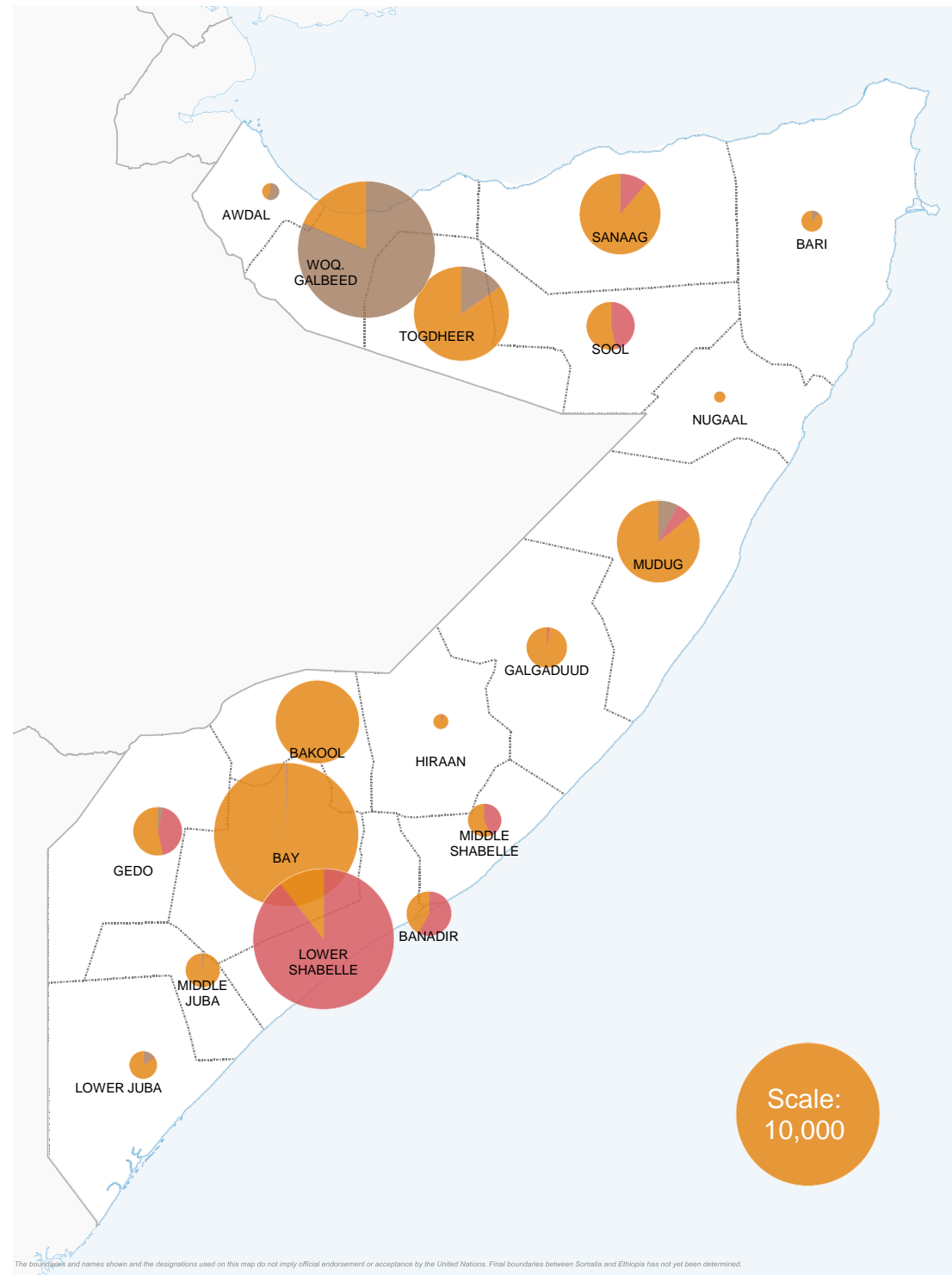
An interactive online dashboard showing trends of internal displacements filterable by regions of origin and departure may be found at the following link (together with the underlying data-set):

<https://unhcr.github.io/dataviz-somalia-prmn/index.html>

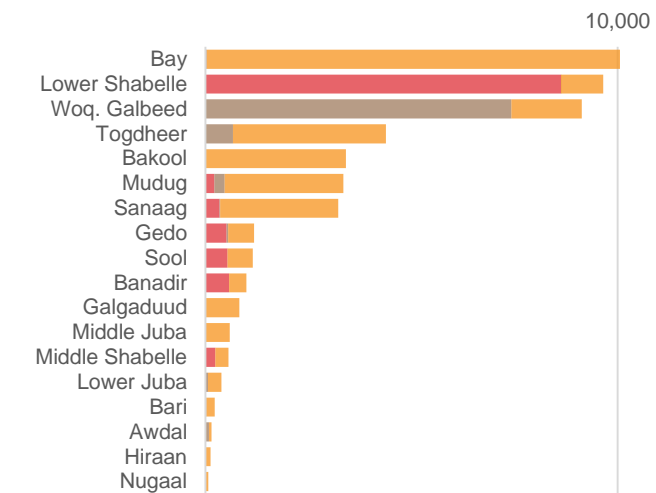
### About PRMN

The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements (including returns) of populations in Somalia. The network also identifies and reports on protection risks and incidents underlying such movements. Only figures collected by PRMN are reported above. Not all displacements in Somalia are captured. This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the [Notes on PRMN Methodology](#) (<https://goo.gl/HQwirQ>) which outline the approach and certain limitations. The figures shown are for numbers of individuals and are based on interviews at destination.

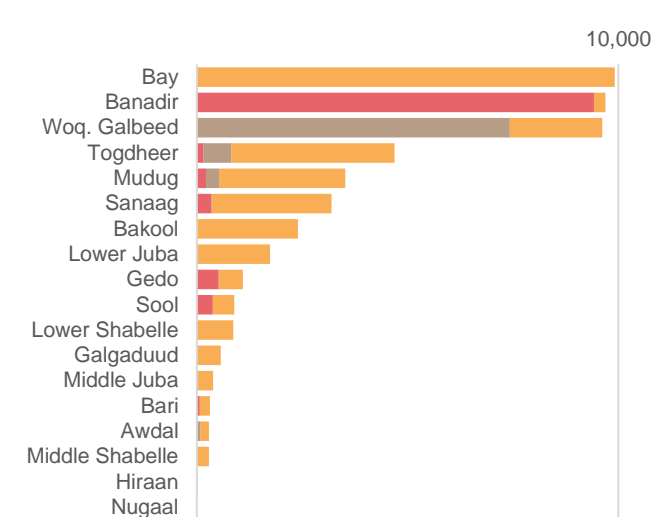
Map showing regions of origin (departures) in month by reason



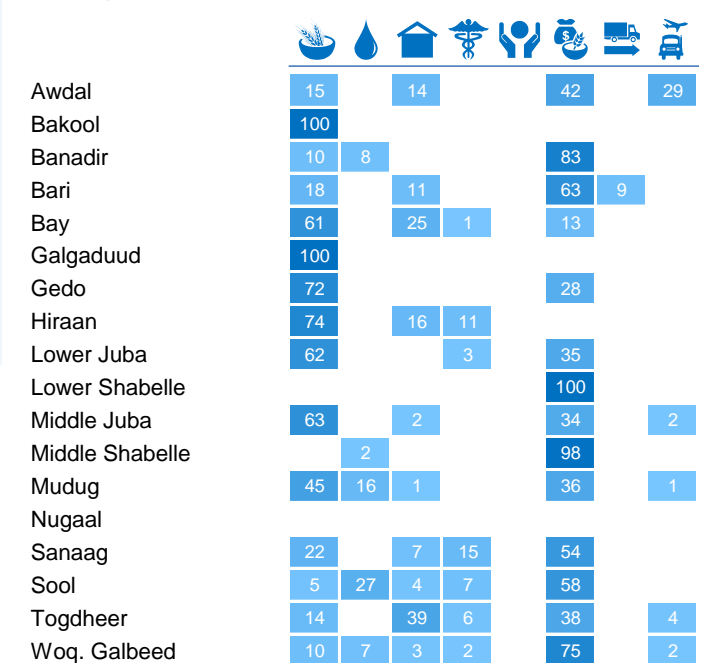
Displacement origins in month



Displacement destinations in month



Priority needs of new arrivals in month [1]



**SEPTEMBER 2017**

### Conflict origin regions

Lower Shabelle	8,624
Banadir	576
Sool	535
Gedo	515
Sanaag	342
Other	515

### Top district destinations

Baidoa	9,778
Mogadishu	9,692
Berbera	8,955
Gaalkacyo	2,710
Ceerigaabo	2,588
Odweyne	2,527

### Top IDP returns in month

Marka	29,685
Baydhaba	656
Afgooye	347
Buur Hakaba	70
Diinsoor	54

IDP returns were mainly monitored within Marka District, Lower Shabelle which has suffered 98,000 displacements due to conflict/insecurity since May 2017.

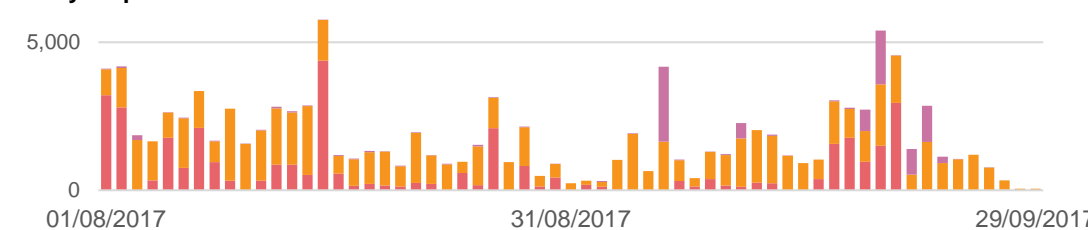
### KEY

<span style="color: red;">■</span>	Conflict/Insecurity
<span style="color: orange;">■</span>	Drought
<span style="color: purple;">■</span>	Flood
<span style="color: brown;">■</span>	Other

### NOTES

[1] Priority needs are those expressed by displaced households on arrival or by key informants. A darker colour indicates larger proportion of the need within the region and numbers indicate percentage of all needs expressed within region.

Daily displacement trend over last two months



UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2017



Contact: [SOMMOPMN@unhcr.org](mailto:SOMMOPMN@unhcr.org)  
Further information/data available on request

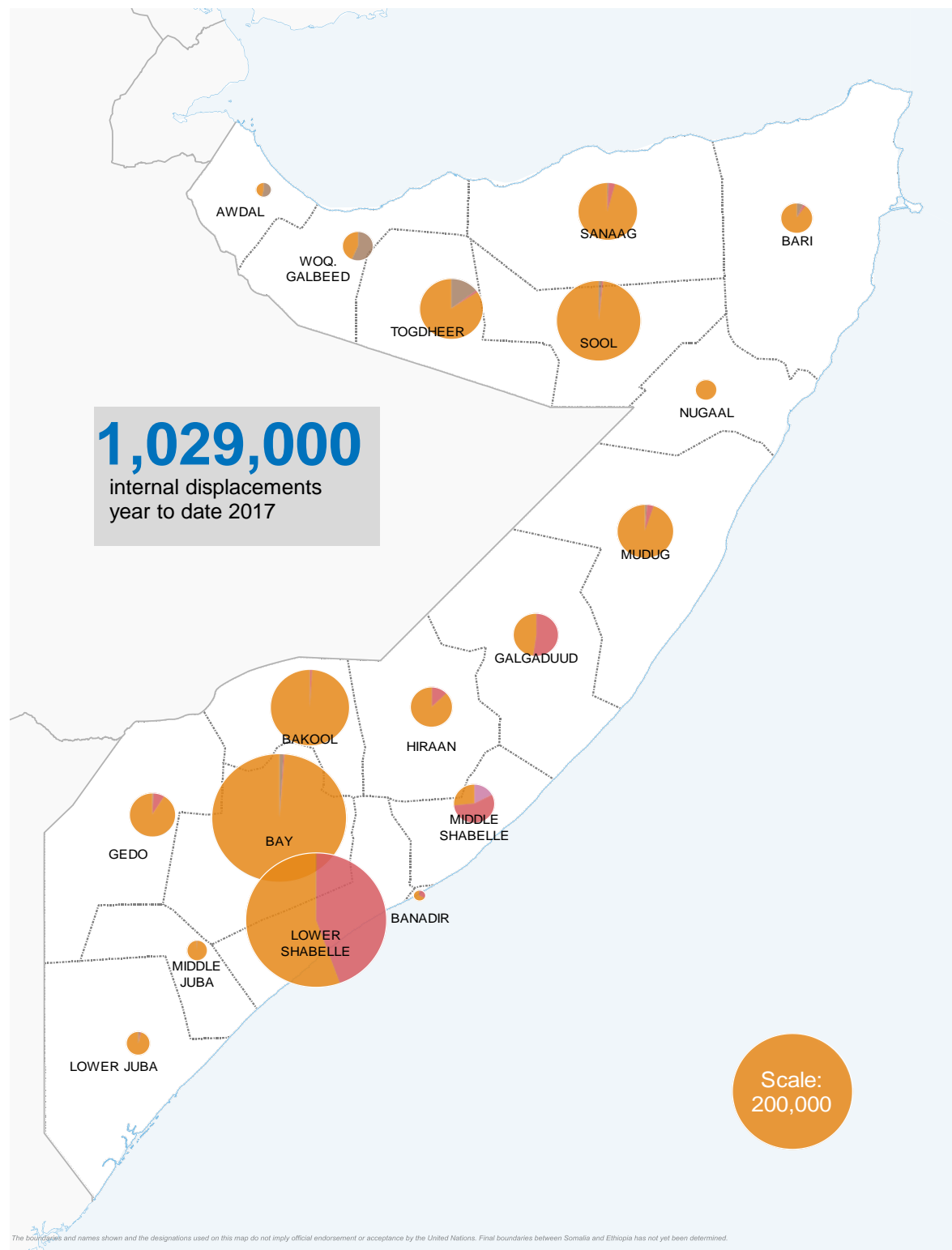
Implementing partner:



# SOMALIA | Displacements dashboard | Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) | Part 2 of 3

## Cumulative Internal Displacements and Trends 1 January - 30 September 2017

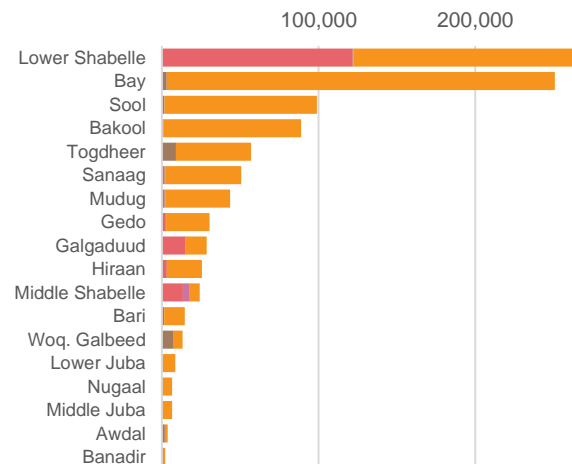
Map showing regions of origin of displacements (departures) by reason - cumulative year to date



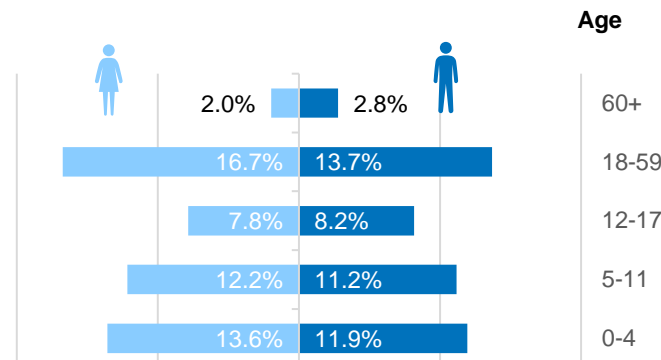
### About PRMN

The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements of populations in Somalia as well as protection incidents. This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the [Notes on PRMN Methodology](https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) (https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) which outline the approach and certain limitations. The figures shown are for numbers of individuals and are based on interviews at destination.

Displacement origins year to date



Displacements age and gender breakdown



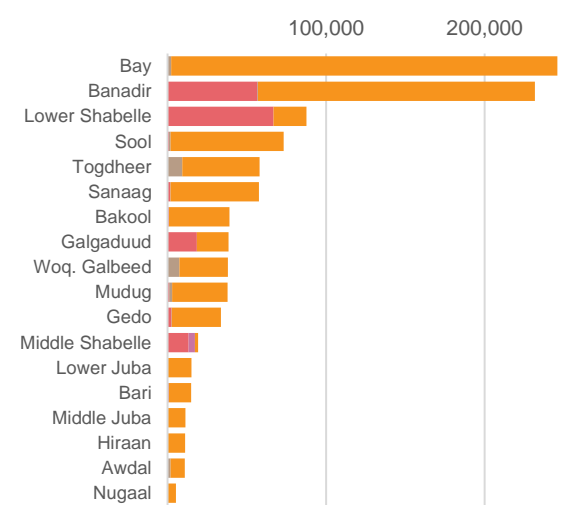
Note: disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

**2017**  
**YEAR TO DATE**

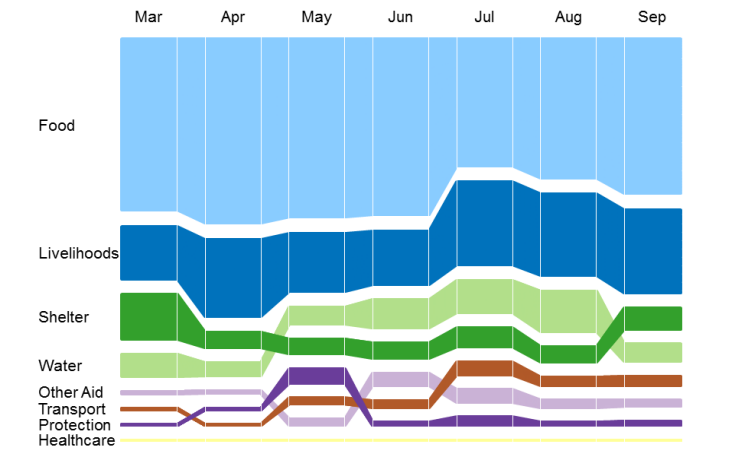
**Top district destinations YTD**

Baidoa	243,884
Mogadishu	231,696
Marka	44,197
Buuhoodle	42,684
Laas Caanood	33,540
Gaalkacyo	31,468

Displacement destinations year to date



Trends of priority needs (first need expressed)



Priority needs are those expressed at household level on arrival. The chart above shows aggregated needs countrywide though significant variations may exist depending on location and reason for displacement.

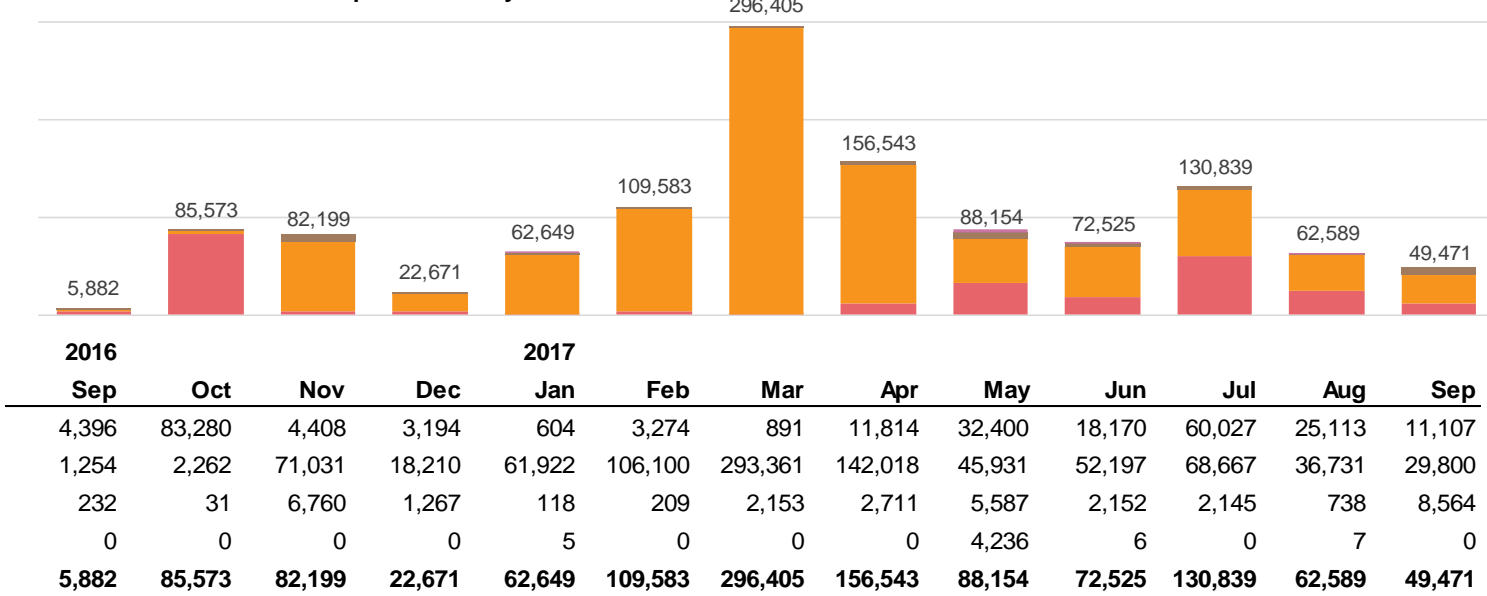
**Conflict origins year to date**

Lower Shabelle	121,886
Galgaduud	14,964
Middle Shabelle	13,522
Hiraan	3,204
Gedo	2,514
Other	7,310

**Top drought origin districts**

Baydhaba	144,387
Kurtunwaarey	97,641
Diinsoor	51,142
Qansax Dheere	36,406
Caynabo	30,154
Ceel Afweyn	26,838

Last 12 months trend - all displacements by reason



**KEY**

- Conflict/Insecurity
- Drought
- Flood
- Other

**Conflict/Insecurity**

**Drought**

**Other**

**Flood**

**Total**

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2017



Contact: SOMMOPMN@unhcr.org  
Further information/data available on request

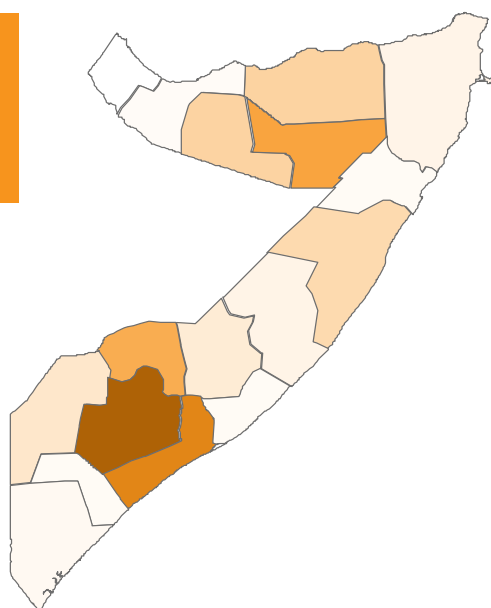
Implementing partner:



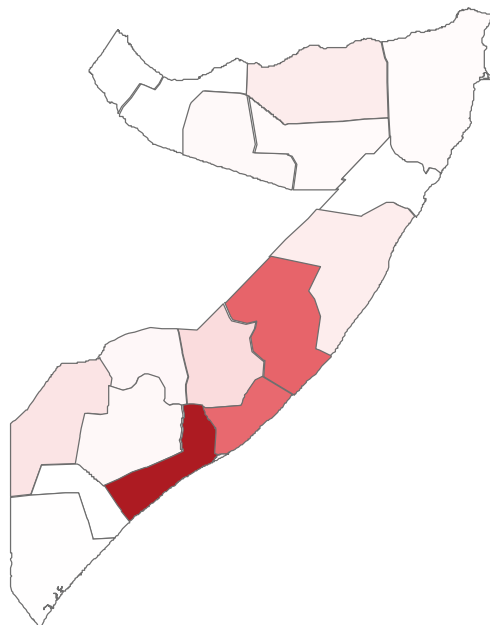
# SOMALIA | Displacements dashboard | Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) | Part 3 of 3

## Cumulative displacements and trends by reason and region 1 January - 30 September 2017

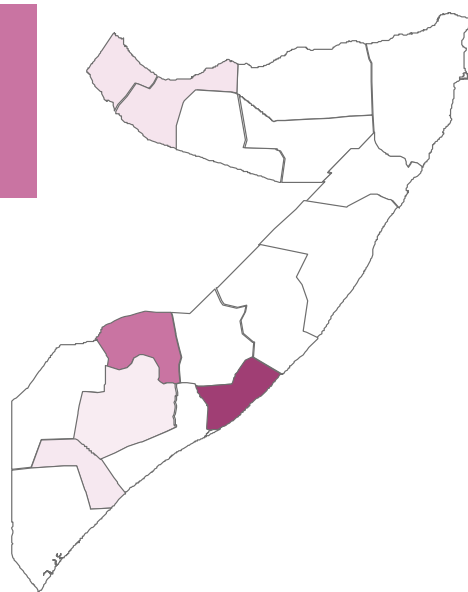
**DROUGHT**  
**837,000**



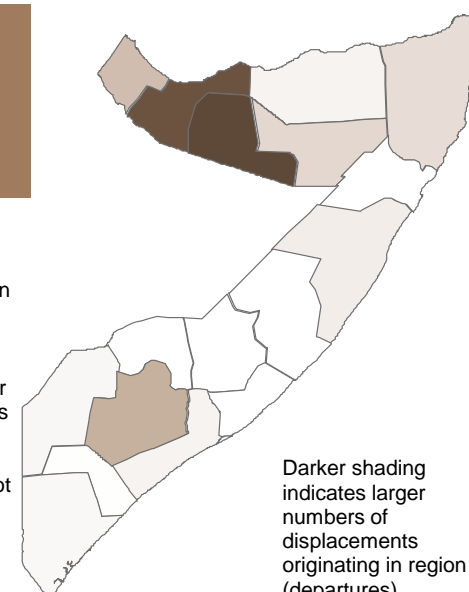
**CONFLICT/ INSECURITY**  
**163,000**



**FLOOD**  
**4,000**



**OTHER**  
**24,000**



Other reasons include a number of options included on PRMN data-collection forms not readily allocable to one of the major underlying causes for displacement such as 'Access to humanitarian assistance', 'Could not afford to stay in the previous location', 'Access to health'.

Darker shading indicates larger numbers of displacements originating in region (departures)

Darker shading indicates larger numbers of displacements originating in region (departures)

Darker shading indicates larger numbers of displacements originating in region (departures)

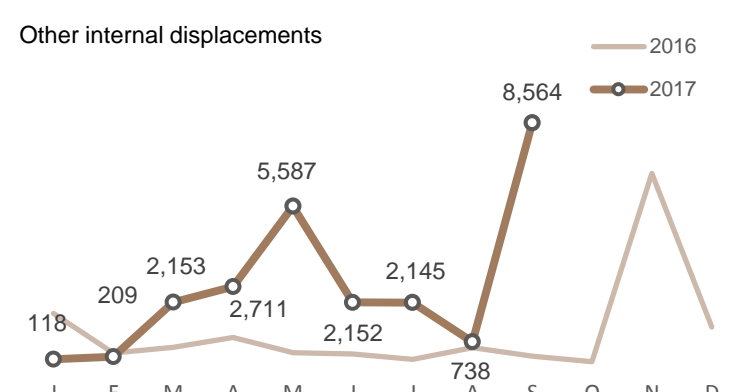
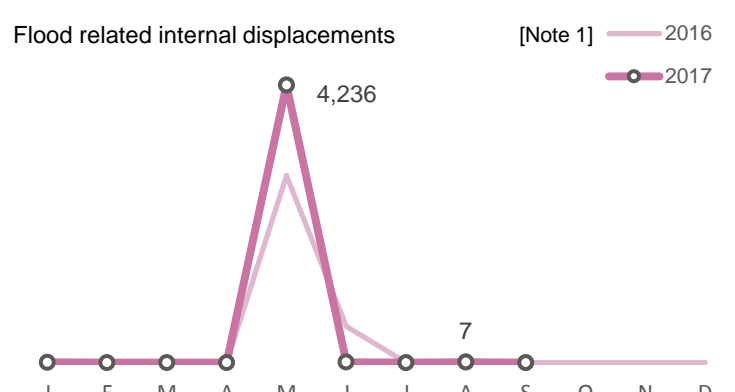
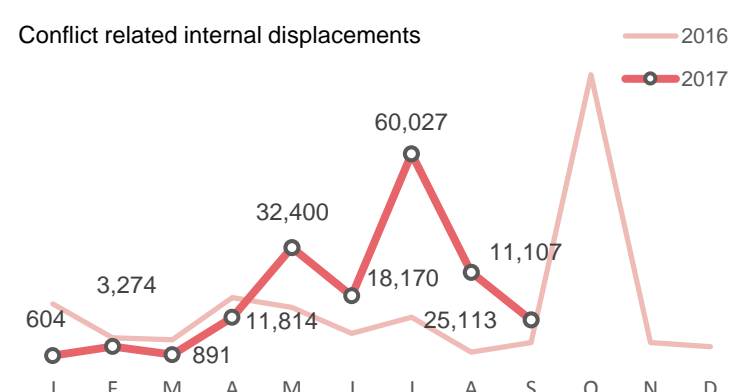
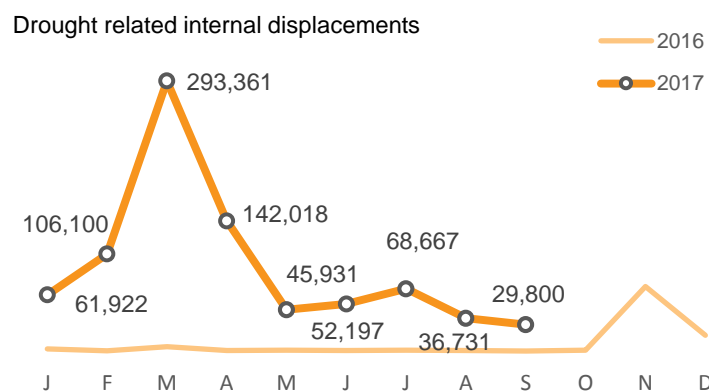
Darker shading indicates larger numbers of displacements originating in region (departures)

	DEPARTURES	ARRIVALS
Bay	247,717	243,621
Lower Shabelle	152,340	20,848
Sool	97,222	71,315
Bakool	88,110	38,173
Sanaag	48,527	55,875
Togdheer	47,856	48,765
Mudug	41,356	34,936
Gedo	27,648	30,946
Hiraan	22,368	11,062
Bari	13,125	14,085
Galgaduud	13,711	19,889
Lower Juba	8,138	14,837
Middle Shabelle	6,455	2,010
Middle Juba	6,512	11,039
Nugaal	6,651	5,357
Woq. Galbeed	5,798	30,537
Awdal	1,707	8,829
Banadir	1,486	174,603

	DEPARTURES	ARRIVALS
Lower Shabelle	121,886	66,737
Middle Shabelle	13,522	13,220
Hiraan	3,204	
Gedo	2,514	2,495
Galgaduud	14,964	18,498
Mudug	1,701	1,153
Togdheer	609	195
Bakool	721	721
Bari	409	701
Bay	683	19
Banadir	682	56,682
Lower Juba	160	160
Middle Juba	24	86
Sanaag	1,786	1,787
Awdal		
Nugaal		8
Sool	535	948
Woq. Galbeed		

	DEPARTURES	ARRIVALS
Middle Shabelle	4,129	4,129
Bakool	100	100
Woq. Galbeed	7	7
Middle Juba	6	11
Bay	5	
Lower Shabelle		
Sool		
Sanaag		
Togdheer		
Mudug		
Gedo		
Hiraan		
Bari		
Galgaduud		
Lower Juba		
Nugaal		
Awdal	7	7
Banadir		

	DEPARTURES	ARRIVALS
Togdheer	6,435	7,597
Bay	2,321	2,308
Awdal	1,201	3,639
Bari	932	124
Sool	919	697
Lower Shabelle	359	
Sanaag	343	
Gedo	224	209
Middle Juba	51	37
Lower Juba	43	750
Mudug	43	939
Woq. Galbeed	29	738
Banadir	16	377
Middle Shabelle	11	
Galgaduud	3	
Bakool		
Hiraan		
Nugaal		



### About PRMN

The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements of populations in Somalia as well as protection incidents. This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the [Notes on PRMN Methodology](https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) (https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) which outline the approach and certain limitations.

### Note 1

PRMN partners record displacements by interviewing displaced households and key informants. The figures shown are based on interviews "on arrival" i.e. at destination. However, in some circumstances, displacements reported "on departure" may be significant - for example, 59,000 displacements due to floods in Belet Weyne in May 2016 are not included in the figures above.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2017



Contact: [SOMMOPMN@unhcr.org](mailto:SOMMOPMN@unhcr.org)  
Further information/data available on request

Implementing partner:

