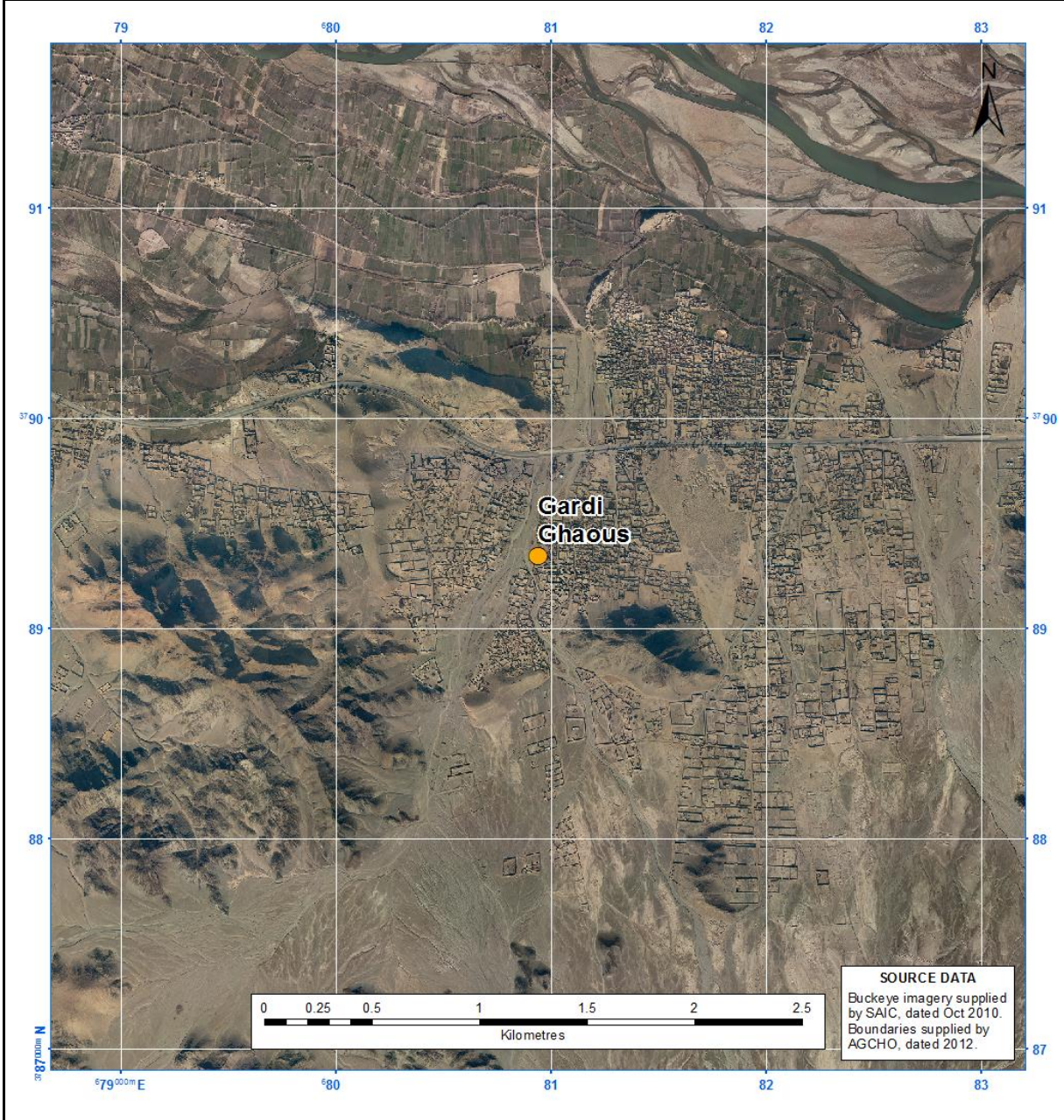
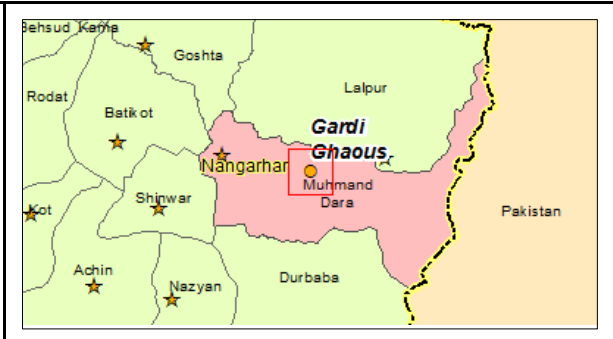
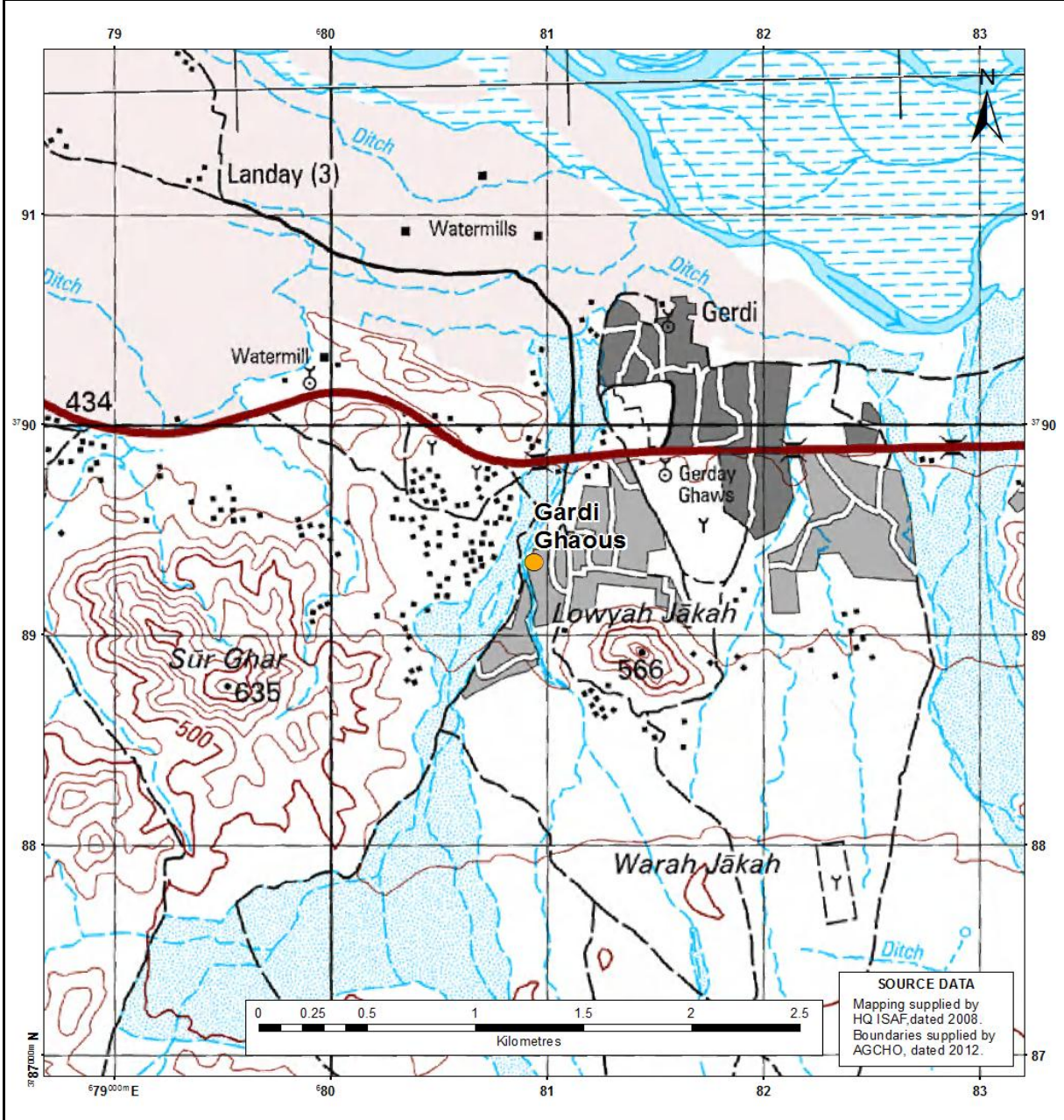


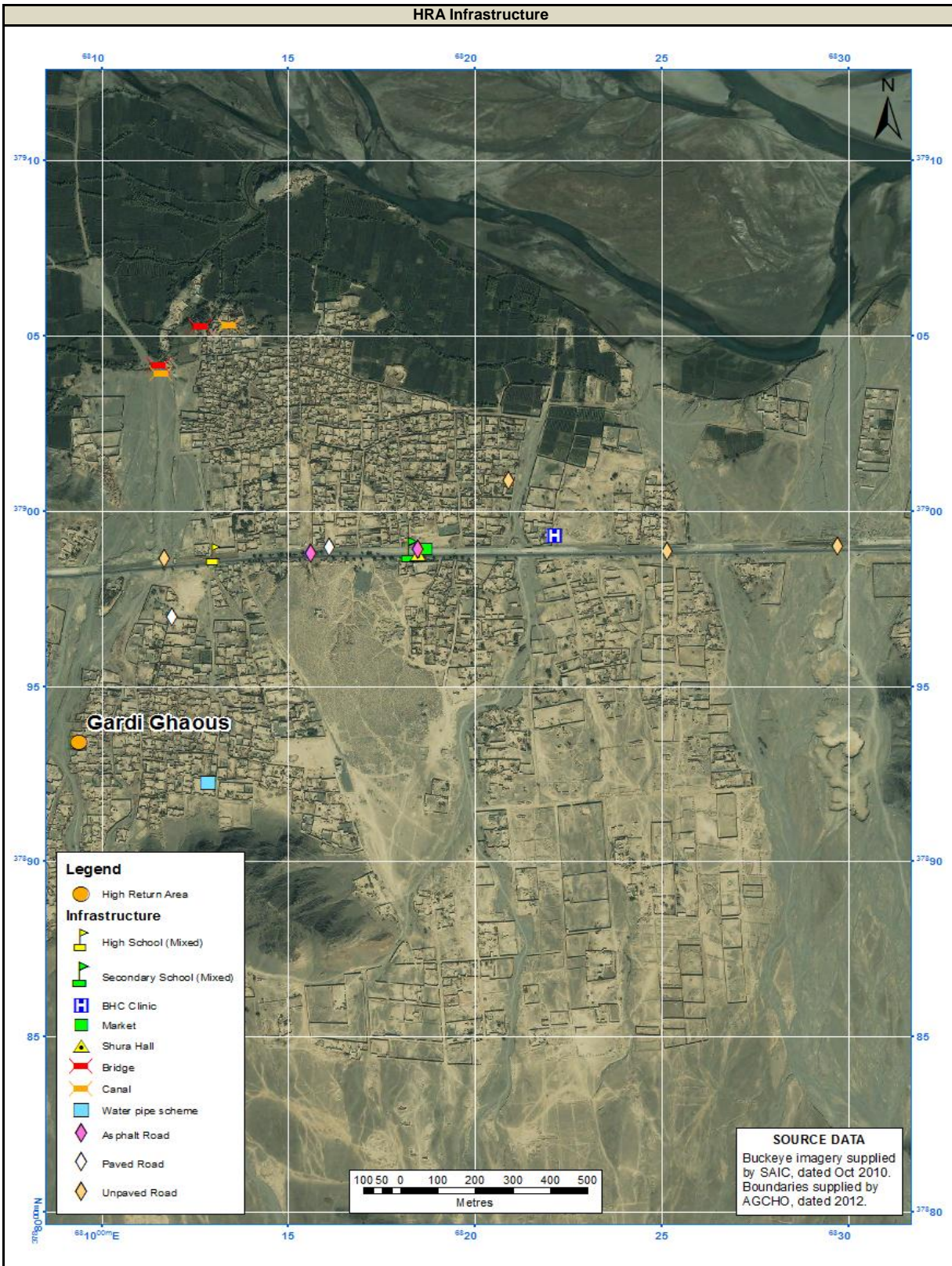
High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar				Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012					
HRA Code		37		Completion Percentage		100%					
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East



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1. DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL PROFILE

NB: Figures and values in the profile only represent the population surveyed in household survey, not the total Afghanistan population, unless stated otherwise.

Summary

Located approximately 50 km east of Jalalabad City on the Jalalabad-Torkham Road, Gardi Ghaous is divided into a number of sub-villages with a total population of 3,000 families of which 328 are returnees. The majority (54%) of returnee families sought asylum in neighbouring countries for periods of over five years with 39% having spent between two and five years as refugees.

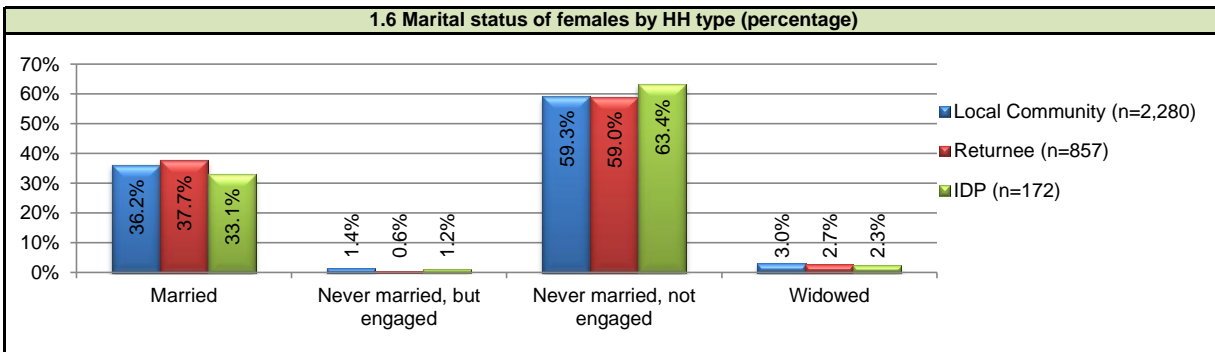
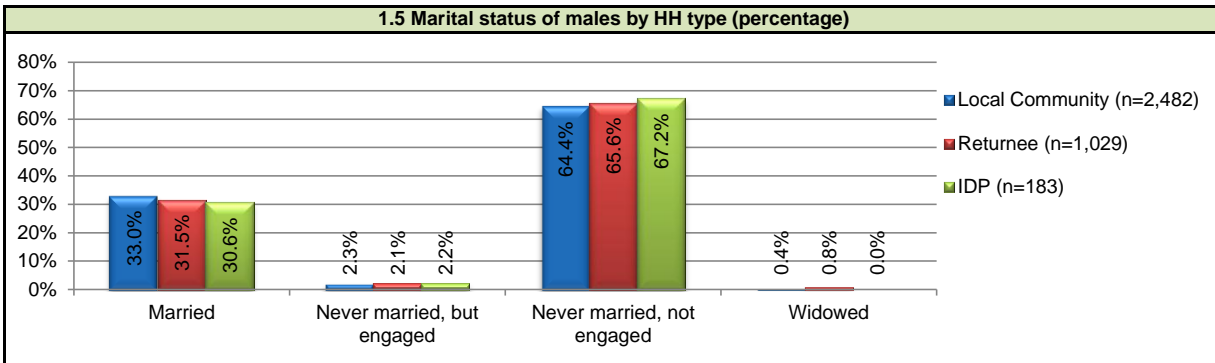
Of the 682 households surveyed in Gardi Ghaous, 448 (66%) were local community households, 194 (28%) were returnee households and 40 (6%) were IDP households. The households encompass a combined total of 7,003 individuals with a gender ratio of 1.1 males for every female.

The average household size was revealed by the survey to be 10.6 persons among the local community, 9.7 persons among returnees and 8.9 persons among IDPs. Children (0-17 years) represent three-fifths of the average household size across all three groups with a gender ratio of 1.1 boys for every girl.

The elderly (aged 60+) were found to constitute 4%-5% of the total population across all three household types. Less than 2% of the population reported to be widowed with five times as many widows as widowers.

1.1 Type of household (HH)							1.2 Household size and composition						
							Size of Household	Number of Households			Number of Individuals		
								LC	Ret	IDP	LC	Ret	IDP
							1 - 3 persons	8	8	2	21	20	6
							4 - 6 persons	64	39	9	321	207	47
							7 - 9 persons	133	55	13	1,065	431	110
							10 - 12 pers	110	54	13	1,198	579	143
							13 - 15 pers	87	22	2	1,244	321	30
							16+ persons	46	16	1	913	328	19
							Total	448	194	40	4,762	1,886	355
							Average household size			10.6	9.7	8.9	
							Average number of children (0-17)/HH			6.1	5.7	5.5	
							Average number of elderly (60+) / HH			0.5	0.4	0.4	
							% children (0-17)			57.8%	58.3%	61.4%	
							% elderly (60+)			4.7%	3.8%	4.8%	
1.3 Age distribution by HH type: Male							1.4 Age distribution by HH type: Female						
Male	Age Group					Total	Female	Age Group					Total
	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+			0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	
LC	440	623	373	919	127	2,482	LC	419	569	327	870	95	2,280
	17.7%	25.1%	15.0%	37.0%	5.1%	100%		18.4%	25.0%	14.3%	38.2%	4.2%	100%
Ret	199	289	123	374	44	1,029	Ret	181	196	112	341	27	857
	19.3%	28.1%	12.0%	36.3%	4.3%	100%		21.1%	22.9%	13.1%	39.8%	3.2%	100%
IDP	41	51	21	59	11	183	IDP	36	47	22	61	6	172
	22.4%	27.9%	11.5%	32.2%	6.0%	100%		20.9%	27.3%	12.8%	35.5%	3.5%	100%
Total	680	963	517	1,352	182	3,694	Total	636	812	461	1,272	128	3,309
	18.4%	26.1%	14.0%	36.6%	4.9%	100%		19.2%	24.5%	13.9%	38.4%	3.9%	100%

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								30/09/2012			
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2. MIGRATION PROFILE

Summary

Among the households surveyed, the year 1386 (2007/08) witnessed the largest number of returnee arrivals in HRA with 45 returnee households choosing to settle in Gardi Ghaous. Also, the year 1391 (2012/13) witnessed the largest number of IDP arrivals with 8 IDP households choosing to settle in HRA. Prior to and since 1386 (2007/08), on average, approximately 16 returnee households per year have chosen to settle in the area. Prior to 1391 (2012/13), an average 4 IDP households per year have chosen to settle in Gardi Ghaous.

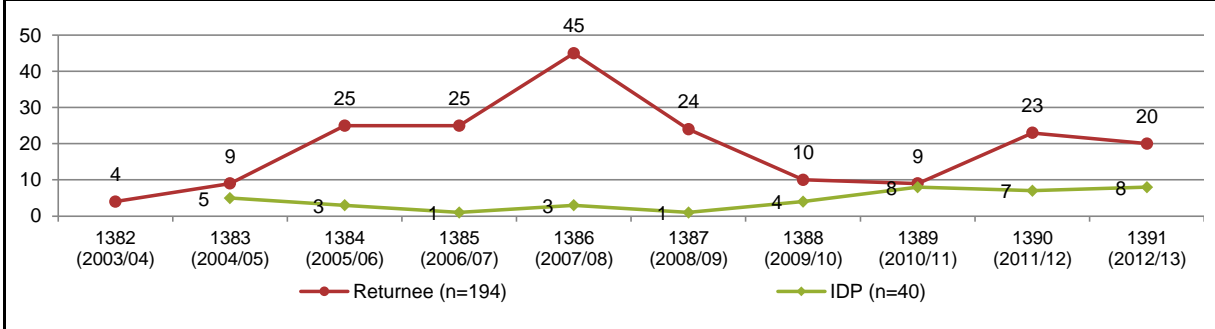
Of returnee and IDP households that have settled in Afghanistan in the last two years, 97.7% of returnee and all of IDP households stated that they did so voluntarily. Of these, all of returnee and all of IDP households stated that they intend to remain in the area.

All returnee households had sought asylum in Pakistan (100%) with 93.8% stating that they did so for safety reasons due to conflict. Over two-thirds also cited family reasons and over two-quarters cited economic reasons. A further, over two-quarters of returnee households stated that they sought asylum due to harassment/discrimination.

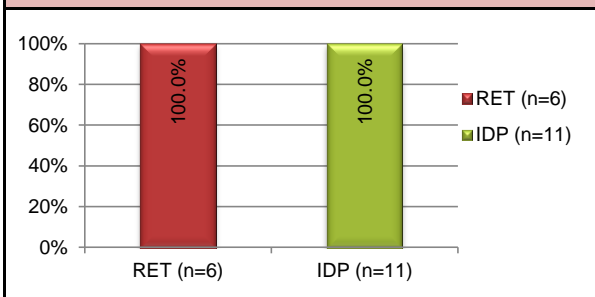
Among IDP households, 72.5% cited economic reasons and over two-thirds cited place of origin as the main reasons for having fled their districts of origin. Nearly three-fifths also cited family reasons and over two-quarter stated harassment/discrimination reasons as having influenced their decision to move.

Over four-fifths of households stated that legal difficulties and over two-fifths cited place of origin were the main reasons of returning back to Afghanistan. Further, 30.9% stated economic reasons as having influenced their decision to return. A further over one-quarter of households returned to Afghanistan because of family reasons.

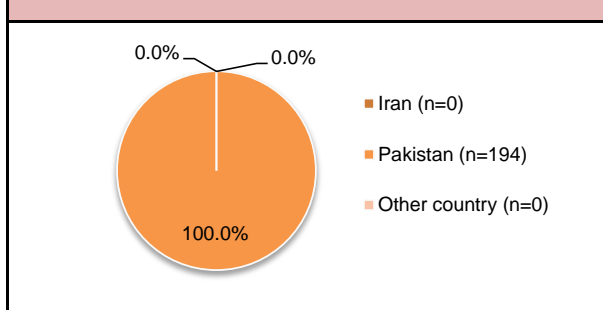
2.1 Year households settled in current location



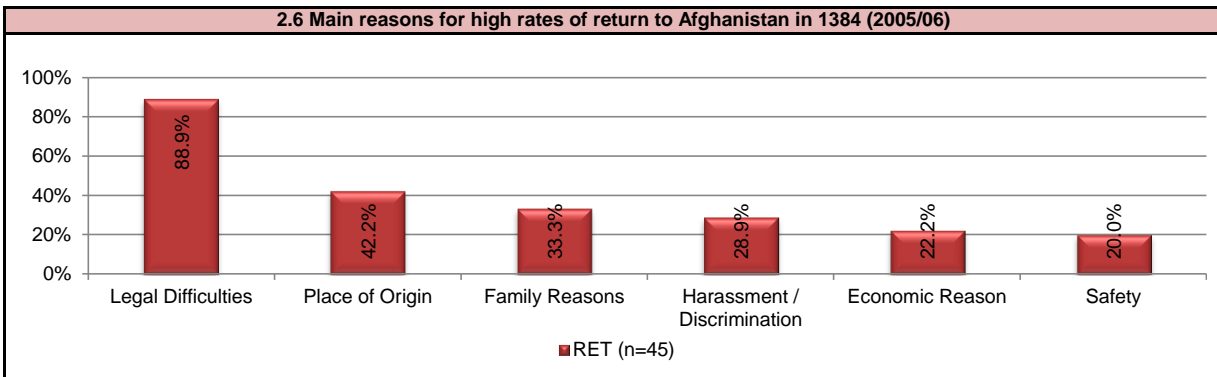
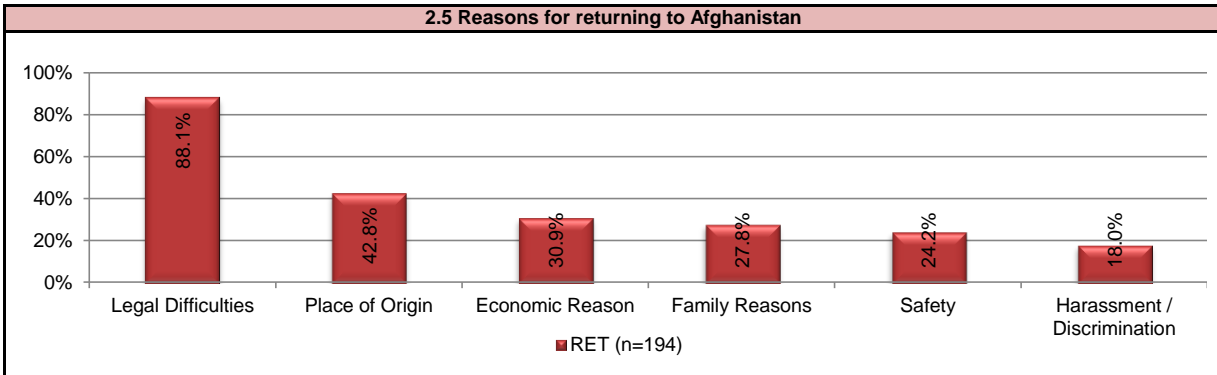
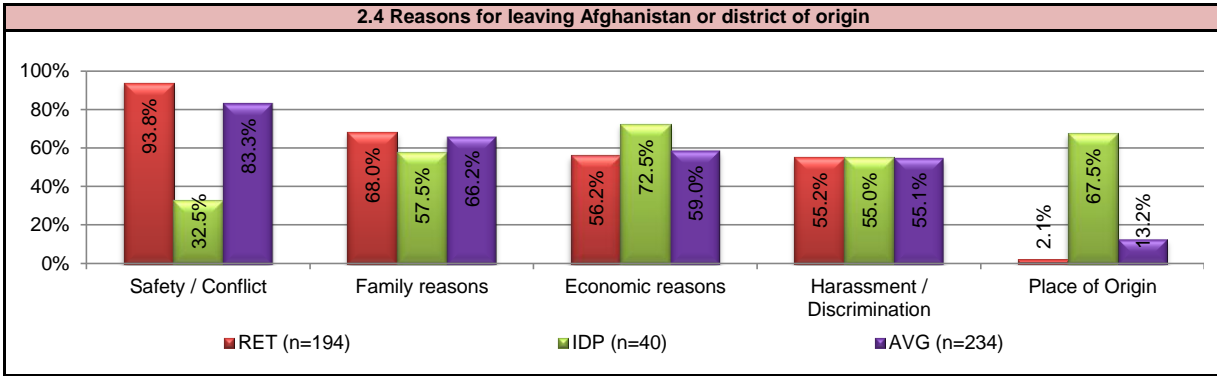
2.2 Percentage of HHs that settled in last 2 years and intend to remain



2.3 Countries of asylum from which HHs have returned



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
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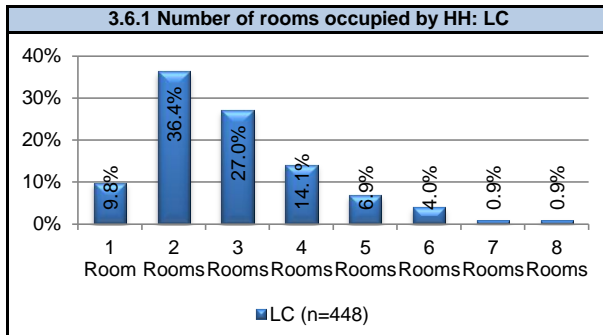
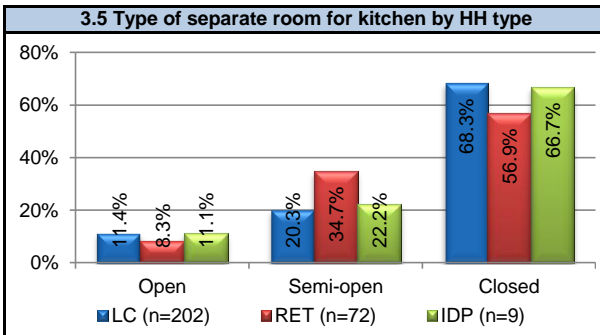
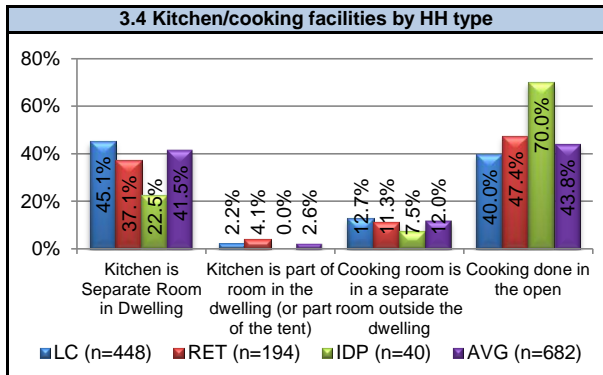
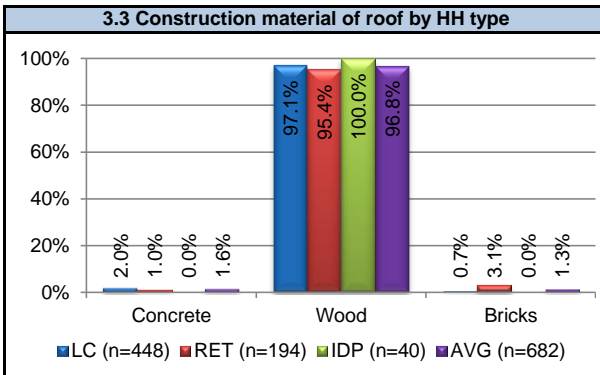
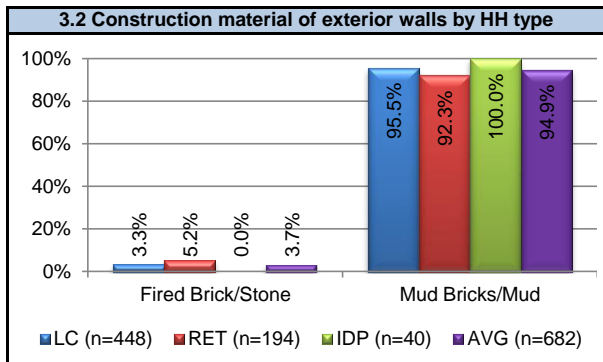
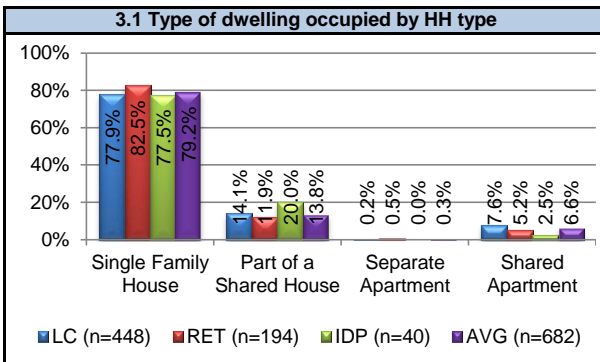
3. HOUSING STATUS PROFILE

Summary

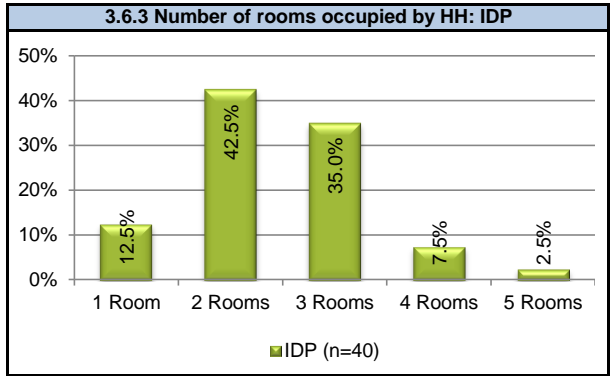
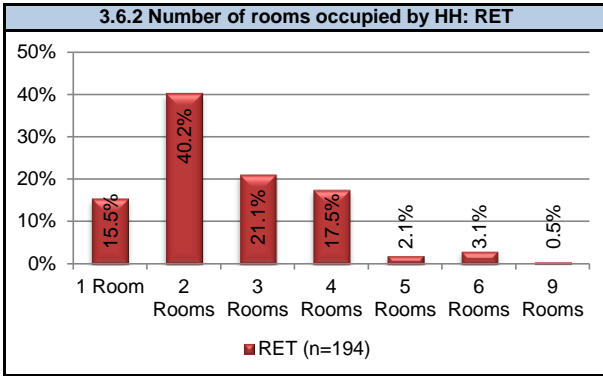
Survey findings reveal that in the region of four-fifths of households across all three groups occupy single family homes with the majority of remaining households occupying part of a shared house or a shared apartment. Almost all dwellings were reported to be mud-brick or mud constructions with wooden roofs.

Two-room dwellings were revealed to be the most common dwelling type across all three groups with 43% of IDP households, 40% of returnee households and 36% of local community households occupying such dwellings. Three-room dwellings were the second most common dwelling type with 35% of IDP households, 27% of local community households and 21% of returnee households residing in homes with three rooms.

With regard to cooking facilities, 45% of local community households, 37% of returnee households and 23% of IDP households have a separate kitchen within the home. However, cooking is done in the open by the majority of IDP households (70%) and returnee households (47%), and also by 40% of local community households.



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4. WATER, ELECTRICITY, FUEL AND SANITATION

Summary

Water: Open well is the main source of water for 70.5% of local community households, 67.0% of returnee households and 67.5% of IDP households and it is located on average approximately 9 minutes away from local community, 14 minutes away from returnee and 7 minutes away from IDP households. Hand pump also provides drinking water for 24.1% of local community households, 26.3% of returnee households and 15.0% of IDP households located on average 10 minutes away from local community. Open body of water is more accessible to IDP households (17.5%) than 4.9% of local community and 6.7% of returnee households. The other important sources are bored well.

Electricity: Of the 682 households surveyed, a total of 510 (74.8%) reported to have had access to an electricity supply in the 30 days prior to being surveyed. Solar power was the most important source of electricity for 70.5% of local community households, 52.3% of returnee and 55.0% of IDP households. Proportionally less local community households (26.5%) have access to battery compared to returnee households (45.0%) and IDP households (40.0%). A further 1.2% of local community and 1.3% of returnee households have access to private generator (hydro) and 0.9% of local community households have access to electric grid.

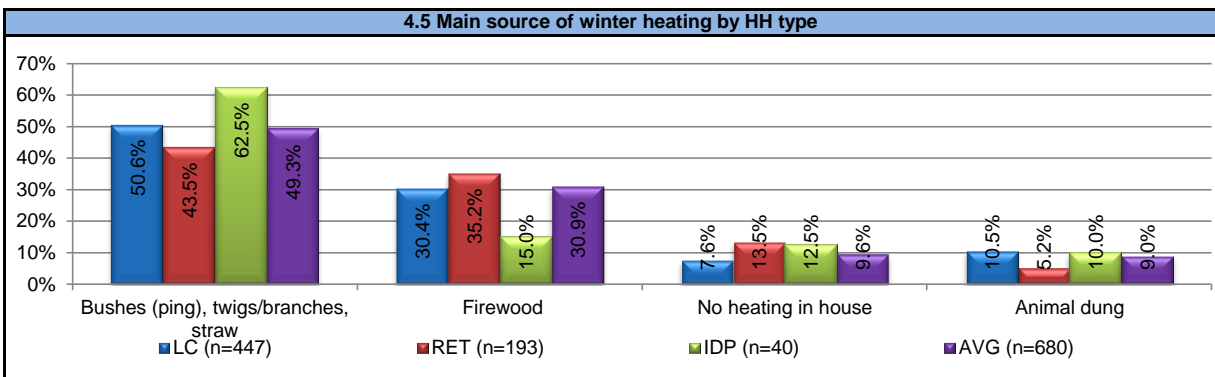
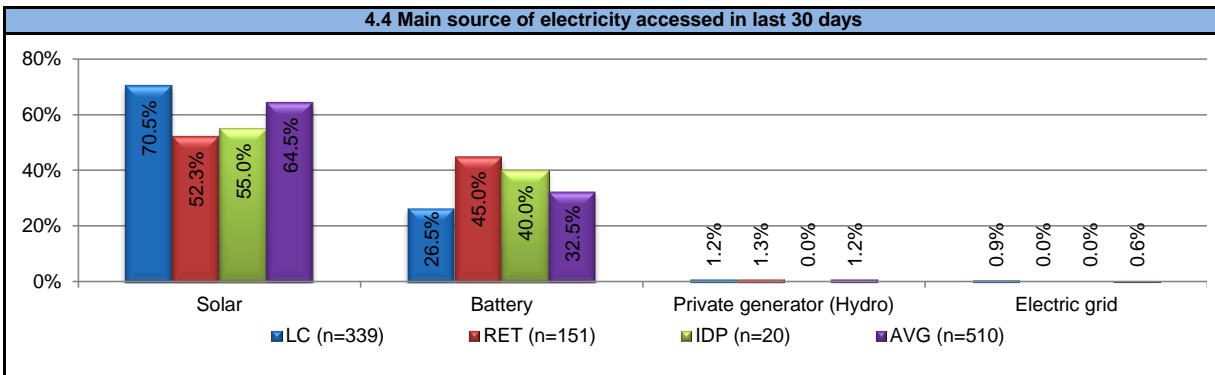
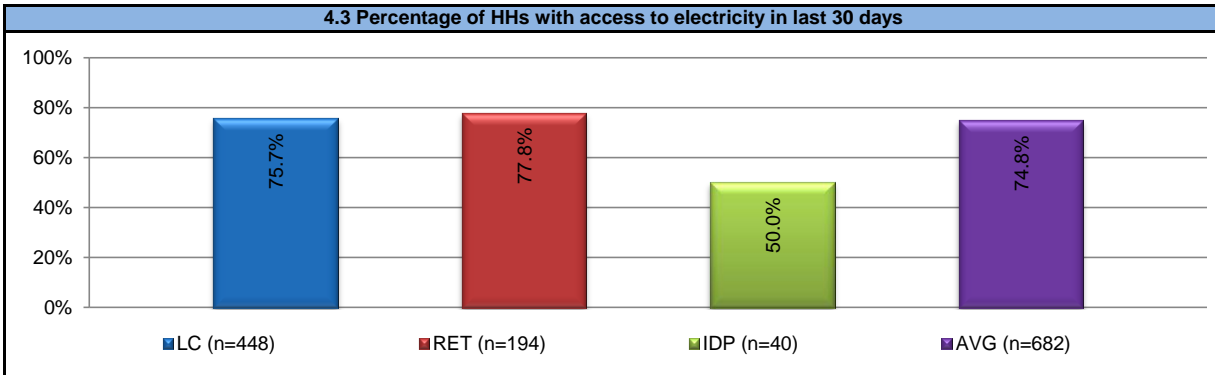
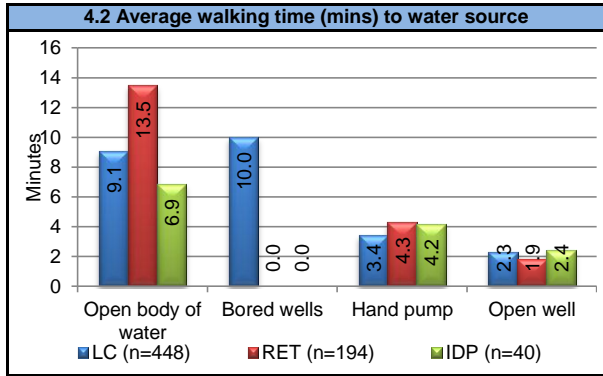
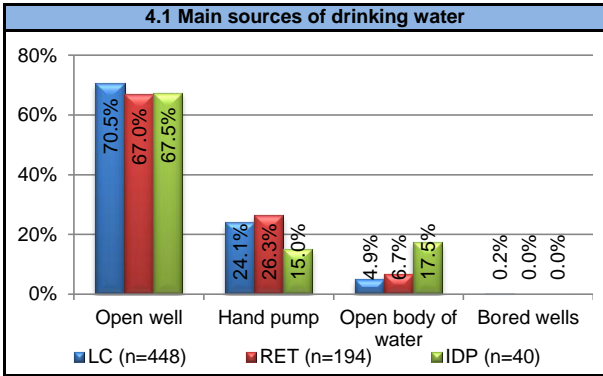
Fuel: During the winter months, bushes, twigs/branches and straw is used by 50.6% of local community households, 43.5% of returnee households and 62.5% of IDP households. Less IDP households (15.0%) use firewood for heating compared to local community households (30.4%) and returnee households (35.2%). A further 10.5% of local community households, 5.2% of returnee and 10.0% of IDP households use animal dung for heating. Furthermore, 7.6% of local community, 13.5% of returnee and 12.5% of IDP households have no heating in the dwelling.

The main source of cooking fuel in past 30 days for local community (63.2%), returnee households (75.8%) and IDP households (67.5%) is Bushes (ping), twigs/branches and straw. Proportionally, more IDP households (22.5%) use firewood for cooking compared to local community households (15.8%) and returnee households (11.9%). On the other hand, 13.4% of local community uses animal dung which is higher than 7.2% of returnee and 5.0% of IDP households. Gas is also used by 7.6% of local community, 5.2% of returnee and 5.0% of IDP households.

Sanitation: 46.7% of local community, 50.0% of returnee and 32.5% of IDP households have access to a traditional covered latrine. A further, 24.6% of local community, 25.8% of returnee and 32.5% of IDP households use open field, bushes or sahrahi as their toilet. Proportionally more IDP households (10%) use open pit compared to local community (5.6%) and returnee households (3.1%). Dearan (not pit) is also used by 21.7% of local community households, 20.1% of returnee households and 25.0% of IDP households.

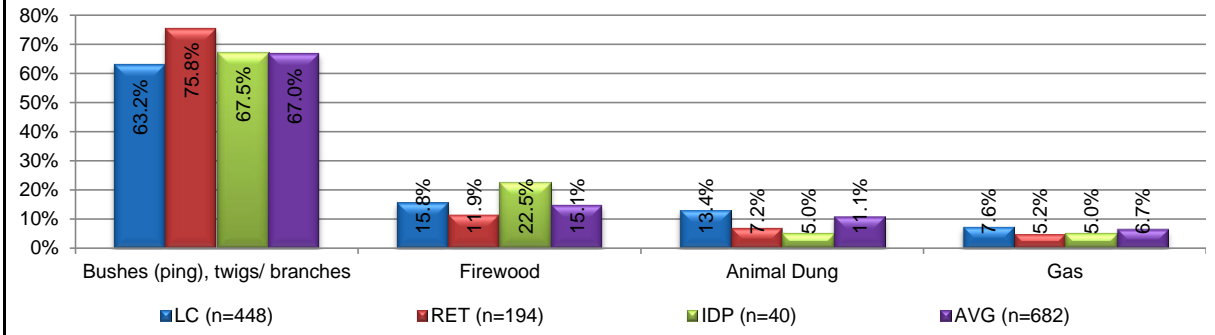
Surveyors took note of whether any garbage or pools of stagnant water were observed in close proximity to the households they interviewed. 21.0% of local community households, 16.0% of returnee households and 12.5% of IDP households didn't have any garbage near their dwellings. A further, 79.0% of local community households, 84.0% of returnee households and 87.5% of IDP households had little garbage near their dwellings. Also, over 90% of all three households didn't have any stagnant water near their dwellings. Approximately 7% of three household types had little stagnant water near their dwellings. A further, 1.1% of local community and 2.5% of IDP households had a lot of stagnant water near their dwellings.

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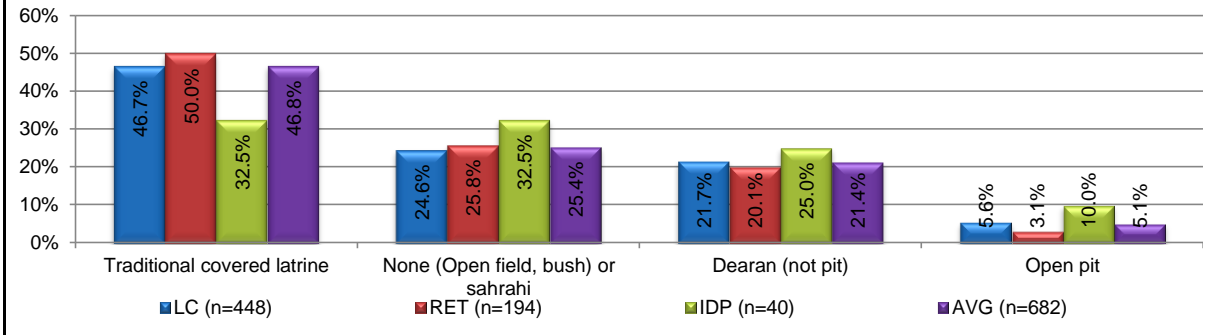


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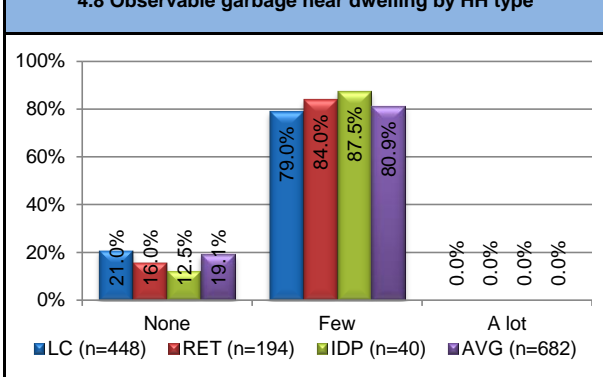
4.6 Main source of cooking fuel in past 30 days



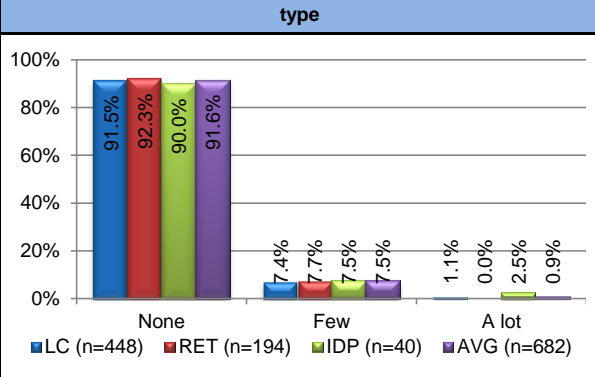
4.7 Main toilet facility used by HHs



4.8 Observable garbage near dwelling by HH type



4.9 Observable pools of stagnant water near dwelling by HH type



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
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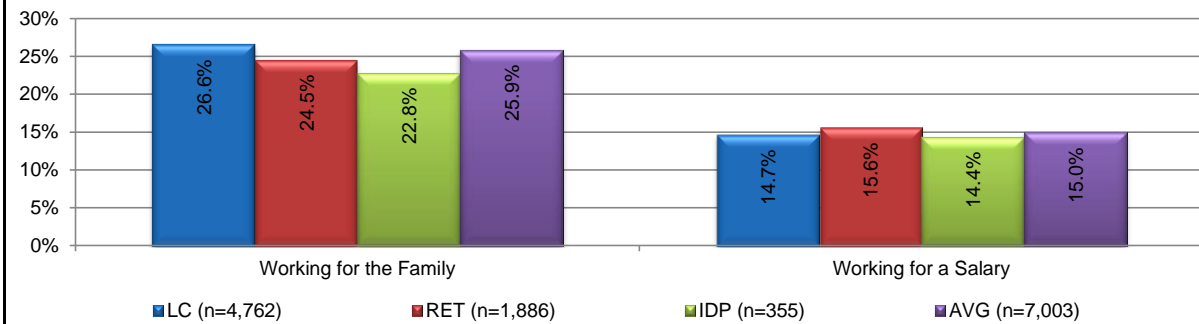
5. LABOUR & LIVELIHOODS

Summary

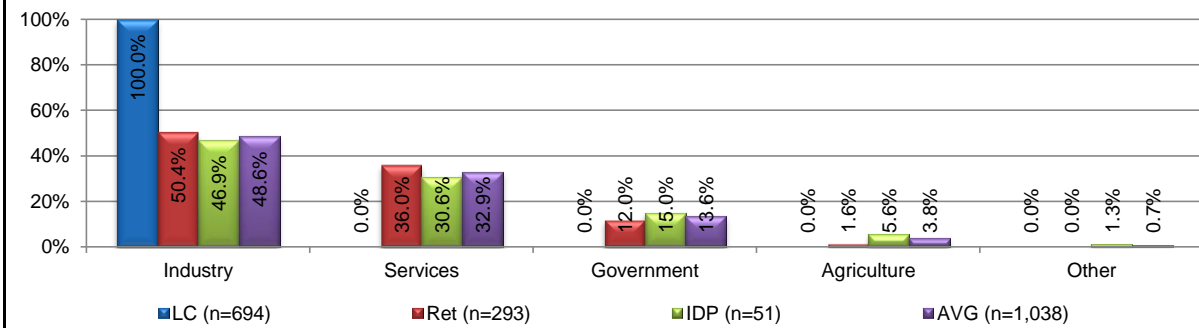
According to survey findings, 26.6% of local community members, 24.5% of returnees and 22.8% of IDPs are engaged in work for the family, with females accounting for over four-fifths. A further 15.6% of returnees, 14.7% of local community members and 14.4% of IDPs reported to be working for a salary, with males accounting for over 97.0% in each group. Industry represents the main employment sector for all salaried local community members, 50.4% of returnees and 46.9% of IDPs. Returnees (36.0%) were more likely to be employed in the service sector than IDPs (30.6%). Similarly, IDPs (15.0%) were more likely to be working in the government sector than returnees (12.0%). Only 5.6% of IDPs and 1.6% of returnees reported to be working in agriculture.

Among those aged 12-17 years, 36 local community members, 14 returnees and three IDPs reported to be working. Two local community children and one returnee child aged 5-11 years were also reported to be in work.

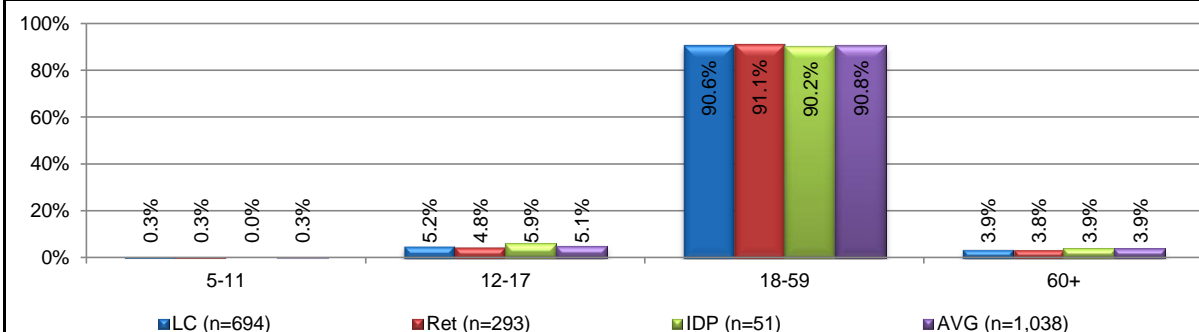
5.1 Percentage of household members working



5.2 Main sectors of employment for salaried workers



5.3 Age distribution of salaried workers



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012			
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6. HOUSEHOLD INCOME, DEBT, ASSETS AND EXPENDITURES

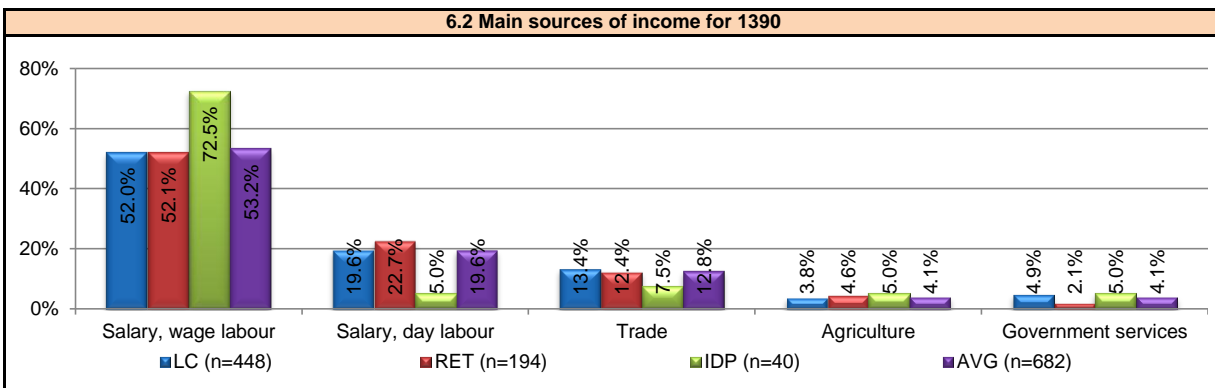
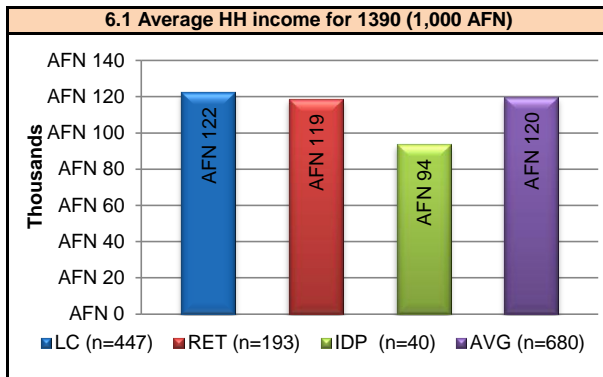
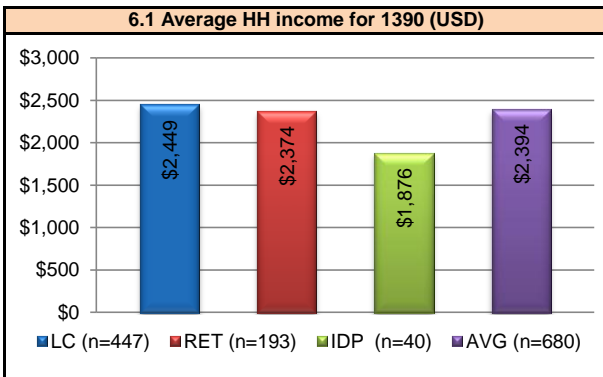
Summary

Income: Average household income in 1390 was USD 2,449 among local community households, USD 2,374 among returnee households and USD 1,876 among IDP households. Wage labour was the primary source of income for 72.5% of IDP households, 52.1% of returnee households and 52.0% of local community households. Day labour was also a significant income source for 22.7% of returnee households and 19.6% of local community households. Remaining households all relied upon trade, agriculture and government services in varying proportions.

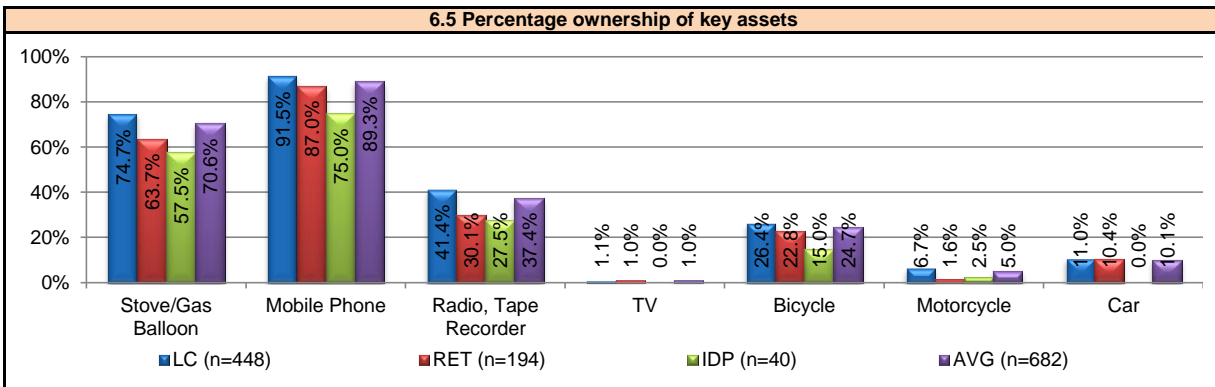
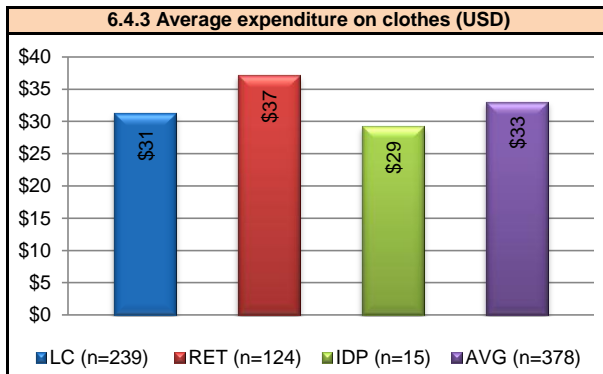
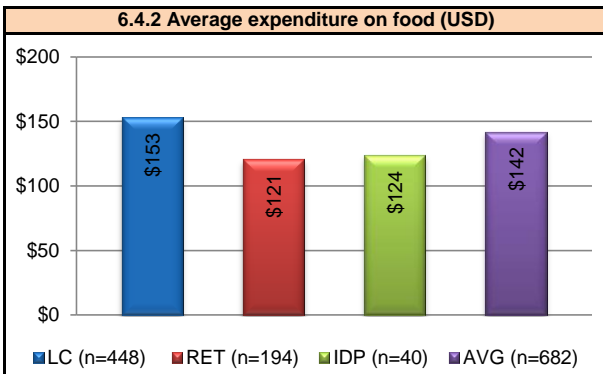
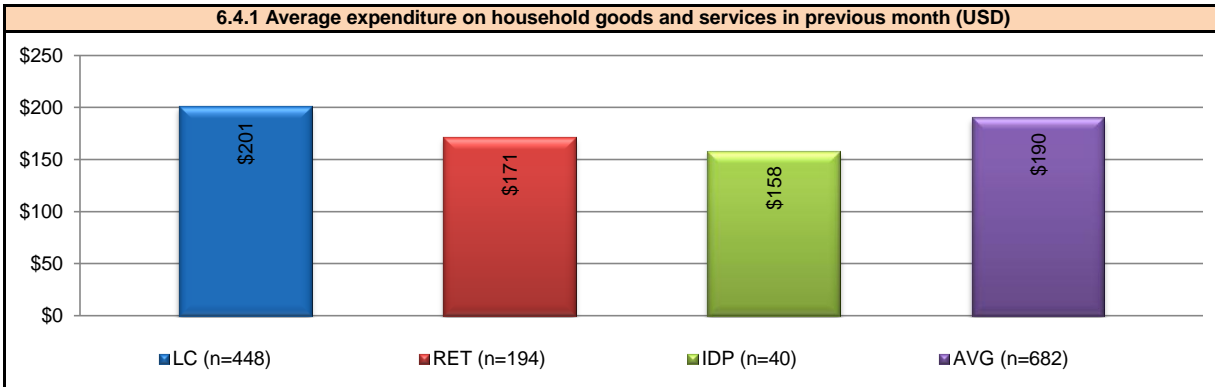
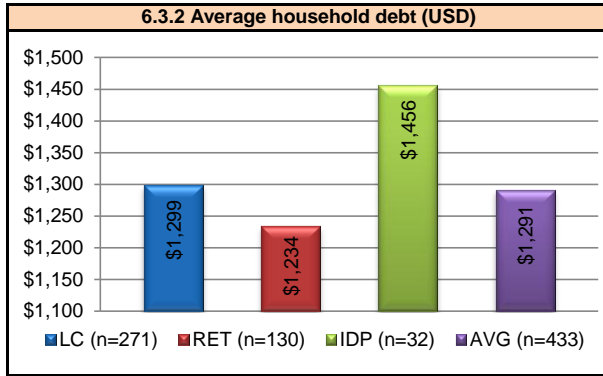
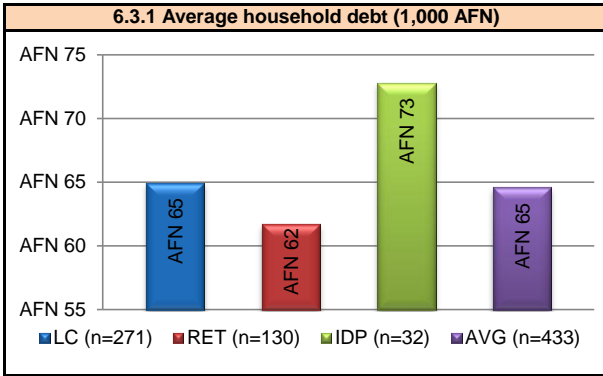
Average household debt was revealed to be USD 1,456 among IDP households, USD 1,299 among local community households and USD 1,234 among returnee households.

Expenditure: Average household expenditure in the month prior to being surveyed was USD 201 among local community households, USD 171 among returnee households and USD 158 among IDP households. A marginally larger proportion of monthly expenditure was spent on food supplies by IDP households (78.5%) than by local community (76.1%) and returnee (70.8%) households.

Assets: With regard to ownership of key household assets, 74.6% of local community households, 63.4% of returnee households and 57.5% of IDP households own a stove/gas balloon. A mobile telephone is owned by 91.3% of local community households, 86.6% of returnee households and 75.0% of IDP households. A radio was owned by proportionally more local community households (41.3%) than returnee (29.9%) and IDP (27.5%) households. Local community households were also more likely to own a bicycle and a motorcycle. Approximately 10.0% of local community and returnee households reported owning a car.



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar				Date generated dd / mm / yyyy					
						30/09/2012					
HRA Code		37				Completion Percentage					
						100%					
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East



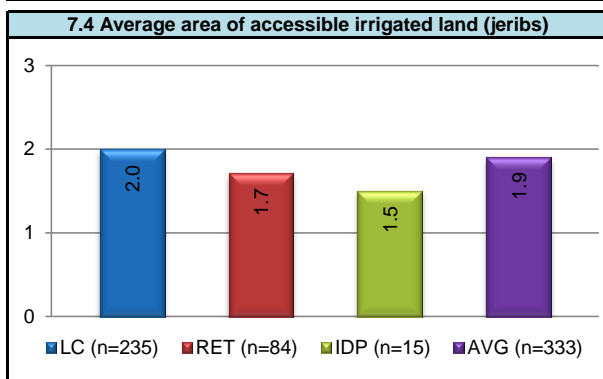
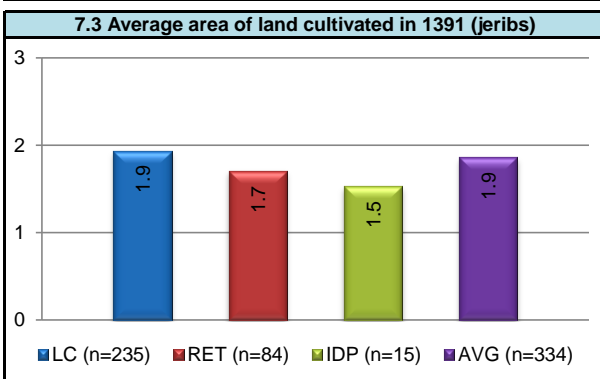
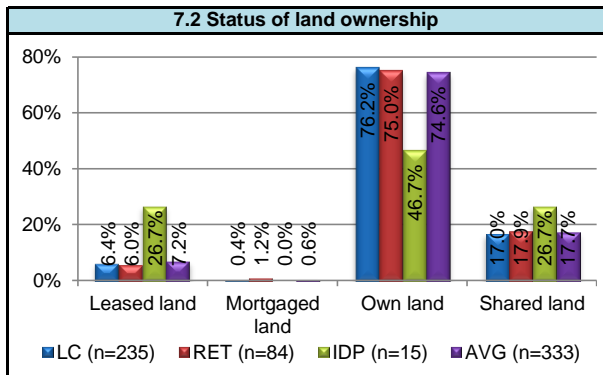
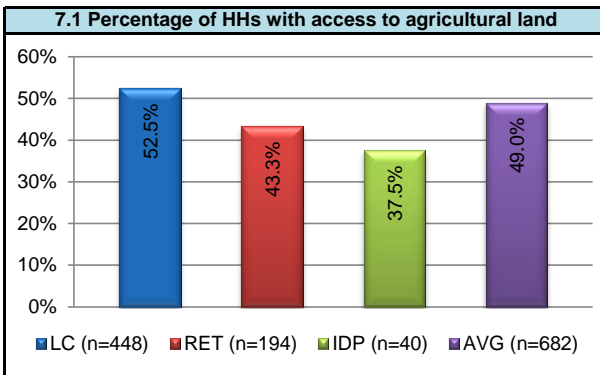
High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar				Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012					
HRA Code		37		Completion Percentage		100%					
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7. AGRICULTURE & LIVESTOCK

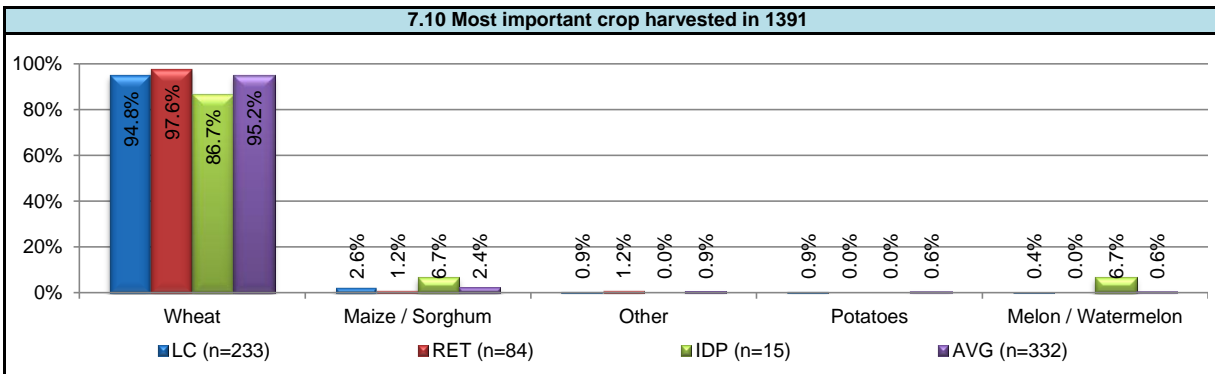
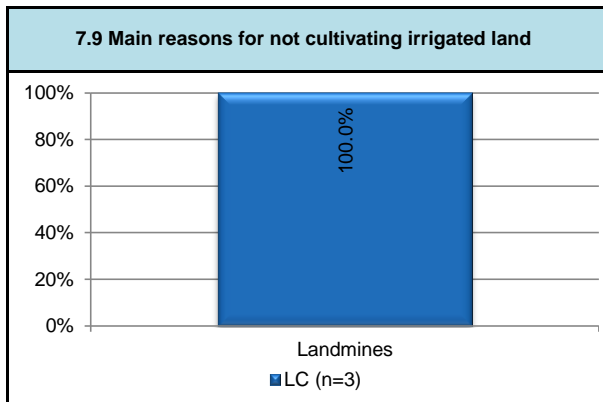
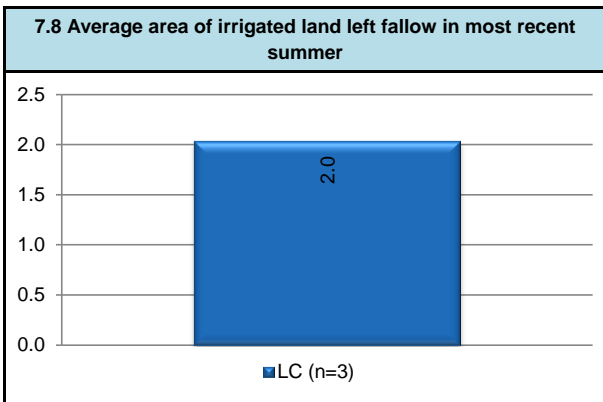
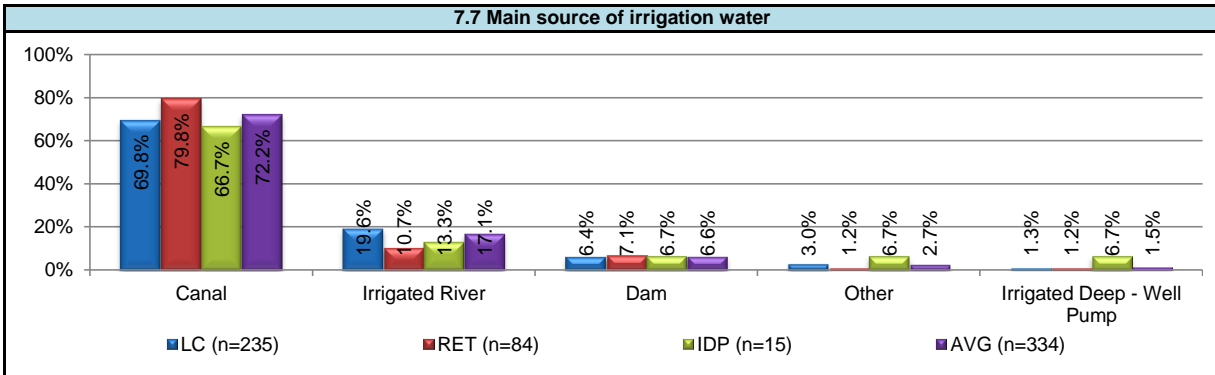
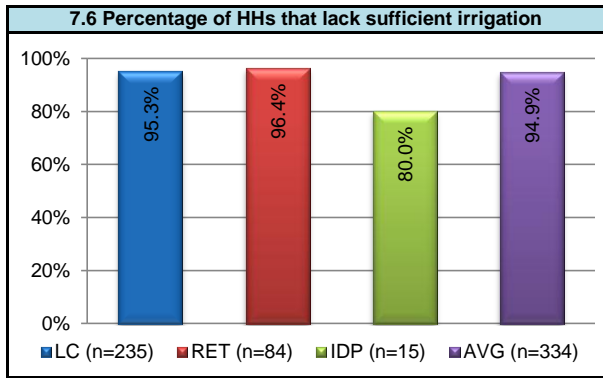
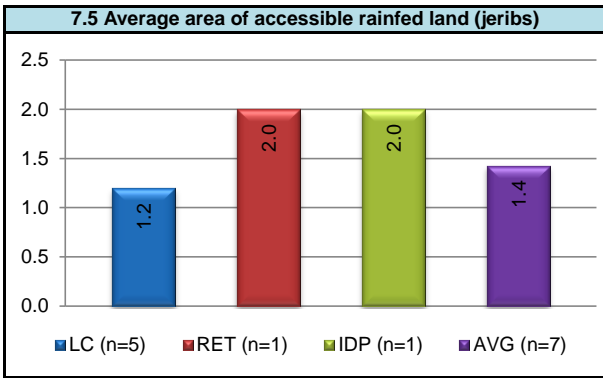
Summary

Agriculture: Of surveyed households, 52.5% of local community households, 43.4% of returnee households and 37.5% of IDP households have access to agricultural land. In 1391, on average, 1.9 jeribs of land were cultivated by local community households, 1.7 jeribs by returnee households and 1.5 jeribs by IDP households with access to agricultural land. The main reason for not cultivating more land was landmines. Wheat was the most important crop for 97.6% of returnee households, 94.8% of local community households and 86.7% of IDP households. Of the 682 households surveyed, only two returnee households have access to a garden plot.

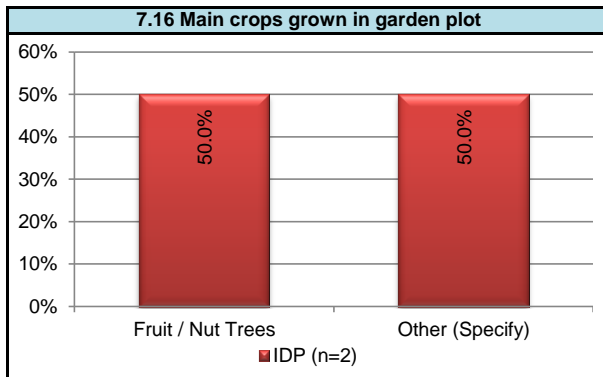
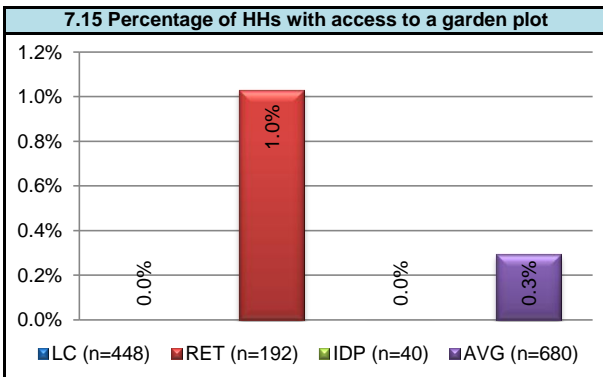
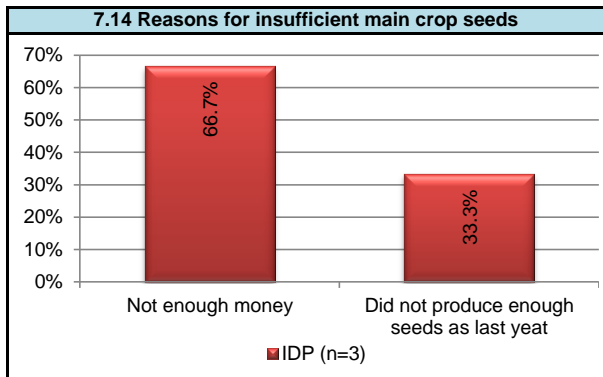
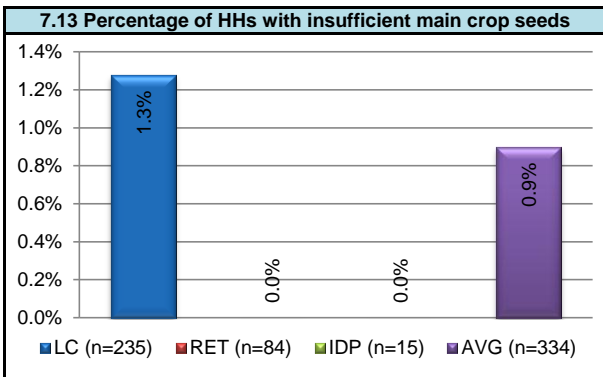
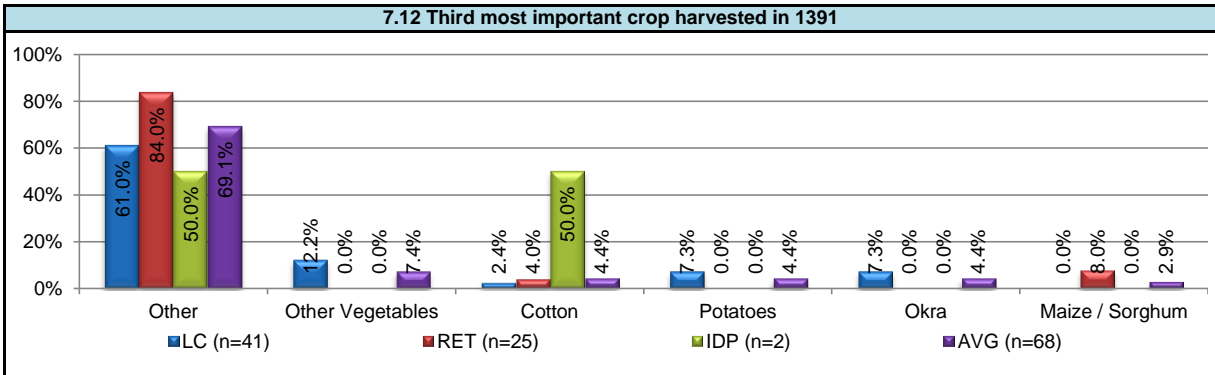
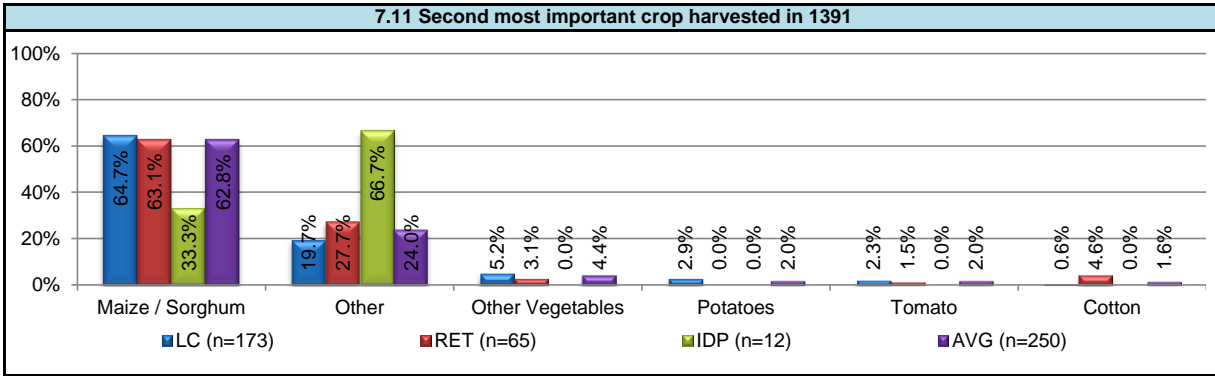
Livestock: Some form of livestock is owned by 64.5% of local community households, 38.7% of returnee households and 35.0% of IDP households. Among households that do, cows are owned by 85.1% of local community households, 78.6% of IDP households and 72.0% of returnee households. A larger proportion of IDP households (78.6%) own cattle than do local community (60.9%) and returnee (60.0%) households. Proportionally more IDP households (57.1%) also own donkeys than local community (39.4%) and returnee (36.0%) households. A further 21.4% of IDP households own goats compared with 16.0% of returnee households and 12.5% of local community households. Only local community households (22.1%) and returnee households (17.2%) own oxen.



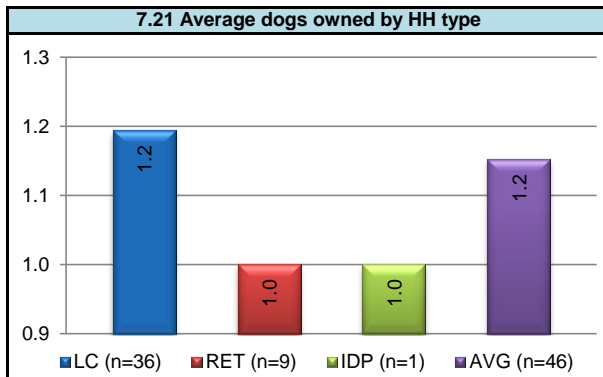
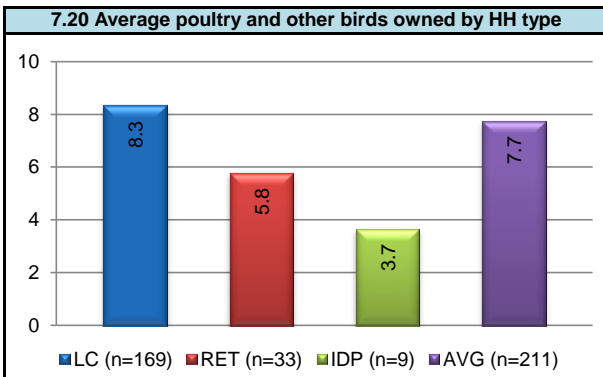
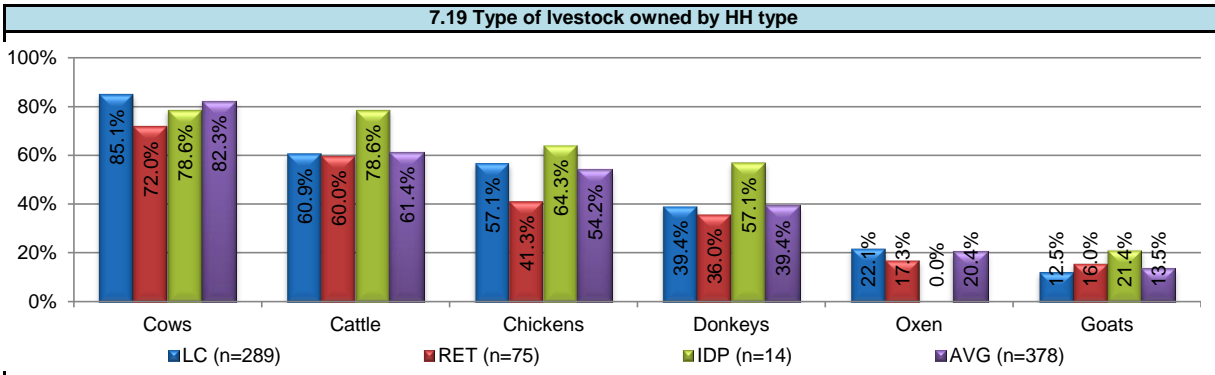
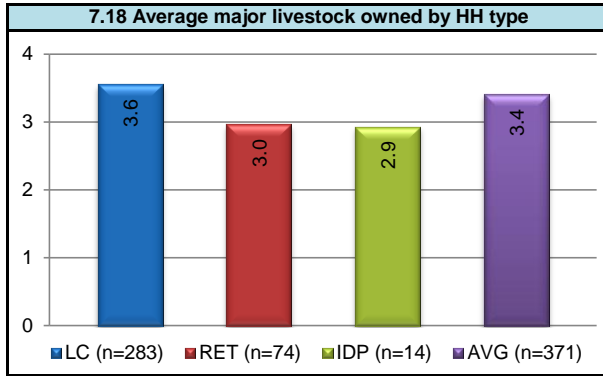
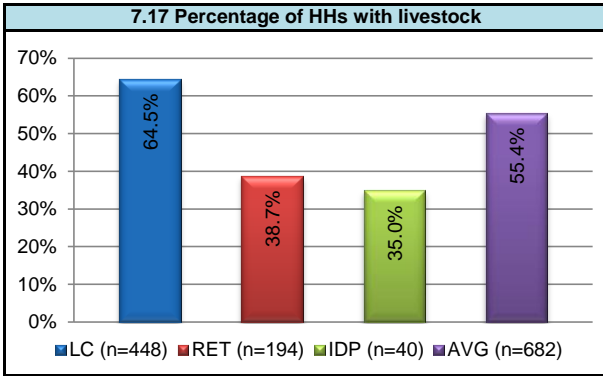
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						30/09/2012					
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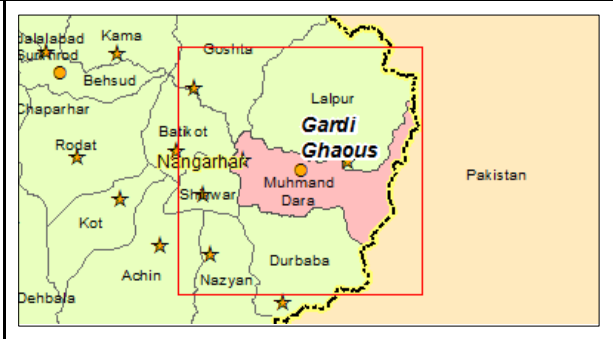
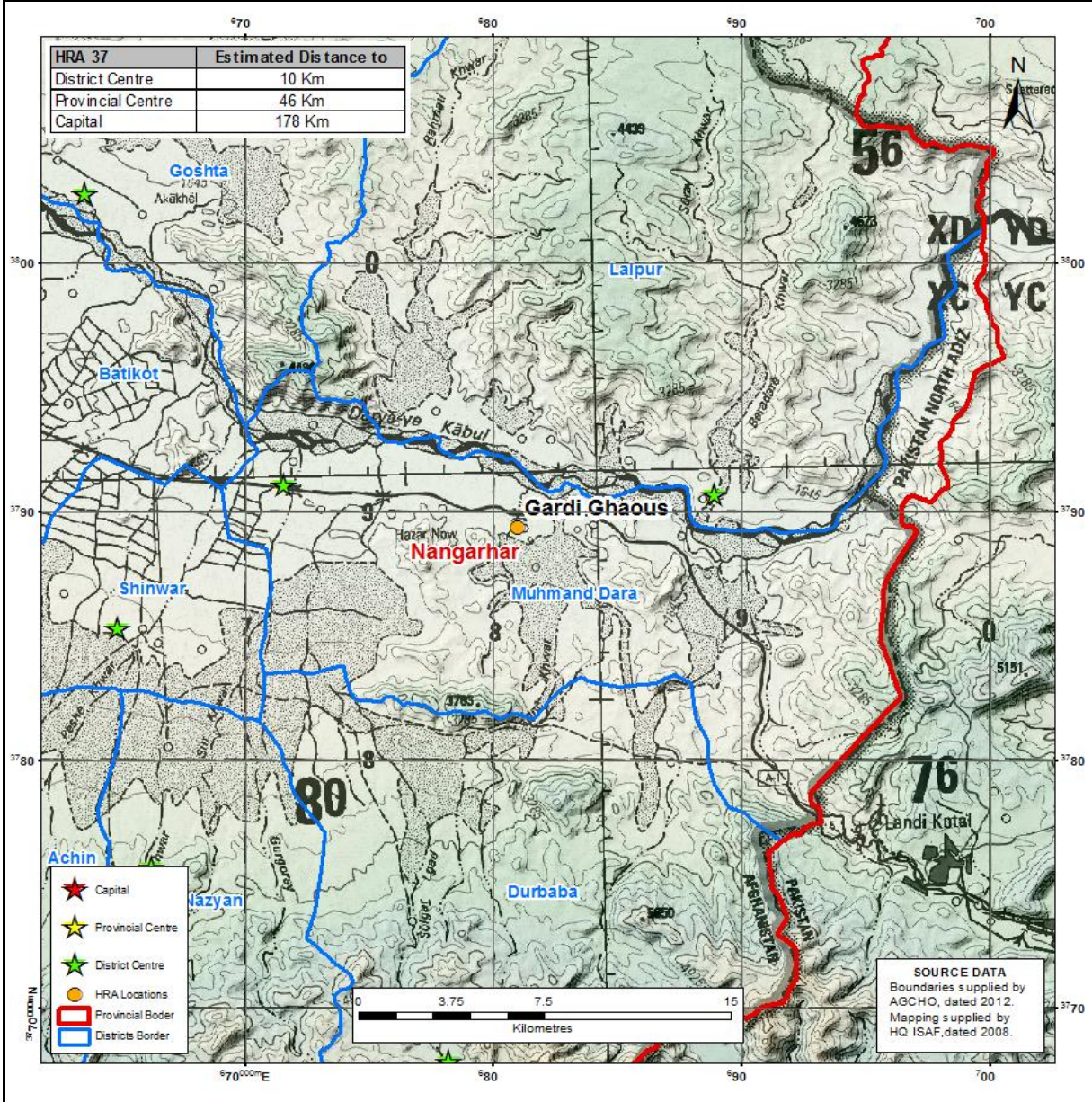


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8. ACCESS TO SERVICES PROFILE



High Return Area Community Profile	Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
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Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East

8. ACCESS TO SERVICES PROFILE

Summary

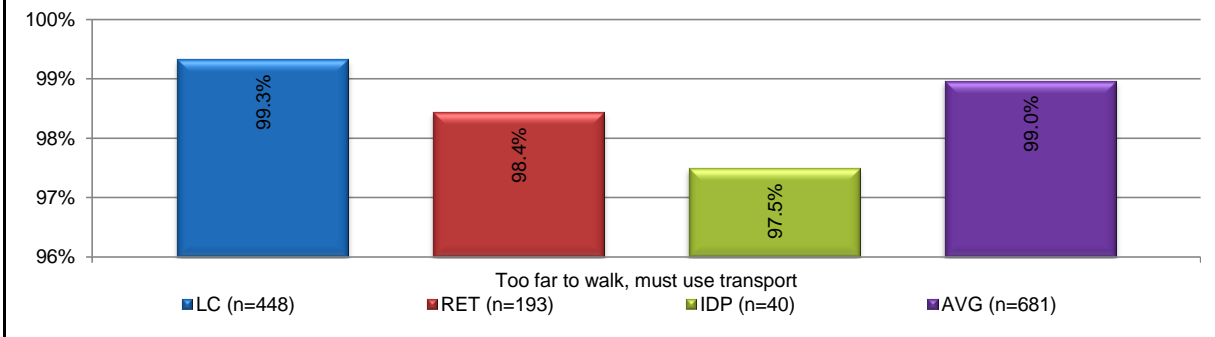
Over 97% of both local community and returnee households and IDP households stated that the Provincial Centre is too far to walk to. In the last three months, the main reasons for travelling to the Provincial Centre for all three household types were to purchase goods or services or to work. Moreover, all three household types stated that the nearest police station is too far to walk, must use transport.

Over three-quarters (77.0%) of local community households, four-fifths (79.9%) of returnee households and 90.0% of IDP households stated that public health centre is 15-60 minutes away. For the vast majority in all three community groups, the nearest private health clinic is 15-60 minutes away and too far to walk. The nearest hospital is too far to walk for all household types.

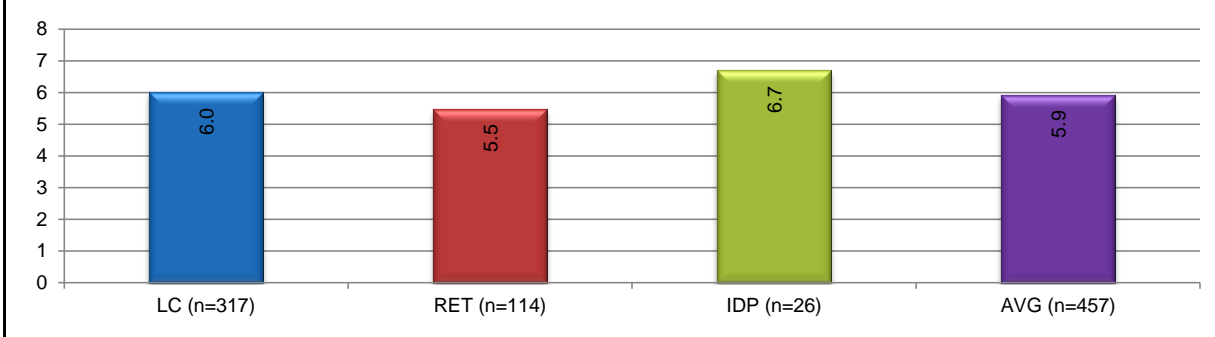
Over two-fifths (42.3%) of local community households, two-fifths (41.5%) of returnee and over three-fifths (65.0%) of IDP households stated their employment area is less than 15 minutes. Vast majority of all three household types stated their access to transport is less than 15 minutes away.

The nearest primary, secondary and high schools for boys and girls among all three household types are located 15-60 minutes far.

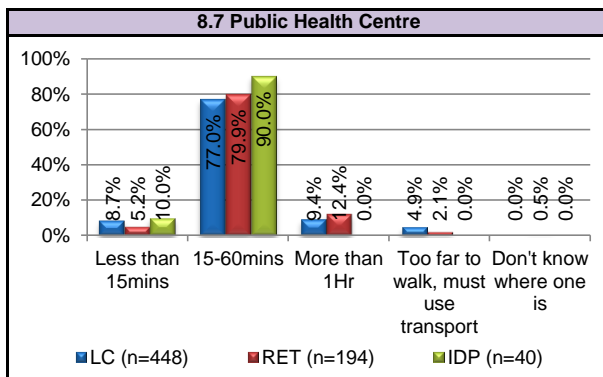
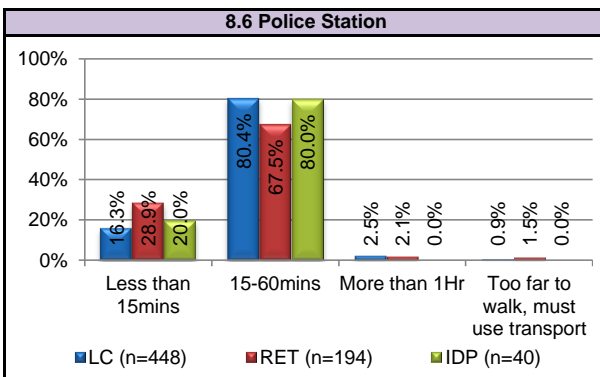
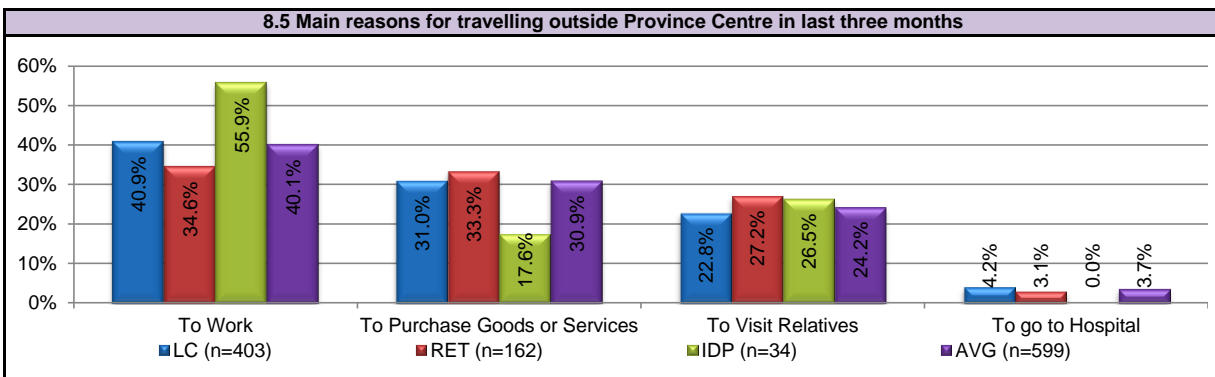
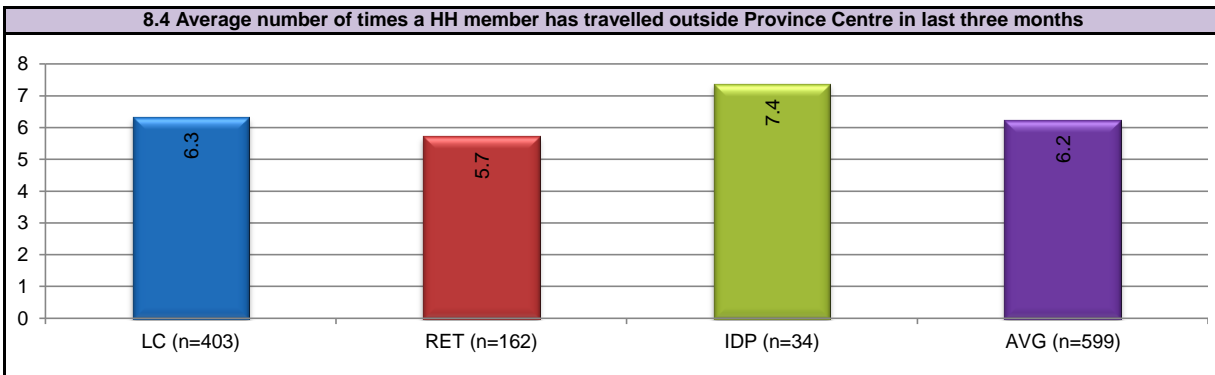
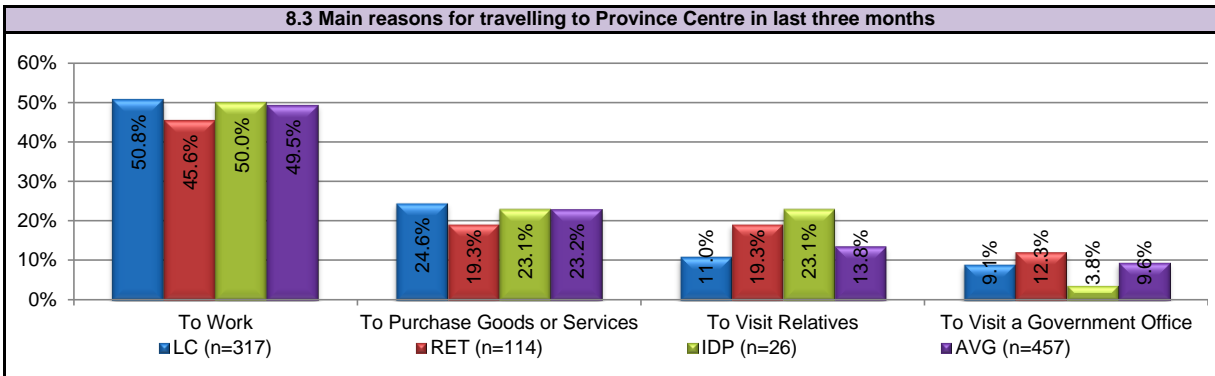
8.1 Average time taken to walk one way to Province Centre



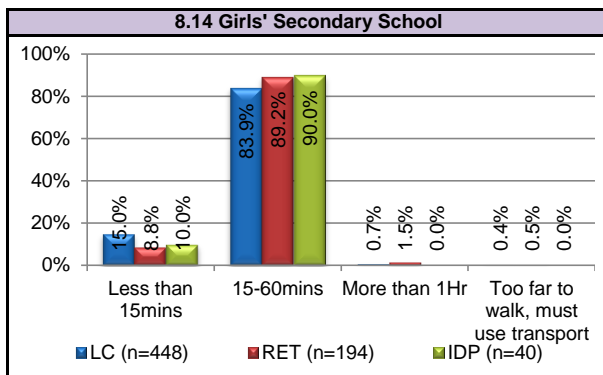
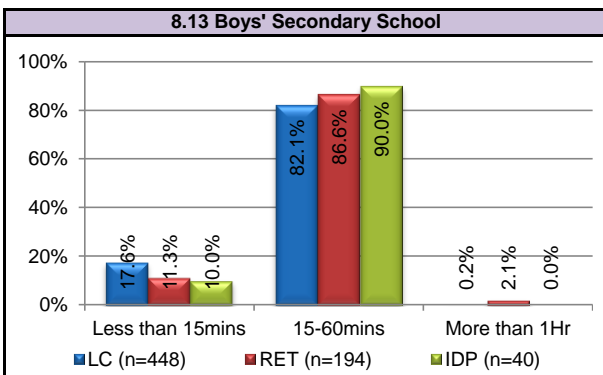
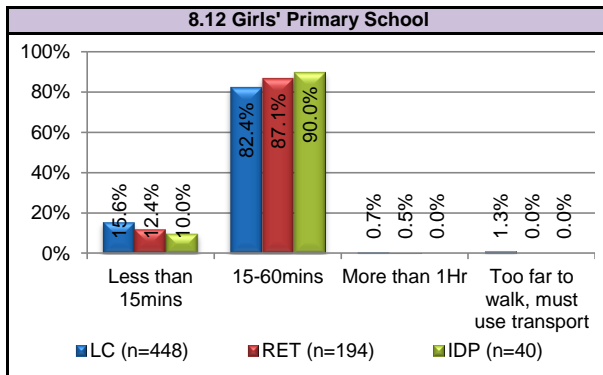
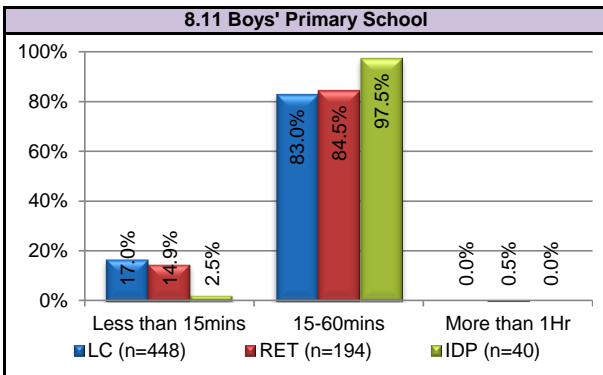
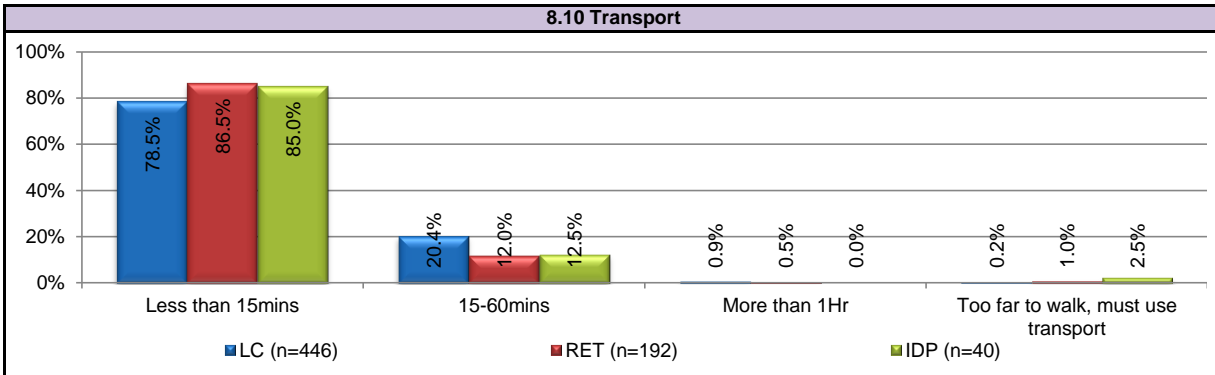
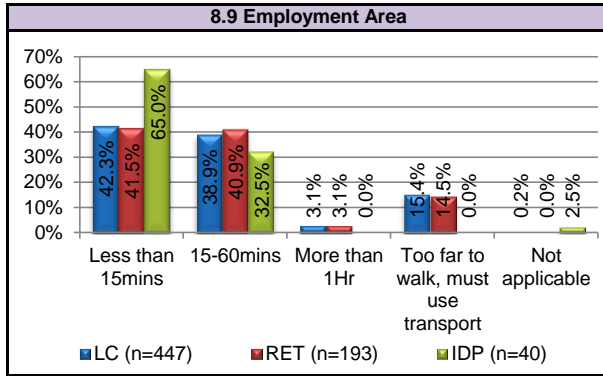
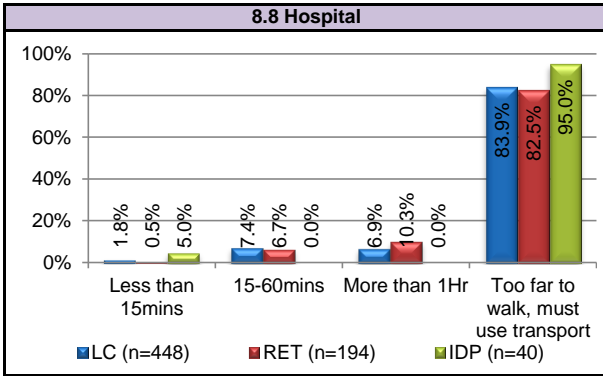
8.2 Average number of times a HH member has travelled to Province Centre in last three months



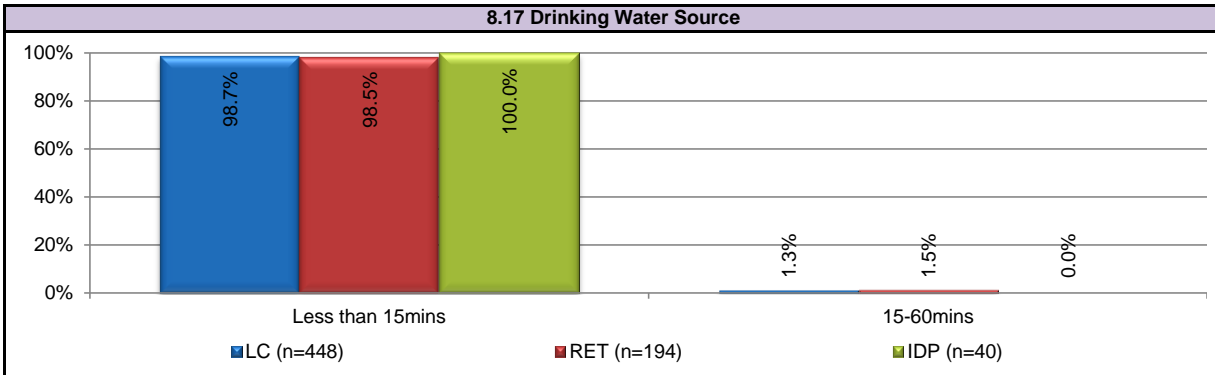
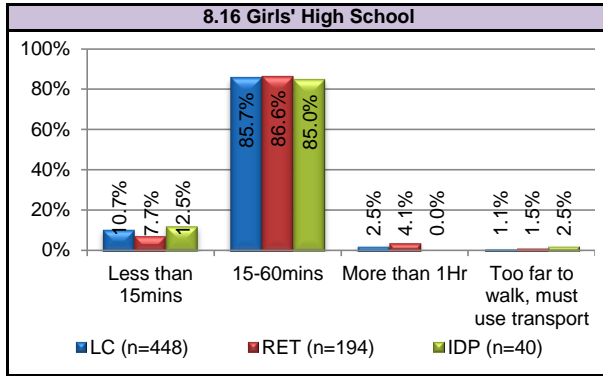
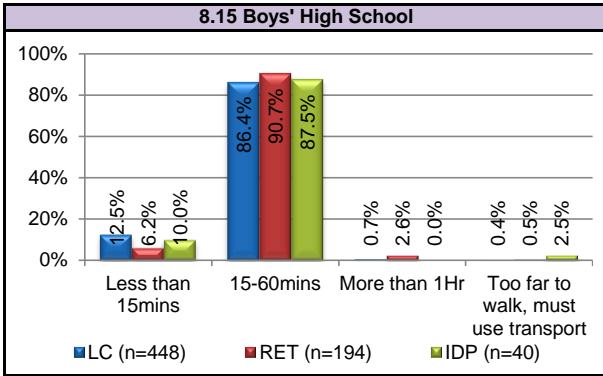
High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
HRA Code		37				Completion Percentage			100%		
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9. EDUCATION PROFILE

Summary

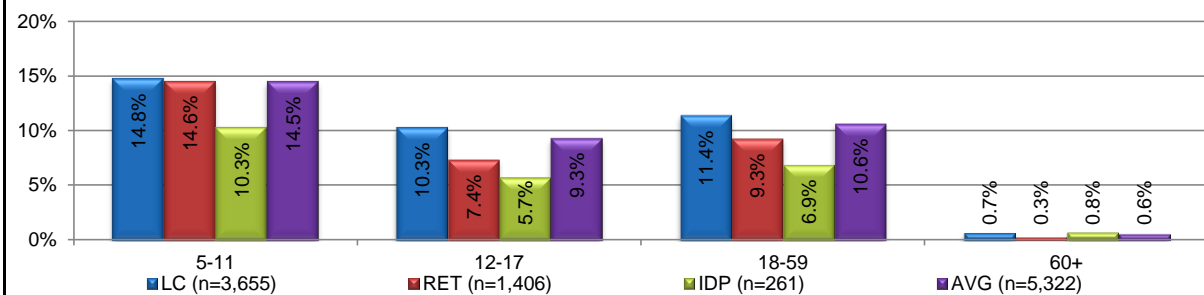
Among those aged five years and over, 37.2% of the local community, 31.6% of returnees and 23.8% of IDPs reported to be literate. Of these, 56.5% of local community males, 48.4% of returnee males and 36.3% of IDP males reported to be literate. Similarly, 15.8% of local community females, 11.2% of returnee females and 10.3% of IDP females reported to be literate.

Among adults aged eighteen years and over, 86.8% of local community males, 90.9% of returnee males and 91.4% of IDP males did not achieve any school grade. Similarly, all females across local community and IDP households and 98.9% of returnee households had not achieved any school grade.

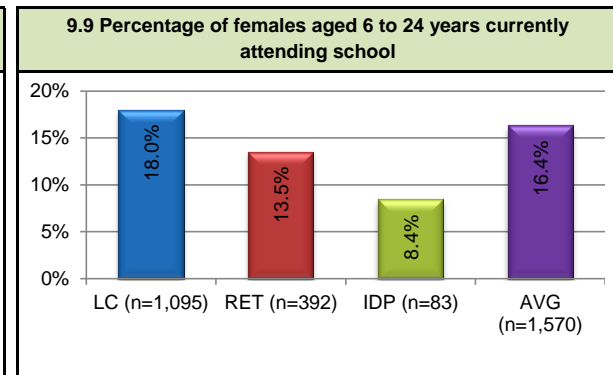
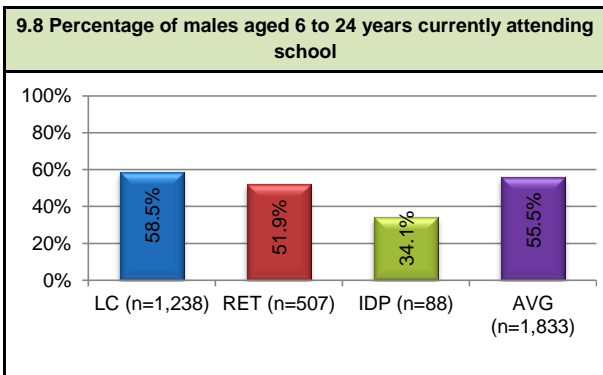
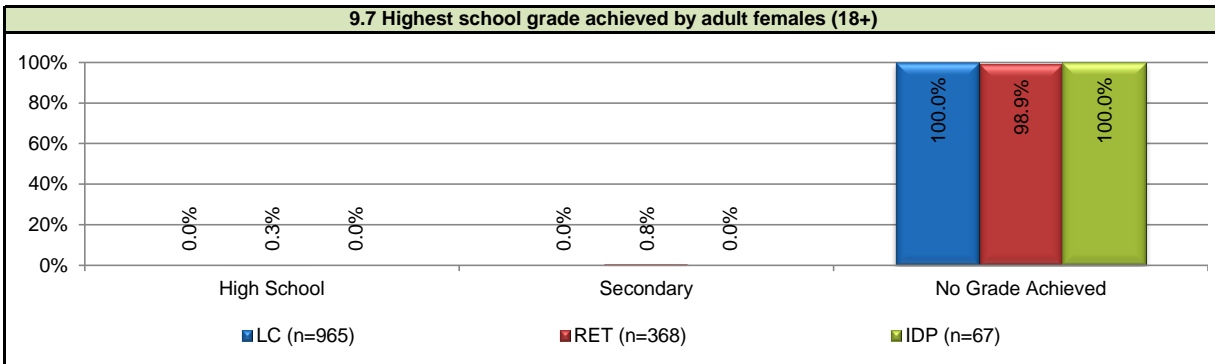
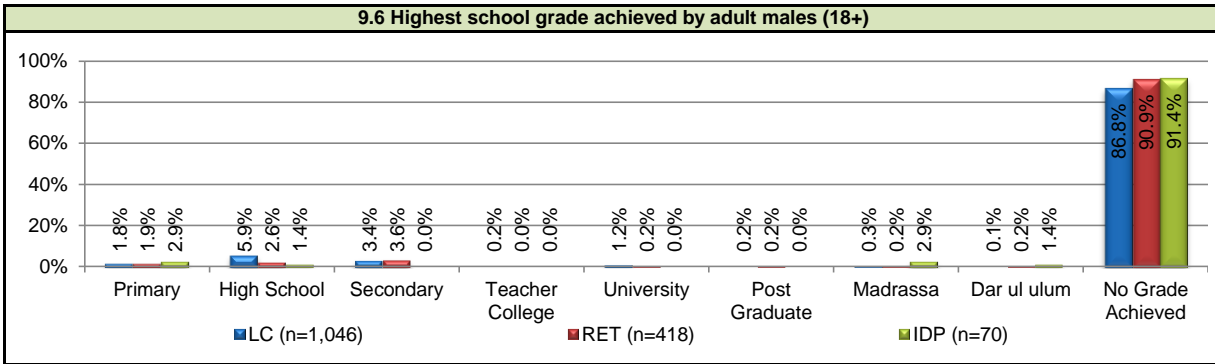
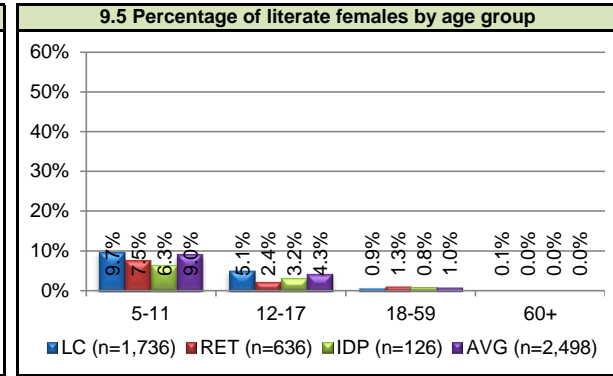
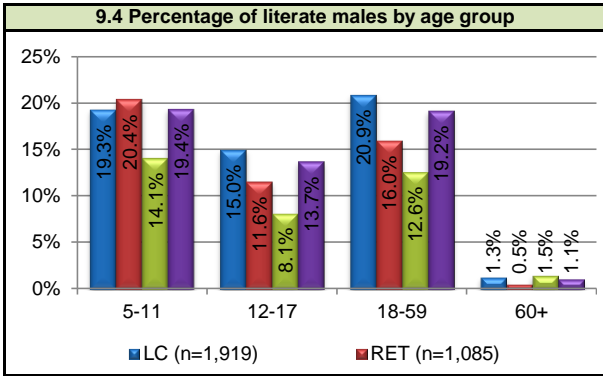
Among males aged 6 to 24 years, 58.5% of local community males, 51.9% of returnee males and 34.1% of IDPs males reported to be currently attending school. Among females aged 6 to 24 years, 18.0% of local community females, 13.5% of returnee females and 8.4% of IDP females reported to be currently attending school. The main reason for not attending school given by those aged 6 to 24 years across all three groups was because family didn't allow them. Furthermore, 22.0% of local community members, 21.1% of returnee members and 36.6% of IDP members of those aged 6 to 24 years stated that they cannot attend school because they didn't like school or didn't learn enough. A further, 9.5% of those aged 6 to 24 years across all three groups didn't attend school because child was too young.

9.1 Male literacy rate within each age group by household type						9.2 Female literacy rate within each age group by household type							
	Male	Age Group				Total		Female	Age Group				Total
		5-11	12-17	18-59	60+				5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	
LC	Total	503	371	918	127	1919	LC	Total	448	325	869	94	1736
	Yes	371	288	401	25	1085		Yes	169	89	16	1	275
	%	73.8%	77.6%	43.7%	19.7%	56.5%		%	37.7%	27.4%	1.8%	1.1%	15.8%
RET	Total	229	123	374	44	770	RET	Total	158	111	340	27	636
	Yes	157	89	123	4	373		Yes	48	15	8	0	71
	%	68.6%	72.4%	32.9%	9.1%	48.4%		%	30.4%	13.5%	2.4%	0.0%	11.2%
IDP	Total	45	21	58	11	135	IDP	Total	38	21	61	6	126
	Yes	19	11	17	2	49		Yes	8	4	1	0	13
	%	42.2%	52.4%	29.3%	18.2%	36.3%		%	21.1%	19.0%	1.6%	0.0%	10.3%
ALL	Total	777	515	1350	182	2824	ALL	Total	644	457	1270	127	2498
	Yes	547	388	541	31	1507		Yes	225	108	25	1	359
	%	70.4%	75.3%	40.1%	17.0%	53.4%		%	34.9%	23.6%	2.0%	0.8%	14.4%

9.3 Age distribution of literate household members

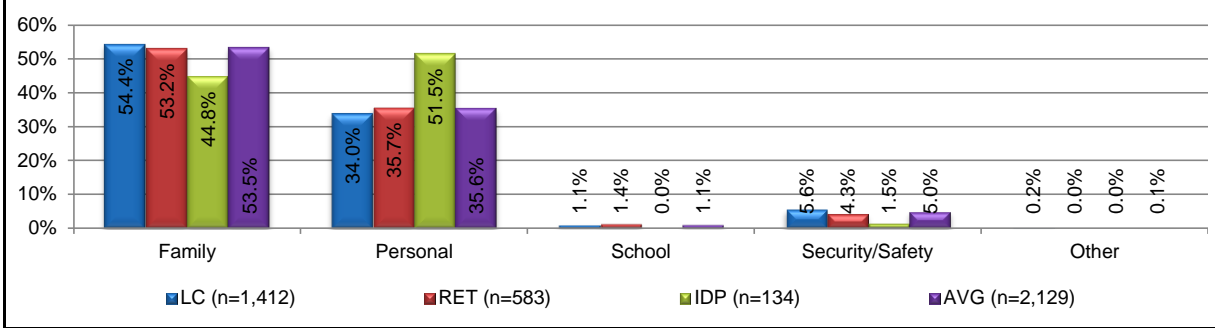


High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar			Date generated dd / mm / yyyy						
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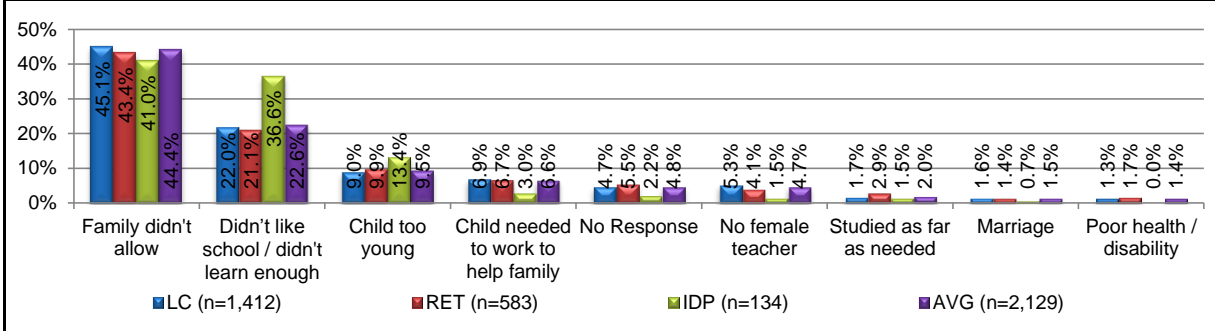


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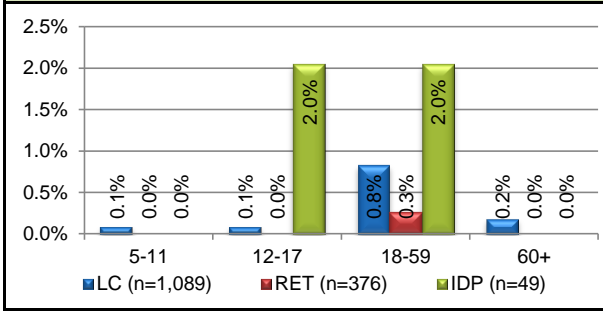
9.10.1 General reasons for not attending school



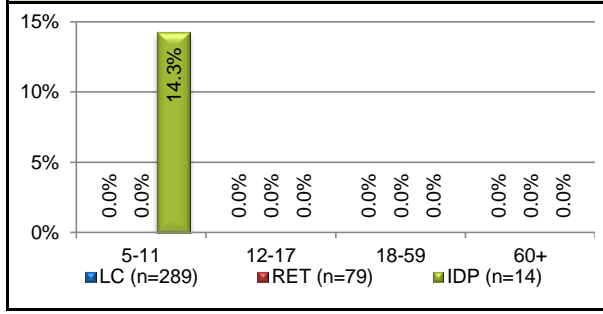
9.10.2 Specific reasons for not attending school



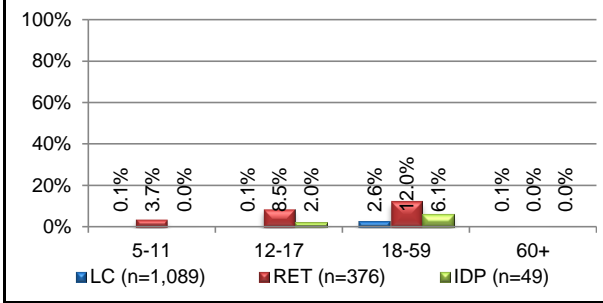
9.11 Age distribution of males who received education in another province



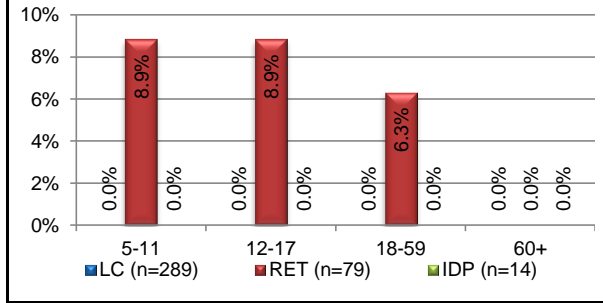
9.12 Age distribution of females who received education in another province



9.13 Age distribution of males who received education in another country



9.14 Age distribution of females who received education in another country



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012			
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10. HEALTH PROFILE

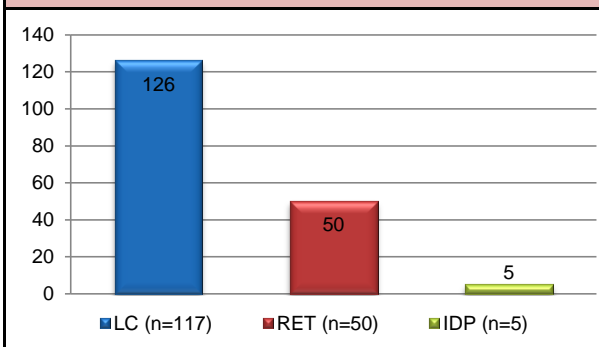
Summary

26.1% of local community households, 25.8% of returnee and 12.5% of IDP households had between one and two household members admitted to a health facility as an inpatient over the course of the previous month. Three-fifths (60.3%) of local community, two-thirds (66.5%) of returnee and over two-thirds (67.5%) of IDP households also had at least one member receive care from a health provider, a pharmacy or traditional healer without having to stay overnight. The private health facility was visited most by all three household groups, followed by the Regional Hospital. The most common reasons for seeking medical treatment by local community households were respiratory problems (26.3%), infectious problems (20.5%), digestive problems (18.7%) and psychological problems (6.7%). Similarly, for returnee households the most common reasons were respiratory diseases (25.9%), digestive problems (20.5%), and treatment of infectious problems (15.7%). Among IDP households, the main reasons for seeking medical treatment were respiratory diseases (27.3%), digestive problems (12.1%), and infectious problems (12.1%).

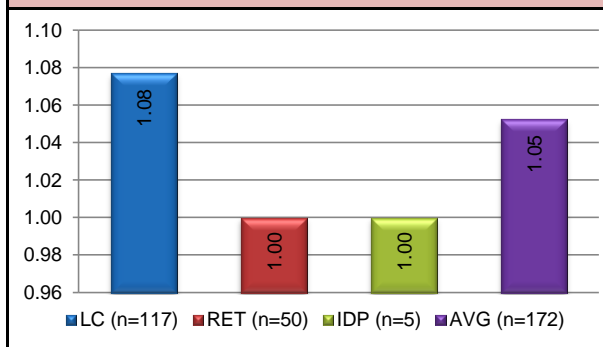
Of the 1,417 females aged 13-49 years that were included in the survey, a total of 144 were reported to be married among local community households (n=101), returnee households (n=38) and IDP households (n=5). Based on this data, the average number of births stands at 4.9 for local community females, 4.7 for returnee females and 5.4 for IDP females. Correspondingly, the average number of infant/child deaths is 0.4 for local community females, 0.4 for returnee females and 0.4 for IDP females. Of the 144 females aged 13-49 years that have given birth, 38.6% of local community females, 52.6% of returnee and 40.0% of IDP females received antenatal care during their last pregnancy with an average of 2.85 antenatal care visits per mother, and 22.0% had the assistance of a midwife during delivery.

With regard to children under the age of five, 47.9% of local community children, 54.3% of returnee children and 25.0% of IDP children have been registered with the civil authorities. Over the course of the previous month, 97.9% of local community under-fives, 94.3% of returnee under-fives and all of IDP under-fives have received a Vitamin A capsule, and 19.8% of local community children, 25.7% of returnee children and none of IDP children have suffered from diarrhea. Furthermore, 1.6% of local community children, 14.3% of returnee children, and none of IDP children have a persistent cough.

10.1.1 Number of HH members admitted to stay at a health facility overnight in previous month

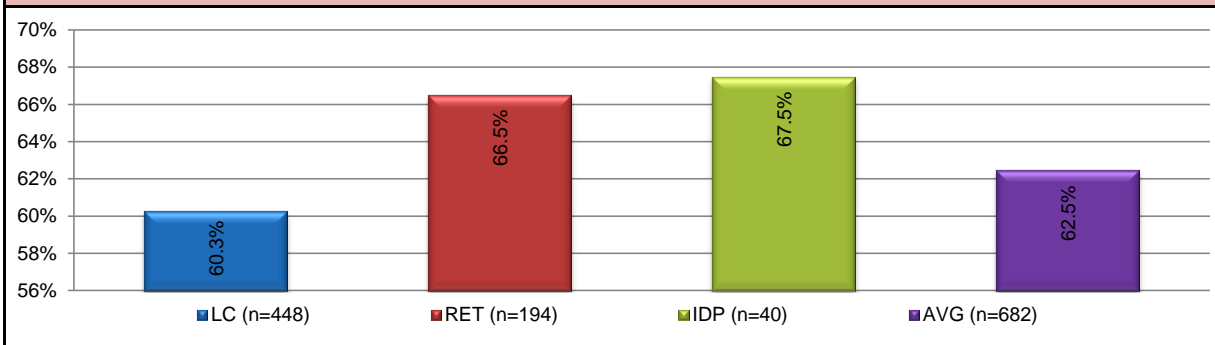


10.1.2 Average number of HH members admitted to stay at a health facility overnight in previous month

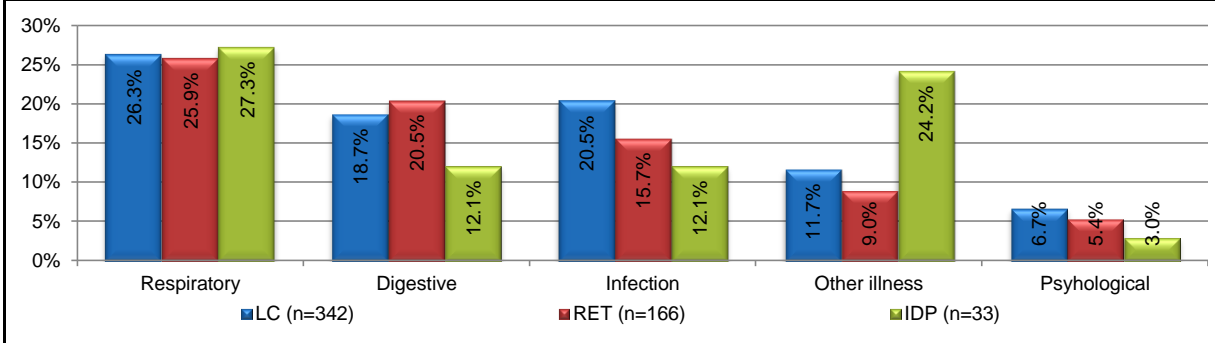


High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar					Date generated dd / mm / yyyy				
							30/09/2012				
HRA Code		37			Completion Percentage			100%			
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East

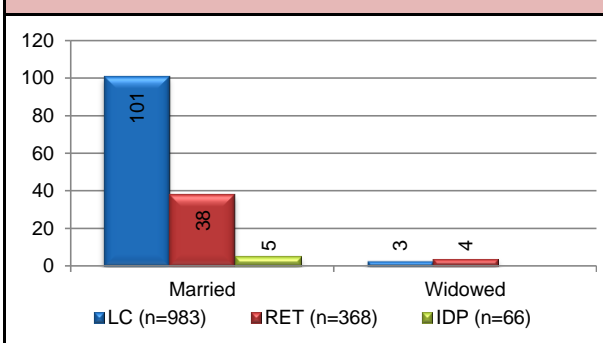
10.1.3 Percentage of HHs with at least one member who sought treatment from a health provider, a pharmacy or traditional healer without staying overnight



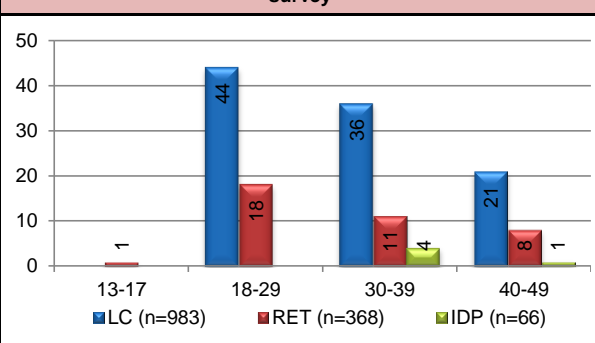
10.1.4 Reasons for seeking treatment



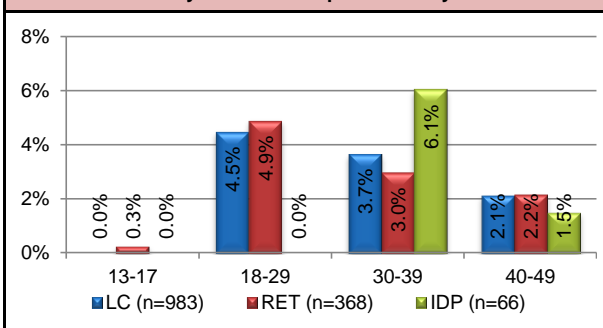
10.2.1 Number of married women who completed survey



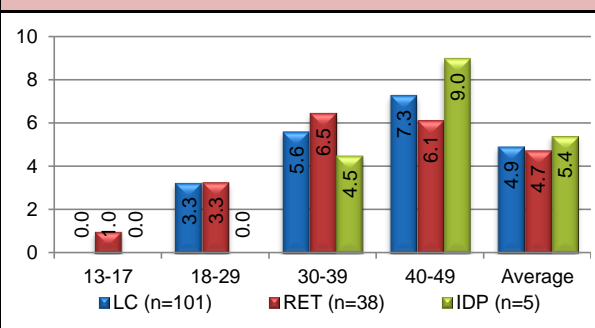
10.2.2 Age distribution of married women who completed survey



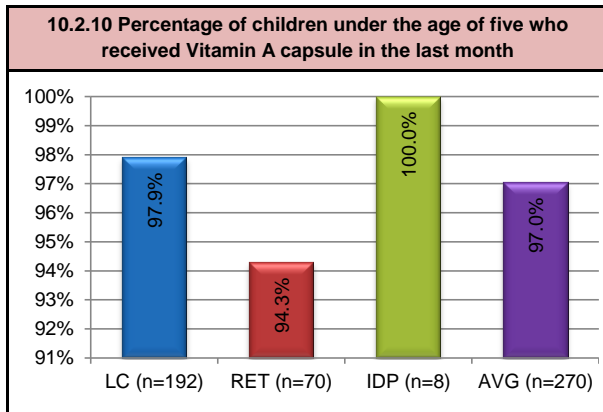
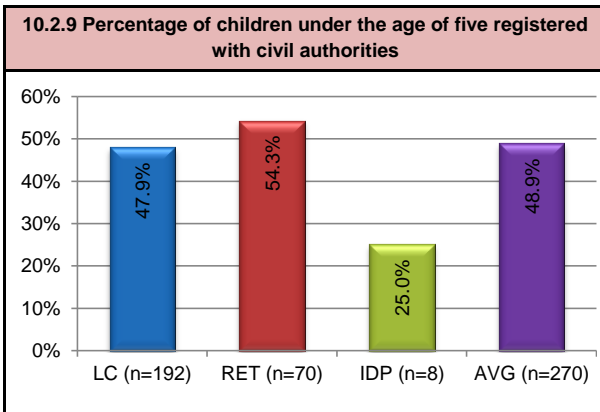
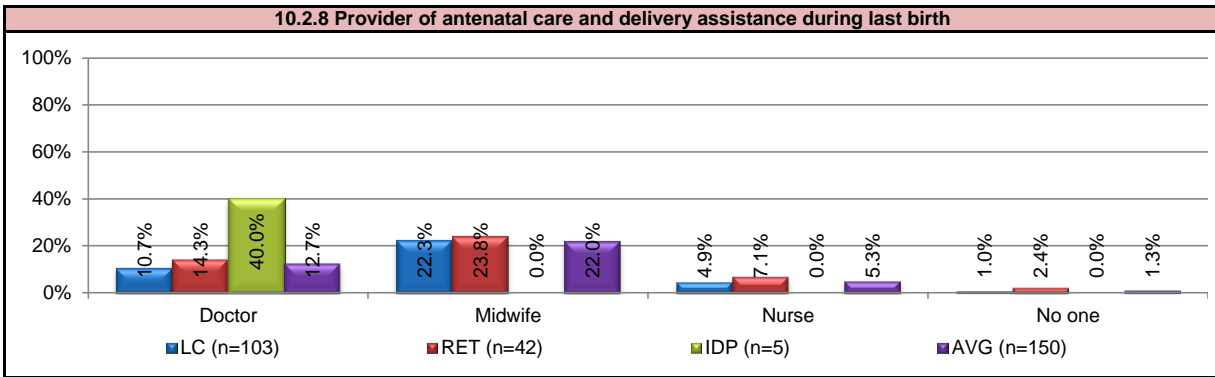
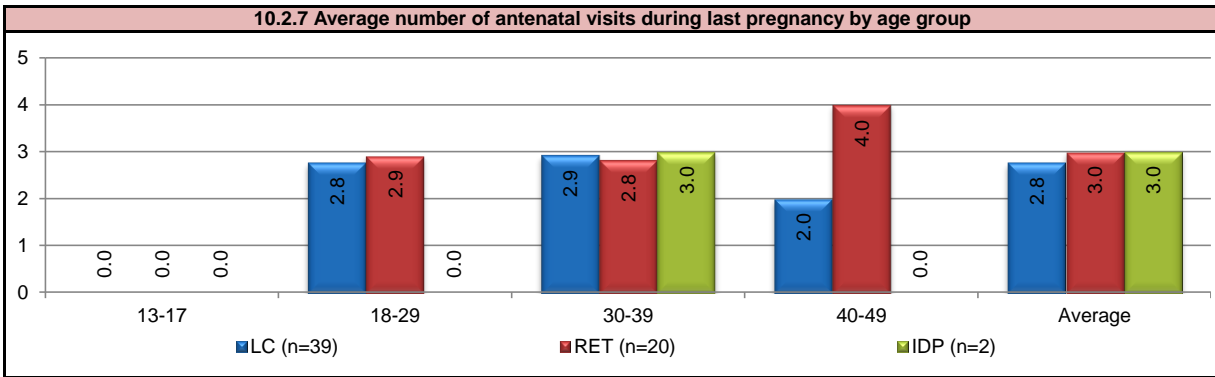
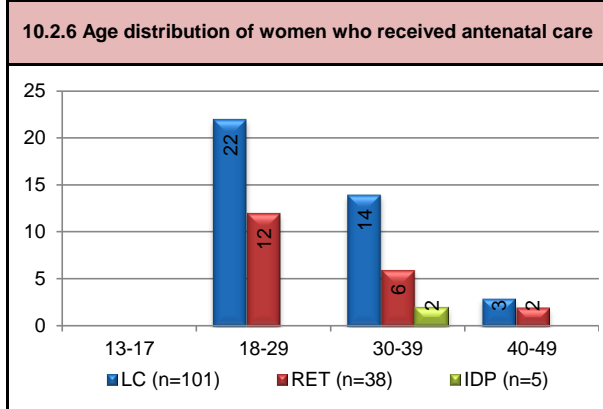
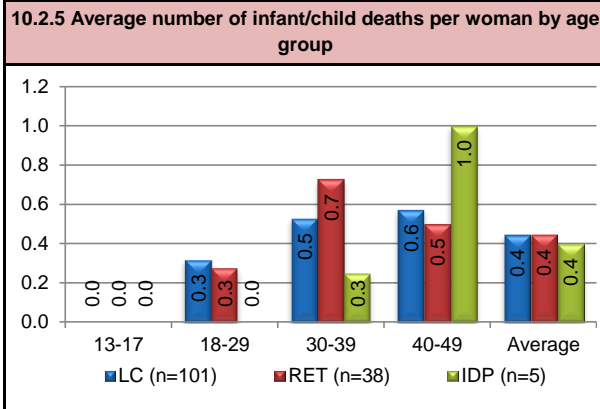
10.2.3 Percentage of overall number of married women aged 13-49 years who completed survey



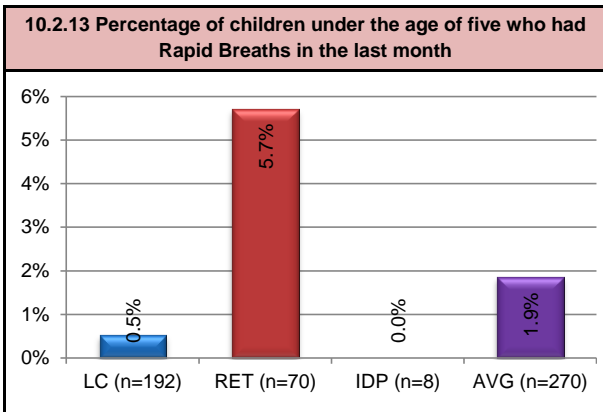
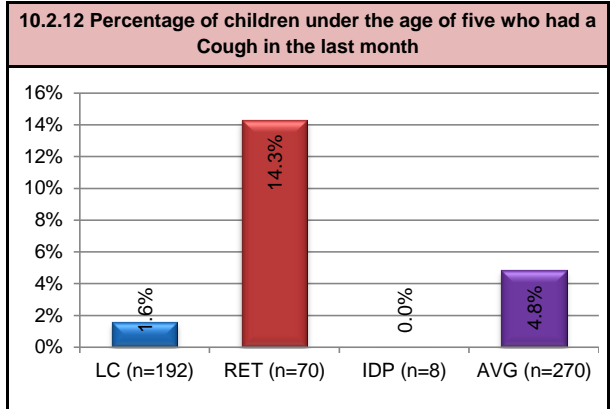
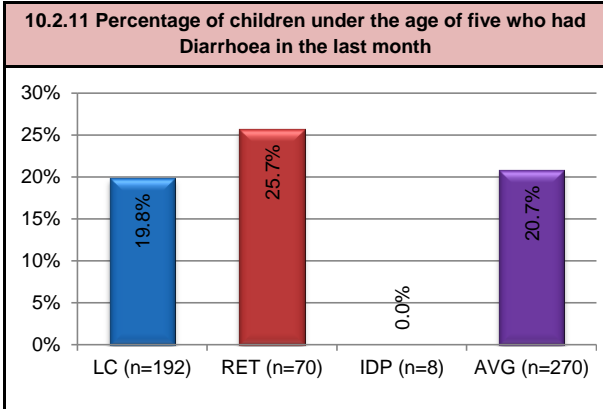
10.2.4 Average number of births per woman by age group



High Return Area Community Profile	Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar				Date generated dd / mm / yyyy						
					30/09/2012						
HRA Code	37			Completion Percentage		100%					
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East



High Return Area Community Profile	Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy				
							30/09/2012				
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High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar					Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012				
HRA Code		37			Completion Percentage			100%			
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11. HOUSEHOLD SHOCKS AND COPING STRATEGIES

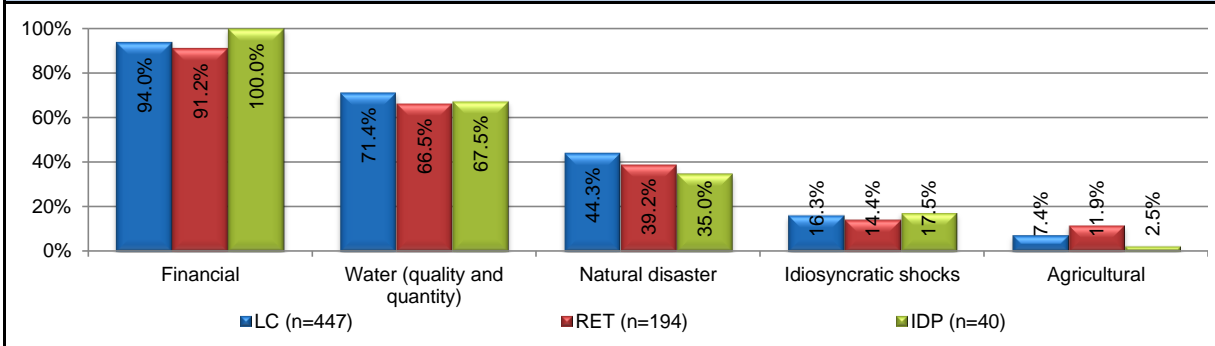
Summary

92.4% of local community households have faced unusually high increases in food prices. Furthermore, two-thirds (64.5%) of local community households were affected by reduced drinking water quality, over two-quarters (53.8%) by reduced drinking water quantity, 29.0% by flooding and 15.4% by unusual decrease in farm gate prices. 94.0% local community households have responded to shocks by decreasing expenditures. A further, three-quarters (73.4%) of local community households reduced quality of diet, two-thirds (64.1%) reduced quantity of diet, 31.7% took loans and one-fifths (21.9%) received help from others in the community.

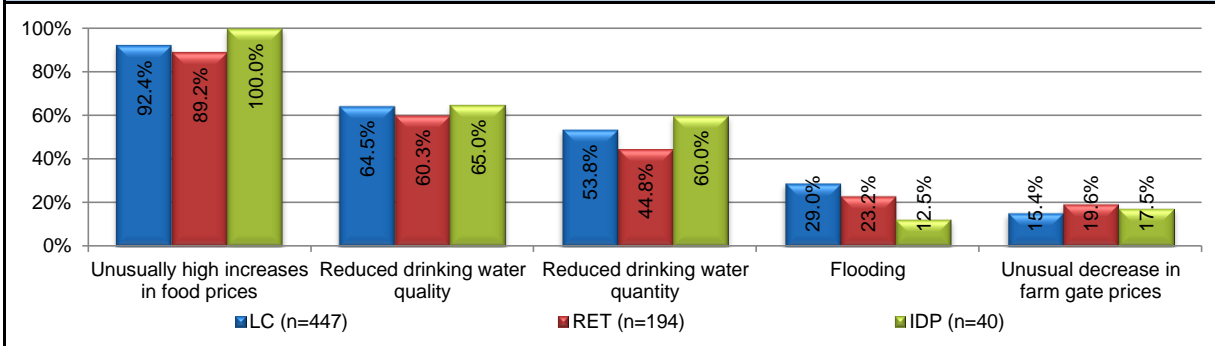
89.2% of returnee households have faced unusually high increases in food prices. Furthermore, three-fifths (60.3%) of returnee households were affected by reduced drinking water quality, over two-fifths (44.8%) by reduced drinking water quantity, 23.2% by flooding and 19.6% by unusual decrease in farm gate prices. 93.3% of returnee households have responded to shocks by decreasing expenditures. A further, over two-thirds (69.1%) of returnee households reduced quality of diet, three-fifths (61.9%) reduced quantity of diet, over one-third (37.6%) took loans and one-quarter (27.8%) received help from others in the community.

All of IDP households have faced unusually high increases in food prices. Furthermore, two-thirds (65.0%) of IDP households were affected by reduced drinking water quality, three-fifths (60.0%) by reduced drinking water quantity, 12.5% by flooding and 17.5% by unusual decrease in farm gate prices. 97.5% IDP households have responded to shocks by decreasing expenditures. A further, over four fifths (85.0%) of IDP households reduced quality of diet, three-quarters (75.0%) reduced quantity of diet, two-fifths (40.0%) took loans and one-quarter (25.0%) received help from others in the community.

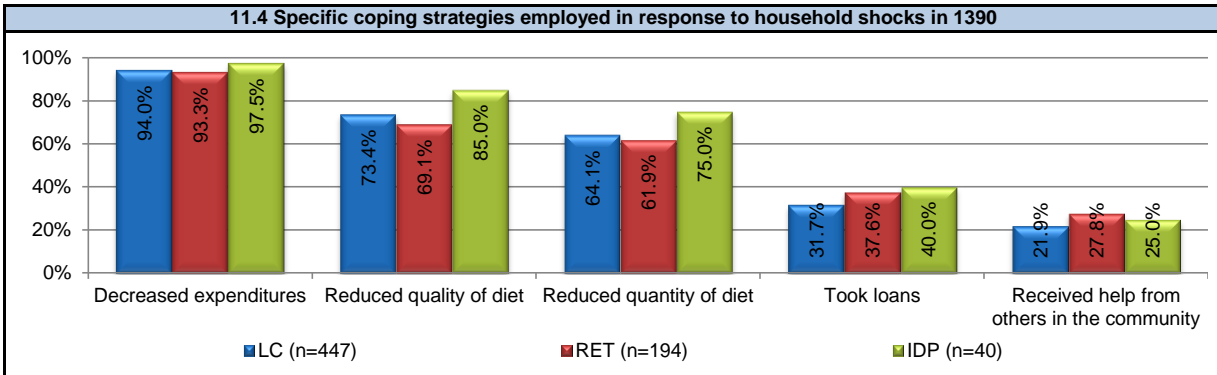
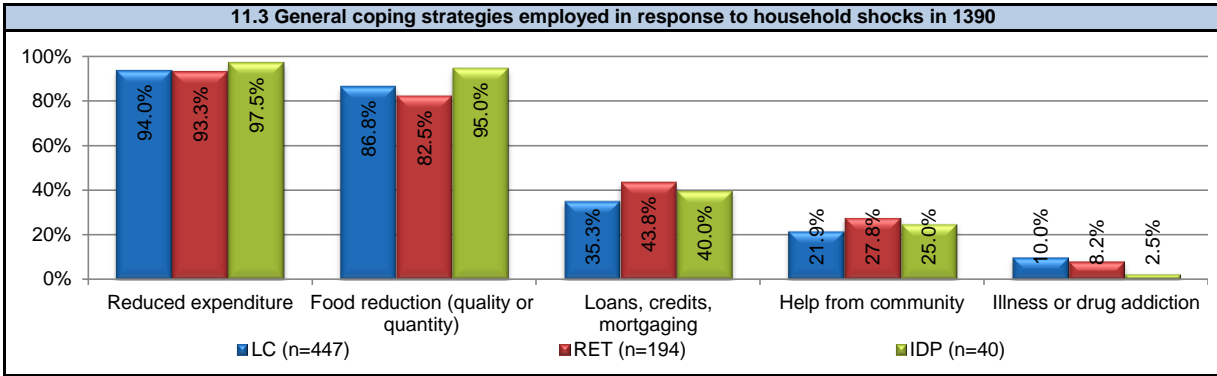
11.1 General household shocks in 1390



11.2 Specific household shocks in 1390



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012			
HRA Code		37			Completion Percentage			100%			
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East



High Return Area Community Profile	Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
HRA Code	37			Completion Percentage			100%				
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East

12. PROTECTION PROFILE

Summary

Of the 682 households surveyed, 74.4% had an adult male aged 18-59 years as head of household. The head of household of nine local community households and two returnee households were a male aged 12-17 years. Moreover, seven local community households, three returnee households and one IDP household have an adult female aged 18-59 years as head of household. A total of 163 households had an elderly (aged 60+) head of household of whom 1.8% were female. 13 local community households, eight returnee households and one IDP households were headed by a widow or widower.

Seven local community males and 22 females, two returnee male and eight females and one IDP male and one female aged 14-17 years was reported to be married. Among married adults, a total of 36 local community females, 15 returnee and one IDP female reported to have been under-18 years of age at the time of marriage.

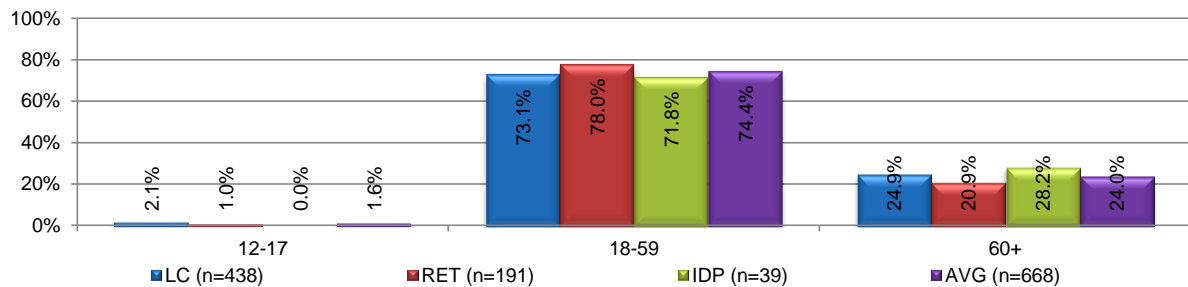
Around 10% of both local community and returnee households and one-fifth of IDP households contained more than one wife.

The survey found 181 people living with a disability of which 69.6% were male. The most common disabilities were reported to be either physical (42.0%) or mental (21.5%) in nature. 41.5% of disabled local community, 53.8% of disabled returnees and 45.4% of disabled IDPs were adults aged 18-59 years. 16.1% of disabled people in local community households, 15.4% of disabled people in returnee households and 27.8% of disabled people in IDP households were aged 60 years and over.

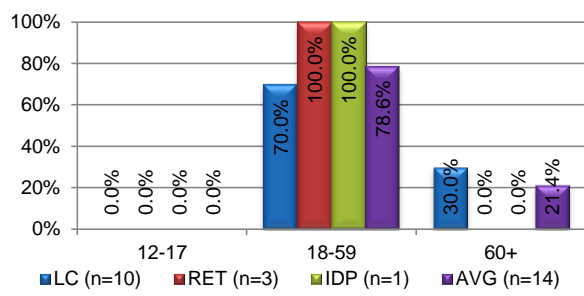
Of the 1,137 females aged 6-17 years, 86.7% of IDP females, 72.3% of local community females and 78.5% of returnee females are currently not attending school.

12.1 Vulnerable Groups

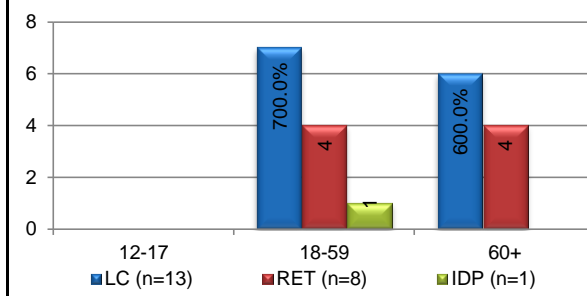
12.1.1 Age distribution of male heads of household



12.1.2 Age distribution of female heads of household

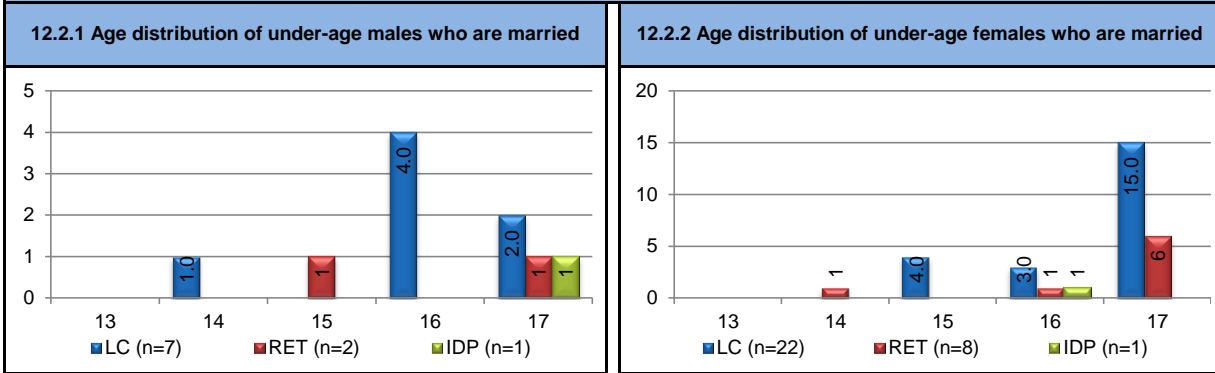


12.1.3 Age distribution of widowed heads of household

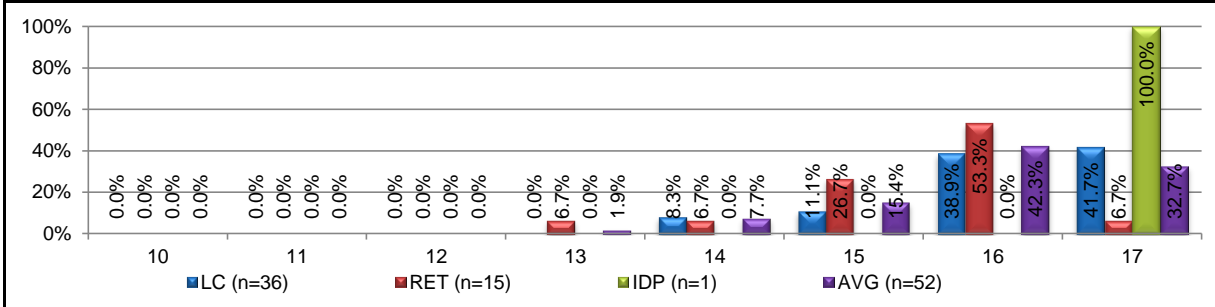


High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar					Date generated dd / mm / yyyy				
							30/09/2012				
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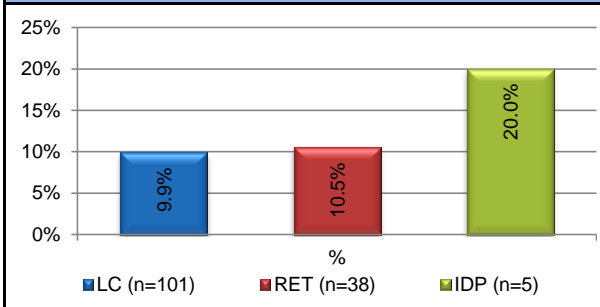
12.2 Marital Status



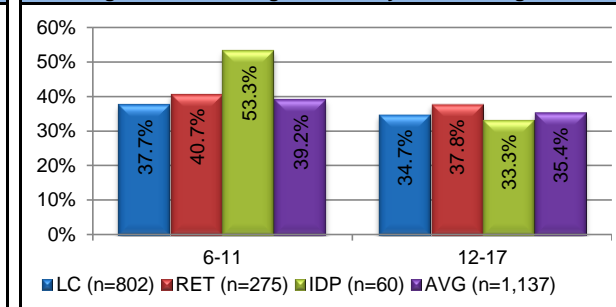
12.2.3 Marrying age of married adult women who were under-age at time of marriage



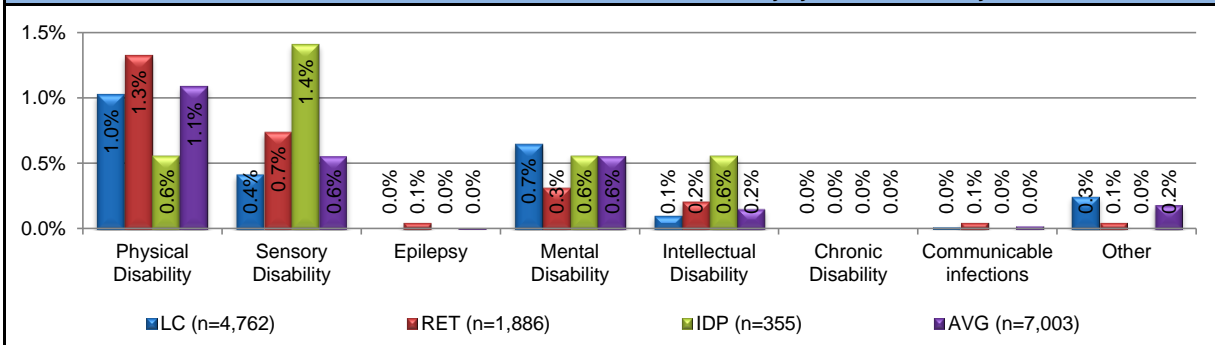
12.2.4 Households with more than one wife



12.3 Age distribution of girls currently not attending school



12.4 Households with at least one member with a disability by nature of disability



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
HRA Code		37			Completion Percentage			100%			
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East

13. Child Labour

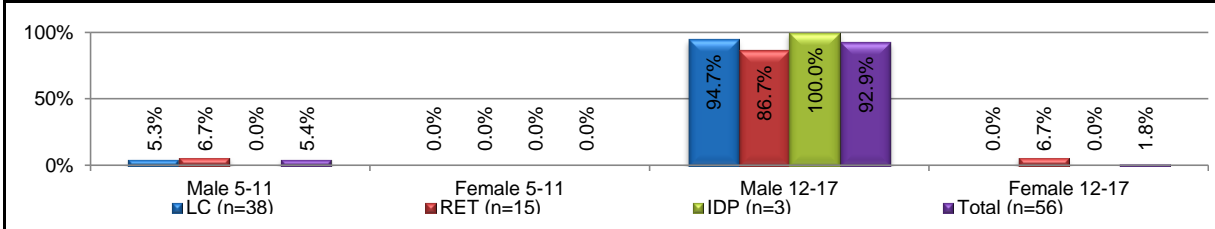
Summary

Among households surveyed, a total of 56 children were reported to be working and include 2 children aged 5-11 years and 36 children aged 12-17 years among local community households, 1 child aged 5-11 years and 14 children aged 12-17 years among returnee families, and 3 children aged 12-17 years among IDP families.

Child workers belonging to local community households were reported to be working on average of 8.6 hours per day with 63.2% of them were reported to be day labourer and 21.1% were self-employed. Child workers belonging to returnee households were reported to be working an average of 9.0 hours per day with 40.0% of returnee child workers reported to be day labourers and 33.3% were salaried workers. Child workers of IDP families work an average of 9.0 hours per day and all of them were reported to be day labourers.

Vast majority of children of local community and returnee households and all of IDP households were engaged in industry sector. Services sector also provides job opportunity for a high number of children among local community and returnee households.

13.1 Distribution of child workers by age and gender



13.2 Distribution of male child workers by age and sector

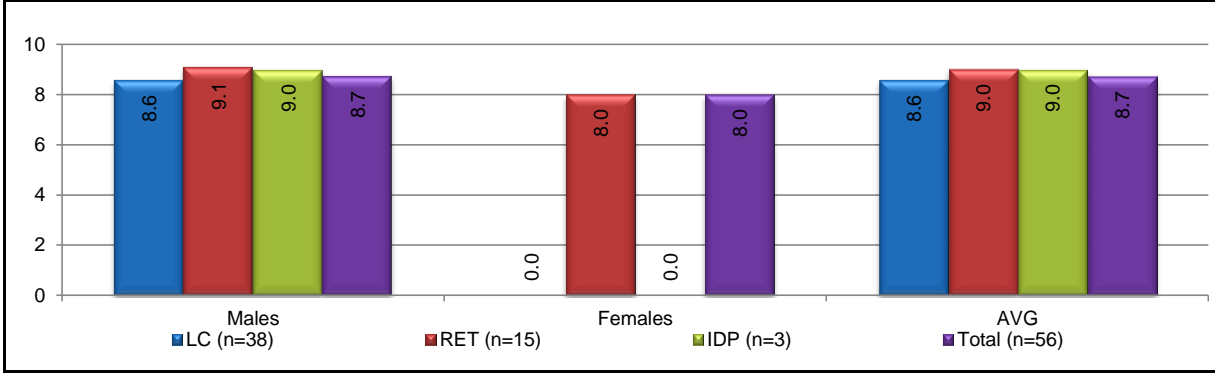
Children Males	Age Group	Day Labourer		Salaried Worker		Self-Employed		Own Business		Unpaid Family		Total	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
LC (n=0)	5-11	1	50%	0	0%	1	50%	0	0%	0	0%	2	100%
	12-17	23	64%	5	14%	7	19%	1	3%	0	0%	36	100%
	Total Children	24	63%	5	13%	8	21%	1	3%	0	0%	38	100%
RET (n=26)	5-11	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%
	12-17	5	36%	5	36%	2	14%	0	0%	1	7%	13	93%
	Total Children	5	33%	5	33%	3	20%	0	0%	1	7%	14	93%
IDP (n=22)	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
	12-17	3	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	3	100%
	Total Children	3	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	3	100%
Total (n=48)	5-11	1	33%	0	0%	2	67%	0	0%	0	0%	3	100%
	12-17	31	58%	10	19%	9	17%	1	2%	1	2%	52	98%
	Total Children	32	57%	10	18%	11	20%	1	2%	1	2%	55	98%

13.3 Distribution of female child workers by age and sector

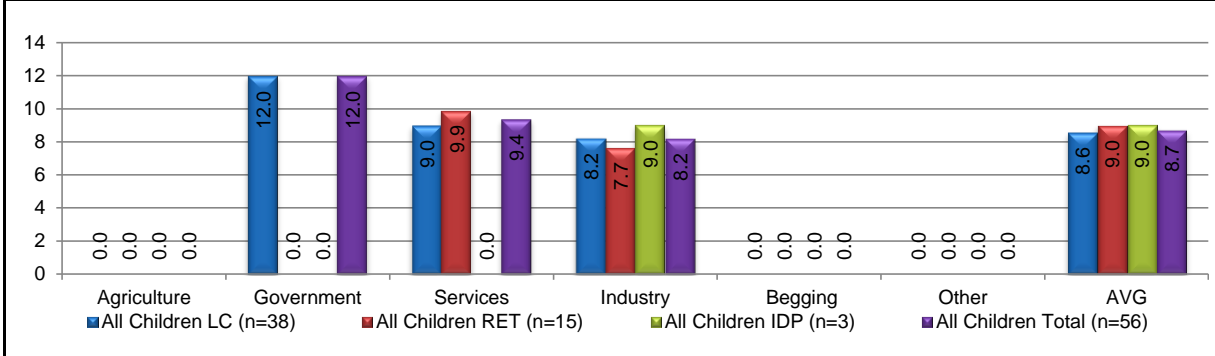
Children Females	Age Group	Day Labourer		Salaried Worker		Self-Employed		Own Business		Unpaid Family		Total	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
LC (n=0)	5-11	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	12-17	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Total Children	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
RET (n=26)	5-11	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	12-17	1	7%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	7%
	Total Children	1	7%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	7%
IDP (n=22)	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
	12-17	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Total Children	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Total (n=48)	5-11	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	12-17	1	2%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	2%
	Total Children	1	2%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	2%

High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
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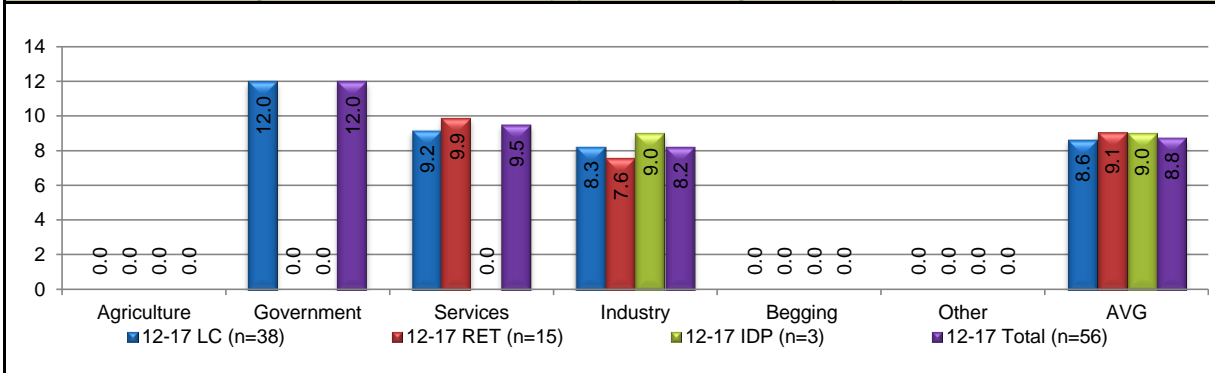
13.4 Average number of hours worked daily by male and female child workers



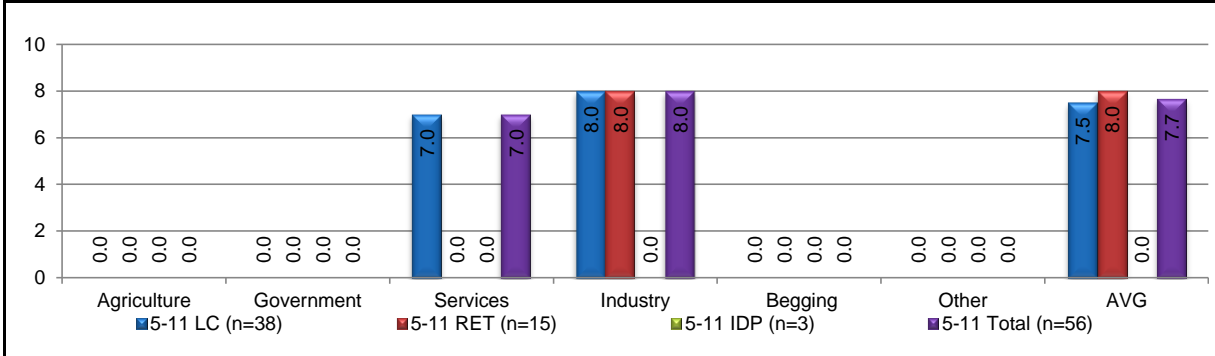
13.5 Average number of hours worked daily by child workers by economic sector



13.6 Average number of hours worked daily by child workers aged 12-17 years by economic sector

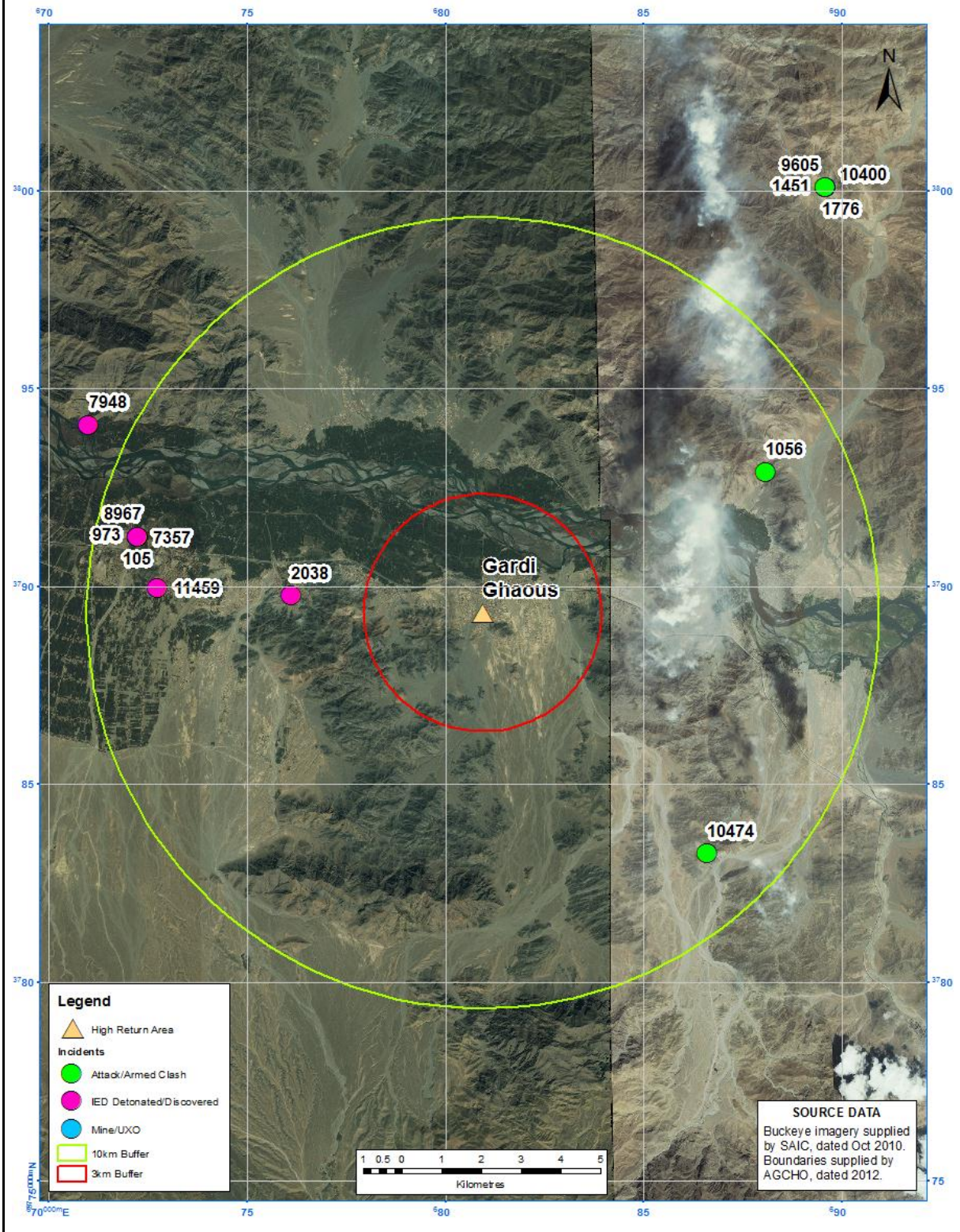


13.7 Average number of hours worked daily by child workers aged 5-11 years by economic sector



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar				Date generated dd / mm / yyyy					
						30/09/2012					
HRA Code		37		Completion Percentage		100%					
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East

14. SAFETY AND SECURITY - UNDSS Security Incidents - Apr to Nov 2012



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
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Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9306	Nangarhar	District	930619	Muhmand Dara	UN Region	E	East

14. SAFETY AND SECURITY

Summary

The security situation in the district was described as “moderately secure” by 93.0% or more of households in all three groups. Returnee households (6.7%) were marginally more likely to describe the district as either “not secure, not insecure” or “moderately insecure” compared with local community (5.8%) and IDP (5.0%) households.

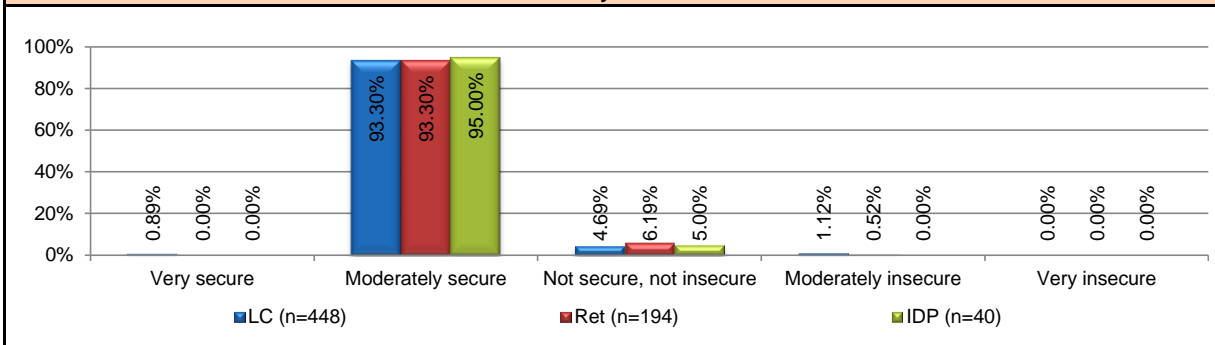
With regard to safety, 97.5% of IDP households, 91.8% of returnee households and 85.3% of local community households either “rarely” or “sometimes” fear for their personal safety or that of their family. Of the remainder, local community households were more likely to both “never” fear for their safety and “mostly” fear for their safety than returnee and IDP households.

On the subject of policing in the district, 90.0% of more of households in all three groups are “moderately satisfied” with the police. Returnee households (9.3%) were more likely to be either “not satisfied, not dissatisfied” or “moderately dissatisfied” with the police than local community (7.1%) and IDP (5.0%) households.

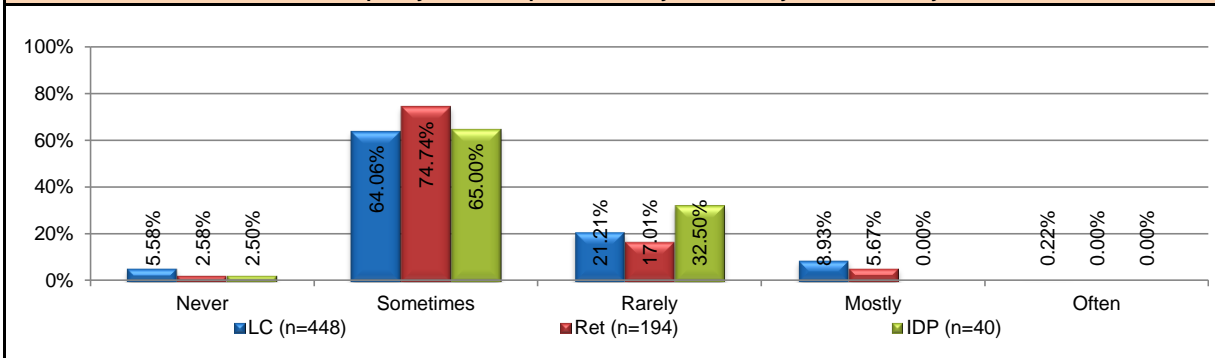
Of the 682 households surveyed in Gardi Ghaous, six local community households, two returnee households and one IDP households had experienced some form of violence in the three months prior to being surveyed.

14. Safety and Security

14.1 Views on security situation in the district



14.2 Frequency of fear for personal safety and security or that of family



High Return Area Community Profile		Gardi Ghaous, Muhmand Dara, Nangarhar						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
HRA Code		37			Completion Percentage			100%			
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