

URBAN REFUGEE POPULATION IN LUNDA NORTE

10,747
Refugees in Urban Areas
24,262
Refugees receiving
40
People with specific

needs

55%Children121Unaccompanied and Separated Children

52% Women and girls 1,060

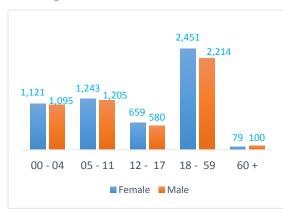
Households headed by women

Place of origin in DRC

assistance in Lunda Norte

Kasai-Longatshimo	83%
Lóvua-Longatshimo	14%
Kasai-Kabambaie	1%
Kasadi-Sadi	1%
Other places	1%

Age/Gender breakdown

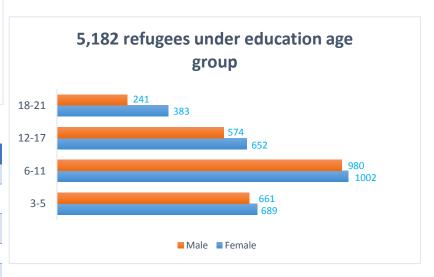


Ten Top occupations

Occupation	Female	Male	Total
Student	1546	1525	3071
Stall & market salespersons	832	541	1373
Farmers (crop and vegetable)	334	218	552
Farmers & labourers	294	194	488
Street food vendors	206	140	346
Primary education teachers	36	101	137
Tailors, dressmakers and hatters	103	18	121
Religious workers	1	96	97
Hairdressers, barbers, beauticians & related	76	18	94
Housekeepers (including housewives)	87	2	89
Total	3515	2853	6368



The new transit centre, Lunda Norte, March 2018



Health/Nutrition					
Age group	Female	Male	Total		
0 - 5 Months 6 - 11	2	3	5		
Months 12 - 23	78	106	184		
Months Total	326 406	297 406	623 812		



OPERATIONAL PRIORITIES

Protection

- Protection services are provided to refugees living in urban communities and include physical safety, special
 protection for children against exploitation and abuse, assistance for persons with specific needs, legal protection,
 psychosocial support, and SGBV prevention and response.
- Strengthening of targeted services and assistance for persons with specific needs is a priority.

Registration

- A total of 35,411 refugees from the Kasai region of DRC are biometrically registered in the Province of Lunda Norte.
- Out of the 35,411 refugees, 24,262 received food assistance. Out of those, 13,515 (56%) are in Lóvua Settlement while 10,747 (44%) in urban communities scattered in different districts of Lunda Norte.
- The operational priority is the coming physical verification exercise of the urban refugee population soon to be relocated to Lóvua settlement.

Education

- 5,182 children had access to education, out of which 53 per cent were girls and 47 per cent were boys.
- The programme is divided by age groups and focus on Portuguese language and basic education.

Health

 Primary health services, vaccination and nutrition screening for children under 5 years old and pregnant women were prioritised.

Sexual Gender Based Violence (SGBV)

SGBV and SEA awareness raising activities continue, namely strengthening existing specialised services for SGBV survivors; enhancing community participation in SGBV prevention and response; improving awareness through continuous outreach sessions; and capacity building of and advocacy with SGBV and PSEA key actors.

Food and Non Food Items distribution

- General Food Distribution (GFD) was implemented by WFP for 2,801 households' part of the urban refugee population at the new transit centre.
- A distribution plan of essential amenities including food, household items, and other priority services remains a necessary component of assistance for the urban population.

Shelter and Site planning

A new refugee transit site has been allocated to UNHCR and partners by the Government of Angola. It will serve
both for General Food Distribution and future relocations to Lóvua. The centre is being cleared and some
renovation works will be done on the existing buildings.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

WASH facilities will be built in the new transit centre in Dundo.



Partnership Mapping

Partners				
Protection	CARITAS, GoA, ICRC, JRS, MAG, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, WVI			
Food Security	GoA, UNHCR, WFP, WVI			
Education	GoA, JRS, UNHCR, UNICEF			
Health & Nutrition	GoA, MdM, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP, WHO			
Shelter & NFIs	GoA, LWF, UNHCR, WVI			
WASH	GoA, LWF, NCA, PiN, UNHCR, UNICEF			
Energy & Environment	GoA, NCA, UNHCR			
Logistics & Transport	IOM, UNHCR, WVI			
Safety and Security	GoA, UNDP, UNDSS, UNHCR			































