## SOUTH SUDAN REGIONAL REFUGEE RESPONSE PLAN Kenya: 2017 Key Response Figures

1 January - 31 December 2017

PROTECTION **Best Interests Assessments** 7.00 were completed for new South Sudanese South Sudanese refugees newly arrived refugees registered with specific needs received South Sudanese in 2017 (16,622 new children psychosocial support in 2017 arrivals & 2,215 births) **EDUCATION** The lack of facilities, teachers education 47,983 & materials remains a major facilities constructed challenge in Kakuma, with: and / or improved South Sudanese refugee 101 children per teacher children enrolled in primary 160 children per classroom & secondary education children per textbook + 6 per desk FOOD 100% of South Sudanese refugees However, 75% of the population in Kakuma received food assistance, experienced 50% food ration cuts including: throughout 2017 & 75% who 25% who received cash & received in-kind food cash transfers HEALTH AND NUTRITION **Under-Five mortality 36** consultations **Global Acute** rate in Kakuma: per qualified Malnutrition: 10.6% clinician 0.7/1,000/month per day Severe Acute (within UNHCR standard above standard of Malnutrition: , of 1.5/1,000/month) 50/clinician/day) 0.8% LIVELIHOODS AND ENVIRONMENT 5,609 8,692 refugee & host 300 South Sudanese refugee community households refugee received youth (15 - 24 years) were businesses energyenrolled in certified livelihoods were supported with saving training in 2017 formal loans in 2017 stoves SHELTER AND NFIS 85% 16,622 newly arrived South Sudanese of refugee households refugees (100%) received non-food items in 2017 in Kakuma camp had adequate dwellings in 2017 WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE 142,00+ of clean water per refugees (various person per day in nationalities) reached with latrines constructed in 2017 Kakuma camp environmental health & (but overall coverage remains in 2017 hygiene campaigns low at 41%)

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