

South Sudan

16-30 April 2018

544

Teachers were enrolled in various capacity building programs across refugee camps in Unity and Upper Nile.

8,000+

Refugee children received polio vaccination in Unity during the reporting period.

16,000+

Refugees received their ID cards in Doro refugee camp following a verification exercise.

KEY FIGURES

INSIDE SOUTH SUDAN

296,748

Refugees in South Sudan as of 30 April 2018.

1.76 million

IDPs in South Sudan including 202,154 in UNMISS Protection of Civilians sites as of 26 April 2018

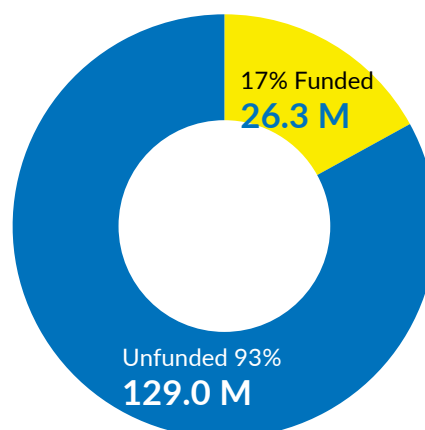
US \$809.4 million

Funding requested by UNHCR for the South Sudan Situation in 2018.

FUNDING AS OF 24 APRIL 2018

USD 155.3 M

requested for South Sudan

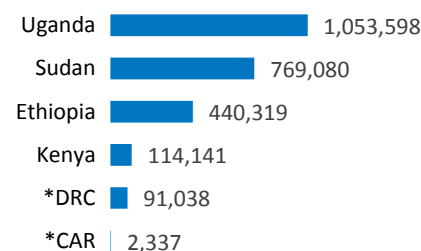


Vulnerable women received NFIs, seeds and tools in Lasu refugee settlement. Photo credit: ©UNHCR

POPULATION OF CONCERN

South Sudanese refugees in neighbouring countries as of 31 March 2018.

Host Countries



TOTAL: **2,470,513**

*DRC – Democratic Republic of Congo

*CAR – Central African Republic

Update on Achievements



PROTECTION

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- In Yida refugee settlement, UNHCR registered 910 (460 women, 450 men) new refugee arrivals from South Kordofan, Sudan, which represents 14% increase as compared to the same period in 2017.
- During the reporting period, UNHCR relocated 858 refugees to Jamjang camps. This number also includes 233 refugees previously settled in Yida and 625 new arrivals. As of 30 April, the refugee population across Jamjang camps and settlements was as follows: Ajuong Thok - 44,254, Pamir - 27,495, Yida refugee settlement - 51,529. There is an increase in the relocation of Yida registered refugees, with 2,780 persons relocated to Jamjang camps between January and April 2018 against 2,025 during the same period last year.
- In Ajuong Thok, UNHCR in collaboration with the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) conducted a two-day workshop on Human Rights and Refugee Protection for 51 participants, including senior government officials, police and immigration officers, chiefs and representatives from youth and women from the host community and NGO staff members. The workshop equipped participants with knowledge on the government's responsibility vis-à-vis refugee protection, UNHCR mandate, the importance of maintaining civilian character of asylum, the jurisdiction of the traditional courts and promotion of peaceful co-existence between refugee and host communities.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) conducted a training for 30 (6 women, 24 men) teachers on Sexual Gender-Based Violence (SGBV) including basic concepts, guiding principles, different types of SGBV, the referral pathway and PSEA.
- In Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugees camps, IRC, Women Protection and Empowerment (WPE) received and supported 19 cases of SGBV classified as emotional abuse (7), rape (1), physical assault (5), sexual assault (2), rape (1), denial of resources (2) and early marriage (1). All survivors were provided individual counselling and psychosocial support by the IRC WPE team. Follow-up sessions with the survivors were scheduled.
- During the reporting period, Community Outreach Volunteers (COV) identified 44 households of persons with specific needs (PSNs) (28 women, 16 men), including persons with disabilities, persons with urgent medical conditions and female-led households. After individual assessments, 44 households received second-hand clothes, while other refugees with multiple vulnerabilities were referred for further follow-ups.

Upper Nile

- During the reporting period, UNHCR registered 287 new refugee arrivals from Sudan's Blue Nile region due to the ongoing political tensions, involving SPLA-North. UNHCR screened, litigated, recommended for registration and issued fixed tokens for services to all registered refugees.
- In Doro refugee camp, during the ongoing verification exercise, UNHCR verified 1,935 households or 7,545 individuals. Since the beginning of the exercise in April, 13,184 households or 60,829 individuals have been verified and 16,056 ID Cards issued to refugees of 16 years old and above.
- In Kaya and Yusuf Batil refugee camps, UNHCR conducted two-day training for 34 protection monitors (16 women; 18 men) on case management and access to justice to ensure efficient service delivery and strengthen management of protection cases and referrals to agencies.
- Across four refugee camps in Maban, UNHCR partner Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS) trained 235 (126 women; 106 men) community members on immediate psychological aid and counselling skills.
- During the reporting period, UNHCR and partners identified 28 SGBV incidents including domestic violence (71%), rape (18%), attempted rape (11%) and early and forced marriage (4%). 17 survivors received individual counselling, and 30 participated in group therapy sessions. Three cases were referred to medical service provider, three to child and youth protection partners and six survivors received material support.
- In Doro and Gendrassa refugee camps, 137 (63 women, 74 men) community-based protection monitors received two-day training on case management and SGBV referral pathways. The training was aimed at improving community-based activities and contribute to effective identification and referrals of cases for services.
- In Maban, UNHCR partner Save the Children International (SCI) distributed clothes to 39 vulnerable children (20 girls, 19 boys). These children include 22 separated children (10 girls, 12 boys) and 17 (10 girls, 7 boys) other cases involving children at risk such as child survivors of early marriage, neglect and orphans. In Doro camp 30 (26 women, 4 men) foster parents received blankets and laundry soap as part of assistance to caregivers providing alternative care to unaccompanied children.

Central Equatoria

- In Juba, UNHCR registered 30 asylum seekers (8 women; 22 men) and 20 Sudanese refugees as part of the continuous registration process. The total number of registered persons in Juba is 4,798 individuals, including 2,090 asylum seekers and 2,708 refugees. The population in Gorom was 2,183 individuals, including 1,082 women and 1,101 men.
- In Yei, UNHCR partner United Methodist Committee on Relief (UMCOR) in collaboration with the refugee leaders identified 18 (5 men; 13 women) foster parents to support alternative child care arrangements in refugee locations.
- UNHCR and UMCOR took a decision to conduct daily missions to Lasu refugee settlement accompanied by UNMISS Force Protection following a meeting with a group of refugee and host community leaders in Lasu refugee settlement. The decision was made based on reports from refugees and host community members on the ongoing looting perpetrated by armed groups in Lasu.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR registered three new refugee arrivals for family reunification from the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC), 17 newborn babies as well as reactivated five no-show cases and closed three cases that left Makpandu for Uganda during the reporting period. As of 15 April, Makpandu settlement hosts 1,212 refugee households or 3,950 individuals.



EDUCATION

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- In Yusuf Batil, Gendrassa and Kaya refugee camps, UNHCR enrolled 475 (111 women, 364 men) teachers for the Teacher Training Program, including both pre-service and in-service training.
- In Gendrassa and Doro camps, 111 (31 girls, 80 boys) pupils, both refugees and host community, with disabilities and special needs received blankets, sleeping mats and laundry soap.

Unity

- 9-month Teacher Training program started in Pamir and Ajuong Thok refugee camps for 69 teachers (9 women, 60 men), of whom 12 are from the host community.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR and its partner, UMCOR in collaboration with the State Ministry of Education conducted a one-day workshop on the roll-out of the Refugee Education Management Information System (REMIS) for stakeholders. A total of 33 representatives from the government, teachers and partners participated in the training, which was aimed at strengthening UNHCR staff and partner capacity in using REMIS as education data collection, management and analysis tool for improved operational planning, monitoring and reporting of refugee education statistics.
- In Lasu refugee settlement, UMCOR provided toys and school stationery to 238 children of pre-school and primary school age.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR partner World Vision International (WVI) distributed comfort kits and laundry soap to 117 girls in primary and secondary schools.



HEALTH

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- In Pamir refugee camp, UNHCR partner IRC conducted training on infection prevention and basic neonatal resuscitation for community midwife and auxiliary nurses to provide them with necessary skills to be able to support and also save new-borns in case an out-of-health facility delivery occurs.
- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR partner African Humanitarian Action (AHA) conducted a polio vaccination campaign as part of the National Immunization Days (NID). A total of 8,462 under-five children were vaccinated.



FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

Achievements and Impact

Upper Nile

- In Maban refugee camps, UNHCR operational partner World Food Programme (WFP) conducted General Food Distribution (GFD) for 142,766 refugees. Food items included cereals, pulses, vegetable oil and salt at the reduced rate of 70%. Milling cash was provided, each beneficiary getting 210 South Sudanese Pounds.

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok and Pamir camps as well as Yida settlement, WFP conducted a monthly GFD for 25,896 (96.9% of the target i.e. 26,734), 41,091 (93.4% of the target i.e. 43,976) and 48,186 (93.6% of the target i.e. 51,460) refugees respectively. Milling cash was also provided to the beneficiaries in all camps.
- In Pamir, UNHCR screened 231 newly arrived under five children for malnutrition; 19 children were diagnosed with Moderate Acute (MAM) Malnutrition, while 3 had Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM). In Ajuong Thok, 42 under-five children were screened, of which 8 had MAM and 1 had SAM. All children were referred to existing nutrition programs in the camp.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR partner World Vision International (WVI) screened 229 children for malnutrition. Out of this number, four children were diagnosed with MAM, while three with SAM. All severe cases were admitted at PHCC for treatment and feeding.
- In the same settlement, WVI conducted a monthly GFD for 3,458 refugees. Food items included cereals, vegetable oil, salt and pulses at the reduced rate of 70%.

Central Equatoria

- During the period, UNHCR partner UMCOR conducted Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screening of 43 children under five years of which five cases of MAM and two SAM were identified and referred to seek further assistance. Also, 37 mothers (16 lactating and 21 pregnant) received soya, rice, flour as a malnutrition preventive measure.



WATER AND SANITATION

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- During the reporting period, the daily water consumption stood at 22 litres in Ajuong Thok and 19 litres in Pamir per person per day. The crude latrine coverage was 11 in Pamir and 8 in Ajuong Thok.
- In Pamir refugee camp, UNHCR partner Samaritan's Purse (SP) installed a 700-metre water pipeline to boost water pressure in the new blocks. Also, SP constructed 52 household latrines and 26 communal latrines (for new arrivals) in Pamir camp as well as 39 household latrines in Ajuong Thok.
- During the reporting period, UNHCR partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) in Pamir and African Humanitarian Action (AHA) in Ajuong Thok camp distributed soap to 25,896 and 41,091 refugees respectively.

Upper Nile

- Across four camps in Maban, the daily average water consumption stood at 20.73 litres per person per day.
- In the same camp, UNHCR and its partner ACTED commenced the drilling of new additional boreholes to enhance water supply in all camps.
- During the reporting period, UNHCR decommissioned 500 latrines in Kaya refugee camp. A total of 54 kits of latrine construction materials were distributed in Gendrassa, and refugees were trained in latrine construction technique, using mud bricks.



CAMP COORDINATION AND CAMP MANAGEMENT

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- In Pamir refugee camp, UNHCR provided refugee leaders with an office premises to increase their efficiency in serving their community as previously all of them had to work from home.



ACCESS TO ENERGY

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- In Pamir refugee camp, refugees produced 110 fuel-efficient stoves (FES) using local materials. The use of energy efficient stoves will contribute to the preservation of the environment and safety of women and girls by decreasing the need to collect firewood in the forest.



COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT AND SELF-RELIANCE

Achievements and Impact

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR partner World Vision International (WVI) distributed agricultural kits to 600 households (344 men-led, 256 women-led). All the registered households received their seeds at the farmland site as well as 5kg of groundnuts, beans and rice seeds each.

Central Equatoria

- In Lasu refugee settlement, UNHCR and UMCOR registered 409 refugee and host community farmers to receive agricultural support.
- In Yei, UNHCR conducted training for 81 participants, including 20 SGBV survivors and 36 host community members, on Village Savings and Loan Association (VSLA). The training aimed at equipping the beneficiaries with business and self-reliance skills and techniques.

IDP RESPONSE

COORDINATION

Achievements and Impact

Jonglei

- During the reporting period, UNHCR conducted two protection missions to Bor South County areas including Anyidi and Malual-Agorbaar to monitor the protection situation in the host community and among IDP returnees who have reportedly returned from Uganda and Yei since 2017. The mission could see that returnees have integrated in the community and enjoy access to all basic services. During focus group discussions, they highlighted the need for more support, which includes seeds and farming tools ahead of the farming season, non-food items as well as a need to support girls enrolment and retention in schools. UNHCR and humanitarian actors will come together to develop a plan of activities to address the identified needs.
- UNHCR conducted a mission to Pibor to address the issue of statelessness among vulnerable communities, specifically Murle tribe who have limited access to nationality certificates due to repeatedly occurring conflicts within the tribe. Following consultations with local authorities, it was decided that in the initial stage the program will target 1,000 persons with specific needs.

Northern Bahr el Ghazal

- During the reporting period, UNHCR conducted a field mission to Aweil to register persons at risk of statelessness and monitor the situation of displaced persons. As a result of this mission, 300 persons were enrolled in the process of acquisition of nationality documents in collaboration with the Directorate of Nationality Passports and Immigration. Since January 2018 800 persons have been enrolled in the process of acquisition of nationality documents in Wau.

Unity

- During the reporting period, UNHCR through its partner HOPE Restoration conducted humanitarian assessment in Leer and Mayendit following recent clashes between the government and the opposition forces. The team found out that majority of the displaced population include elderly individuals, women and children whose property was destroyed and looted. The displaced population in Leer was estimated to be 420 individuals, while in Mayendit - around 8,000 individuals.

OPERATIONS

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- During the reporting period, UNHCR referred 4 rape and 9 domestic violence cases to health partners at the UNMISS Protection of Civilians site in Bentiu.



SHELTER AND NFIS

Achievements and Impact

Western Bahr el Ghazal

- In Wau, UNHCR identified 1,080 Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs) and supported them with Core Relief Items (CRIs) that included sleeping mats, blankets, clothes, soap, sanitary kits and collapsible jerry cans. Since the beginning of the year, UNHCR has assisted 3,700 PSNs in Wau.

Central Equatoria

- During the reporting period, UNHCR and its partner UMCOR distributed non-food items (NFIs) to 2,676 individuals in Abegi area and 2,866 individuals in Lasu. NFIs included plastic sheets, sleeping mats, blankets, mosquito nets, buckets, jerry cans, kitchen sets and soap. IDPs in both locations (Abegi and Lasu) also benefited from seeds and tools provided by the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) through UMCOR.
- In Yei town, UNHCR and its partner distributed NFIs to 3,400 IDPs who fled from Mukaya village due to a conflict between two different opposition groups. NFIs included second-hand clothes, sanitary materials, including soap and underwear for women of reproductive age.



ACCESS TO ENERGY

Achievements and Impact

Unity

- During the reporting period, UNHCR conducted a training on Energy Saving Stoves (ESS) for 30 women. So far, UNHCR has trained 100 women in the production of ESS. UNHCR has also introduced a new source of fuel/fire for cooking in Bentiu which is made of cow dung. Initial assessments prove effectiveness of the new fuel.



COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT AND SELF-RELIANCE

Achievements and Impact

Jonglei/Lakes

- In Twic East, Mingkaman, Awerial and Duk counties, UNHCR partner Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC) distributed seeds and tools to 1,500 vulnerable households as part of community empowerment and self-reliance activities funded by the European Union.
- In Twic East, HDC provided 100 goats to 50 vulnerable persons as part of community empowerment and self-reliance activities.

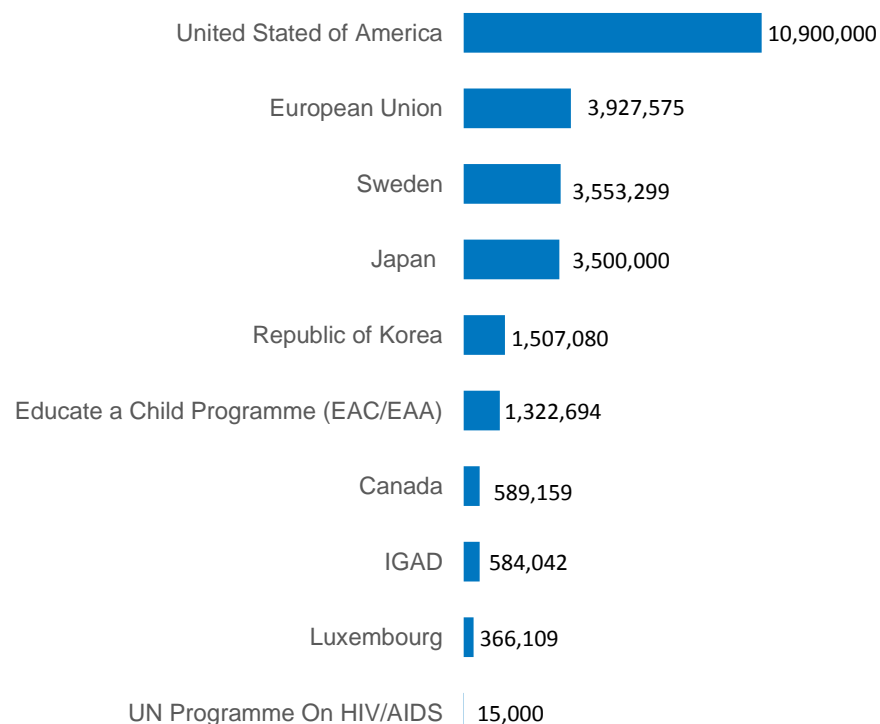
Working in partnership

- UNHCR works closely with the Government of South Sudan to deliver assistance and protection services to refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs).
- In the **refugee response**, the main government counterparts are the Ministry of Interior and the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA). Implementing partners in 2018 are: Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA), ACROSS, ACTED, CARE International, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC), International Medical Corps (IMC), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Relief International (RI), Samaritan's Purse (SP), Save the Children International (SCI), UMCOR (United Methodist Committee on Relief), Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS), UNV and World Vision International (WVI).
- In the **IDP response**, the main government counterpart is the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC). Implementing partners in 2018 are UMCOR, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Handicap International, Humanitarian Development Consortium, INTERSOS, Nile Hope, UNV and Women Development Group.
- Within the Inter-Agency Cluster System for IDP response, UNHCR in South Sudan as it is globally, is the Protection Cluster Lead (with the NRC co-leading), Co-Lead of the CCCM Cluster along with IOM and ACTED, and undertakes enhanced participation in the IOM-led Shelter/NFI Cluster.
- On **prevention of statelessness**, UNHCR's main counterpart is the Directorate of Nationality, Passports, and Immigration (DNPI).
- UNHCR maintains an **operational partnership** with CAFOD, Caritas, CMMB, Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), ICRC, Jesuit Refugee Service (JSR), Médecins Sans Frontières (France, Belgium), Mentor Initiative, OXFAM, UNAIDS, UNOCHA, UN-Habitat, UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNMAS, UNMISS, World Food Programme (WFP), World Health Organization (WHO), Women for Women International and UN Women.

Financial Information

Total recorded contributions for the operation amounts to **US\$ 26.3 million** for the financial year 2018 as of 24 April 2018. UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programmes with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

2018 funding received in USD



Special thanks to the major donors of unrestricted and regional funds in 2018

Sweden (98 M) | Norway (43 M) | Netherlands (39 M)| United Kingdom (32)| Denmark (25 M) | Australia (19 M) | Switzerland (15 M) Italy (11M)

Many thanks to other donors of unrestricted and regional funds in 2018

Algeria | Bosnia Herzegovina | Canada | China | Estonia | Finland | Germany | Iceland | Indonesia | Kuwait | Lithuania | Luxembourg | Monaco | Montenegro | New Zealand | Qatar | Republic of Korea | Russian Federation | Serbia | Singapore | Sri Lanka | Thailand | Turkey | UN Peace Building Fund| Uruguay | Private Donors

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