

SOUTH SUDAN

September 2018

12,200+

Refugees and IDPs received material support across South Sudan in September 2018.

6,500+

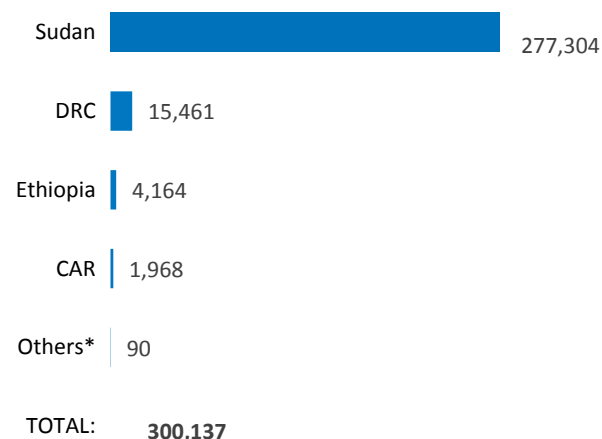
Children and mothers received food supplements in Unity in September 2018.

14,000+

Children and mothers screened for malnutrition in Upper Nile in September 2018.

POPULATION OF CONCERN

Countries of Origin

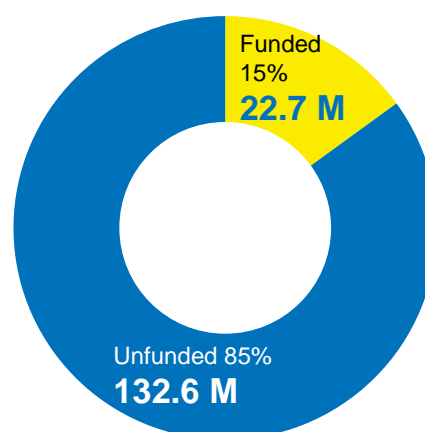


* Refers to refugees from Uganda, Somalia, Eritrea, Syria, Burundi and Egypt

FUNDING AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER

USD 155.3 M

requested for the situation



UNHCR PRESENCE

Staff

298 national and
101 international staff
 (as of 30 September 2018)

Offices

1 Branch Office in Juba
2 Sub Offices in Jamjang and Bunj
5 Field Offices in Yambio, Yei, Bor, Malakal, Bentiu
2 Field Units in Wau and Yida
 (as of 30 September 2018)



Sudanese refugee mother Amal with her new born after UNHCR's bio-metric verification exercise in Ajoung Thok refugee camp where she registered her new born baby © UNHCR

Working with Partners in 2018

- UNHCR works closely with the Government of South Sudan to deliver assistance and protection services to refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs).
- In the **refugee response**, the main government counterparts are the Ministry of Interior and the Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA). Implementing partners in 2018 are the following: Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA), ACROSS, ACTED, CARE International, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Humanitarian Development Consortium (HDC), International Medical Corps (IMC), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Jesuit Refugee Service (JSR), Lutheran World Federation (LWF), Relief International (RI), Samaritan's Pursue (SP), Save the Children International (SCI), United Methodist Committee on Relief (UMCOR), the United Nations Volunteers (UNV) and World Vision International (WVI).
- In the **IDP response**, the main government counterpart is the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC). Implementing partners in 2018 are ADRA, UMCOR, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Handicap International, Humanitarian Development Consortium, INTERSOS, International Rescue Committee, Nile Hope, UNV, Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Action Africa Help International (AAHI), Hope Restoration, IsraAid and Women Development Group. Within the IDP response cluster system, UNHCR in South Sudan is Lead of the Protection Cluster (with NRC Co-leading), Co-Lead of the CCCM Cluster along with IOM and ACTED, and undertakes enhanced participation in the IOM-led Shelter/NFI Cluster.
- On **prevention of statelessness**, UNHCR's main counterpart is the Directorate of Nationality, Passports and Immigration (DNPI).
- UNHCR maintains an **operational partnership** with the main government counterpart Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Management (MHADM), Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), ICRC, Médecins Sans Frontières (France, Belgium), UNAIDS, UNOCHA, UNDP, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNMISS, World Food Programme (WFP), World Health Organization (WHO), Women for Women International and UN Women.

Main Activities – Refugee Programme Protection

- As of 30 September 2018, the refugee population in South Sudan stood at 300,137 individuals, consisting of 69,686 households in 21 different locations across South Sudan. UNHCR registered 791 new arrivals and 414 newborn babies mainly from Sudan's South Kordofan and Blue Nile. Women represent 52% of the total refugee population, while women and children represent 82% of the total refugee population in South Sudan. The Sudanese refugee population remains the largest at 278,454 individuals (93%) followed by DR Congo 15,461 individuals (5%), Ethiopia 4,164 individuals (1%) and Central African Republic 1,948 (1%). The majority (91%) of refugees are hosted in Upper Nile and the Unity regions in South Sudan. An estimated 1.84 million people are internally displaced in South Sudan. Furthermore, South Sudan hosts 2,412 asylum seekers.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR in collaboration with the South Sudan's Commission for Refugee Affairs (CRA) verified 1,422 Sudanese and Congolese refugees using the newly implemented Biometric Identity Management System (BIMS). As a result, 617 students in Yei town were verified for protection interventions.

Unity

- In Yida, UNHCR registered 528 new arrivals (319 men, 209 women) from South Kordofan, Sudan.
- In September, UNHCR relocated 649 refugees including 63 to Ajuong Thok refugee camp and 586 to Pamir refugee camp. This number includes 202 refugees who were previously settled in Yida and 447 new arrivals.
- From the beginning of 2018 to date, UNHCR has relocated 16,647 refugees to Jamjang camps (12,488 as new arrivals and 4,159 as Yida residual caseload). In the same period last year, UNHCR relocated 11,450 (9,781 new arrivals and 1,669 Yida residual caseload).

- UNHCR partner Lutheran world Federation (LWF) conducted a total of 9 Best Interest Assessment (BIAs) for children at risk. From January 2018 to date, 359 BIAs have been conducted in the two refugee camps of Jamjang.
- UNHCR partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) supported 10 new cases of Sexual and Gender Based Violence (SGBV). Since January 2018, 360 survivors have been supported (178 - Ajuong Thok, 131 - Pamir, 51 - Yida) in Jamjang.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR registered 106 new arrivals and reunified 20 families in September.

Education

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok and Pamir refugee camps, UNHCR and its partner Lutheran World Federation (LWF) trained 56 (38 men, 18 women) members of the newly formed School Management Committees (SMC) to increase their understanding of their roles. UNHCR will support SMC members to develop community outreach activities and perform other tasks to support school management.

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR partner United Methodist Committee on Relief (UMCOR) verified 70 (42 boys, 28 girls) refugee students enrolled at secondary schools and 376 (204 boys, 172 girls) refugee students attending various primary schools.
- To date, 53 (24 boys, 29 girls) refugee students have been enrolled in accelerated learning programs in Yei township while 14 (9 boys, 5 girls) refugee students were supported to register for Senior Four mock examinations.

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refugee settlement, 27 Senior Four students (22 boys, 5 girls) sat for their mock examination.
- In Makpandu refugee settlement, UNHCR partner World Vision International (WVI) distributed 186 sanitary kits to 93 girls and school uniforms to 259 (136 boys, 123 girls) primary school students.

Upper Nile

- Across Maban's four refugee camps, 20,476 (10,475 boys, 10,001 girls) primary school and Accelerated Education Programme (AEP) students completed their end of term examinations.
- UNHCR in collaboration with Lutheran World Foundation (LWF) reopened all primary schools in Maban County on 17 September 2018 for the third term of the South Sudan National Ministry of General Education and Instruction (MOGEI) school calendar.
- In Maban County, attendance for those enrolled in primary education fell by 10%. While there was a 21% increase in the Accelerated Education Program (AEP). There are 14,960 children (7,665 boys, 6,958 girls) for primary education and 4,522 people (2,266 men, 2,265 women) enrolled in the AEP. Many of the primary education students, especially boys have reportedly left for work in Paloich and Renk which may be the reason behind the decrease in attendance.

Health

Central Equatoria

- In Yei, UNHCR sponsored a seven-day talk shows over Spirit FM on Ebola prevention in Arabic and English. Community awareness session on transmission and prevention of Ebola continued in which 72 (47 men, 82 women) refugees were reached with key messages with emphasis on high vigilance on arrivals from DR Congo.

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, 33 health workers (23 men, 10 women) graduated from Ajuong Thok Health Training School in the fields of nursing assistant (15), lab assistant (10) and midwife assistant (8).

Upper Nile

- Emergency and lifesaving health and nutrition services continue to be offered in all four refugee camps in Maban. In Yusuf Batil refugee camp, services are available at Central Primary Health Care Center (PHCC) and Gentil hospital; in Kaya refugee camp at Kaya PHCC; in Gendrassa refugee camp at Gendrassa PHCC and Doro camp at Mayak and Health outpost at Doro extension.

Food Security and Nutrition

Unity

- The September general food distribution at 1,017 kilo calories (Kcal) was done in the two Jamjang camps and Yida refugee settlement for 122,177 refugees. Inclusive of the distribution was milling cash which was reduced from 600 to 450 SSP per person according to the increase of cereal portion in September.
- The nutritional status of the new arrivals remains stable with no severe acute malnutrition (SAM) noticed among children under five years old in Pamir and Ajuong Thok refugee camps.
- UNHCR's partners Africa Humanitarian Action (AHA) and International Rescue Committee (IRC) conducted mass Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screening for under five children in Jamjang camps. The Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) was found to be: 2.4% - Ajuong Thok, 0.6% - Pamir. The Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) was found to be: 0.1% - Ajuong Thok, 0% - Pamir.
- In Pamir refugee camp, UNHCR and its partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) distributed Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP) items to 92% (1,974) of the children under the age of two, 99% (1,211) of the pregnant and breast feeding mothers. In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, UNHCR partner AHA distributed to 78% (2,098) of the children under the age of two and 79% (1,461) of the pregnant and breast feeding mothers.

Upper Nile

- UNHCR partner Relief International (RI) conducted a mass Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screenings for children aged 6-59 months and pregnant and breastfeeding mothers in Yusuf Batil refugee camp. A total of 9,640 children and 2,075 pregnant and breastfeeding mothers were screened. The proxy Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) rate for the children was 2%. Those found to have Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) was 0.4% and 22% for pregnant and breastfeeding women respectively.
- International Medical Corps (IMC) conducted a mass MUAC screening in Doro, Gendrassa, and Kaya refugee camp. For children 6-59 months the malnutrition levels were found to be: 2.44% - Doro, 3.5% - Gendrassa, 1.85% - Kaya. While severe malnourished children were: 0.44% - Doro, 0.23% - Gendrassa, and 0.22% - Kaya. There is a slight decrease in the three camps compared to the last quarter.
- In Yusuf Batil refugee camp UNHCR partner Relief International (RI) conducted a Mid Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) screening for 9,640 children aged 6-59 months and 2,075 women which found the malnutrition rates to be 2% and 22% respectively.
- Across Maban four refugee camp, UNHCR operational partner World Food Programme conducted general food distribution for September to 140,900 refugees. This month, each family additionally received 1.5 kg pack of corn soya blend (CSB++) at 1,579 Kcal/p/day.

Water and Sanitation

Unity

- In August, the water supply coverage stood at 15.8 litres per person per day in Ajuong Thok camp, while in Pamir it was 13 litres per person per day. In Ajuong Thok, crude latrine coverage was eight persons/latrine while in Pamir it was 11 persons/latrine.
- In Ajuong Thok and Pamir camps, UNHCR's partner Samaritan's Purse (SP) supported the construction of 64 family and communal latrines and decommissioned 68 family latrines which collapsed during heavy rain.
- In Ajuong Thok and Pamir camps, SP trained 170 water management committee and sanitation volunteers.

Upper Nile

- Provision of safe water has been maintained by the refugee water teams in each of the four camps in Maban. Spare parts and chlorine were delivered to the refugee water teams for routine operation and maintenance of the water supply systems. There were no reported issues concerning scarcity of water and failure of water system.

Shelter and NFIs

Western Equatoria

- In Makpandu refuge settlement, UNHCR partner World Vision International (WVI) distributed sanitary kits to 927 women. Kits included; sanitary napkins and underwear.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

Central Equatoria

- In Juba, UNHCR and its partner Lutheran World Federation (LWF) provided career guidance and mentorship for 56 refugee students who are beneficiaries of DAFI (Albert Einstein German Academic Refugee Initiative) scholarship.
- In Juba, UNHCR's partner Humanitarian Consortium Development (HDC) conducted a vulnerability assessment for 12 families of persons with specific needs in Jebel and Nyakuron areas in urban Juba. The exercise serves to provide tailor made assistance to families in need.

Unity

- In Ajuong Thok refugee camp, 107 new stoves were produced. To date, 1,370 stoves have been produced in 2018.
- UNHCR's partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) supported a total of 100 beneficiaries with fishing kits (host community - 50, Ajuong Thok - 25, Pamir - 25). Fishing activities encouraged peaceful co-existence between the two communities as they both meet and interact in fishing areas.

Main Activities – IDP Programme

COORDINATION

Central Equatoria

- UNHCR and its partner United Methodist Committee on Relief (UMCOR) organized a brainstorming session on issues of registration with traditional chiefs and community-based protection networks. 33 traditional chiefs and 81 from the community-based protection networks in all nine IDP sites around Yei attended this session.
- In Yei, at St. Peter's and Jigomoni, 257 (109 boys, 148 girls) children accessed planned indoor recreational activities at the two child friendly spaces.

Upper Nile

- UNHCR partner Humanitarian Consortium Development (HDC) prioritized and assisted 590 Persons with Specific Need in Malakal Protection of Civilians (POC) site at the general food distribution.

Western Bahr El Ghazal

- In Wau, UNHCR helped 1,000 persons at risk of statelessness receive their age assessment certificates, the next step is to enrol for nationality documents.
- In Aweil, UNHCR assisted 650 persons at risk of statelessness apply for nationality documents while another 66 received their nationality identification cards.

Jonglei

- In Bor, UNHCR conducted a post distribution monitoring exercise at the Malek Leprosy Centre on the seeds, tools, and protection based non-food items that were distributed. The monitoring found that the inhabitants took full use of the distributed materials and will be expecting their first vegetable harvest.

OPERATIONS

Shelter and NFIs

Western Bahr el Ghazal

- In the greater Bagari area, UNHCR, as the protection cluster lead, supported 1,000 families with core relief items, kits for expecting mothers, clothes, and water containers. From June to August 2018, the greater Bagari area was a hotspot for conflict and is part of the wider displacement in the area where 13,500 individuals have been displaced, losing their homes and livelihoods.

Unity

- UNHCR distributed second hand clothing to 7,292 extremely vulnerable IDPs (elderly, persons with disabilities of different age groups and genders) in Bentiu POC site.

Community empowerment and self-reliance

Jonglei and Lakes

- UNHCR through its partners revived agro-pastoralist field schools in Duk, Twic East and Awerial Counties. This has allowed the farmers to start earning an income by selling their products.
- UNHCR supported 54 members (37 men, 17 women) of the community based protection network with raincoats and gumboots in Bor town. The support will enhance the activities of the network in the community especially during the rainy season.
- UNHCR's partner HDC graduated the first batch of 50 women from skills training at Bor's Women Friendly Space. The women completed a 3 months training from June to September 2018 on beads making, crocheting and bed sheet embroidery.
- UNHCR's partner Humanitarian Consortium Development (HDC) enrolled 30 women in a bakery course. Though the training has not been completed, many of the women were able to test the market and earn 35,000 SSP (South Sudanese Pound) within two weeks.

UNHCR South Sudan Main Donors in 2018 (in USD)

United States of America		10,900,000
European Union		3,927,575
Japan		3,500,000
Republic of Korea	From the People of Japan 	1,507,080
Educate a Child Programme (EAC/EAA)		1,302,907
Canada		589,159
IGAD		584,042
Luxembourg		366,109

UNHCR's Main Donors in 2018

Special thanks to the major donors of broadly earmarked contributions and regional funds in 2018

United States of America 82.7 million | **Private donors Australia** 8.6 million | **Sweeden** 4.2 million | **Australia** 3.8 million | **Germany** 3.4 million | **Canada** 3.3 million | **Private donors Germany** 2.8 million | **Norway** 2.6 million

Thanks to other donors of unearmarked contributions and regional funds in 2018

Sweeden 98.2 million | **Private donors Spain** 45.2 million | **Norway** 42.5 million | **Netherlands** 39.1 million | **United Kingdom** 31.7 million | **Denmark** 25.5 million | **Private donors Republic of Korea** 22.2 million | **Switzerland** 15.2 million | **France** 14 million | **Germany** 13.7 million | **Private donors Japan** 13 million | **Private donors Italy** 11.9 million | **Italy** 11.2 million | **Private donors Sweden** 10.2 million

Algeria | Argentina | Belgium | Bosnia and Herzegovina | Canada | China | Costa Rica | Estonia | Finland | Iceland | India | Indonesia | Ireland | Israel | Kuwait | Liechtenstein | Lithuania | Luxemburg | Monaco | Montenegro | New Zealand | Phillipines | Portugal | Qatar | Republic of Korea | Russian Federation | Saudi Arabia | Serbia | Singapore | Slovakia | Sri Lanka | Thailand | Turkey | United Arab Emirates | Uruguay | Private donors

For more information: <http://reporting.unhcr.org>

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LINKS

[South Sudan Situation Regional Portal](#)

[UNHCR South Sudan Facebook page](#)