Kampala Urban Refugees Programme



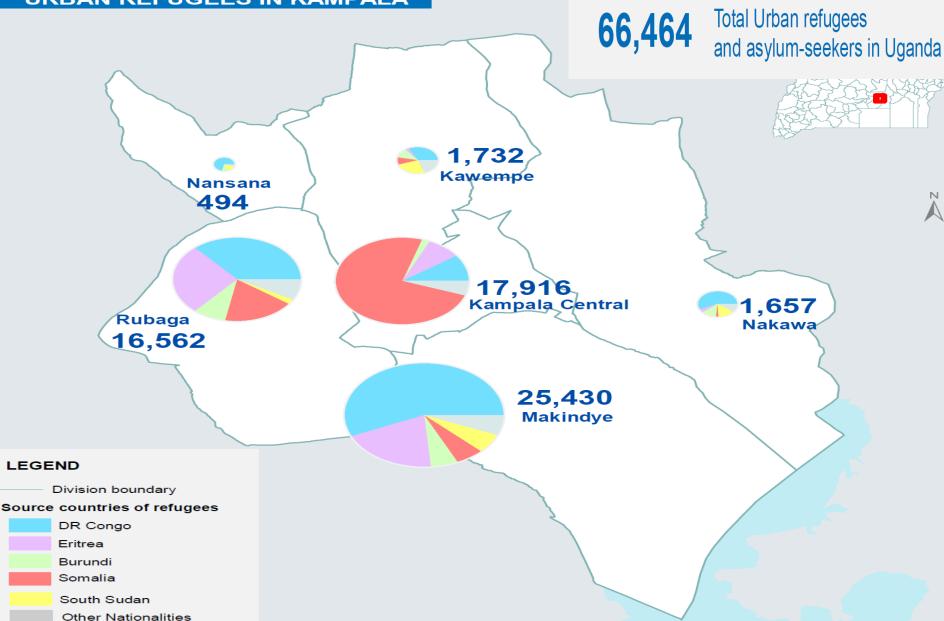
OVERVIEW

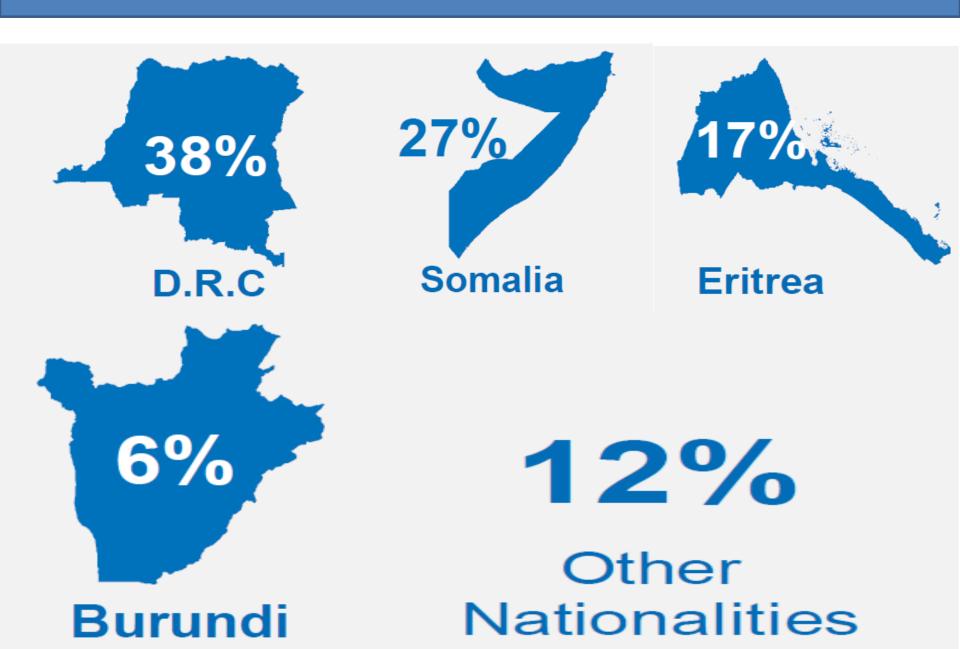
- □ The Refugee Act of 2006 (and its regulation of 2010 promote freedom of movement).
- Obtaining Urban refugee status is conditional.
- Prima facie recognition for refugees from DRC and South Sudan
- Refugee Status Determination for all other nationalities.

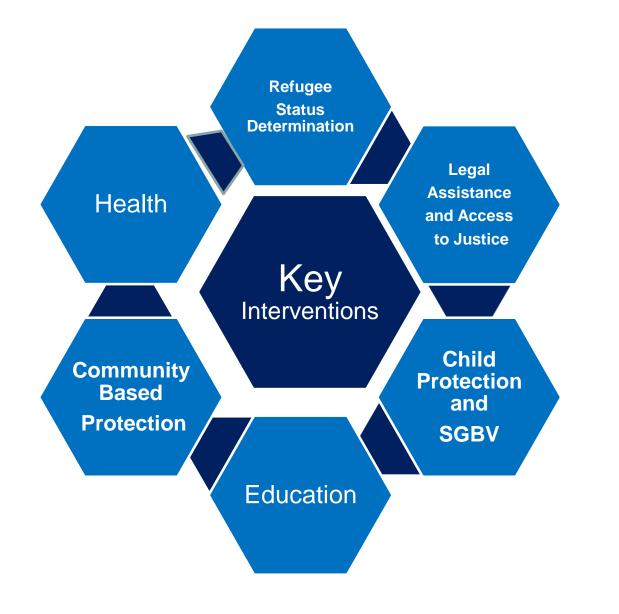


Urban Population

URBAN REFUGEES IN KAMPALA









Partnership and Coordination

Implementation

InterAid Uganda

Coordination

- OPM
- KCCA
- Old Kampala Police (refugee desk)



Refugee Status Determination

Key Interventions

- Facilitation of Refugee Eligibility Committee session.
- Capacity development support to OPM
- Advocacy for an admission of certain category of asylum seekers

Support for the development of RSD local process module in the proGres V4
 Revision of key RSD-related notification forms



Legal Assistance and Access to Justice

Key Interventions

- Guidance on procedure to access asylum.
- Community sensitization on the laws of Uganda
- Legal aid clinic for individual counselling
- Provision of interpretation services in courts of law
- Detention and prison monitoring

- Follow up on deportation and extradition
- Provide legal representation for persons of concern
- Advocacy for equal access to public services (health, education etc)



Statelessness

Key Interventions

- GoU appointment a Focal point for statelessness(Ministry of Internal Affairs)
- A Statelessness Taskforce has been established
- The GoU has made 6 pledges towards the eradication of statelessness.

Capacity Building of GoU staff- 4 staff trained in Sanremo

Engage the GoU to ratify the 1961 convention to eradicate

statelessness.



Child Protection

Key Interventions

- Support comprehensive individual case management.
- Support family tracing and reunifications activities.
- Provide capacity building for stakeholders.

Support CP awareness and community outreaches.

Support life skills sessions (peer to peer sessions, Behavioural change models, Health camps).



Sexual and Gender Based Violence

Key Interventions

case management □ SGBV awareness and community outreaches Functioning GBVIMS Counseling and referral of survivors for multisectoral response.

 Coordination through the Kampala Level SGBV Working Group
 Capacity building and Community Extension Workers (CEWs)



Community Based Protection

Key Interventions

- Individual Case management of the extremely vulnerable.
- Provision of in-kind and financial assistance (individual basis)
- Community participation for peaceful co-existence initiatives.
- Community Mobilization and empowerment;

- Supporting 2 the community centers for refugees.
- Community outreach including Protection Townhall meetings.
- Provision of short-term assistance to the most vulnerable person; and those referred from the settlements;
- Provision of non-food items for the most vulnerable



Health

- Coordinate access to tertiary care for Urban and referrals from refugee settlements.
- Support Urban refugees and referrals to access health care services.
- Providing access to investigations, drugs and devices that may not be available in the government health facilities in the Urban.
- Provide preventive messaging and health education.

- Mobilize Urban refugees for different public health interventions
- Coordinate health service delivery with health service providers.
- Coordinate and support assessment and evaluation of refugees who need to be resettled on medical grounds.
 Provide accommodation for medical cases referred from the settlements.



Education

Key Interventions

- Support with school- related costs for identified vulnerable children.
- Support for children with disabilities - assistive devices, school related costs.
- Scheduled coordination and consultation with teachers, parents and KCCA.
- Data collection from 23 PS and 10 SS (schools with the highest refugee enrolment).
- Support school construction and rehabilitation.
- Payment of tuitions (individual basis)

- Support the translation and equation of certificates to enable students to continue on the education pathway.
- Participate and host the FENU thematic meetings (Federation of Education NGOs in Uganda).
- Support to athletics events and other extra-curricular activities such as Music Dance and Drama

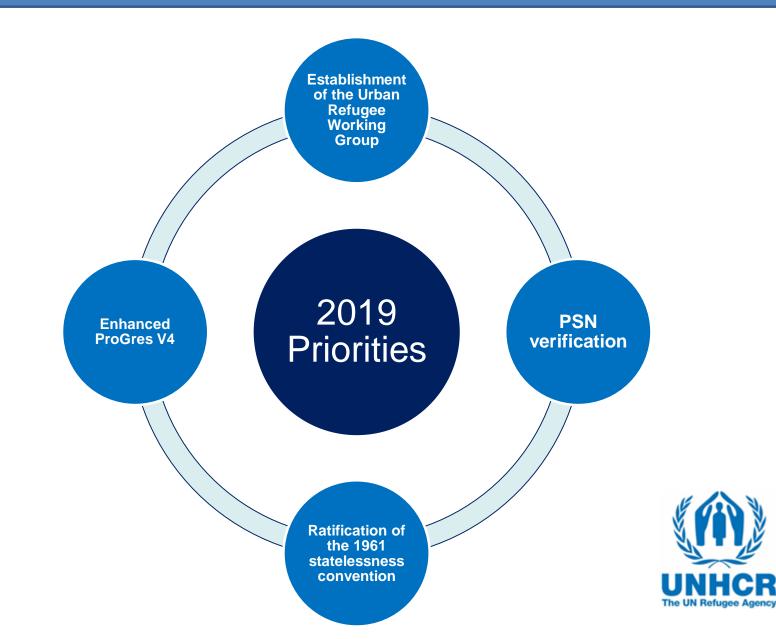


Key Challenges

- Adherence to the urban refugee policy.
- Backlog of asylum claims.
- Increasing mixed migration flows
- Discrimination and exclusion
- Unauthorized movement from settlements to Kampala.
- Camping at gates of IAU, UNHCR and OPM

- □ Limited durable solutions
- Dependency and RST expectations
- Lack of adequate reception facilities in Kampala.
- Uncoordinated response among actors/service providers.
- Limited resources to respond to individual specific needs:
- □ Language barrier.
- Limited employment opportunities





Thank you

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Thank you for your attention!