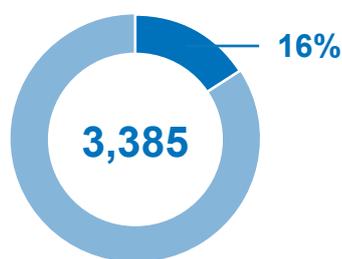




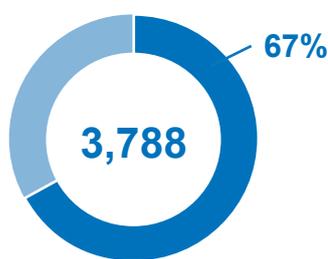
Overview

Awareness-raising remains key to improve understanding of SGBV, Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA), human trafficking and existing mechanisms to report such these incidents, including through the development and dissemination of simplified referral pathways. Basic assistance for vulnerable individuals will continue with a view to reduce reliance on negative coping mechanisms and exposure to SGBV risk. Investment in infrastructure and assets is also crucial in preventing and responding to SGBV, including installation of security lights in common areas, establishment of safe spaces and wellness centres for women, psychosocial, medical and legal supports for SGBV survivors, and procurement of additional vehicles and motorcycles to enhance police mobility on patrol and outreach. Linkages with the Livelihood & Resilience sector are of particular importance, both in terms of prevention (economic empowerment of men and women) and response (livelihood support for SGBVs survivors).

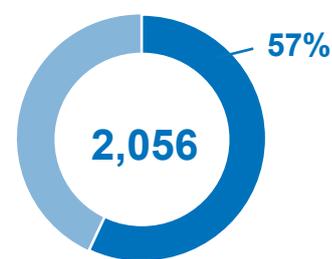
Key indicators



SGBV awareness campaigns conducted
Target: 21,706



SGBV survivors receiving appropriate multi-sectoral support
Target: 5,620



Functional structures trained and able to support survivors
Target: 3,628

Objective: Protection systems are strengthened and refugees women and girls are aware of the existing referral pathways with the aim of ensuring their full enjoyment of rights, reduction of SGBV risks and reinforced multi-sectoral response including through mainstreaming of SGBV across all sectors

Indicator	Actual	Target/Standard ('19)	Actual against annual target
SGBV awareness campaigns conducted			
- Congolese and other refugees	1,931	1,319	146%
- South Sudanese refugees	1,454	20,087	7%
- Burundian refugees	0	300	0%
- Host community	578	6,945	8%
SGBV survivors receiving appropriate multi-sectoral support			
- Congolese and other refugees	1,192	2,300	52%
- South Sudanese refugees	2,596	3,200	81%
- Burundian refugees	0	120	0%
Functional structures (duty bearers) trained and able to support survivors			
- Congolese and other refugees	661	550	120%
- South Sudanese refugees	775	2,993	26%
- Burundian refugees	0	85	0%
- Host community	767	1,497	51%

Operational Presence

Koboko

CAFOMI, HADS, TPO, UNHCR, UNICEF

Yumbe

ARC, CARE, IRC, RAHU, SP, TPO, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNWOMEN, WVI

Adjumani

CARE, DRC, LWF, RAHU, TPO, UNHCR, UNWOMEN

Arua

CARE, DRC, IRC, RAHU, TPO, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNWOMEN, WVI

Kikuube

CARE, HIJRA, IN, LWF, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF

Ntoroko

CAFOMI, UNHCR

Kyegegwa

ACORD, AWYAD, DRC, SP, UNHCR

Kamwenge

LWF, SOS, SP, UNHCR

Kanungu

CAFOMI, UNHCR

Kisoro

CAFOMI, UNHCR

Lamwo

ARC, AWYAD, CARE, LWF, RAHU, TPO, Trocaire, UNHCR, UNWOMEN

Obongi

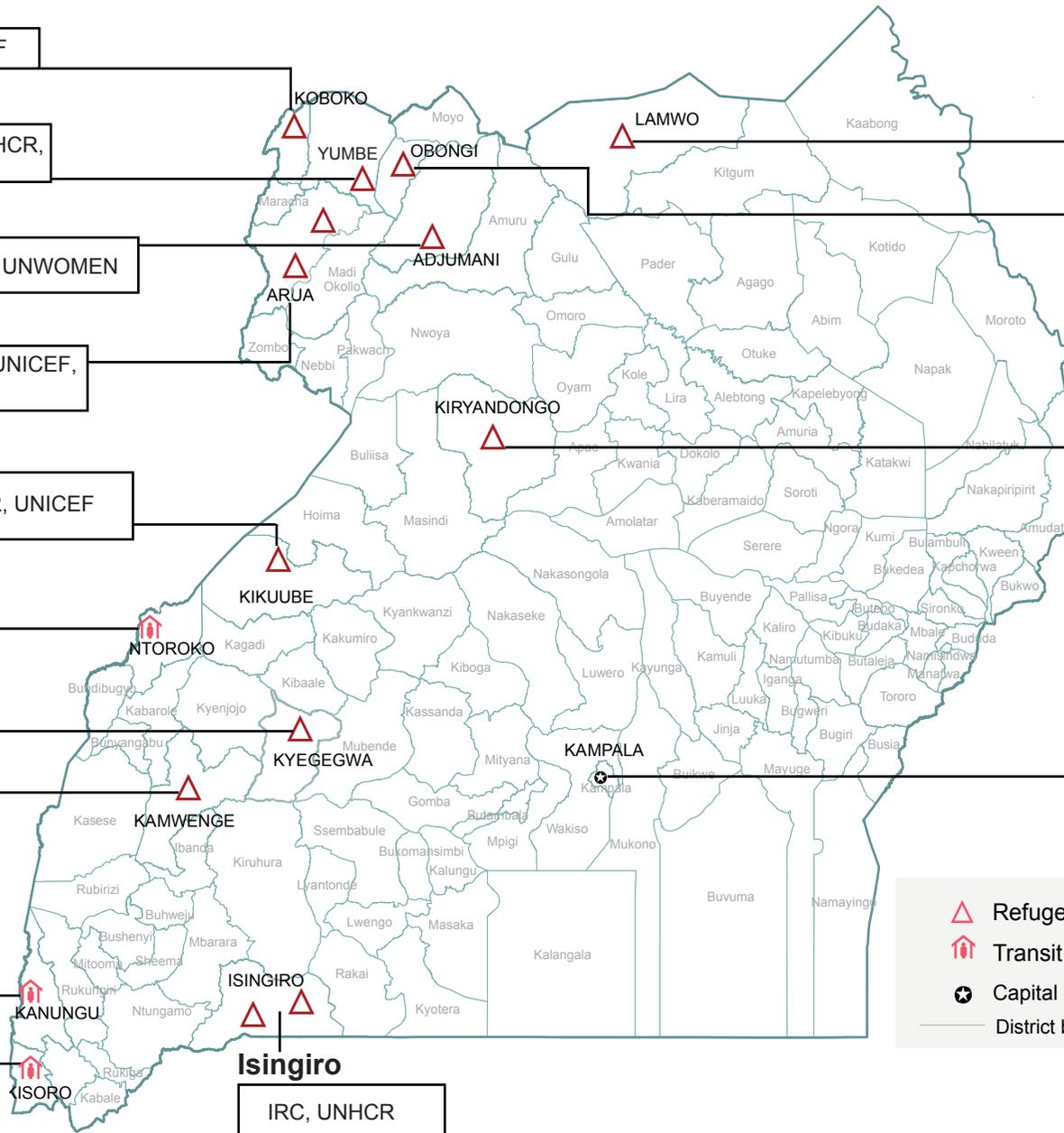
CARE, LWF, TPO, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNWOMEN

Kiryandongo

ACORD, DRC, UNHCR

Kampala

IAU, UNHCR



- Refugee settlement
- Transit centre
- Capital city
- District boundary