



Overview

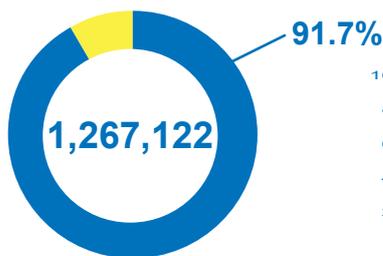
General food assistance continues to enable refugees to meet their immediate food and nutrition needs and sustain a minimum level of food security.

All new refugees arrivals at the border crossing points receive food assistance in the form of High Energy Biscuits, while hot meals are served in transit and reception centres, as refugees await relocation to the settlements. A settling-in ration is provided when refugees move to their new plots, with subsequent monthly dry rations in the form of food or cash transfers. During the quarter, the refugee response operation faced intermittent pipeline shortfalls in cereals, salt, and pulses due to inadequate stocks, poor food quality, suspension of distribution of Super Cereal, and a delayed production of salt. This affected timely distributions and forced WFP to distribute a partial food basket (without pulses) in November. Following the suspension of Super Cereal, WFP added 20 g of cereals and pulses in the dry ration, while topping up the hot meal ration served in reception centres with 50 g of maize meal and 5 g of sugar.

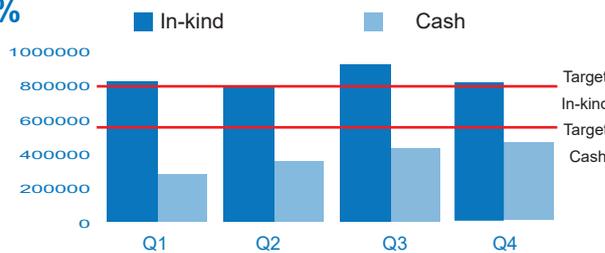
The sector is working to increase the use of cash transfer in lieu of in-kind food, in order to provide additional flexibility in the choice of locally available food commodities and to enhance local market prospects.

Partners continue to strengthen the overall food system in refugee-hosting areas, ensuring that food commodities are fairly priced and meet quality and quantity standards in the market. This includes improving retail supply chain management in local markets.

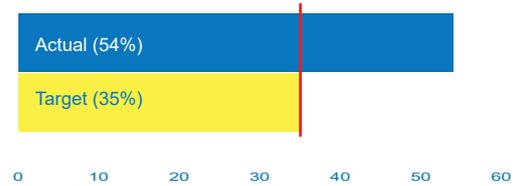
Key indicators



Refugees receiving monthly food assistance



Quarterly food assistance by transfer modality



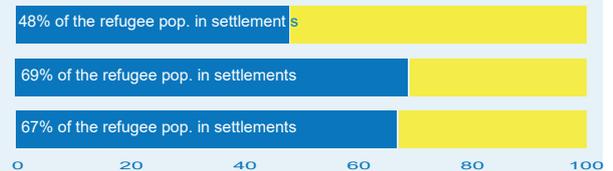
Households with poor or borderline Food Consumption Score

Objective: Refugees have access to adequate nutritious food to meet their basic food and nutrition needs

Indicator Actual Target/Standard ('19) Actual against annual target or standard

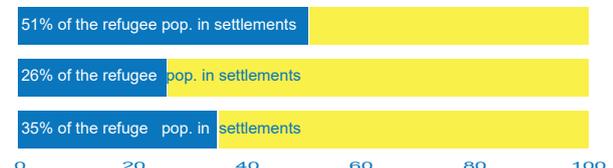
Refugees receiving in-kind food assistance

Refugee Group	Actual	Target/Standard ('19)
- Congolese and other refugees	196,606	405,612
- South Sudanese refugees	592,916	857,702
- Burundian refugees	27,877	41,277

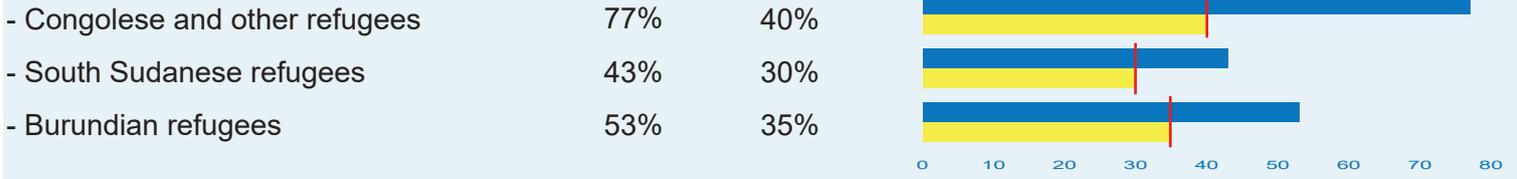


Refugees receiving food assistance through cash transfers

Refugee Group	Actual	Target/Standard ('19)
- Congolese and other refugees	208,507	405,612
- South Sudanese refugees	226,543	857,702
- Burundian refugees	14,623	41,277

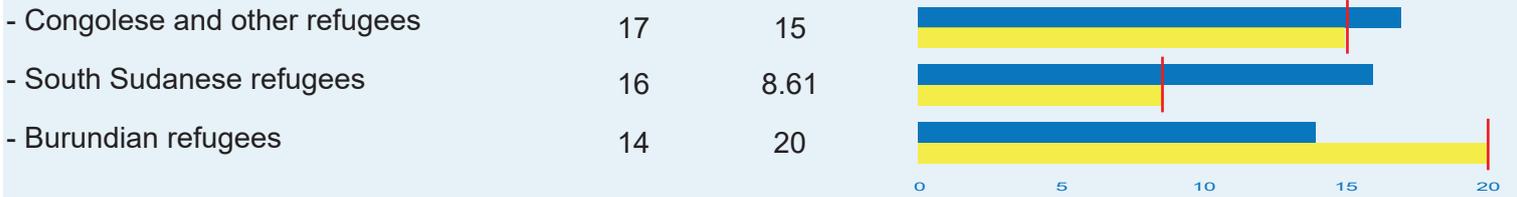


Households with poor or borderline Food Consumption Score

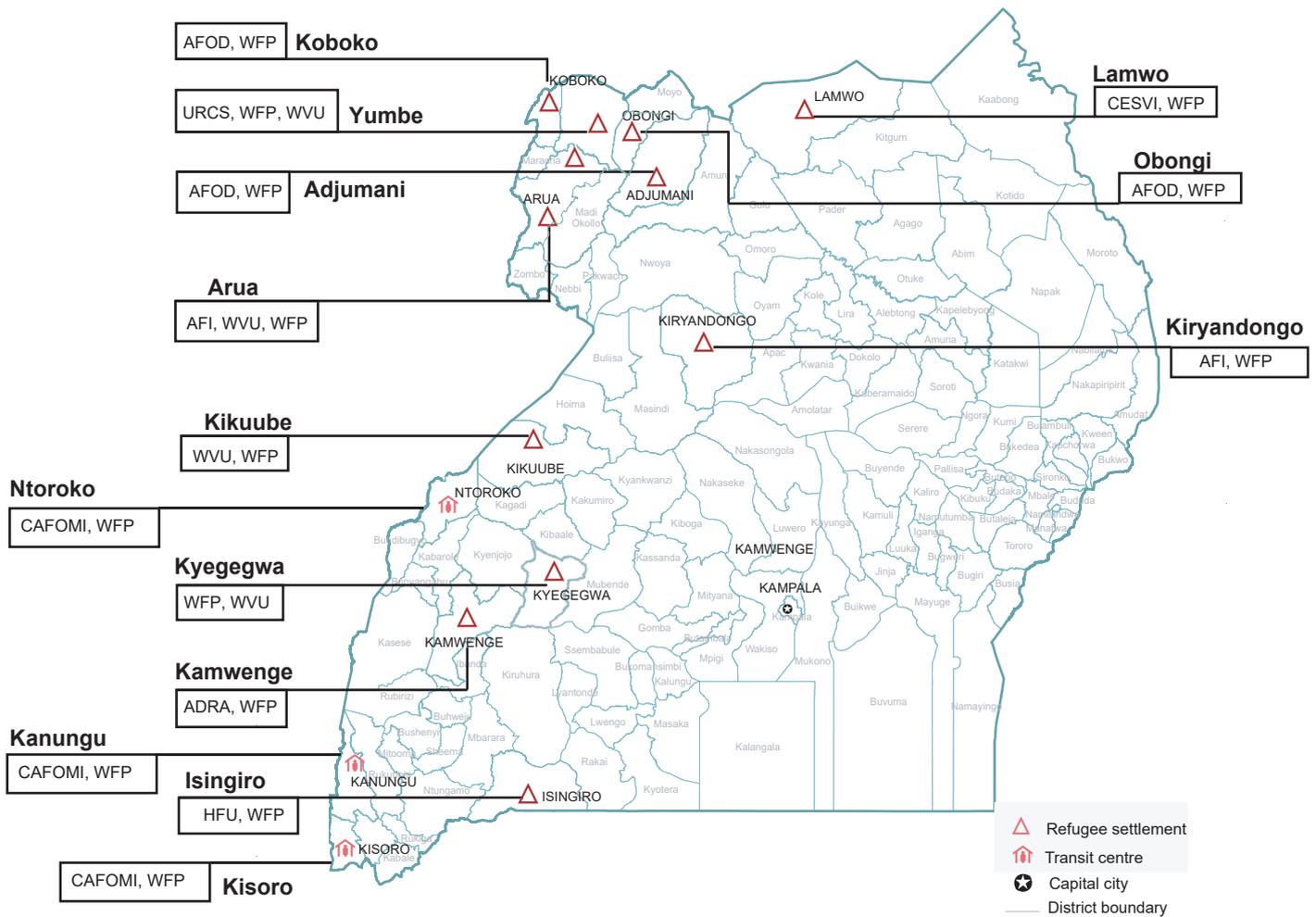


Objective: Targeted food assistance provided to the most vulnerable refugee households based on assessed needs

Coping Strategy Score of refugee households



Operational presence



Partners

Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA) | Alliance Forum for Development (AFOD) | Andre Foods International (AFI) | Care and Assistance for Forced Migrants (CAFOMI) | Cooperazione e Sviluppo (CESVI) | Hunger Fighters Uganda (HFU) | United Nations World Food Programme (UN WFP) | Uganda Red Cross Society (URCS) | World Vision International (WVI)