



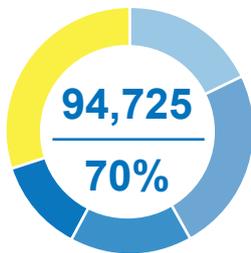
Overview

The sector aims to ensure that all populations of concern receive appropriate and timely shelter and non-food item (NFI) support in line with the minimum agreed standards for Uganda. Direct labour and technical support to the construction of emergency and semi-permanent shelters for persons with specific needs remains a priority, although the modalities include market and community-based approaches for a wider and more sustainable reach. Ongoing repairs and maintenance works to communal shelters at operational transit facilities are continuing as needed.

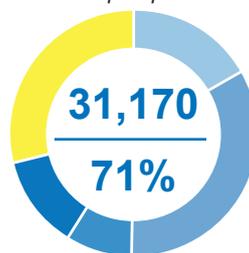
A key objective of the sector is the implementation of a revised shelter strategy that takes into account more environmentally-sustainable, culturally-sensitive and flexible design and implementation modalities. In addition, the establishment of settlement planning guidelines will improve site planning and contribute to land use optimization. The phased rollout of a household address system for refugees will enable the integration of settlement cadastral plans with local government plans.

Key indicators

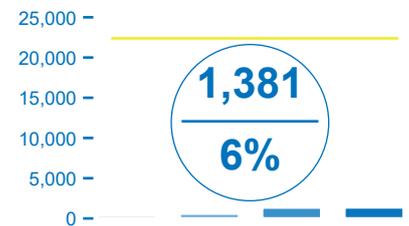
Achievements per quarter Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 annual target



Newly arrived refugees receiving NFI
Target: 135,000



Newly arrived refugee households provided with emergency shelter
Target: 43,666 HH



Refugee PSN households assisted with semi-permanent shelters
Target: 21,247 HH

Objective: Ensure the minimum non-food items (NFI) standards for all refugees are met

Indicator	Actual	Target/Standard ('19)	Actual against annual target
Newly arrived refugees receiving NFI*			
- Congolese and other refugees	57,242	80,000	72%
- South Sudanese refugees	31,663	50,000	63%
- Burundian refugees	5,820	5,000	116%

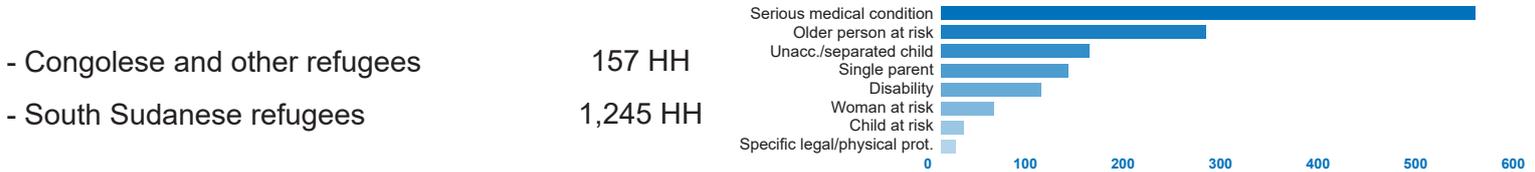
Objective: Access to improved and sustainable shelters for refugee households is increased

Indicator	Actual	Target/Standard ('19)	Actual against annual target
Newly arrived refugee households provided with emergency shelter*			
- Congolese and other refugees	22,897 HH	32,000 HH	72%
- South Sudanese refugees	6,333 HH	10,000 HH	63%
- Burundian refugees	1,940 HH	1,666 HH	116%
Refugee PSN households assisted with semi-permanent shelters			
- Congolese and other refugees	155 HH	6,717 HH	2%
- South Sudanese refugees	1,226 HH	13,988 HH	9%
Individuals trained and/or employed in sustainable construction			
- Congolese and other refugees	634	2,165	29%
- South Sudanese refugees	1,872	4,199	45%

Objective: Access to improved and sustainable shelters for refugee households is increased



Refugee PSN households provided with minimum emergency shelter support



Objective: Sustainable settlement land use is maximised to optimal mutual benefit for refugees and hosts through the integration of settlement plans with local government plans and labour-intensive public works



Energy-efficient street lights installed in refugee hosting sub-counties



Partners

African Initiatives for Relief and Development (AIRD) | Care and Assistance for Forced Migrants (CAFOMI) | Catholic Organisation for Relief and Development Aid (CORDAID) | Catholic Relief Services (CRS) | Cooperative for Assistance and Relief Everywhere (CARE) | Danish Refugee Council (DRC) | Humanitarian Initiative Just Relief Aid (HIJRA) | International Aid Services (IAS) | Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS) | Lutheran World Federation (LWF) | Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) | Pentecostal Assemblies of God (PAG) | Peace Winds Japan (PWJ) | Plan International (Plan) | Samaritan's Purse (SP) | Uganda Red Cross Society (URCS) | Uganda Refugee Disaster and Management Council (URDMC) | United Nations Refugee Agency (UNHCR) | Volunteers Effort For Development Concern (VEDCO) | World Vision International (WVI)

Operational Presence

