

SGBV SWG Minutes 29th Sep 2020

Location: online Webex link

Agencies present: AAH/ACF, AIDOS, ARDD, AWO, CRP, CVT, DRC, HelpAge, IFH/NHF, IMS, INTERSOS, JRF, JWU, JNCW, LWF, Medair, NCFA, Oxfam, TDHL, TearFund, UNHCR, UNFPA, UNRWA, MPDL



Agenda

1. Coordination update: (IM update, gap analysis, contingency plan, strategy, 16 days of activism and updates from the field)
2. SGBV Safety audit.
3. GBV IMS midyear report.
4. AOB

Agenda items	Discussion	Action points
Introduction and welcoming	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Welcoming participants and provide a brief on the agenda.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- MoM will be shared with members.
Coordination update: (IM update, gap analysis, contingency plan, strategy, 16 days of activism and	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- IM update: AI was unlocked, 14 partners working on 6 indicators, beneficiaries located in 27 areas. The number of beneficiaries was doubled due to proper reporting; however, it is still low as we are entering last quarter. The percentage of budget gap is 83%. 70% of activities are covering females. Regarding the 5th indicator as this is a feedback on quality of services and satisfaction, the reporting should be in percentage not numbers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Organizations who did not receive fund and do not have projects to contact SGBV coordination team.- Coordinators to share the IM presentation-

<p>updates from the field)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A lot of organizations are reporting but there are still few organizations who did not report yet, we will follow up bilaterally with them, they can also reach SGBV coordination team to provide an explanation. Listed partners are the once who appealed during the JRP only. - Gap analysis: gap analysis is finalized and published, it can be found in the portal : https://data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/78683. It covers 2020 and 2021, will review it in 2021 for updates. Consultative process started last year for completing gap analysis. It covers the national and sub national level including Irbid, Azraq, Mafraq and Zatari. Few inputs were added related to one refugee approach, identifying risks for non-Syrians related to GBV and provision of translation when providing services. Gap analysis are useful for funding to see priority areas and recommendations. - 16 days of activism: every year the topic of global level is proposed and adapted to local context. This year the topic will be on domestic violence during COVID-19. The campaign will focus on social media, launching surveys and digital campaigns. JNCW will lead the national part of the campaign as they are the body who is leading the event with the support of UN agencies and different NGOs. Each year there is a small TF to prepare for the 16 days, one representative from interested agencies can be part of the TF. SGBV WG usually have a big gathering but due to the current situation it will change this year. Consultation with the government will take place. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Members who are interested to be a part of 16 days of activism task force can contact the co-chairs. - Co-chairs to share SGBV strategy and contingency plan with members for their inputs.
--------------------------------	---	--

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- JNCW: will have coordination meetings and one of these meetings is on Wednesday, UN Women and UNFPA are partners in supporting them. This year considering different issues due to COVID-19. Will prepare several activities and different logos on domestic violence.- Suggestion: invite other sectors and involve them in the 16 days of activism.- First Nominations (UN Women, APS, IFH, ARDD and others) will be contacted by email.- Link to the SGBV SWG 16 Days Report 2019: https://data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/75105 - SGBV WG strategy: it will be a two-year strategy and will be circulated with the WG for feedback. - Contingency plan: a coordination tool that was created in March as a response to COVID-19. In September, all sectors were asked to update the plan in case of another wave based on the lessons learnt. The second part has scenarios and actions, each scenario describes the situation and has actions that will be taken. According to the plan there are 5 stages and we are in scenario 3.- Contingency plan is for all sectors, as for SGBV the focus is on providing lifesaving services, CM services, PSS, safe shelters, distributing hygiene kits, disseminate messages about services and keep Amaali app updated, insure that survivors have access to services, and other services.- Scenario B: implementing the guidance note and insure access to services and access to safe shelters for women and girls. Updating	
--	---	--

	<p>the 5Ws with the available services regularly. Will share the document with the WG for reviewing and feedback</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Field updates:- Irbid: conducted the monthly meeting, one of the main points is that most of service providers moved to remote activities, some of them continued having a face to face services taking safety measures. IRC provided a brief on cybercrimes and there was a positive feedback from participants, therefore will have a full session with IRC on that. SGBV Safety audit will be done for the first time in Irbid. Ex-co-chair Samah left the organization and IRC continued co-chairing, the new co-chair is Rana.- Zatari camp: after identifying positive cases, their families were contacted and isolated, tests were done on other people in the camp and results were negative. Safety measures are implemented. SGBV services: the protection organization continues to have CM, training on safe referrals took place this month and participants were informed on Amaali app. Group activities are suspended due to the current situation.- Azraq camp: 29 COVID-19 cases in the camp, some were admitted to dead sea and some to prince Hmza hospital in Amman. Later, Authorities decided not to admit cases of COVID-19 to dead sea. All positive cases were shared by camp management to all partners. PCR tests are collected from staff and refugees. Protection contingency plan was updated. Still having CM and PSS. Most of group activities are suspended. UNHCR CM is still taking place by staff staying 24 hours in the camp. ARDD is still working and providing legal support. DRC will complete safety mapping. Two trainings from IRC for IBVs and national staff. CPGBV meeting to	
--	--	--

	<p>discuss family separation for COVID-19 cases in case both parents are positive while children are negative. Challenges are related to communication and suspension of group activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mafrq: majority of SGBV service providers are working from offices, women empowerment activities are suspended. FPD planning to move to another location, UNHCR and partners are working closely to find a suitable place to be accessible to all beneficiaries. Will meet with FPD and MoSD to raise some concerns with them in order to find solutions. 	
<p>SGBV Safety audit</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SGBV risk assessment: It will be conducted in Irbid. Creating a task force to better understand SGBV risk assessment and hear the voice of different groups. - Why Irbid: high populated and diverse area, high presence of service providers and interest in producing localized knowledge. In the camp in Azraq DRC is conducting another one. - Methodology: it is a process that complements and provides qualitative data to strengthen information collected through other methods. - Focus group discussions (FDGs) key informant interviews (KII). IOM is following government restrictions due to COVID-19. - Target groups are same groups that were included in Azraq for consistency, however in Azraq they were only Syrian refugees. - Sectorial focus, focus on livelihoods to include women and girls who work in factories and agriculture. - Task force members: will be organizing a meeting next week to select members according to the criteria. - IOM's role: coordinating the assessment in collaboration with Irbid SGBV WG field coordinators, providing technical support, facilitating on-line workshop, cover required costs for data collection and systemization of data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Members who are interested in joining SGBV Risk Assessment Task Force can contact: Rebeca: racin@iom.int and Sammar sabukhadra@iom.int On cc the field coordinators Abd Al-Nour: JARADATA@unhcr.org and Haneen: Haneen.Ajjawi@rescue.org, by the 1st of October COB.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Support expected from Task Force members: participating in meetings, selection of target participants, co-facilitate FGD/KII, conduct safe referrals and supporting organizing logistics for FGDs and KII. - Q: When discussing target groups why older men were not included? - A: total number of participants must be 80% of women as they suffer more from SGBV risks. - DRC is leading safety audit in Azraq camp. DRC will present preliminary results once it is ready. - ICMC, LWF, IMC, Care, UNRWA, Intersos, AWO and other organizations are participating in the SGBV risk assessment. - Q: why there is no PwD in the group? - A: there is a special group for PwD. 	
<p>GBV IMS midyear report</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Two reports are launched every year, this report covers from the period from January to June 2020 and it reflects the impact of COVID-19 on survivors. Information shared reflects only data gathered by members of SGBV TF, 95% of survivors who reported SGBV are woman and girls while 5% are men and less than 1% are boys. - Woman and girls are exposed to SGBV incidents more. - Type of violence: psychological and emotional abuse, then physical abuse and denial of resources. The trend was incidents related to domestic violence. - Access to services is only 6.5%, survivors are afraid to be referred due to social stigma. 16% receive financial assistance and 21% received health services including CMR services. - Thematic analysis: survivors faced barriers reporting during COVID-19 because they don't have phones or because they 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - GBV IMS midyear report https://data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/78483

	<p>prioritize their family needs. In June, there was an increase of survivors seeking help due to reopening safe spaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Slight Increase in number of survivors reporting within 2 weeks of the incidents, this is related to the awareness campaigns and accessibility to services to report. - Recommendations: main recommendation is to focus on ensuring accessibility to lifesaving services, preparedness of a second lockdown and movement restrictions, alternative access to services, increase campaigns and awareness messages and keeping Amaali app updated. - Think about alternative options to reach adolescence girls. - Strengthen capacity of service providers and provide phone counselling and SGBV CM. - Q: if the report can be shared before finalization? - A: co-chairs review data with GBV IMS TF and based on that the report is finalized. Recommendations are aligned with the recommendations of GBV IMS 2019 annual report and SGBV gap analysis. - Q: national team under NCFA umbrella along with UN agencies and INGOs have met to advocate and to amend the mandatory reporting for adults. do you have any updates on this? - A: no updates, will check and see if next meeting we can have a discussion on this issue. 	
<p>AOB</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Next meeting will take place on the 27th of October. 	