Solutions and Resilience Section Briefing
Inter Agency Coordination Meeting – 20th November 2020

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COVID-19 Education Response: Indicators (Apr-Aug)

477,758 children accessed distance learning in any form

- 51% Boys
- 49% Girls

1,127 children with disabilities supported

- 48% Girls
- 52% Boys

4,378 Teachers supported by Salary by partners

Teachers (formal, assistants or volunteers) trained in distance learning facilitation
COVID-19 Education Response: Indicators

- **10,322** children in ECD accessed distance learning in any form
- **420,185** children in PRIMARY accessed distance learning in any form
- **35,085** learners in SECONDARY accessed distance learning in any form
- **12,166** learners in ALP accessed distance learning in any form
- **998** children with **disabilities** in PRIMARY and **128** in SECONDARY supported
School reopening: SOPS & new realities

Estimated over **13,600** refugee children and over **3,000** host community children in refugee areas have returned

**10 per class (6x7) (primary) and 15 per class (7x8) (secondary)**

Temperature guns

Hand washing stations & sanitizers
Key considerations

- Back to school campaigns targeting girls particularly
- Phase 2 learning materials printing and supply
- Assessment and response to critical learning gaps
- Supplementary teaching, catch up classes, accelerated learning vital
- Specific attention to protection and MHPSS
Livelihoods

Livelihoods and self reliance is a prioritized areas of intervention due to the reduction of lifesaving food assistance and the impacts of COVID-19 leading to:

- Increase in household food insecurity
- Disruption of supply chains for both farm and non-farm activities
- Closure of IGAs and waning savings.
- Reduced the ability & opportunity for refugees to work, produce & sell
- Closure stagnation of the livelihood support programmes that were in the settlements.
Ongoing and Planned Activities

Strategy applies a short and medium-long term approach that enables a flexible response during emergency situations while establishing the first-miles of development to allow for the communities to transition into self-reliance.

- The strategy builds on and supports initiatives that
  a) increase food security and incomes to households through subsistence farming and largescale agricultural value chain activities.
     • Short-term/emergency activities in form of critical productive assets, e.g. planting materials- ongoing
     • Large scale farming of profitable value chains – Planned for Yumbe and Adjumani
     • Facilitate the formation of producer cooperatives- Planned for Yumbe, Adjumani and Arua
  b) increase employment opportunities through wage and enterprise development by building on the existing skill sets in the communities and supporting quick impact labor intensive -Income generating activities such as
     • Production of face masks by refugee tailoring groups - ongoing
     • Production of underwear by refugee tailoring groups for women of reproductive age – ongoing/upstream preparations
     • Production of certified soap by trained refugee groups for hygiene promotion activitie- ongoing/upstream preparations
     • Construction and environmental conservation activities- ongoing
  c) Engage in advocacy and information sharing activities with Private sector actors and relevant government agencies on issues of refugee right to work, access to work permits , access to business, extension and financial services etc.- Ongoing
WASH

• Shift in management of water supply to Utility approach
• Refugee Response anchored within the Ministry of Water and Environment Coordination Structure
• Water and Environment Refugee Response Plan Secretariat
• Humanitarian Development Nexus projects in Refugee Hosting Districts
Energy and Environment

• Development of Sustainable Energy Response Plan
• Collaboration with National Forestry Authority on Seedling Production and Conservation efforts in CFRs
• Energy Access Projects in refugee settlements: GoU and Private Sector