Overview of Refugees and Asylum-seekers in Sudan

Sudan hosts one of the largest refugee populations in Africa. South Sudanese make up the majority. Many others fled violence and persecution in neighboring countries, including Eritrea, the Central African Republic, Ethiopia, and Chad, but also the wars in Syria and Yemen pushed people to seek safety in Sudan. Most refugees live in out-of-camp settlements, host communities and urban areas, while others stay in 24 camps (10 at the East Sudan, 1 at Blue Nile State, 10 at White Nile State, 2 at East Darfur State and 1 at the Central Darfur State). Sudan continues to generously host and receive additional asylum-seekers.

Population Distribution
- 38% of population live in camps
- 62% of population live out of camps

Persons with Disabilities
- 2% of registered population are persons with disabilities

Unaccompanied and Separated Children
- 14,734

New Arrivals Per Month (2020 - 2022)
- Total arrivals in 2021: 109,014
- Total arrivals in 2022: 25,389

Reproductive-age Women/Girls
- Females in reproductive-age (18-59 yrs)
- 27% Adult Female (18-59 yrs)
- 25% Adult Male (18-59 yrs)
- 20% Child Female (0-17 yrs)
- 23% Child Male (0-17 yrs)

School-age Children
- 25% Primary school age children (6-13 yrs)
- 10% Secondary school age children (14-17 yrs)

SUDAN | POPULATION DASHBOARD
as of 31 May 2022

Country of Origin
- South Sudan: 805,989 (70.8%)
- Eritrea: 130,379 (11.4%)
- Syria: 93,480 (8.2%)
- Ethiopia: 72,559 (6.4%)
- CAR: 28,033 (2.5%)
- Chad: 4,628 (0.4%)
- Yemen: 2,250 (0.2%)
- Others: 1,682 (0.1%)

Source: UNHCR, Commission of Refugees (CAR), UNICEF