For more details on new arrivals to IDP sites please see the New Arrivals Tool (NAT) Dashboard:

44,041 new arrivals were received in 311 IDP sites across 23 districts.

CCCM Partners continue recording numbers of displaced populations arriving in

New Arrivals:

-participated and earned incentive to improve daily living.

improvement activities. Partners conducted garbage collection campaign in IDP sites in Bossaso,

committee for maintenance and improvement of site infrastructure in close cooperation with CMCs

drought needs where most of the highlighted needs through the CCCM New Arrival Tracker are

1, 109(25%) and WASH making 628 (14%) of the recorded issues. This is consistent with the ongoing

complaints raised in May were from the Food Security and Livelihood (FSL) where 1,967 (44%) Shelter

transfer is expected to continue for 5 Months.

5 IDP sites in Dhusamareb received the 1st payment, each beneficiary received $100, and the cash

Partners enrolled conditional cash distribution

for IDPz and refugees conducted COVID-19 prevention awareness in 52 IDP sites in Baidoa, Hudur,

GREDO, ARD, MRDO & Local authorities used the new space for community consultations and

GBV referral pathways in place while 50% of IDP sites have Child Protection referral pathways in place.

12% of types with 12% of sites having transitional shelters and 4% of sites having permanent shelters.12% of

Access to nutrition services rose from 58% of all IDP sites being able to

(*mortality tracking is reliant on a key informant methodology which may reduce

March's rate of 56% of sites.Within the 710 IDP sites (1,000,000 individuals) monitored in May, there

improve nationally with 66% of IDP sites having access to water in May, up from April's levels of 56%.

Site monitoring activities occurred in 710 IDP sites covering 26 districts with 14 agencies

administrating this activity. Access to water in CCCM managed IDP sites continues to

improve nationally with 66% of IDP sites having access to water in May, up from April's levels of 56%.

In May, 50% of sites had access to educational facilities compared to April's rate of 51% of sites, and

March's rate of 56% of sites. Within the 710 IDP sites (1,000,000) individual monitored in May, there

were 255 recorded mortalities of individuals under the age of 5 and 256 mortalities of individuals aged

5 and above. (mortality tracking is reliant on a key informant methodology which may reduce

the accuracy of this data). Access to nutrition services now from 58% of all IDP sites being able to

access nutrition services in April to 59% in May. 84% of surveyed sites confirmed emergency shelter

types with 12% of sites having transitional shelters and 4% of sites having permanent shelters.12% of

IPD households have received cash or food assistance within the last 6 months which is a decrease

from April rate of 15%-40% of monitored sites featured children that are not living with their usual

caretaker which is an increase compare to April’s figure of 34% while 54% of monitored IDP sites have

GBV referral pathways in place while 50% of IDP sites have Child Protection referral pathways in place.

For more details on Site Monitoring, please see the dashboard:

Communication with Communities: During the reporting period, partners constructed a

multipurpose community center in IDP sites in Bardale. Several partners including Islamic Relief,

GREDO, ARD, MRDO & Local authorities used the new space for community consultations and

meetings to improve accountability to affected population. UNHCR through southwest commission

for IDPs and refugees conducted COVID-19 prevention awareness in 52 IDP sites in Bardale, Hudur,

Afgoye and Dinsor districts and reached about 1,400 individuals in a door-to-door awareness
campaign.

Cash Based Intervention (CBI)/ Cash for Work (CFW): Partners enrolled conditional cash distribution to 200 most vulnerable households that were unable to purchase necessary food and domestic items. 5 IDP sites in Dhusamareb received the 1st payment, each beneficiary received $100, and the cash transfer is expected to continue for 5 Months.

Complaint and Feedback Mechanism (CFM): May featured 4,488 complaints raised which represented an increase of (113%) of recorded issues compared to the number of complaints raised in the month of April which had 3,983 issues filed. Consistent with previous months, the main complaints raised in May were from the Food Security and Livelihood (FSL) where 1,967 (44%) Shelter, 1,109(25%) and WASH making 628 (14%) of the recorded issues. This is consistent with the ongoing drought needs where most of the highlighted needs through the CCCM New Arrival Tracker are recorded under the FSL needs alongside the other two sectors. Constraints were also recorded across all other sectors including health and nutrition albeit in low numbers across the districts where CCCM were recorded.

For more details on CFI please see the CFI Dashboard:

Site improvement activities: During the reporting period, Partners engaged site maintenance

committee for maintenance and improvement of site infrastructure in close cooperation with CMCs using vulnerabilities criteria and basic skills. Over 200 cash for work beneficiaries (40 skilled and 160 unskilled) in Hargeisa, Badhan, Garowe and El-Ahwain have been selected for implementing the site improvement activities. Partners conducted garbage collection campaign in IDP sites in Bossaso, Qardho and Garowe through cash for work (CFW) approach benefiting, a total of 246 individuals participated and earned incentive to improve daily living.

New Arrivals: CCCM Partners continue recording numbers of displaced populations arriving in

CCCM managed sites through the CCCM New Arrival Tracker Tool. In the month of May, at least

44,041 new arrivals were received in 311 IDP sites across 23 districts.

For more details on new arrivals to IDP sites please see the New Arrivals Tool (NAT) Dashboard: