

WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS

In the South-East, the number of IDPs increased from 237,800 last week to 244,300 this week.

The reported increased presence of Tatmadaw troops and clashes in Tanintharyi Region especially in Palaw Township led to the forced displacement of 600 people who are currently seeking safety in the jungle nearby.

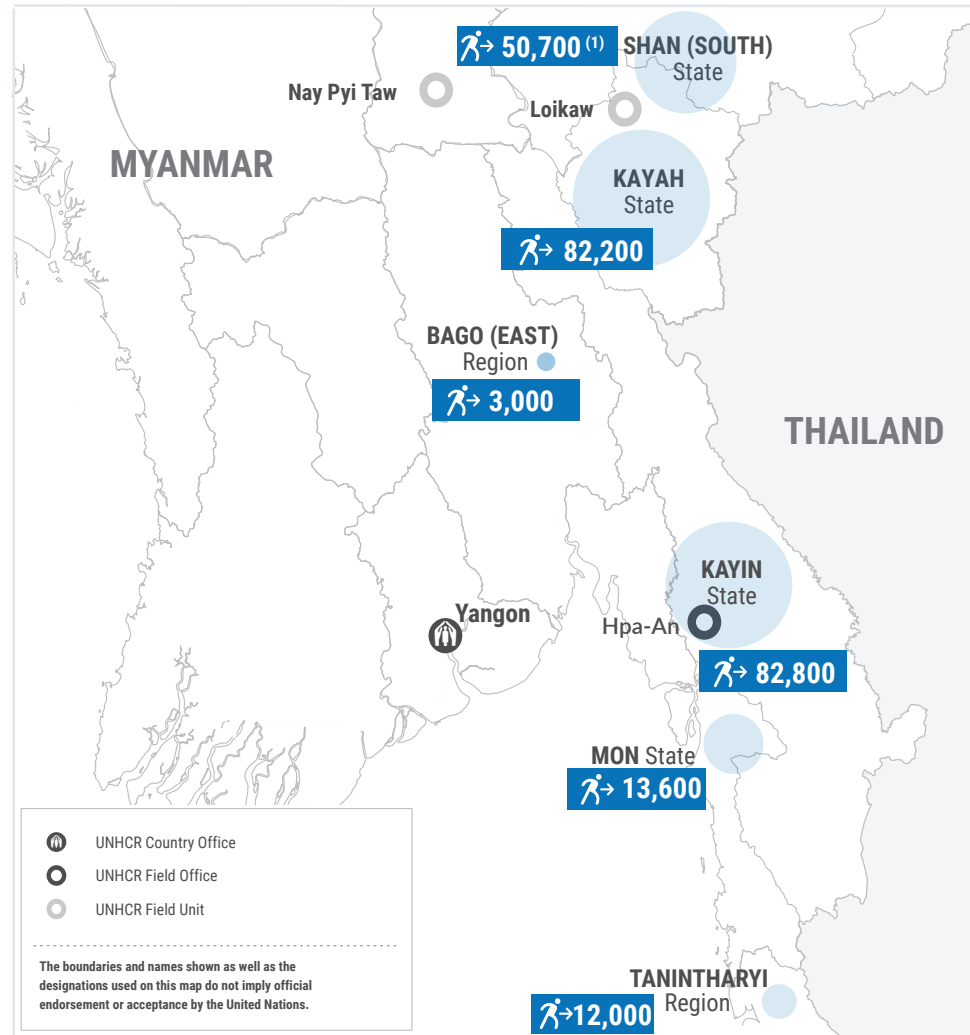
While thousands of IDPs returned to their place of origin in Mon State last week, the security situation remains volatile. Clashes between the Tatmadaw and the Karen National Liberation Army (KNLA) and its allies were reported in the past weeks in Thaton and Bilin townships, resulting in forced displacement of about 7,000 people.

In Shan State (South), about 300 IDPs displaced to Hsihseng Township in January and February were verified. In neighbouring Pekon Township, 800 IDPs returned but armed clashes reportedly resumed in Moe Bye town, resulting in the forced displacement of some 700 people. Additional IDP returns were verified during the reporting period including 600 IDPs who returned to Loikaw in Kayah State from Pinlaung Township, Shan State (South) in April and May.

In Bago Region (East), 900 IDPs from two villages in Kyaukkyi Township returned to their village of origin this week. These IDPs were previously displaced on 20 May due to indiscriminate shelling. Finally, it is worth noting that approximately 150 people who fled toward the Tak Province in Thailand have managed to return to their villages of origin in Kyainseikgyi Township, Kayin State.

 **244,300** ⁽²⁾

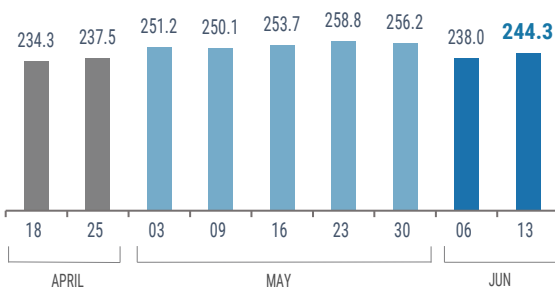
People who are estimated to be displaced by conflict in SE Myanmar (as of 13 JUN 2022).



⁽¹⁾ Displaced by armed conflict in neighboring Kayah State. ⁽²⁾ Numbers are rounded to the nearest hundred by state.

WEEKLY DISPLACEMENT FIGURES ⁽²⁾

SOUTH-EAST (18 APR - 13 JUN 2022) (thousands)



WEEKLY DISPLACEMENT FIGURES ⁽²⁾

BY STATE/REGION (18 APR - 13 JUN)

(thousands)

