

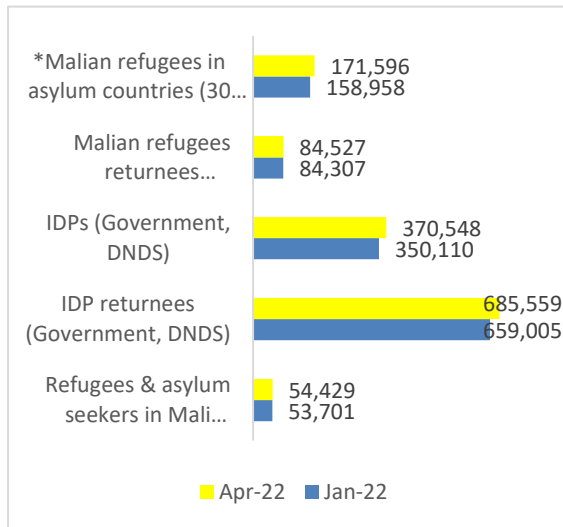


**HIGHLIGHTS**

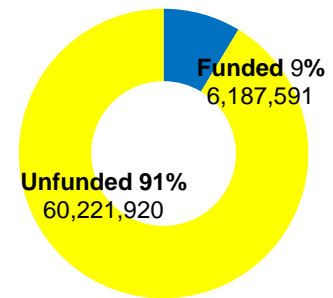
<b>607</b> Documented Protection incidents	<b>605</b> Persons on the move identified in mixed flows	<b>546</b> persons sensitized on the consequences of irregular movements	<b>444</b> households received NFI kits
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**POPULATION OF CONCERN  
AS OF 30 APRIL 2022,**

A total of **1,366,659** persons of concern



**FUNDING AS OF 12 APRIL 2022**



**USD 66,409 511** requested for Mali

**Staff, as of 30 April 2022:**

- **74** National staff
- **34** International staff
- **12** Affiliate workforces

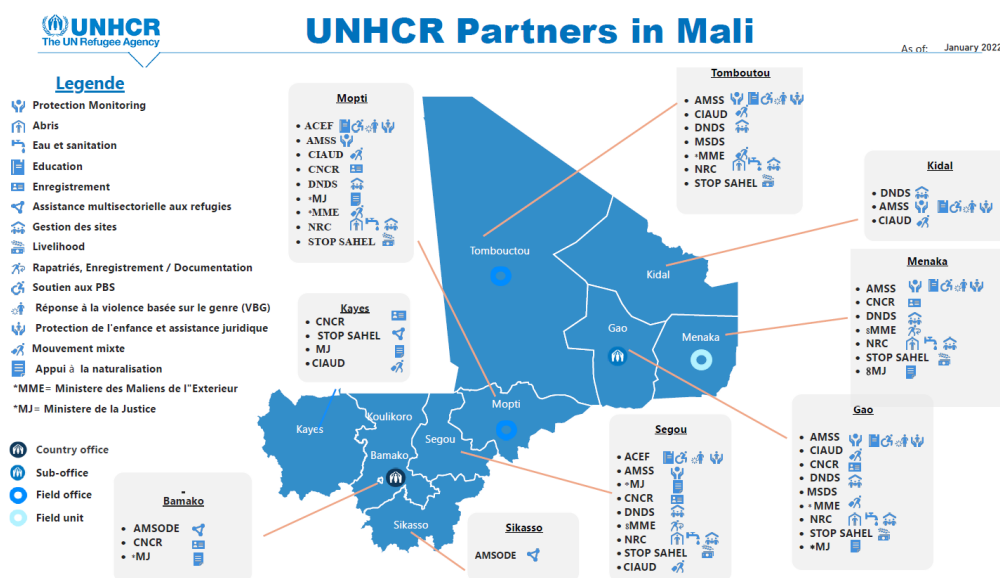
**UNHCR Presence**

**Offices, as of 30 April 2022:**

**Five (5)** offices located in:

- Bamako (Country Office)
- Gao (Sub-Office)
- Menaka (Field Unit)
- Mopti (Field Office)
- Timbuktu (Field Office)

WORKING WITH PARTNERS



MAIN ACTIVITIES

PROTECTION CLUSTER.

- On 16 May, the analysis of the protection situation for April, presented at the monthly meeting of the Protection Cluster, indicated 607 violations recorded by the monitoring system, against 780 violations in the previous month.
- Men remain the most affected by violations with a recorded number of 464 violations in April, followed by women (91 violations) and children (52 violations, i.e. 30 against girls and 22 against boys). These violations relate to property rights (287), physical and mental integrity (164), and freedom and security of the person (82). Violations of the right to life (57) and forced population movements (15) were also reported in the same month. The Mopti region recorded 42% of the reported violations, followed by Timbuktu (29%) and Gao (13%).
- Within the scope of responding to the survivors of the fire that occurred at the Faladie site for IDPs, on 2 April, the Protection Cluster and the DNDS, jointly with protection partners such as AMSODE, Stop Sahel, DRC, the Malian Red Cross, JDWS, SINI SANUMA, Help for Sahel, conducted a survey to define the intentions of the displaced persons present in this site. The purpose of the survey is to identify and understand those who are ready to relocate in another site, following the Malian Government announcing its intention to close this site. The first results showed that of the 240 present households, 206 were surveyed, 42 expressed their wish to leave the site, against 164 who indicated their desire to stay, one refused to answer and 34 were absent from the site during the survey. A detailed analysis of the data collected during the survey will be shared with stakeholders soon.
- On 22 April, the Protection Cluster, its sub-clusters, and Reach had a meeting to discuss the MSNA (Multi-Sector Needs Assessment) methodology for HPC 2023 and ensure that the data collection is in line with the core protection principles. Some concerns were raised by the Cluster and its AoRs on the methodology approach such as the lack of representativity in term of age, gender, disability and other diversities, the geographical approach, and the need to ensure the survey at a common level in order to have an analysis that reflects the key risks and needs. Other concerns were expressed such as the critical need to consider specificities in GBV and the Protection Cluster's AoRs, as well as the lack of a referral system in case of an identification survivors or children at risk, in line with the "Do no harm" principle in the Menaka region.
- On 24 April, the Protection Cluster held a meeting with USAID/BHA and the Protection Cluster to introduce the new BHA Deputy. During this meeting, the Protection Cluster briefed on the protection situation and raised issues related

to funding to ensure an adequate protection response in a context where protection risks are increasing and the allocated funds for the protection response has barely reached 20% these last five years.

- On 25 April, the Protection Cluster met with the Director of the Human Rights Division (MINUSMA). Several points were discussed such as the need to strengthen the cooperation between the Cluster and the Division to exchange information on the human rights situation, notably with the increase of serious human rights violations like the ones in Moura or Hombori, enhance the role of OHCHR within the SAG (Strategic Advisory Group), as well as within the Protection Monitoring Platform that the cluster is aiming to establish where OHCHR can provide capacity building support for the actors to improve the analysis capacities.
- Since March 2022, the clashes in the Menaka region have led to various waves of forced displacement with acute protection needs and risks identified. With the aim to support and bolster the protection response in Menaka, the Cluster's coordination has deployed in early April a Protection Officer (Monitoring) to support the implementation of a locally based coordination mechanism. The main challenges identified were access to some locations and the impossibility to reach certain affected communities, the insufficient actors' capacity in Menaka with a vast majority operating remotely, as well as serious gaps within public services when those are present. An agreement was made between UNHCR and UNFPA to allow UNHCR to lead the GBV AoR at the field level, as UNHCR enjoys a continuous presence in the location.

## PROTECTION

### Registration

- A refugee registration/verification operation was conducted in the Mopti region, central Mali. A total of 2,987 households of which 5,460 individuals were registered at registration points in Bankass, Koro, Tene, Tominian, and Mopti city.
- The same registration/verification activity was conducted in urban areas (Bamako & Koulikoro, Sikasso, Kadiolo, Bougouni, Faragouaran). The verification activity reached 765 households of which 1,851 individuals. Each verified household obtained a refugee certificate including the updated family composition.

### Mixed Movements:

- In April, 605 persons (408 men, 151 women, 28 boys and 18 girls) of various nationalities were identified within mixed movements in Mali. Among those registered, there were 27 persons with special needs. These were elderly, nursing mothers, pregnant women, and people with physical and mental disabilities. The low presence of actors at the border municipalities is an obstacle to the care of identified persons with special needs.
- UNHCR conducted a total of 42 awareness-raising sessions in the regions of Kayes, Mopti, Segou, and Timbuktu, reaching 546 persons, including 394 men and 152 women. These sensitizations focused on the refugee status determination process, the consequences of irregular migration, the importance of civil registration, and the prevention against COVID-19.
- UNHCR organized four capacity building sessions on protection aspects related to mixed movements for local protection committees in the regions of Menaka, Mopti, Segou, and Timbuktu. The sessions reached a total of 85 persons, including 66 men and 19 women.

### Durable solutions:

#### Resettlement:

- UNHCR is assessing four cases of 11 refugees for resettlement. The applications were submitted to the Regional Bureau for West and Central Africa for endorsement.
- Following internal referrals, UNHCR profiled four households of seven refugees for resettlement.
- UNHCR has received six new cases of refugees from the Turkish refugee community, the files are under review.

**Voluntary repatriation:**

- UNHCR registered 39 returning refugee households of which 139 persons, including 51 in Gao, 84 in Timbuktu, two in Koulikoro, and two in Segou. These returnees arrived from Burkina Faso and Mauritania.
- Preparations are underway for the voluntary repatriation of seven households of 22 Central African refugees to the Central African Republic.

**Statelessness:**

- In April, the Council of Ministers approved the draft decree setting out the modalities for the application of the provisions of the Individual and Family Code relating to Malian nationality. This significant step forward in the fight against statelessness reflects the implementation of Mali's commitments to the Global Action Plan.
- As a result of awareness raising on the importance of birth registration, 13 women registered their newborns. These women received baby kits (basin, soap, mosquito net, and baby clothes) to encourage other women who still haven't registered their newborns.
- Ten cases of birth registration were recorded among Mauritanian refugees in the region of Kayes.

**SHELTER & NON-FOOD-ITEMS (NFIs) & WATER, SANITATION, AND HYGIENE (WASH)**

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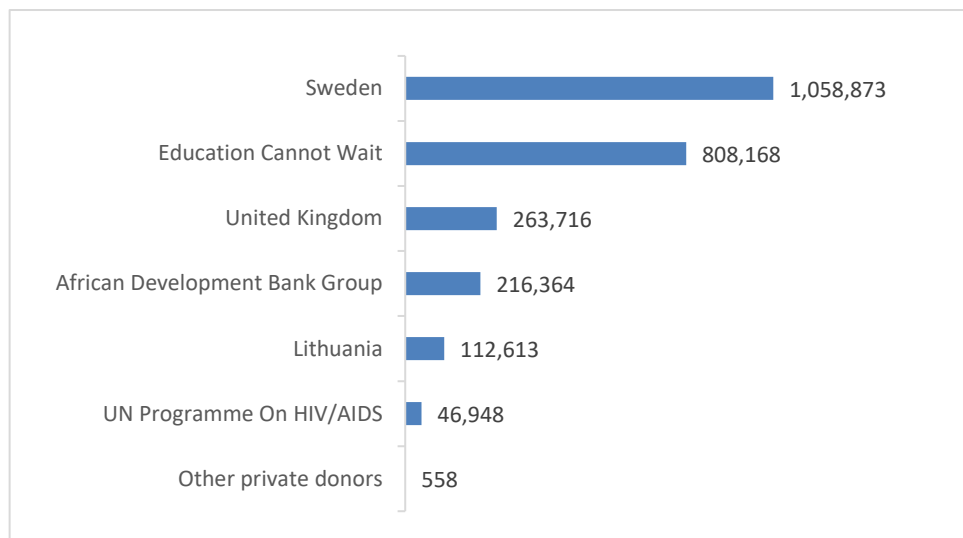
- A borehole equipped with two standpipes was constructed in the Menaka region. These standpipes are intended for the use of the host population and will cover the needs of 1,000 persons.
- During the period under review, non-food items kits were distributed to 444 refugee households in the Menaka region.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

Total recorded contributions for the operation amount to some **US\$ 6,187,591** million.

### EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED FOR MALI | USD



### OTHER SOFTLY EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

Norway | Private donors

### UNEARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS | USD

Sweden 92.5 million | Norway 72.5 million | Netherlands 37.2 million | Denmark 35.6 million | Germany 27 million | Private donors Spain 19.9 million | Switzerland 18.4 million | Belgium 11.9 million | Ireland 11.8 million | Italy 10 million

Algeria | Armenia | Bulgaria | Canada | Costa Rica | Estonia | Finland | Iceland | Kuwait | Liechtenstein | Lithuania | Luxembourg | Monaco | Montenegro | Peru | Philippines | Qatar | Republic of Korea | Saudi Arabia | Singapore | Thailand | Turkey | Uruguay | Private donors

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