Cabo Delgado

Internal Displacement Response - August 2022

Around 946,000 people are internally displaced in northern Mozambique due to violence perpetrated by non-state armed groups. UNHCR reiterates concern with the increasing displacement trends in Northern Mozambique, as well as the protection and humanitarian needs of displaced and host communities.

UNHCR and partners continue working closely with local authorities to ensure that the needs of displaced and host communities are addressed in Northern Mozambique. It is critical to improve the security situation in districts affected by violence to enable the assistance of families in hard-to-reach areas.

Despite some spontaneous returns within Cabo Delgado, UNHCR reiterates the importance of ensuring that returns are safe, voluntary, conducted with dignity, based on an informed decision, and that basic services are restored in areas of origin. Until these conditions are met, it will be premature to promote returns in Cabo Delgado.

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS: JANUARY – AUGUST 2022

- **118,310** people can access GBV services established by UNHCR and partners
- **83,066** people provided with Site Management and Support (SMS) interventions
- **69,545** people/ **13,909** families interviewed for protection monitoring activities
- **36,982** people reached by GBV prevention and response awareness campaigns
- **24,257** people received Core-Relief Items (CRIs)
- **7,523** people from displaced and host communities received support in accessing documentation
- **772** partner and government staff, and community volunteers trained on GBV
- **301** people from displaced and host communities received technical and vocational training
- **300** trained community volunteers providing awareness and referrals to GBV services
- **153** Protection Focal Points working with displaced and host communities, disseminating protection messages and referring vulnerable cases for services and assistance

Map Cabo Delgado with displacement trends as of June 2022

Graduation ceremony of 200 IDPs who completed life skills & business set-up methodologies training in Montepuez District. ©UNHCR/ Elisa Jamal

1. IOM/DTM Mozambique - Cabo Delgado, Nampula, Niassa, Sofala, Zambézia and Inhambane Provinces - IDP Baseline Assessment Round 16 - June 2022
Protection

- **Protection Monitoring (PM) activities**: UNHCR partner HelpCode conducted PM activities to identify and support the referral of IDPs facing protection risks in the districts of Chiure, Metuge, Mueda, Montepuez, Palma and Quissanga. With 33 data collectors, HelpCode interviewed 3,833 families during the reporting period. During PM activities, 335 people with specific needs were identified, including separated children, women at risk, people with disabilities and older people, as well as 845 people without identity documents. Referral to specialized services is ongoing. HelpCode PM coordinators continue working closely with community leaders and local authorities in the above-mentioned districts, especially host communities in Pemba and return communities in Palma and Quissanga, to ensure continued access to carry out activities and to stay abreast of evolving displacement and return trends in the concerned areas. Since January 2022, UNHCR former PM partner Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI) and current PM partner HelpCode interviewed 13,909 IDP and IDP returnee families, representing an estimate of around 69,545 people.

- **Access to documentation**: UNHCR partner Catholic University of Mozambique (UCM) provided support in accessing documentation to 715 people from displaced and host communities in Pemba (201 men, 172 women, 180 girls, and 162 boys). Since January 2022, 7,523 people from displaced and host communities received support in accessing civil documentation (2,356 women, 2,052 men, 1,777 girls, and 1,624 boys).

- **Community engagement and communication with communities**: (i) UNHCR and partners AVSI and Plan International, together with Protection Focal Points (PFPs), conducted awareness raising campaigns focusing on human rights, Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA), early marriage prevention, child protection, disability inclusion, and services available reaching 1,157 people from displaced and host communities in the districts of Ancuabe, Chiure, Mecufi, Metuge, and Pemba (343 women, 290 men, 200 boys, 146 girls, 44 people with disabilities, and 44 elderly people).

- **Psychosocial support**: UNHCR partner AVSI’s psychologists, together with PFPs, provided psychosocial support through home visits to 80 displaced people in Metuge, Montepuez, and Pemba Districts (35 men, 29 women, 10 girls, and 6 boys), from which 37 were people with disabilities (14 men, 10 girls, seven women, and six boys) and 23 were older people (14 women and nine men).

- **Protection of People with Disabilities (PWD)**: UNHCR and partner Humanity and Inclusion (HI), together with government health professionals, identified 679 people living with disabilities in Chiure, Mueda, and Pemba districts of Cabo Delgado to receive assistance devices such as wheelchairs and crutches.

- **Complaints and Feedback Mechanisms (CFM)**: UNHCR partner AVSI received 752 complaints and requests for information through CFM in the districts of Metuge, Montepuez, and Pemba that are being followed up together with partners. Most complaints and requests for information are related to food assistance, core relief items/shelter, lack of civil documentation, and serious medical conditions.

Gender Based Violence

- **Launch of new GBV Legal Support Project**: UNHCR, through partner Doctors with Africa CUAMM, launched a project with local women-led organization Muleide to provide legal assistance to GBV survivors in Chiure, Metuge, Montepuez, and Pemba. The project will operate in the same districts as UNHCR partner CUAMM’s GBV case management and Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) services for a more integrated approach, and has three main components in line with UNHCR GBV strategy core action areas – (i) Response: provide legal services including survivor-centred counselling and case follow up as part of UNHCR’s holistic GBV services; (ii) Prevention: increase awareness of legal rights for women and girls through community volunteers; (iii) Capacity building: for community actors and GBV service providers on legal protection mechanisms for GBV survivors in Mozambique. The legal project is responding to significant gaps in access to
Justice services for IDP survivors as identified in the UNHCR-LSHTM assessment and by safety audits in various locations. The project is already supporting survivors with legal services, including child survivors, survivors of intimate partner violence, and of sexual exploitation.

- **GBV prevention and response and PSEA awareness raising activities:** UNHCR delivered a GBV training on sexual violence and assistance to GBV survivors in Montepuez district to 29 PFPs (16 men and 13 women). This session was the last module of the UNHCR GBV training course for PFPs in Cabo Delgado. In total, all 153 PFPs completed the five modules of the training course focused on GBV community engagement activities and referral pathways using UNHCR awareness raising materials.

- **Prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA):** UNHCR co-chaired the PSEA Network meeting in Cabo Delgado together with Save the Children. The meeting was attended by 20 participants from different UN agencies and NGOs. During the session, the PSEA Coordinator presented the most recent SEA case trends which indicated the ongoing risk of SEA and the need to improve access of survivors to incident reporting and survivor assistance. The trends also showed an improvement in reporting which Network members attributed to the strong work for the PSEA Network to improve PSEA community engagement, messaging, and access to safe community-based reporting mechanisms.

### Livelihoods and Economic Inclusion

- **Life skills and business set-up methodologies training:** Through its partner, AVSI, UNHCR concluded trainings on life skills and business set-up methodologies for 201 people, among whom nearly half were women, from displaced and host communities in Montepuez District. The training aims to support IDPs with technical capacity and funds to start their own businesses within the community. Participants are currently developing business plans with the support of AVSI.

### Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM)

- **Population Head Count in Montepuez and Mueda:** In Montepuez and Mueda, UNHCR and partners AVSI and Solidarités International (SI) are working with the local administration in IDP listing and updating data across sites supported by UNHCR and partners. (i) In Montepuez, UNHCR, AVSI, and the District Services for Planning and Infrastructure (SDPI) concluded a population headcount and shelter verification exercise in Ntele (5,026 families) and Nicuapa (5,160 families) IDP sites. The exercise aims at providing reliable data on IDPs living within the sites with an age and gender breakdown, identify persons with specific needs, as well as shelter interventions required. The data is currently under analysis phase. (ii) In Mueda, SI concluded the population count exercise covering Eduardo Mondlane (1,721 families), Lyanda (2,826 families), Mpeme (1,200 families), and Nandimba (1,654 families) IDP sites. The figure of displaced communities staying in Mueda IDP sites remains fluid and is constantly changing due to spontaneous departures and new arrivals from districts affected by violence, particularly the neighbouring district of Nangade.

- **Community Participation and Site-Level Coordination:** (i) UNHCR and partners AVSI and SI conducted regular service mapping activities in IDP sites in Montepuez and Mueda districts, respectively, and updated and shared the service mapping provision to facilitate the coordination of activities among service providers. (ii) In both districts, UNHCR and partners AVSI and SI conducted meetings with site management committees to facilitate information sharing and community engagement in site management. (iii) In Mueda and Montepuez, UNHCR partners deployed community mobilizers to disseminate information on key messages related to PSEA and services available in IDP sites. In Montepuez, UNHCR partner AVSI is working with 25 community mobilizers (13 men and 12 women) and in Mueda, SI is working with 10 community mobilizers (all women). (iv) Until the present date, 118 cases of complaints and feedback requests were recorded using the revised UNHCR CFM koBo tool launched in July in Montepuez. According to initial analysis, the data shows that
most complaints and information requests received are related to food security, delays in food delivery, and insufficient food provided to cover monthly needs. UNHCR partners are following-up and referring the CFM findings to relevant partners at the site/district level.

- **Site planning and Site Development:** (i) In Mueda, UNHCR, SI and SDPI continue engaged in site preparation and community mobilization projects in Lyanda, including upgrading the main road; constructing roadside drainages, community spaces, and a market space; and connecting the site to the main electricity grid to enable the provision of electricity and light. (ii) In Montepuez, UNHCR and AVSI are planning to construct three community meeting spaces in Campona, Marconi, and Massingiri IDP sites.

- **Shelter and CRIs**

  - **Shelter Activities:**

    - **In Montepuez,** UNHCR, partner AVSI, SDPI, and community leaders completed a shelter verification exercise covering 566 shelters constructed in Mirate, Mararanje, and Massingiri IDP sites. The exercise included house-to-house visits across the three sites to verify and document the completion of transitional shelters, and to receive feedback from families to understand their satisfaction with the shelters received. During the exercise, 64 empty shelters were identified. AVSI is coordinating with SDPI to allocate the shelters to vulnerable families arriving from Ancuabe. Within the reporting period, AVSI completed the shelter assessment conducted at Nicuapa and Ntele IDP sites to inform the selection of vulnerable families and those in most urgent need for shelter assistance. Lastly, UNHCR and partner AVSI completed the excavation of foundation holes for 106 shelters in Chimoio IDP site, the construction of a temporary warehouse, and is currently receiving materials for shelter construction.

    - **In Mueda,** UNHCR partner SI is conducting water trucking and mobilizing the community to daub the mud walls of 100 shelters. UNHCR also conducted a mission to Mueda district to support site planning and development activities conducted by SI. In Lianda IDP site, the construction of four transit facilities is currently ongoing - two are currently being roofed and two are at the excavation of foundations & anchoring of the wooden column poles stage. During the reporting period, SI cleared six km of secondary access roads within Lianda IDP site.

  - **Core relief items (CRI):** In August, in Mueda District, Cabo Delgado Province, UNHCR and partner SI distributed full CRI kits to 500 people (100 families). IDPs who had previously received partial kits, received additional items to top up the kits, amounting to 564 blankets, 369 sleeping mats, 2,478 mosquito nets, 1,238 kitchen sets and 1,243 solar lamps.

- **Financial information**

  UNHCR’s financial requirements for **refugee and IDP activities in Mozambique** in 2022 totals **US$ 36.7 million of which 55 percent has been covered as of end of August.** UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programmes globally:

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