



Sector Gender Monitoring Dashboard  
 Mid-Year (1 January – 30 June 2022)



**SHELTER SECTOR**

**Objective:**

This Gender Monitoring Dashboard is a monitoring tool that provides evidence on to what extent Shelter Sector activities equally benefit women, girls, boys, and men [WGBM] refugees under humanitarian programming. It has been developed based on available data / information shared by partners on ActivityInfo and other useful resources, such as: Regional Indicator Report, Gender and Age Maps, ISWG and COVID-19 Refugee Response monthly updates, Sector Work Plan, etc.

Data is analysed using several M&E and data analysis tools, such as: the Gender & Age Marker (GAM); considerations for the availability, accessibility, acceptability, and quality of data provided and available; and UNHCR’s Age, Gender and Diversity (AGD) approach. The analysis aims to reflect differences that may exist between the genders, clarifications on data used in the analysis, and formulate appropriate recommendations.

With the dashboard information and recommendations, Shelter Sector actors can ensure a gender lens is take in the sector’s annual planning, gender is reflected in the work plan for the upcoming multi-year strategy of 2023- 2025, and gender is being accurately reported and accounted for by Shelter Sector partners.

**Frequency:** twice a year (mid-year and end-year).

**For reference:** [SGFPN page at UNHCR Operational Data Portal.](#)

**1. Situation of the Sector with Gender Consideration**

This section clarifies the selection of the sector indicators carefully chosen for the purpose of this Gender Monitoring Dashboard exercise and the analyses of the figures reflecting the achievement towards any gender category reported (WGBM): totals online ActivityInfo/Dashboard.

The below Indicators were selected in close consultation with the Shelter Sector Coordinators and based on the focus of Shelter repair and rehabilitation response interventions, as well as provision of cash-for-rent assistance, to meet Syrian refugees needs under the JRP’s Refugee Pillar. Data below, collected toward these indicators thus far, provides an overview of the extent to which interventions/activities had a proper gender lens. While other indicators under the Resilience Pillar are available, due to time limitations and a focus by partners are those activities under the Refugee Pillar (i.e. with the bulk of funding supported Refugees Pillar as indicated in the 3RP Shelter Sector Matrices), just three indicators were selected to report on.

<p>REF 1.1:          Installing and maintaining shelter and infrastructure for refugees in camps</p>	<p># of identified shelters and associated facilities in camps repaired/Installed</p> <p>9 identified shelters and associated facilities in camps installed</p> <p>1,139 identified shelters and associated facilities in camps repaired</p>
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<p>REF 2.1 Provision cash for rent services for Syrian refugees and Jordanians in host communities</p> <p>REF 2.2 Provision of shelter rehabilitation and rent-free assistance to most vulnerable Jordanians and Syrian refugees in host communities</p>	<p># of WGBM supported with short term cash for rent</p> <p>12,719 Women supported with short term cash for rent 408 Girls supported with short term cash for rent 449 Boys supported with short term cash for rent 340 Men supported with short term cash for rent</p> <p># of WGBM supported with shelter rehabilitation services combined of a rent-free and/or reduced rent amount lease agreement for 12–18 month period</p> <p>540 Women supported with shelter rehabilitation services combined of a rent-free and/or reduced rent amount lease agreement for 12-18 month period 626 Girls supported with shelter rehabilitation services combined of a rent-free and/or reduced rent amount lease agreement for 12-18 month period 605 Boys supported with shelter rehabilitation services combined of a rent-free and/or reduced rent amount lease agreement for 12-18 month period 475 Men supported with shelter rehabilitation services combined of a rent-free and/or reduced rent amount lease agreement for 12-18 month period</p>
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## 2. Gender Analysis [according to GAM and SGFPN Workplan]

<p>REF 1.1:</p> <p>Repairs/rehabilitation - technical selection criteria included number of family members (10+ receive new caravan, and newlyweds above age of 18 received new caravan). Additionally, evaluating status of caravan as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Repair: where one part or more of the shelter will be repaired (windows, door, floor, etc).</li> <li>-Rehabilitation: where one part or more of the shelter will be completely removed and replaced with a new part.</li> <li>-New: completely new unit.</li> </ul>	<p>No available data on the SADDD: Sex, Age, &amp; Disability Disaggregated Data. Indicators were not updated on the portal through MOPIC for this year, 2022.</p>
<p>REF 2.1:</p> <p>This indicator aims to monitor provision of cash for rent for Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians. The indicator is gender and age lensed, as it takes into account the individual needs of Women, Girls, Boys, and Men. According to the percentages of the beneficiaries highlighted in the example, we can see that women are the largest recipients of cash for rent assistance. Due to specific vulnerabilities a number of</p>	<p>Percentages for short term cash for rent support are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Women 91.39%</li> <li>Girls 2.93%</li> <li>Boys 3.24%</li> <li>Men 2.44%</li> </ul>

<p>Shelter Sector partners have focused their work on addressing shelter needs among women while also addressing the needs of Girls and Boys and then men.</p>	
<p>REF 2.2:</p> <p>This indicator measures shelter rehabilitation for shelters in which Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians reside in the urban areas, including reducing rent or temporarily having no rent in exchange for rehabilitation to the shelter. As per the provided example, all genders and ages are reached through Shelter partners work with an emphasis on reaching women, such as female-headed households who may experience increased vulnerability. Through the data, we can see that these activities are Gender and Age lensed.</p>	<p>Percentages for shelter rehabilitation services are as follows:</p> <p>Women 24.05%</p> <p>Girls 27.87%</p> <p>Boys 26.93%</p> <p>Men 21.15%</p>

### 3. Recommendations [according to GAM and SGFPN Workplan]

<p>REF 1.1</p>	<p>The indicator counts shelters and not beneficiaries. It is recommendation to add an additional indicator that considers the composition of the household reach, which would breakdown the age, gender, and disability of household members.</p>
<p>REF 2.1</p>	<p>To continue with the inclusive cash for rent services and achievements. It will be beneficial to apply the same approach while planning for future activities, making sure that all groups have access to and will benefit from the same services.</p>
<p>REF 2.2</p>	<p>Indicators can be added to take into account the special needs of Women and Girls when rehabilitating shelters. This includes increased measures of privacy and improved access to WASH facilities in the shelter.</p>

### 4. Other Relevant Topics

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