To strengthen and promote an evidence-based protection response, UNHCR and its partners in Belarus, Bulgaria, Hungary, Republic of Moldova, Poland, Romania and Slovakia have been implementing a Protection Profiling and Monitoring exercise to regularly collect and analyze data about the profiles, needs and intentions of refugees from Ukraine and monitor changes over time. This dashboard presents the main results based on 43,571 interviews conducted between May and November 2022.

**Methodology**

Interviews have been conducted in border points and transport hubs (24%), reception and transit centres (18%), collective sites (15%), and assistance points in major cities (29%).

Trained enumerators from UNHCR and partners digitally collect the data through Kobo Toolbox, which is safely stored in UNHCR server.

While respondents are randomly selected to reduce bias, non-probability sampling is used and results cannot necessarily be extrapolated to the population of refugees from Ukraine as a whole. The results reflect refugees’ situation and intentions at the time of data collection.

**RESIDENT PROFILE**

99% of respondents are citizens of Ukraine. Most are women (85%), holding higher levels of education (46% with university or higher degrees and 29% with vocational training) and with diverse professional experiences, particularly in services and trade related sectors.

**Nationality**

99 % of respondents were Ukrainian nationals

**Gender**

85 % of respondents were females

**Top occupational sectors**

- Wholesale & retail: 15%
- Education: 14%
- Healthcare: 9%
- Hotel & restaurant: 5%
- Beauty salon: 5%
- Public administration: 4%
- Construction: 4%
- Social services: 4%
- Mining industry: 4%

**Employment status before leaving Ukraine**

- Employed: 73%
- Retired: 14%
- Housekeeping: 8%
- Unemployed: 4%
- Student: 2%

* Multiple responses were possible, so percentages can go over 100% when added.
** Due to rounding some percent totals do not add up to 100%.

We are grateful for the extensive involvement and support of UNHCR’s partners, in particular: Human Rights League, IFRC, InterSOS, Law Center of Advocates (CDA), Mareena, People in Need, REACH, Romanian National Council for Refugees (CNRR) and Slovak Humanitarian Council.

We are also grateful for the support of local authorities, civil society, international organizations and donors. Most importantly, UNHCR would like to acknowledge the resilience and strength of refugees from Ukraine, who continue to share with us their challenges, fears and hopes.

UNHCR Regional Bureau for Europe | www.unhcr.org/europe | UNHCR Operational Portal for the Ukraine Emergency | rbeext@unhcr.org
The majority of respondents (78%) are separated from some of their immediate family members, the primary reason being the restriction of freedom of movement for men due to martial law. Women and children represent 87% of all family members that left Ukraine together and 13% of family members are older persons. Among those who travelled accompanied, 5% travelled with unrelated children.

More than half of respondents were forced to leave their place of origin between end-February and April 2022. The top three places of origin are Odeska, Kharkivska and Kyiv City. 16% of respondents were displaced in Ukraine before leaving the country. 95% of respondents were carrying a national passport but out of those only 74% were biometric.

### Immediate family age group and gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-17</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-59</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60+</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: including the respondent*

### Travelling with unrelated children

- No: 95%
- Yes: 5%

### Temporary visit

- 23% of respondents visited Ukraine at least once since their initial departure

### Internally displaced before leaving Ukraine

- 16%

### Date of departure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>38%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Top 10 places of origin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Odeska</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kharkivska</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyiv City</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dnipropetrovska</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donetsk</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mykolaisvka</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zaporizka</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khersonska</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyivska</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lvivska</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Documents carried during travel*

- National passport: 95%
- Id Card: 23%
- Birth certificate: 21%

### Passport type**

- Biometric: 74%
- Internal: 19%
- Non-biometric: 7%

*Note: data related to travel documents not available for Belarus.

** Due to rounding some percent totals do not add up to 100%.
The majority of respondents are staying in hosted or rented accommodation (68%), while 28% are still staying in collective sites, planned sites and reception or transit centres. 12% of respondents have relatives in their host country. The top three urgent needs reported by respondents are **cash**, **employment** and **accommodation**. Respondents report preferring to receive information on **financial aid services** and **work opportunities**, followed by **medical care** and **legal status**.

### Current accommodation

- **Rented accommodation**: 36%
- **Hosting accommodation**: 32%
- **Collective site**: 14%
- **Reception centre**: 8%
- **Planned site**: 3%
- **Transit centre**: 3%
- **Other**: 3%
- **I do not have anywhere to stay**: 1%

### Respondents with at least 1 family member at heightened risks

- **Disability**: 12%
- **Medical condition**: 12%
- **Older persons at risk**: 11%
- **A way to contact my family**: 1%

### Urgent needs*

1. **Cash**: 49%
2. **Employment**: 36%
3. **Accommodation**: 33%
4. **Material assistance**: 26%
5. **Healthcare**: 23%
6. **Food**: 15%
7. **Education**: 14%
8. **Family reunification**: 10%
9. **Legal advice**: 9%
10. **Information about services**: 8%
11. **Transportation**: 4%
12. **Psychosocial support**: 4%
13. **A way to contact my family**: 1%

### Preferred social media channel*

1. **Telegram**: 31%
2. **Facebook**: 30%
3. **Viber**: 24%
4. **Instagram**: 7%
5. **Whatsapp**: 6%
6. **Youtube**: 2%

---

* Multiple responses were possible, so percentages can go over 100% when added.
** Due to rounding some percent totals do not add up to 100%.
The large majority (63%) report plans to stay in their current host country in the near future, with safety, family ties, employment and asylum procedure as the main reasons. Only 14% report plans to return to Ukraine in the near future, but 74% are uncertain as to when exactly they would do so. The main reason behind intention to return is the perception that the situation has improved, followed by economic reasons and desire to go back home and reunite with family members. 9% report plans to move to another host country and 14% are uncertain about their plans.

**Near future intentions**

- Stay in host country: 63%
- Don’t know: 14%
- Return to Ukraine: 14%
- Move to another host country: 9%

**Why: Top reasons to move**

- Family ties: 30%
- Safety: 20%
- Employment: 17%
- Community ties: 9%
- Asylum procedure: 9%
- Advised: 6%
- Other: 4%
- Education: 2%
- Language: 2%

**When**

- This month: 69%
- After a month: 4%

**Where: % returning to the same Oblast**

- 89%

**Concerns about returning**

- Yes: 14%
- No: 86%

**Why: Top reasons to return**

- Improved situation: 26%
- Financial reasons: 13%
- Reunite with family: 11%
- Family visit: 8%
- Advised by family: 6%
- Employment: 5%
- Family evacuation: 5%
- Education: 3%
- Healthcare: 2%

**When**

- Uncertain: 74%
- This month: 19%
- After a month: 8%

**Where: % returning to the same Oblast**

- 86%

**Where to: Top 5 destination**

- Germany: 25%
- Canada: 10%
- Norway: 6%
- Italy: 3%
- France: 3%

*The analysis in this section excludes respondents interviewed on the same day they were departing from their current host country.

** Due to rounding some percent totals do not add up to 100%.**