In Dhamar and Al Bayda governorates, scarcity of service providers resulted in grave needs, with food being a priority to IDPs, followed by WASH and health. Cessation of cash assistance reduced IDPs’ capacity to cope. Similarly, scaling down of maintenance in the sites have slowed down critical infrastructural improvements.

In the West Coast, IOM’s CCCM team in coordination with the local authorities celebrated the 16 days activism in their managed sites. The teams raised awareness on the importance of involving the women in all activities and standing against gender-based violence. Hundreds of men, women and children took part in the celebration which included an exhibition of crafts and role plays performed by the site residents.

UNHCR is planning to reduce its target for 2023 in light with funding shortfall, focusing its CCCM intervention on maintenance and monitoring.

Led by OCHA, the subnational teams in Al Hodeidah hub are devising a concentrated plan to mobilized humanitarian response in Az-Zuhrah district through outlining the ongoing and planned activities to cover the gaps identified in IDP sites in the district.
ACHIEVEMENTS

• **Maintenance:** CCCM partner, SDF, has constructed 65 latrines rehabilitated 22 latrine pits as part of their maintenance activities in Dhamar and Al Bayda governorates. This month, IDPs in Dhamar and Al Bayda also organized cleaning campaigns and received first-aid kits as well as plumbing toolboxes for maintenance and repair of water points and latrines in their sites. In Al Salam, Al Razoh, and Al Wahdah sites, 400 students living there received school supplies from SDF. In Al Razoh, 2 temporary classrooms were also constructed in coordination with local education authorities. SDF also constructed two communal spaces in Al Rozoh and Dhaif sites in Dhamar. In Al Khokha, NRC installed latrine for people affected by a recent fire incident in Al Jasha site. In Hays, NRC distributed 165 school chairs and desks to Al Tadhamon and Al Nahdha schools which serve IDP children in the district. Al Thadhamon school was also rehabilitated by NRC, and 3 new classrooms were built as an extension to the school. IOM CCCM teams in Ibb and the West Coast established safety committees who conduct first-aid trainings and respond to safety incidents in their sites. In Al Yabli site, IOM also implemented two community led project, cash for kitchen improvement to reduce fire risks, and cash for latrine rehabilitation where 182 families including family members with specific needs have safe access to latrines. In addition, IOM CCCM team levelled mobile sand dunes that were posing significant threat to shelters, school, and other site facilities in two IOM managed sites in West Coast using wheel loader machinery. To mitigate flood risks, IOM CCCM team installed soil embankments in their managed sites to protect 135 families. In Ibb, IOM distributed hygiene kits and cleaning materials in 21 sites. In Taiz, Deem implemented a number of maintenance projects to mitigate health and protection risks, including latrine pit suction, installation of 6 water points, supplying of a solar inverter, installation of 45 light poles, and distribution of 41 fire extinguishers and 41 first-aid kits. In Al Hodeidah and Al Mahwit, JAAHD completed 6 site maintenance and quick-impact projects which included rehabilitation of two schools, distribution of 200 solar fans for older persons and persons with disability, flood mitigation, health facility rehabilitation, production & distribution of 135 portable stoves that operate by fans, and livestock project distribution of 100 goats. Similarly, in Hajjah, RADF completed implementing 4 including water scheme rehabilitation, stone road pavement construction, school rehabilitation, and construction of three water distribution points each supplemented with a 5,000-liter tank. In Abs, DRC constructed a water tower in Al Arjain, installed 50 latrines, distributed 900 hygiene kits, and rehabilitated 2 health facilities. UNHCR partners, YARD and YDF, completed 10 maintenance projects in Sa‘ada and Al Jawf to improve WASH and Health facilities, and road access to the sites. YDF also conducted five cleaning campaigns in their manages sites in Sa‘ada, while YARD conducted awareness to 818 families in Al Jawf on safe warming practices and fire prevention.

• **Capacity building and awareness:** In their managed sites in Al Khokha, NRC trained the Community Committees on camp management. NRC also conducted a hygiene promotion awareness campaign in Al Khokha. DRC’s team also conducted 4 awareness raising campaigns on fire safety, CFRM, and protection from infectious diseases like Dengue in three districts of the West Coast, and in collaboration with the local Health office. In three sites managed by DRC in the West Coast, first-aid committees were established and trained.
- **Sectoral response:**
  - **Shelter**: 190 families living in mud shelters in Al Wahdah site in Dhamar, and four sites in Al Bayda, received shelter maintenance kits by SDF to mitigate the impact of rain and other natural elements on their shelters. In Dhamar governorate, SDF is constructing 488 transitional shelters in Dhaf and Al Salam Sites. In Taiz, 322 families received shelter kits by Deem. UNHCR, through JAAHD, completed the maintenance of 2000 shelters in various IDP sites in Az Zuhra district in Al Hodeidah, and constructed 339 transitional shelter in Abs district in Hajjah. Similarly, in Abs, NRC and DRC completed 560 and 110 transitional shelters, respectively. UNHCR, through RADF, responded to 100 fire and eviction cases in Hajjah by ESKs and NFIs. Likewise, UNHCR responded to 5 evicted HHs with TESKs in Al Ghurfah IDP site in Ad Durihimi district under NRC management. NRC also supported 208 families with emergency shelter in RADF’s managed sites in Abs, including 3 evicted families and one family affected by fire who also received RRM and NFI kits beside the emergency shelters. To prevent mosquito bites, UNHCR’s partner RADF distributed 6,694 mosquito nets to 3,347 families living in their managed sites in Abs. UNHCR, through its partners YARD and YDF, distributes NFIs to 3,083 families in 9 sites in Sa’ada. In addition, 1,004 families received shelter assistance from UNHCR in Sa’ada and Al Jawf districts.
  - **Food**: ICRC distributed one-off food to 1,997 families in different IDP sites in Az Zuhra’a district/Hodeida. In the same district, CARE distributed the 4th and final round of cash-for-assets to 700 casual workers for the communal asset rehabilitation in Az-Zuhrah district. In coordination with FSAC subnational cluster, Pure hands organization plans to target 200 displaced families in Al Hodeida and Hajjah with food assistance for 12 rounds.
  - **Protection**: 77 families in the West Coast received cash assistance by NRC. UNHCR, through JAAHD, provided materials and training to 20 women on the production of pastries in Az-Zuhrah.

---

**CHALLENGES**

- Continuing challenges with movements of CCCM teams was reported in Dhamar and Al Bayda due to reduction of vehicles.
- Reduction of funding for site maintenance and community-led projects impacted IDPs engagement in these projects and their benefitting from cash-for-work.
- The lack of humanitarian partners in Dhamar, Al Bayda, Sa’ada, and Al Jawf is posing serious challenges for SDF on responding to sectoral gaps. In the West Coast, NRC has also identified several critical gaps in their sites for escalation.
- In the West Coast, lack of national IDs remains the biggest challenge. The CCCM Area-Based coordinator there is looking with the ExU, OCHA, and the Civil Registration office to develop a temporary solution for the issue so that IDPs continue receiving life-saving assistance.
- In Al Haima area of At Tuhayta district in Al Hodeidah, IOM and DRC CCCM teams are still unbale to access the 10 IDP sites there to conduct day to day activities as checkpoints are not allowing any NGOs to access the area.
- Lack of shelter and NFI stocks remains a challenge. Extreme shortage of winterization support in Ibb, Sana’a, Marib and Sa’adah hubs have left many IDPs in substandard shelter conditions struggling from extreme cold
weather especially at night. Shortfall in health support has exacerbated the issue with shrinking healthcare for IDPs who have fallen sick this winter.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Advocacy to mobilize all sectors to intervene in Al Bayda governorate and Mawiyah district of Taiz, education and shelter/NFI sectors in Ibb hub and Al Hodeidah hub, and WASH sector in Sa’adah hub and Taiz governorate.
- Advocacy for increased CCCM funding for maintenance and community-led projects.
- Advocacy for UNHCR’s cash assistance in IDP sites facing protection risks in Ibb hub.
- Need for strengthening Health partners coordination for Southern Hodeida specially for the emergency health cases.
- Advocacy for access in Al Haima area, Tuhayta district as there are nearly 2,000 families in the area who are in desperate need for basic humanitarian services.

IDPs at the Al-Judad site in Dhamar Governorate received a plumbing box as part of the UNHCR-funded SDF-CCCM site maintenance project activities. All needed to maintain and repair the water points and latrines on the site are contained in the plumbing box. A brief description of the box’s contents and how to utilize it was provided by a plumbing expert on the site. The community committee will be in charge of the plumbing box on 21/12/2022. Pic taken by M. Almutawakel CCCM site coordinator.