Overview

Overall objective of the Gender-based Violence (GBV) sector

The GBV sector aims at generating longer-term attitudinal and behavior changes relating to gender roles, norms, and gender-based violence. The sector also ensures that survivors of GBV and those at risk have access to survivor-centered and timely case management services, as well as linking survivors to multi-sectoral support.

Q4 Achievements

By the end of December 2022, members of the GBV Sector Working Group (SWG) managed 5,851 incidents, reported in the GBVIMS from all thirteen refugee hosting districts in Uganda. The main types of GBV disclosed by survivors include psychosocial/ emotional abuse (33%), physical assault (24%), and rape (20%). Satisfaction with GBV case management services by survivors stood at 95%. Forced marriage/ child marriage remains a concern particularly among the South Sudanese population, where the marriage was. In addition, by Q4, a cumulative number of 394,491 persons we served had been reached with GBV awareness raising and prevention activities. However, the aftershocks of COVID-19, compounded by the recent Ebola outbreak, have made access to the services challenging.

To see longer-term changes in attitudes towards gender norms, power relationships and gender-based violence, the SASA! Methodology is currently rolled out in eight out of thirteen different refugee hosting districts.

Main challenges and gaps

- Case worker ratio and access to survivor-centred case GBV response services, remain inadequate due to limited resources.
- Limited number of trained case workers attending to GBV survivors.
- Based on the satisfaction surveys conducted, survivors reported dissatisfaction with the follow-up on cases.
- Survivors travel over long distances to access services and there are limited results from seeking legal and security services.
- Limited funding is the main impediment to roll-out and implement comprehensive prevention programs in all settlements, including SASA! Together.
- Additional programmatic gaps include inadequate resources for menstrual hygiene kits, limited number of MHPSS partners to address high level of psychological needs and distress, as well as late reporting of cases arising from negative cultural beliefs.
- Limited livelihoods assistance for single women and teenage mothers.

Key indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Achievements in</th>
<th>Remaining from annual target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5,851 GBV incidents reported</td>
<td>5,851</td>
<td>117%</td>
<td>117%</td>
<td>117%</td>
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<tr>
<td>9,151 Total Interventions</td>
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<tr>
<td>GBV survivors receiving appropriate multi-sectoral support</td>
<td>394,491</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>70%</td>
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<td>Target: 5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of persons reached with GBV awareness raising messages</td>
<td>5,788</td>
<td>115%</td>
<td>115%</td>
<td>115%</td>
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<td>Target: 560,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Functional structures trained and able to support survivors</td>
<td>1,750</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>95%</td>
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<td>Target: 4,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Outcome: Reduced Incidence of GBV and satisfaction with multi-sectoral services provided

Women, men, boys and girls reached with GBV awareness raising messages

- Congolese refugees: 171,727 / 200,000 (86%)
- South Sudanese refugees: 196,286 / 350,000 (56%)
- Other refugees: 26,487 / 10,000 (>100%)

GBV survivors receiving appropriate multi-sectoral support

- Congolese refugees: 2,814 / 2,200 (>100%)
- South Sudanese refugees: 2,359 / 2,500 (94%)
- Other refugees: 497 / 300 (>100%)

Community and functional structures (duty bearers) trained on GBV prevention and response

- Congolese refugees: 1,627 / 2,000 (81%)
- South Sudanese refugees: 4,033 / 1,500 (>100%)
- Other refugees: 128 / 500 (26%)
Operational Presence (GBV)

Koboko
- DRC, UNHCR*

Yumbe
- ADRA, CARE, Caritas, FID/FMU, IRC, UNHCR*, UNFPA*

Terego & Madi Okollo
- CARE, CEFORD, CEPAD, DRC, IRC, PWJ, TPO, UNHCR*, UNFPA*, UNWOMEN*

Adjumani
- CARE, FCA, LWF, TPO, WVI, UNDP*, UNFPA*, UNHCR*, UNWOMEN*

Kikuube
- Alight, CARE, TPO, UNHCR*

Kyegegwa
- Alight, CARE, Caritas, FCA, GNIU, IRC, PWJ, TPO, UNHCR**

Kamwenge
- Alight, LWF, SOS, UNHCR*

Kisoro
- CARE

Isingiro
- Alight, UNHCR*

Lamwo
- CARE, IRC, LWF, WVI, UNDP*, UNFPA*, UNHCR*

Obongi
- CARE, CFI, FCA, LWF, PALM Corps, RICE-WIN, UNFPA**, UNHCR*

Kiryandongo
- DRC, TPO, UNHCR*

Kampala
- CAFOMI, IRC, JRS, UNHCR**

The boundaries and names shown and the designations on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

* Funding implementing partners
** Both operational partner and funding implementing partners