



Overview

With an estimated **91,000 people** fleeing to Ethiopia's Doolo Zone since the beginning of the conflict, refugees urgently need food and nutritional assistance. The Doolo Zone have already been severely affected by **prolonged drought** that has rendered people in the host community vulnerable to food insecurity. WFP, the Refugees and Returnees Service (RRS) of

the Ethiopian Government in collaboration with the local authorities began **general food distribution** on 28th March in three *kebeles* hosting a large number of refugees; Docmo, Goob and Hegaale, with plans to distribute food in the newly established **Mirqaan Settlement** and **Hegaale** in incoming weeks.

Key figures





4 partners collaborating Local Government, RRS, UNHCR, WFP

83,450 individuals have

received food



61,100 individuals have received high energy biscuits and date bars 16.95
kg of food is being distributed for each household

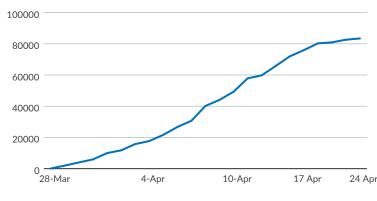
rub halls have been constructed in Mirqaan to preposition food

REEDS

- As an estimated 80,000 people take shelter outside the Mirqaan Settlement, activities aimed at reducing food insecurity **targeting both the host community and refugees** are urgently needed.
- Livelihoods including food and income sources have been severely disrupted across the Doolo Zone and food insecurity concerns are increased due to the prolonged drought.

- The first cycle of general food distribution has been completed with over **80,000 people** across the Doolo Zone receiving food, reaching over 91% of the people targeted. Additionally **60,000** individuals received high energy biscuits and date bars to date.
- Community engagement activities regarding the second phase of the general food distribution has been completed, informing refugees about the modalities of the second phase.

Number of People Received Food Assistance (cumulative)





The inter-agency community responded to the high rates of food insecurity by distributing food in three kebeles hosting a large number of refugees. @UNHCR/Diana Diaz

- The prolonged drought has had long-lasting implications on the food value chains, thefefore, concrete planning around humanitarian cash transfers is needed to ensure self-reliance of individuals is increased and socio-economic inclusion of refugees is facilitated.
- Limited partner presence on the ground hinders efforts to establish reliable population and demographic data on the **household food insecurity levels** across the Doolo Zone.

UNHCR thanks donors who contributed earmarked and unearmarked funds for their support to our response to this emergency (As of May 2023;



UNHCR - Sources: UNHCR, Humanitarian Partners | Questions and Feedback - Food Security Focal Point: Kazi Nasmus Sakib sakib@unhcr.org Information Management: Akinalp Orhan orhan@unhcr.org