UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

AWDAL, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	41	833
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	314	7785
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	6	222

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Drought	97%
Flood	0%
Other	3%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
104	104	49	42	16

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
41%	92%	0%

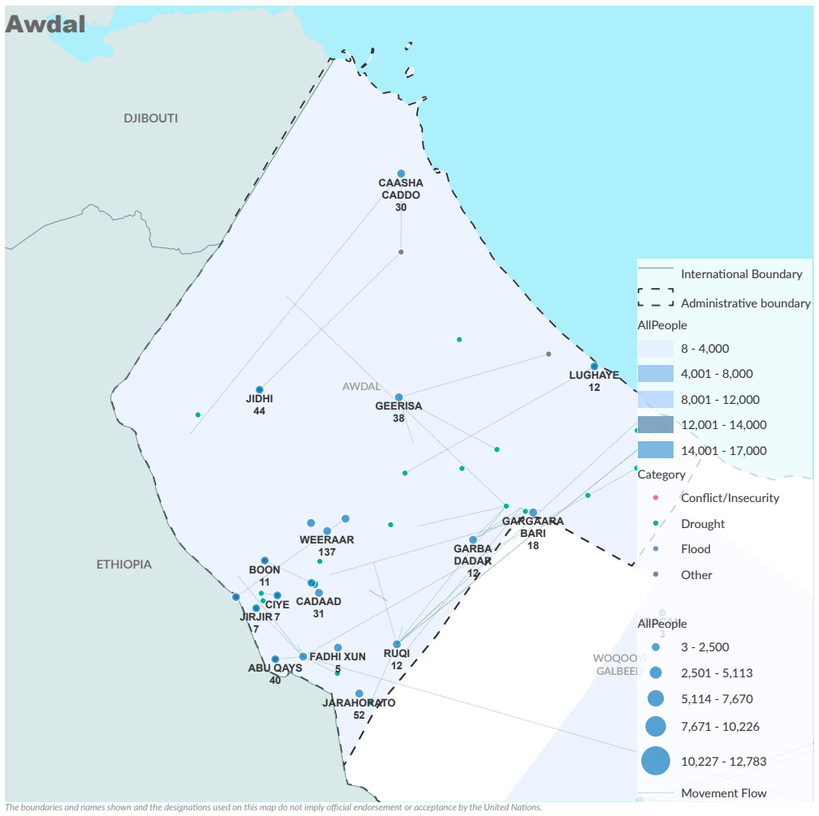
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
2%	98%	0%	0%	0%

[4]In DEC 2023, 6 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Baki district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (187).

106 individuals were displaced to Garba Dadar settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Lughaye district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (127).

75 individuals were displaced to Garaaca settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

53 individuals were displaced to Sheed Dheer settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Borama district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (47%)
- Attempted rape (27%).

Borama district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (1345).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child and forced family separation
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	2%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	98%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BAKOOL, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

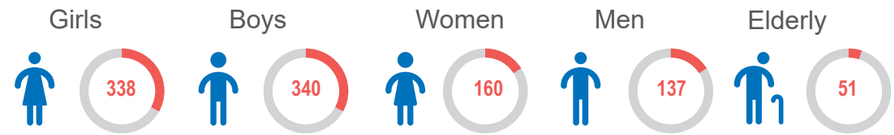
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	143	2967
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1026	57330
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	130	738

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

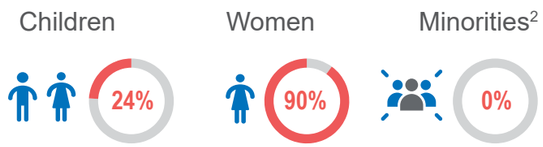
Drought	100%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

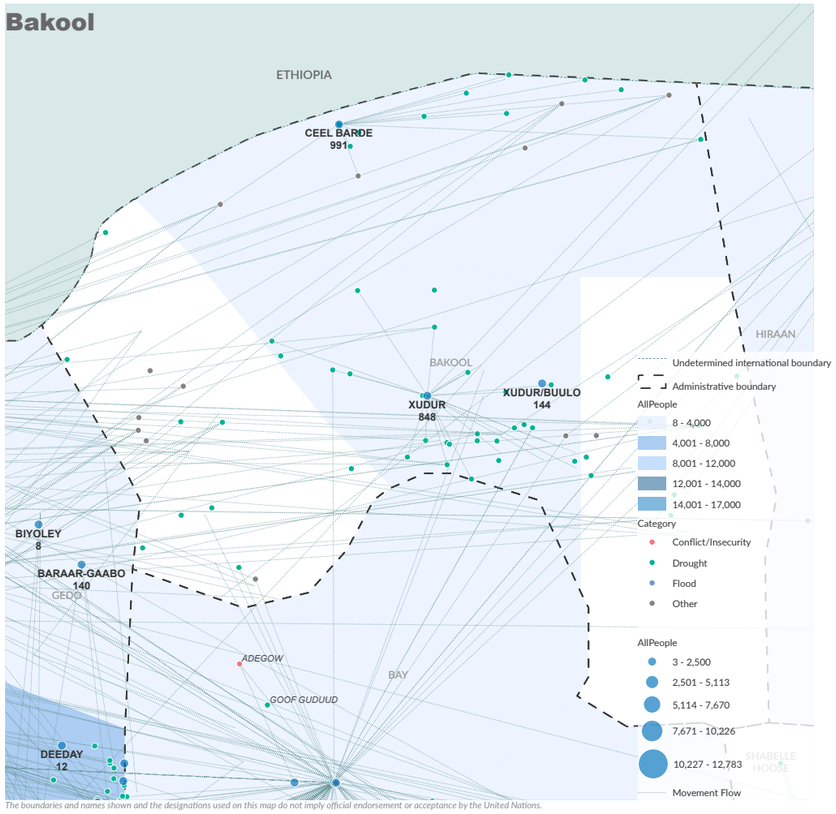


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 222 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Ceel Barde district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (585).

578 individuals were displaced to Ceel Barde settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Xudur district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (441).

441 individuals were displaced to Xudur settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

7 individuals were displaced to Kuusaw settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In December 2023, 11% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bakool region.

Xudur district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bakool region (55%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (73%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (11%).

Xudur district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (1099).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	97%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	1%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	1%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BANADIR, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	259	3387
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	9250	192642
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	224	1653

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Drought	2%
Flood	89%
Other	0%
Conflict	8%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
3,051	3,065	1,443	1,232	458

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
9%	61%	0%

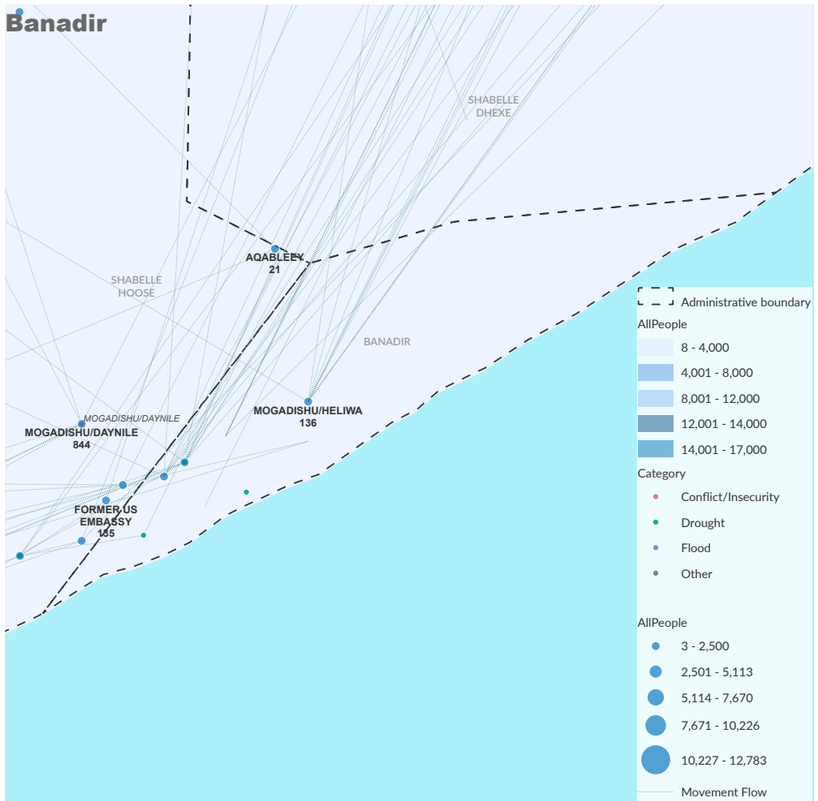
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
3%	9%	0%	1%	87%

[4]In DEC 2023, 152 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



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Banadir district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (9250).

6731 individuals were displaced to Kaxda/Mogadishu settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

975 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/Daynile settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

222 individuals were displaced to Kaxda/Mogadishu settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In December 2023, 18% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Banadir region.

Banadir district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Banadir region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (47%)

Banadir district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (9892).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	88%
Water	1%
Shelter	8%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	3%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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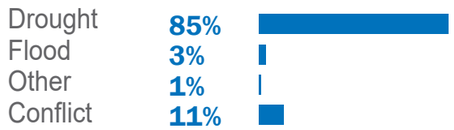
PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BARI, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

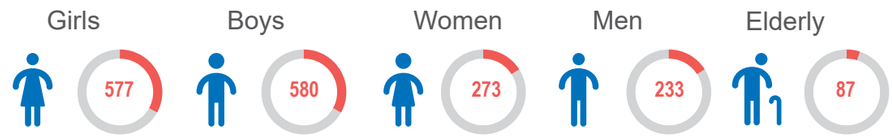
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	279	3508
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1750	92471
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	74	586

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

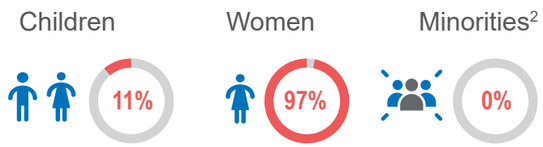


DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

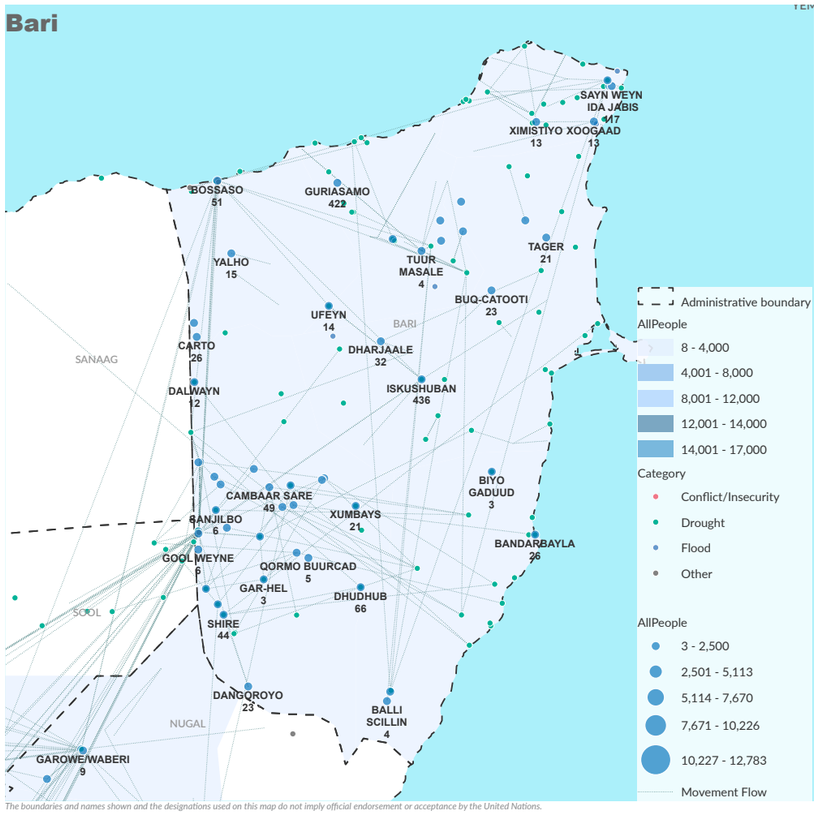


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 72 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



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Qardho district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1500).

338 individuals were displaced to Qardho settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Iskushuban district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (82).

73 individuals were displaced to Rako settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Bandarbeyla district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (67).

70 individuals were displaced to Qardho settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In December 2023, 6% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bari region.

Bossaso district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bari region (92%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (64%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Bossaso district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (2077).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Disinformation and denial of access to information
3. Child, early or forced marriage

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	35%
Water	0%
Shelter	4%
Health	2%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	43%
Transport	0%
Other	10%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

BAY, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	242	4143
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1662	219022
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	128

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	98%
Other	2%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
548	551	259	221	82

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
1%	66%	0%

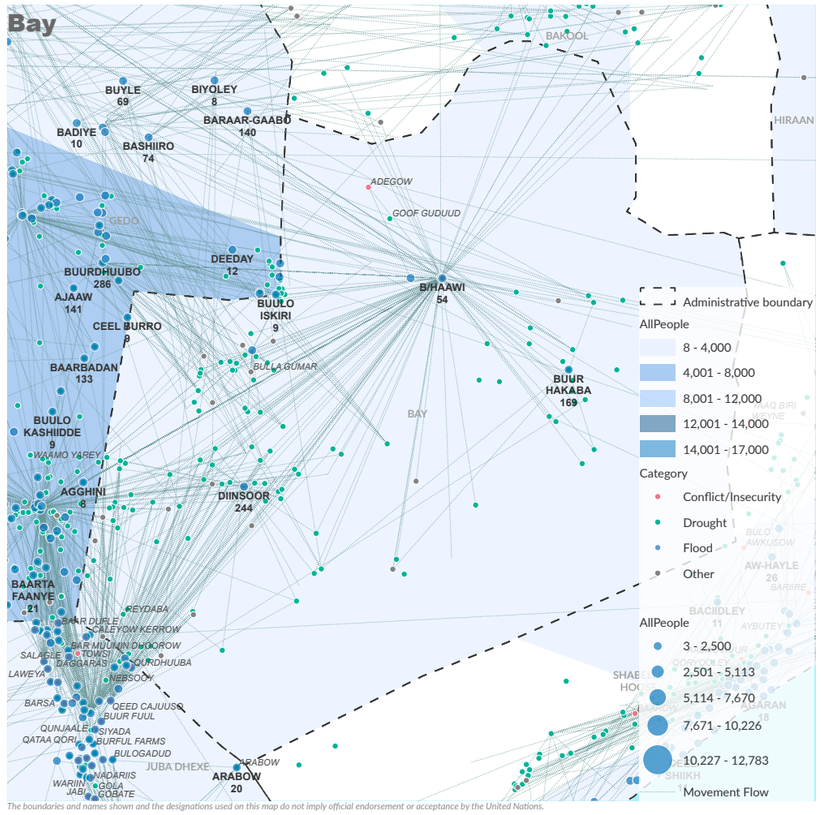
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
0%	7%	0%	0%	93%

[4]In DEC 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



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Baidoa district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (695).

352 individuals were displaced to Qansax Dheere settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Qansax Dheere district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (354).

337 individuals were displaced to Diinsoor settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Diinsoor district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (352).

295 individuals were displaced to Baidoa/Horseed settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bay region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bay region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Rape (37%)
- Torture (31%).

Baidoa district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (3615).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	98%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	2%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

GALGADUUD, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	0	171
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	0	167461
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	248

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
0	0	0	0	0

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
20%	47%	0%

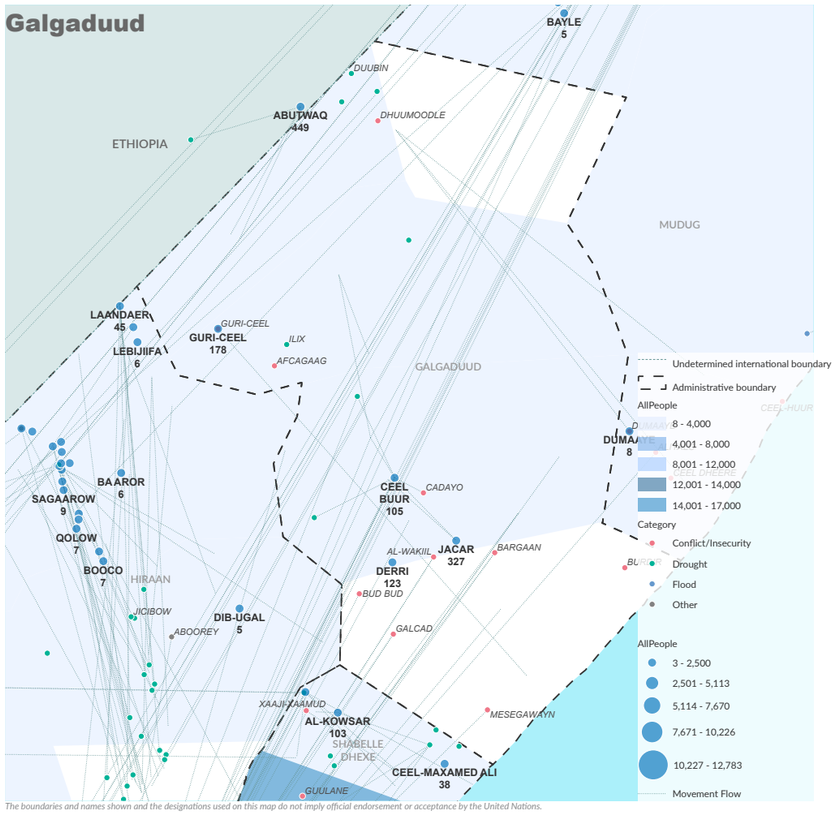
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
12%	37%	1%	8%	42%

[4]In DEC 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



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- district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Galgaduud region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Galgaduud region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Kidnapping/Abduction (25%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Dhuusamarreeb district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (566).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. -
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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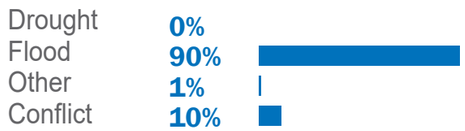
PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

GEDO, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

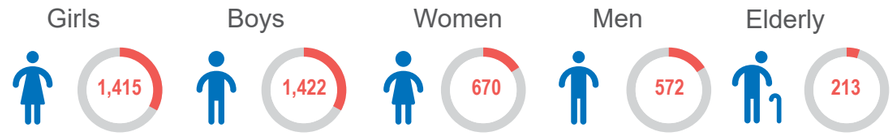
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	509	6785
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	4291	610422
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	177

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

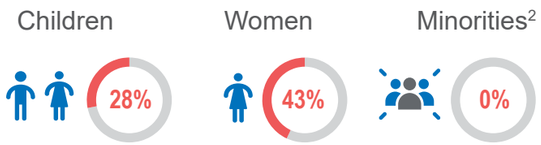


DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

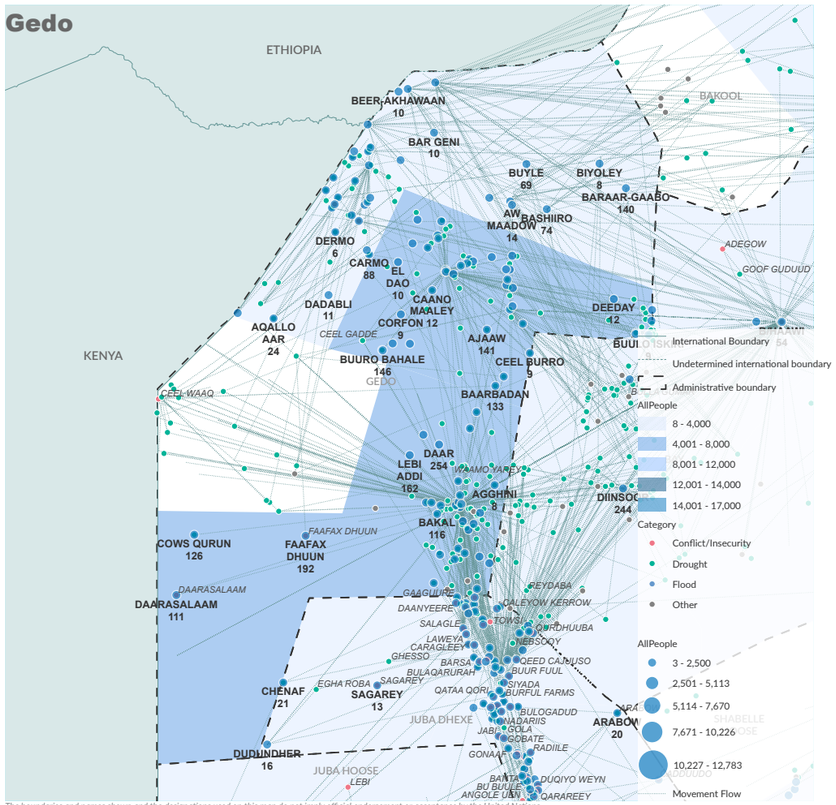


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Baardheere district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1704).

321 individuals were displaced to Baardheere/ Hilaac settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Doolow district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1078).

316 individuals were displaced to Baardheere/Hawl Wadaag settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Belet Xaawo district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (720).

311 individuals were displaced to Baardheere/ Waaberi settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Gedo region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Gedo region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (22%)

Baardheere district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (518).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
2. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property
3. Disinformation and denial of access to informa-

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

HIRAAN, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

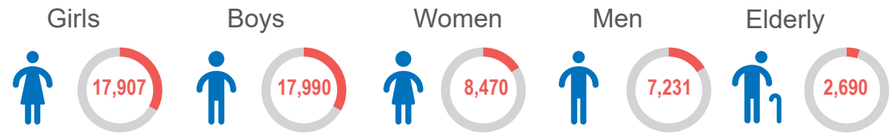
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	21	1216
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	54288	555799
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	83

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

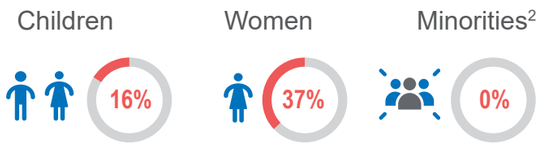
Drought	0%
Flood	100%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

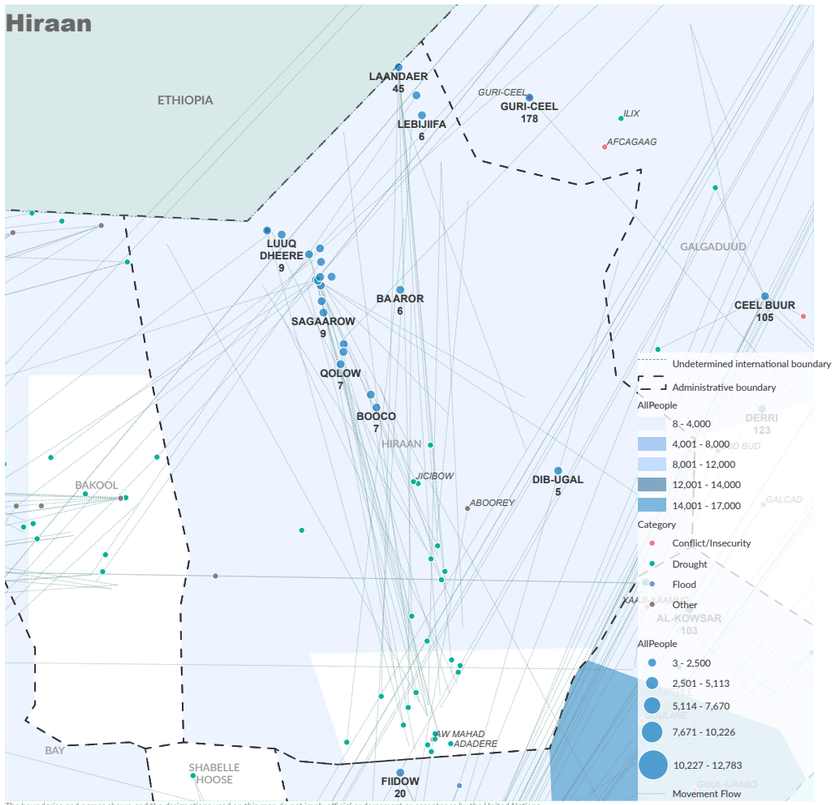


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Jalalaqsi district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (53196).

5550 individuals were displaced to Dheen settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Bulo Burto district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1080).

5310 individuals were displaced to Xudaley settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Belet Weyne district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (12).

4500 individuals were displaced to Daba Yare settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Hiraan region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Hiraan region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (47%)
- Kidnapping/Abduction (17%).

Belet Weyne district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (409).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child and forced family separation
2. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	37%
Water	0%
Shelter	63%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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WFP World Food Programme

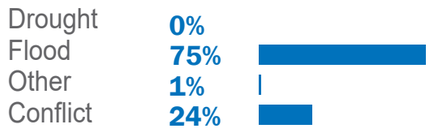
PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

LOWER JUBA, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

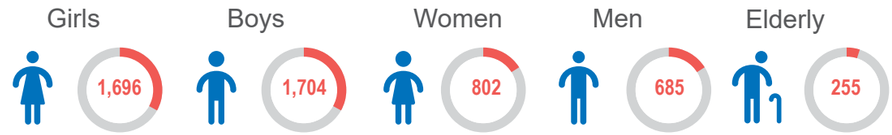
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	801	6859
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	5142	187720
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	112	624

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

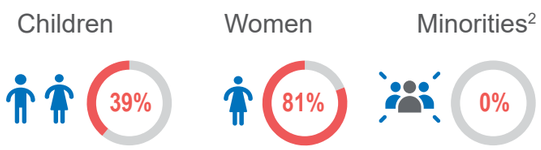


DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

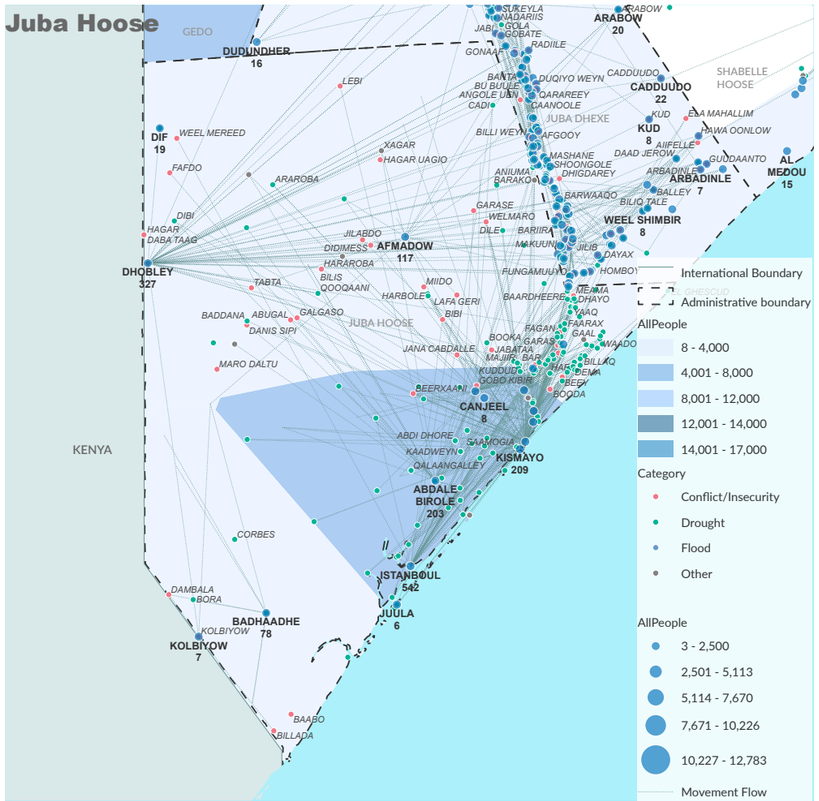


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 126 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Afmadow district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (2374).

922 individuals were displaced to Dhobley settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Kismayo district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (2102).

446 individuals were displaced to Afmadow settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

Badhaadhe district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (529).

428 individuals were displaced to Yoontoy settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 9% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Juba region.

Afmadow district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Juba region (70%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (27%)

Afmadow district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (784).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Abduction, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary or unlawful arrest and/or detention
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	64%
Water	0%
Shelter	29%
Health	1%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	6%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

LOWER SHABELLE, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

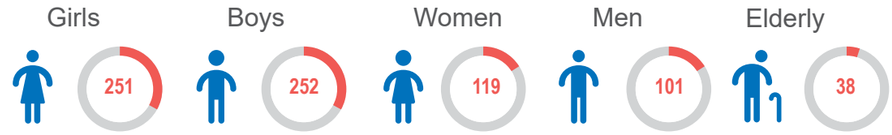
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	34	1173
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	760	76819
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	208	1375

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

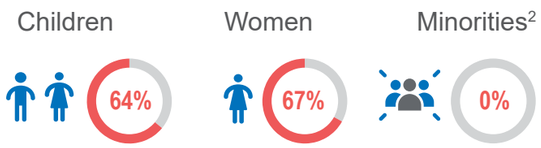
Drought	0%
Flood	97%
Other	3%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

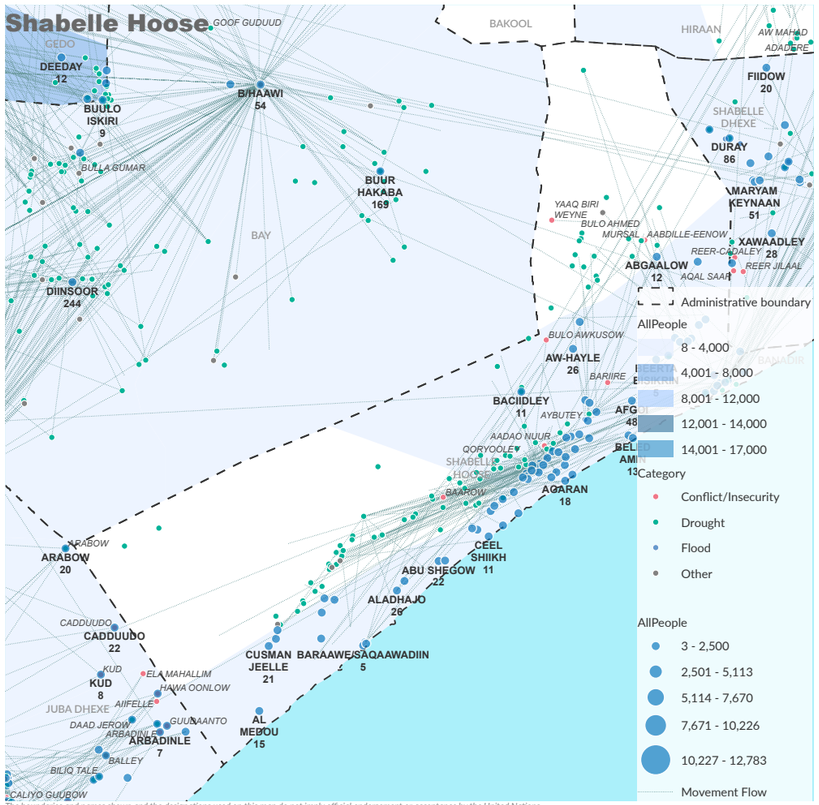


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 224 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Afgooye district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (398).

235 individuals were displaced to Afgooye/Baalguri settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Marka district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (362).

150 individuals were displaced to Afgooye/Hawo Tako settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

77 individuals were displaced to Marka/Hawl Wadaag settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 17% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Shabelle region.

Afgooye district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Shabelle region (28%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (28%)
- Child Abandonment (Right to care) (13%).

Marka district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (2650).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	9%
Water	0%
Shelter	2%
Health	23%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	64%
Transport	0%
Other	1%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

MIDDLE JUBA, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

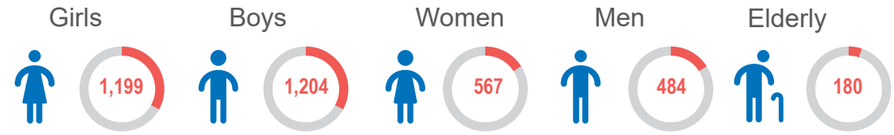
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	642	7556
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	3634	176313
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	1366

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

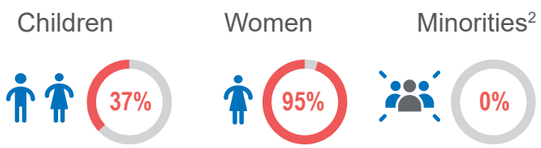
Drought	0%
Flood	85%
Other	0%
Conflict	15%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

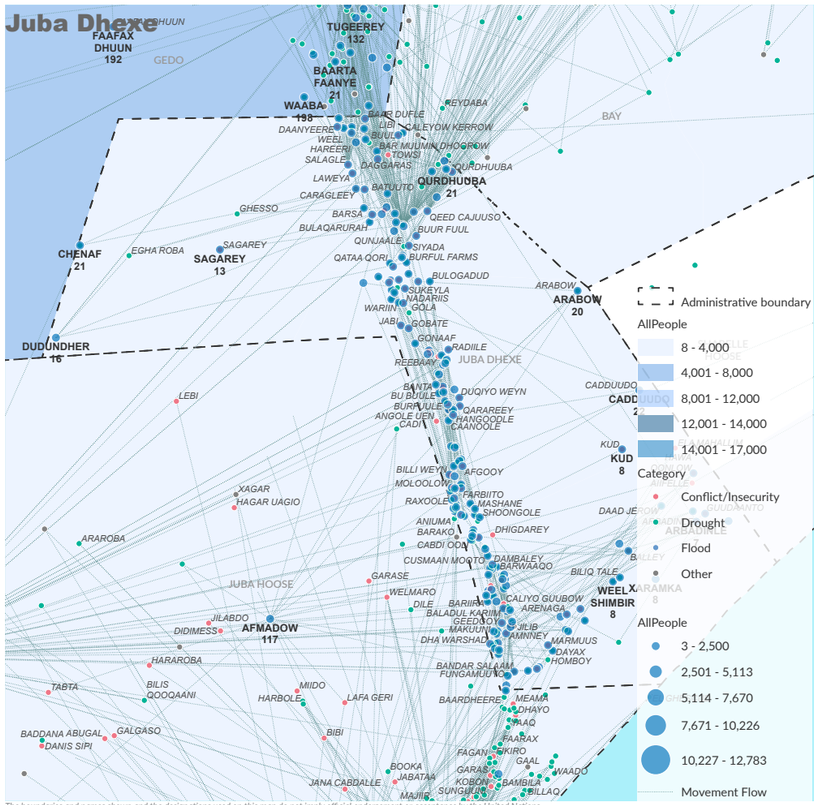


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Saakow district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1557).

1298 individuals were displaced to Saakow settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Bu'aale district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1069).

157 individuals were displaced to Salagle settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Jilib district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1008).

102 individuals were displaced to Mus Duniya settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Juba region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Juba region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (90%)

Bu'aale district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (731).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Child and forced family separation

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	81%
Water	0%
Shelter	17%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	1%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

MIDDLE SHABELLE, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

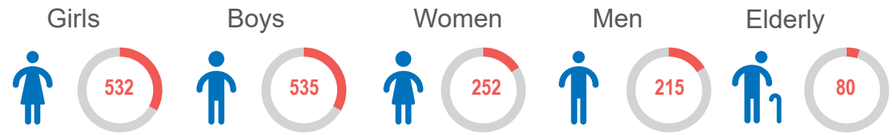
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	47	1263
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1613	44262
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	48	406

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

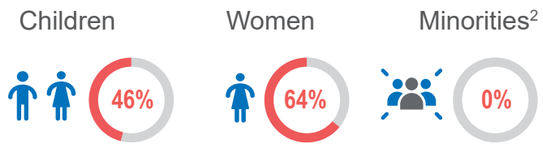
Drought	0%
Flood	97%
Other	0%
Conflict	3%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

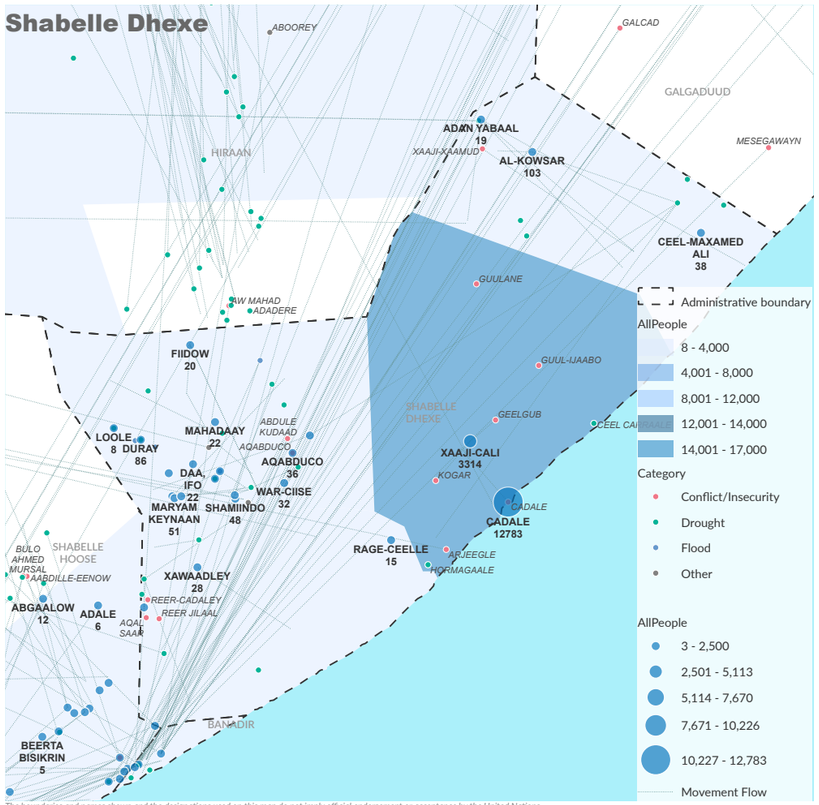


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 36 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Balcad district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1253).

1200 individuals were displaced to Shanlow settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

Jowhar district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (360).

140 individuals were displaced to Khalafow settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

43 individuals were displaced to Duray settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Flood.

In December 2023, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Shabelle region.

Jowhar district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Shabelle region (58%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (41%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (35%).

Jowhar district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (903).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	98%
Water	0%
Shelter	2%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

MUDUG, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

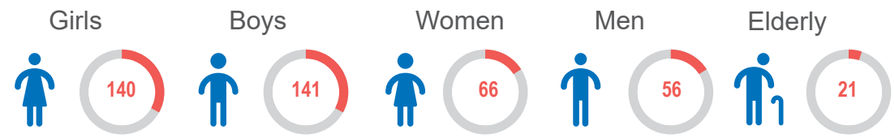
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	80	1387
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	424	250488
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	62	594

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

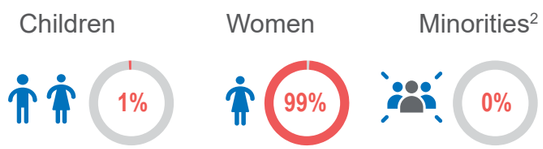
Drought	99%
Flood	0%
Other	1%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

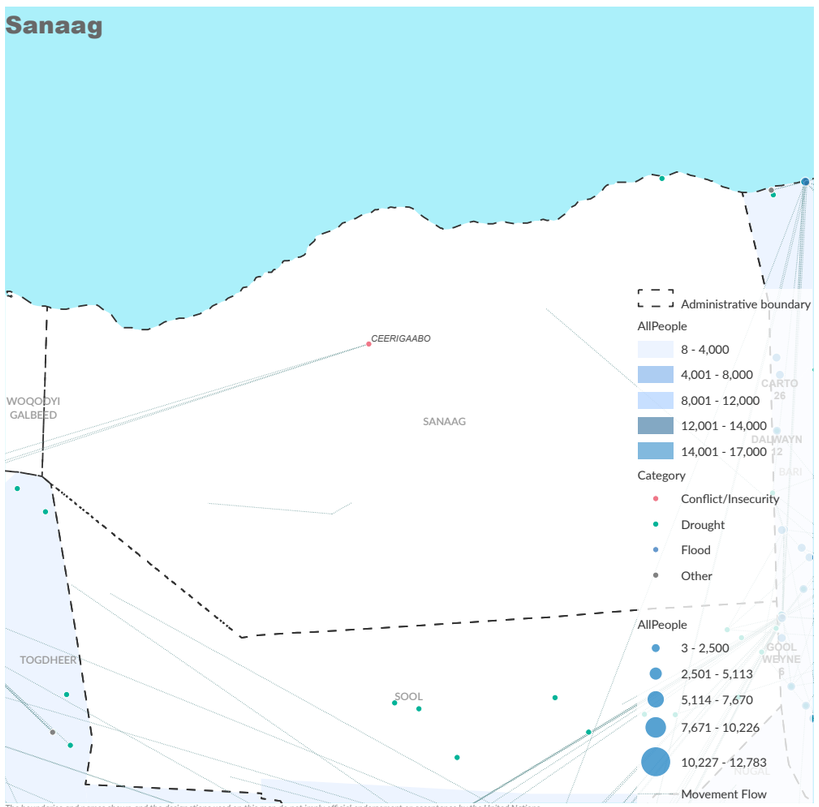


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 76 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Galdogob district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (230).

54 individuals were displaced to Bursaalax settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Gaalkacyo district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (162).

52 individuals were displaced to Galdogob settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

Jariiban district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (32).

45 individuals were displaced to Ba'adwein settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In December 2023, 5% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Mudug region.

Gaalkacyo district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Mudug region (52%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (97%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Gaalkacyo district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (4088).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	21%
Water	0%
Shelter	1%
Health	3%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	33%
Transport	0%
Other	42%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

NUGAAL, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

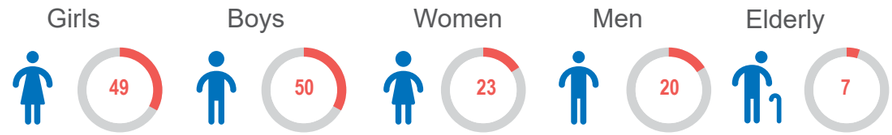
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	15	729
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	150	162785
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	2	77

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

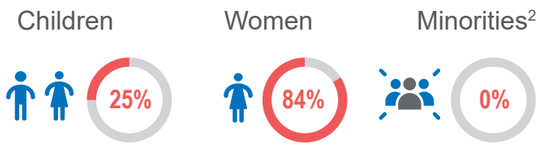
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

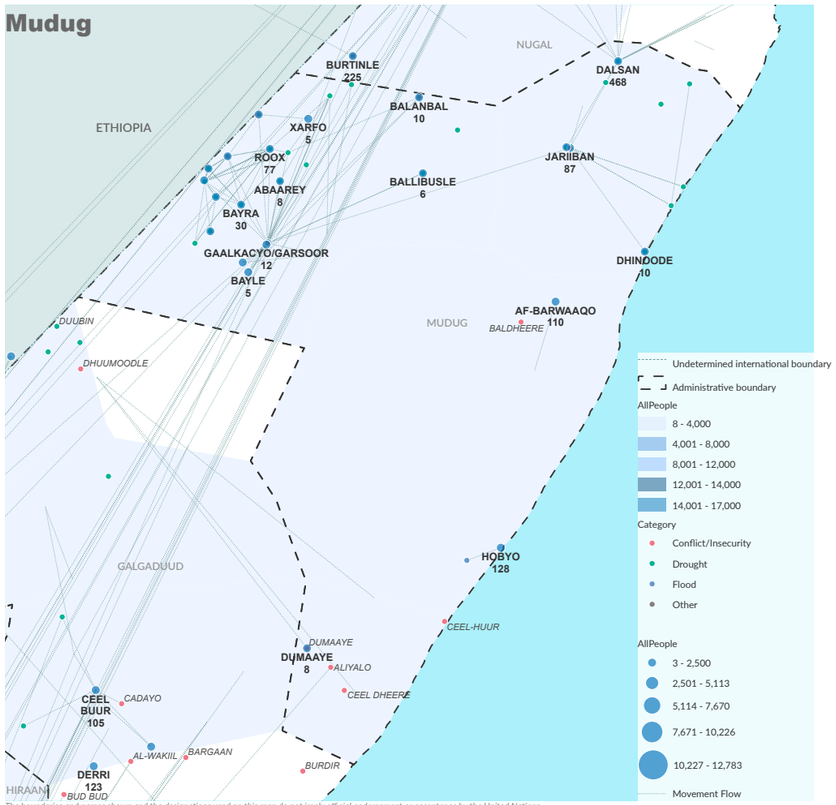


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 2 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Eyl district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (86).

44 individuals were displaced to Biyocade settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

Garoowe district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (64).

36 individuals were displaced to Sinujif settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

33 individuals were displaced to Diilin settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Nugaal region.

Garoowe district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Nugaal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (17%)
- Harassment (17%).

Garoowe district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (1001).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Child and forced family separation
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	57%
Water	0%
Shelter	43%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL

UNHCR Somalia

PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

SANAAG, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

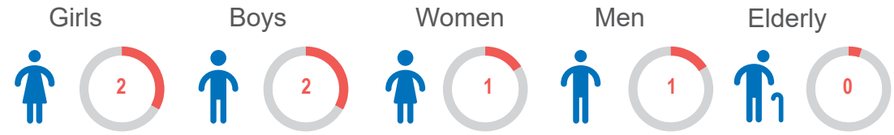
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	1	28
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	6	17808
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	0	8

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

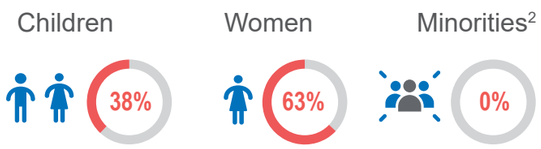
Drought	100%
Flood	0%
Other	0%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

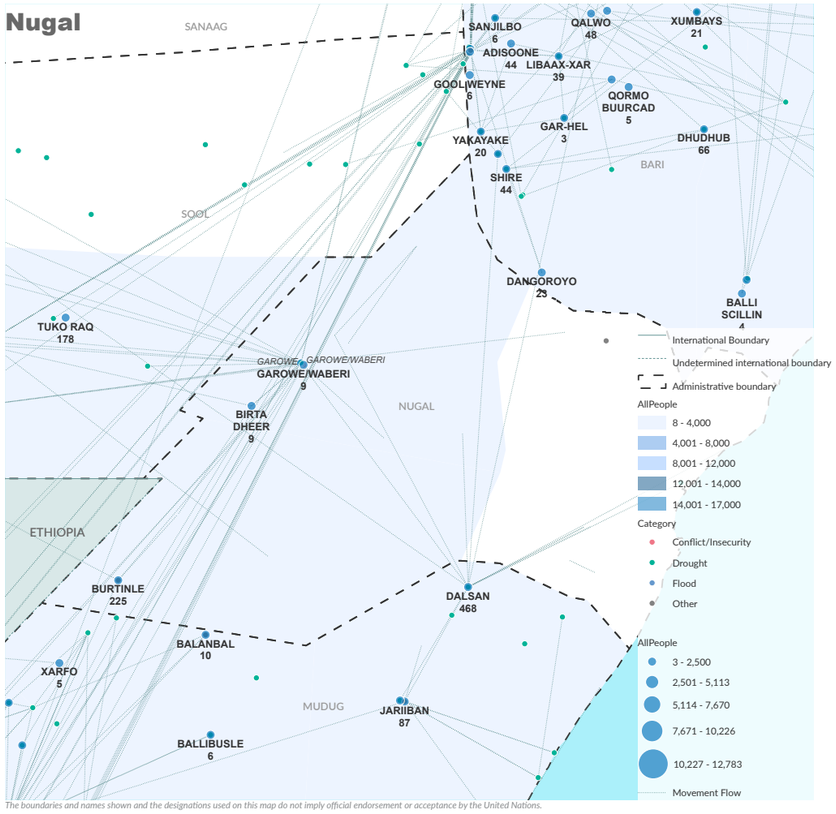


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTle, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Laasqoray district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (6).

6 individuals were displaced to Ceelaayo settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In December 2023, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sanaag region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sanaag region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Rape (63%)
- Harassment (13%).

Ceel Afweyn district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (473).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	0%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

SOOL, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

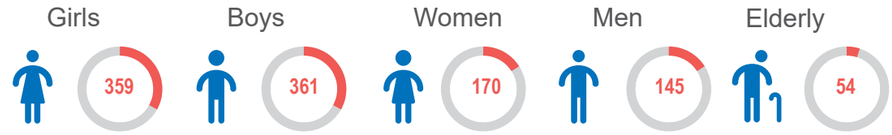
	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	9	185
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	1089	65643
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	54	612

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

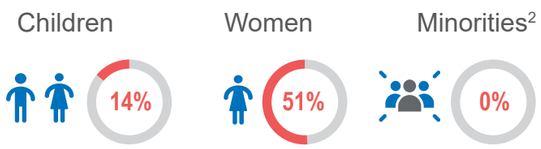
Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	100%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]



[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

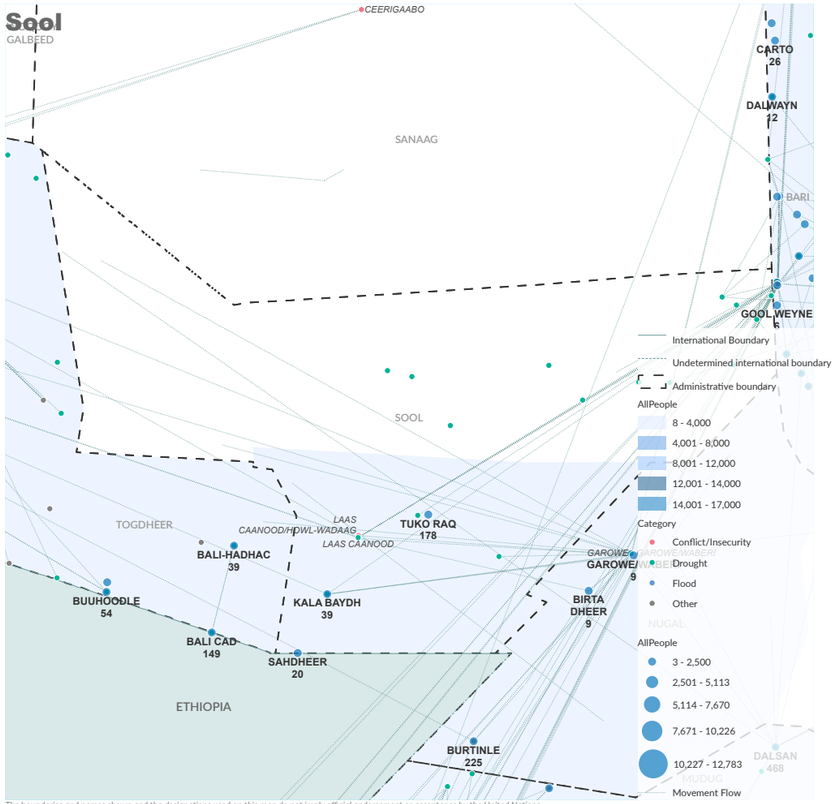


[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

[4]In DEC 2023, 54 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Laas Caanood district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (1089).

662 individuals were displaced to Laas Caanood/ Wadajir settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

384 individuals were displaced to Laas Caanood/ Far-Xaskule settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

27 individuals were displaced to Laas Caanood/ Howl-Wadaag settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In December 2023, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sool region.

Laas Caanood district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sool region (96%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (44%)

Laas Caanood district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (2415).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Presence of Mine and other explosive ordnance
2. -
3. -

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	0%
Water	0%
Shelter	76%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	24%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

TOGDHEER, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	28	668
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	183	58702
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	96	523

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Drought	0%
Flood	0%
Other	81%
Conflict	19%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
60	61	29	24	9

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
9%	90%	0%

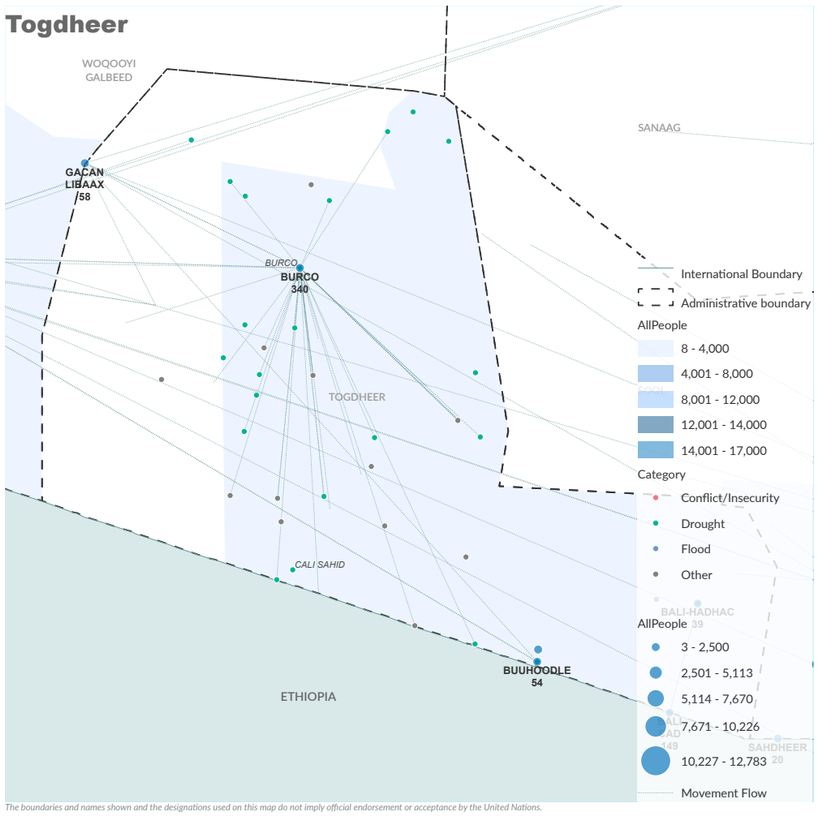
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
8%	86%	0%	0%	6%

[4]In DEC 2023, 108 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Burco district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (183).

149 individuals were displaced to Burco settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

34 individuals were displaced to Burco settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In December 2023, 8% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Togdheer region.

Burco district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Togdheer region (92%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (72%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Burco district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (908).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. Child, early or forced marriage

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	16%
Water	0%
Shelter	23%
Health	4%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	56%
Transport	0%
Other	0%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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PROTECTION & RETURN MONITORING NETWORK (PRMN)

WOQOOYI GALBEED, SOMALIA | DECEMBER 2023

	DECEMBER 2023	IN 2023
# OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT	13	381
# OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION	100	2063
# OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1]	206	1209

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Drought	42%
Flood	0%
Other	58%
Conflict	0%

DEMOGRAPHICS (DECEMBER 2023)[3]

Girls	Boys	Women	Men	Elderly
33	33	16	13	5

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2023 IN %)

Children	Women	Minorities[2]
9%	92%	0%

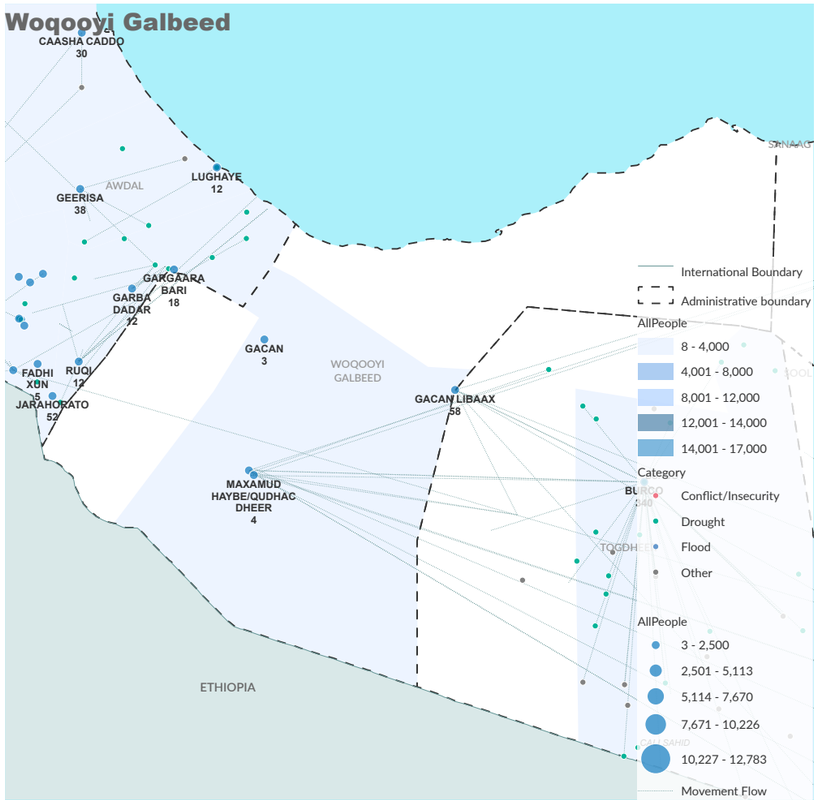
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2023)[4]

Child at risk	Women at risk	Disabilities	Elderly at risk	Others[5]
11%	87%	1%	0%	1%

[4]In DEC 2023, 112 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

DISPLACEMENT LOCATION (DECEMBER 2023)



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Hargeysa district was the district with the highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (100).

16 individuals were displaced to Gacan Libaax/ Sheekh Madar settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the second highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

16 individuals were displaced to 26 June/Qol Jamo settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

- district was the district with the third highest recorded displacement incidents in the region (0).

13 individuals were displaced to 26-Jun settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In December 2023, 17% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Woqooyi Galbeed region.

Hargeysa district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Woqooyi Galbeed region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from January to December 2023 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (51%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In

Hargeysa district was the distict with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to December 2023 (10129).

Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. Disinformation and denial of access to information
3. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property

PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (DECEMBER 2023 IN %)

Food	52%
Water	0%
Shelter	33%
Health	0%
Protection[4]	0%
Livelihood	0%
Transport	0%
Other	15%

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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