

Given the persistence of conflicts in Sudan and the constant influx of new refugees and returnees, the Chadian government estimates that the number of refugees and returnees could reach **910,000\*** in Chad by the end of 2024.

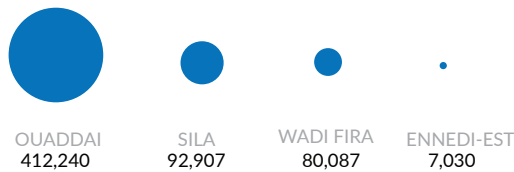
**Context**

Since the beginning of the conflict in Sudan on April 15, 2023, the CNARR, UNHCR and IOM have noted an **influx of people forced to flee including Sudanese refugees and Chadian returnees** who arrived spontaneously in Chad through over 32 border entry points mainly in the provinces of Ouaddai, Sila, Wadi-Fira and Ennedi Est in Eastern Chad. From the onset of the influx, humanitarian workers are supporting the Chadian Government and local authorities to provide **life saving assistance and a set of Protection services both in spontaneous sites ; in the extension of old settlements as well as the newly established settlements.** As of date under the leadership of the Government and UNHCR 44% of refugees have been relocated from the spontaneous arrival sites to both the extension and newly established settlements where refugees and host communities benefit from the services delivered by the humanitarian teams.



**592,264\*\*** New arrivals fixed or in the process of being fixed  
**167,613** Households  
**37** Host villages

**New arrivals per province**



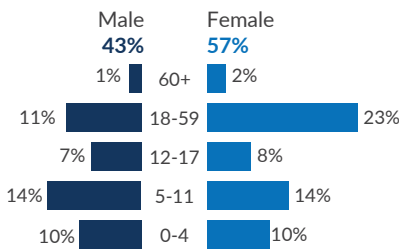
**Individual biometric registration**

(Abeche, Adre, Am Nabak, Arkoum, Djabal, Farchana, Gaga, Goz Amir, Iridimi, Kounougou, Metché, Mile, Aboutengué, Oure Cassoni, Touloum, Zabout & Tissii)

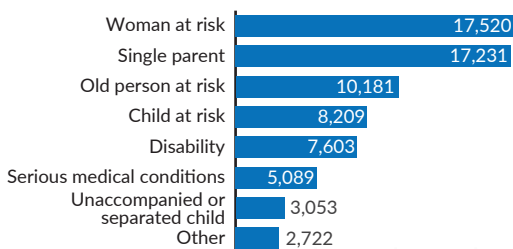
**512,480** Registered and pre-registered individuals  
**143,449** Households

**88%** registered are women & children of which **23%** are women  
**14%** registered have specific needs

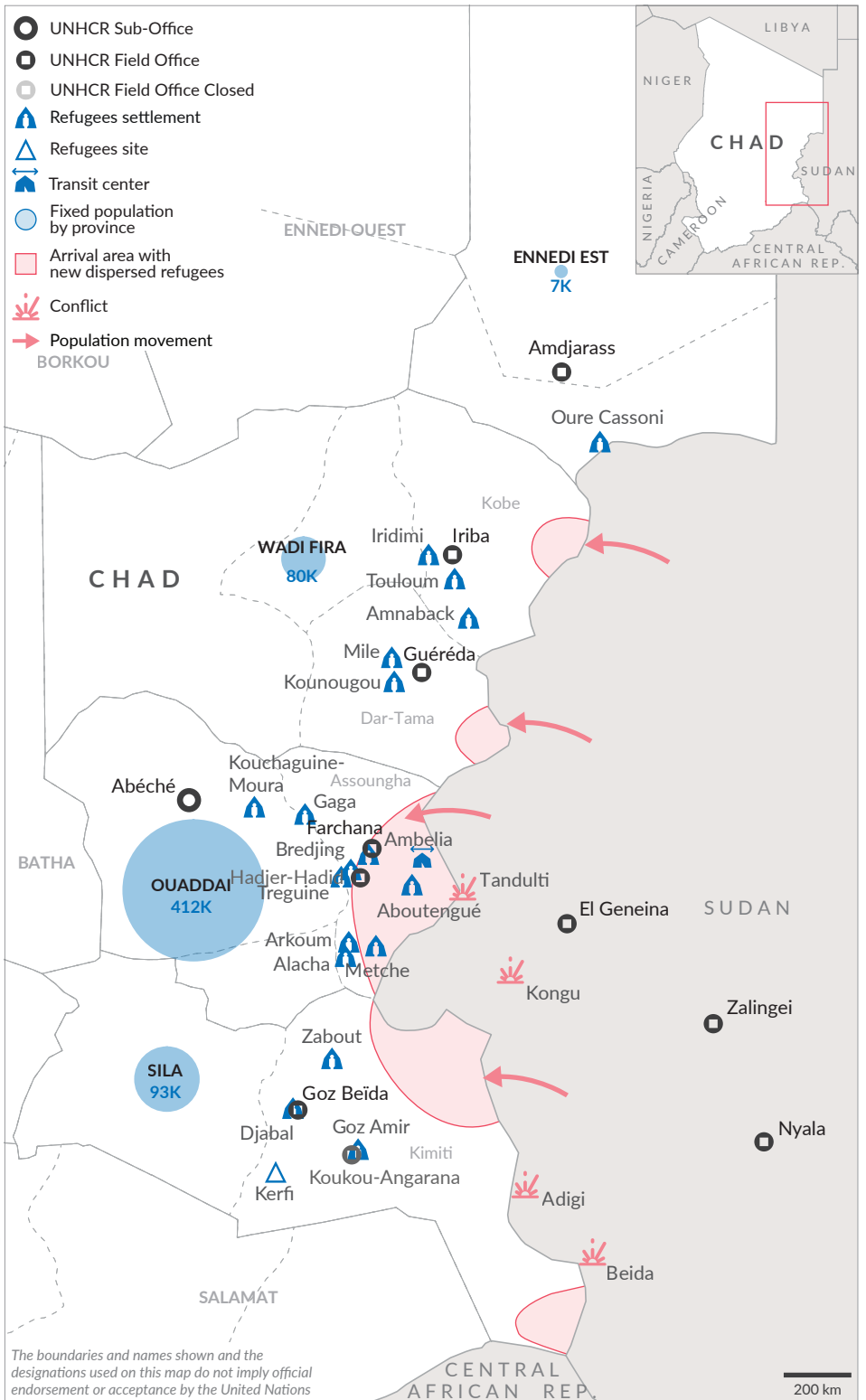
**Age and gender breakdown of registered persons**



**Registered persons with specific needs**



**165,499\*\*\*** Migrants Returnees arrivals (Estimated)  
**93%** Returnees are women & children



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

\*Source: Estimation by the Chadian government

\*\*Around 26,000 new arrivals have been reported, but not yet fixed. Based on border monitoring, observations during first counting activities and protection activities during refugee relocation, we have reasons to believe that this figure could experience a reduction by about 20%. The completion of the relocation process and individual biometric registration, which will take place in the Refugees settlement, will confirm precise refugee figures.

\*\*\*Source: OIM/DTM, Chad – Sudan crisis response: Situation update 33 (06 May 2024)

Sources: UNHCR, CNARR, OIM & OSM



**Relocation WADI FIRA**  
(Mile, Kounougou, Irdimi & Touloum)

Village	Settlement	Individuals
Hideba	Mile	1,030
Boukouloum	Mile	542
Marfoua	Mile	300
Sinette	Mile	2,268
Grena	Mile	14,181
Hideba	Kounougou	652
Sinette	Kounougou	352
Djatak	Kounougou	314
Tiné	Irdimi	12,110
Tiné	Touloum	13,827
Djatak	Mile	487
Koulbous	Mile	659

**Total** **46,722**

**Relocation OUADDAI**  
(Gaga, Farchana, Arkoum, Aboutengué, Metche & Alacha)

Village	Settlement	Individuals
Wandalou	Gaga	4,319
Goungour	Gaga	2,559
Adrè	Gaga	143
Abèché	Gaga	400
Koufroun	Gaga	16
Labane Dafak	Farchana	3,044
Adrè	Farchana	6,202
Koufroun	Farchana	362
Borota	Arkoum	16,078
Goungour	Arkoum	10,700
Adrè	Metche	31,345
Adrè	Aboutengué	44,265
Adrè	Alacha	44,996

**Total** **164,429**

**Relocation SILA**  
(Goz Amir, Djabal, Zabout & Kerfi)

Village	Settlement	Individuals
Andressa	Goz Amir	1,364
Hile Hissein	Goz Amir	569
Goz Achiye	Goz Amir	500
Mogororo	Goz Amir	237
Talassa	Goz Amir	219
Andressa	Djabal	2,370
Talassa	Djabal	1,715
Mogororo	Djabal	87
Ademour	Zabout	20,663
Koloye	Zabout	15,297
Dormong	Zabout	3,319
Ademour	Kerfi	841
Dormong	Kerfi	1,308
Kalma	Kerfi	1,696
Saraf bourgou	Kerfi	205
Moudeina	Kerfi	286

**Total** **50,676**

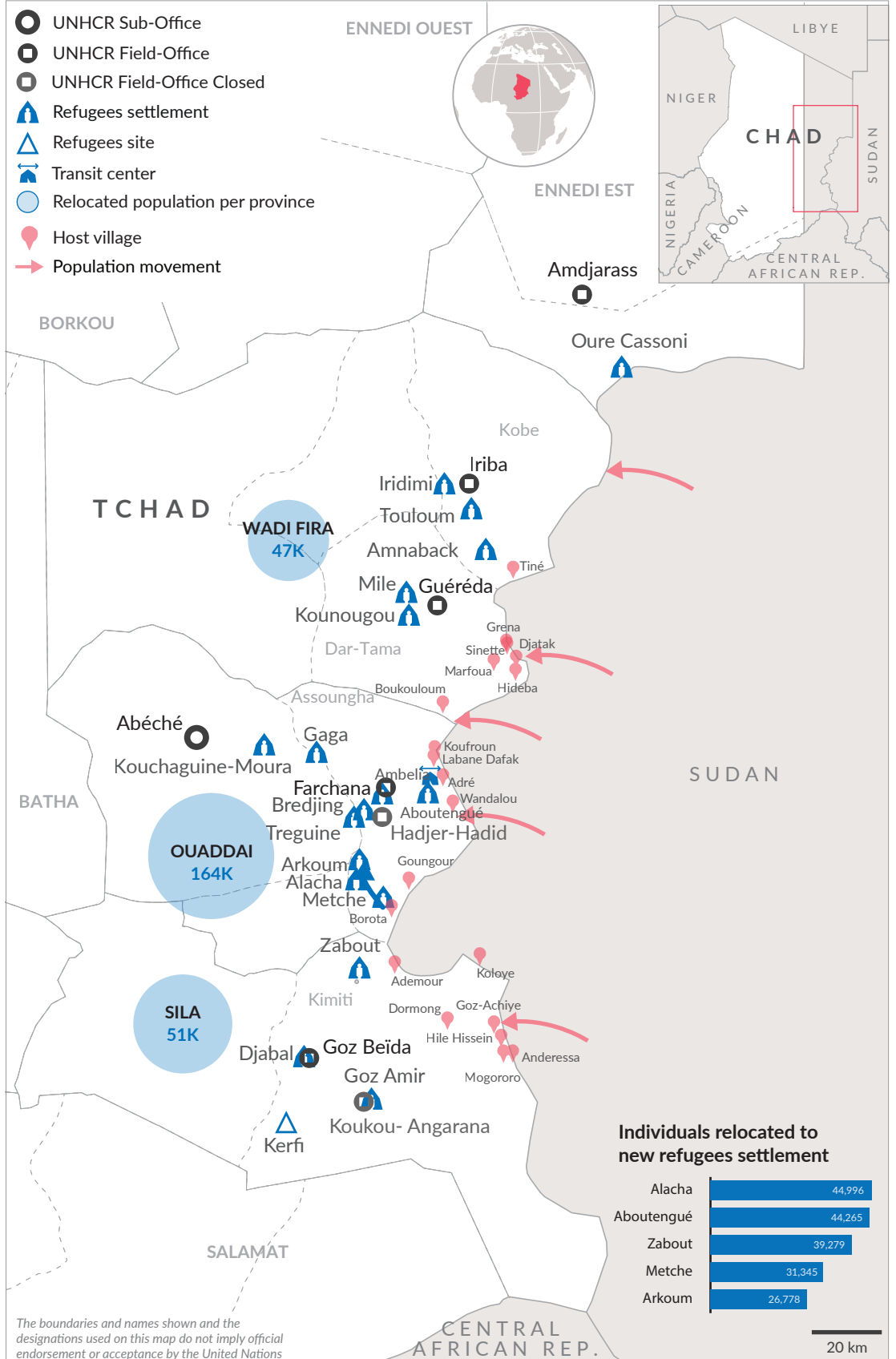
 **261,827**

Relocated Refugees to  
Refugees settlement

**71,378**  
Households

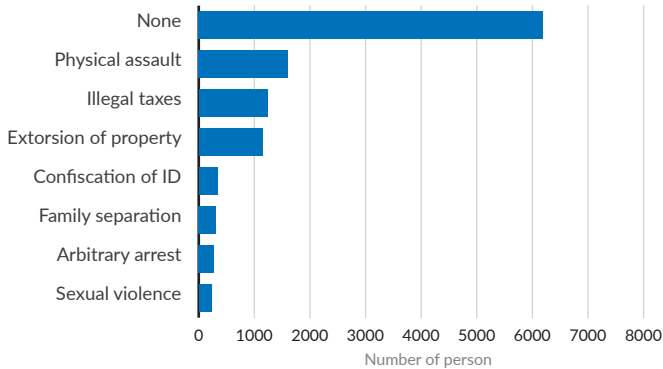
 **44%**  
Persons fixed have  
been relocated

 **339**  
Number of convoys



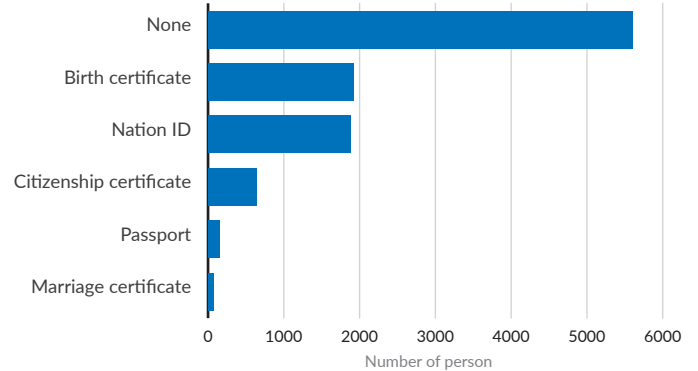
## ACCESS TO TERRITORY AND ASYLUM

What types of identified dangers or threats are you exposed to?



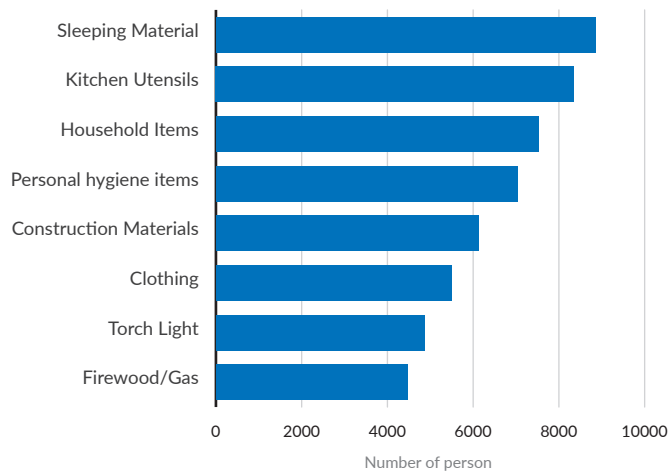
## DOCUMENTATION

What type of individual document do you possess?



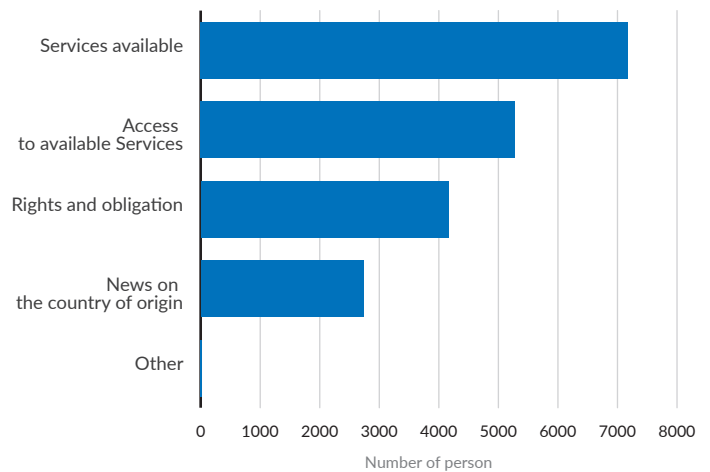
## BASIC NEEDS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES

What category of items does your family need the most?



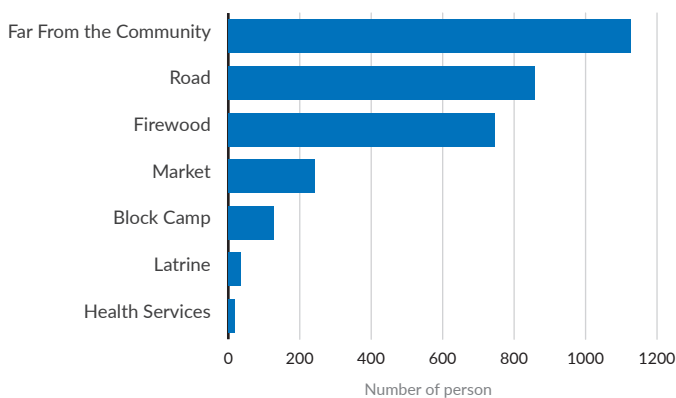
## COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

What type of information would you like to receive from humanitarian workers and authorities?



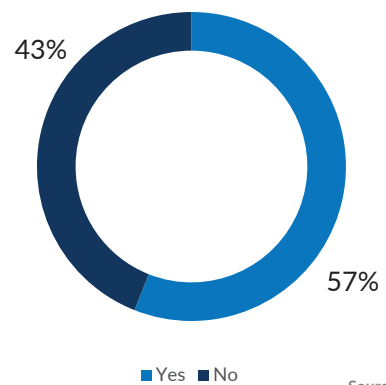
## GENDER BASED VIOLENCE

Are there specific places in the host community where you do not feel safe?



## EDUCATION

Are there any school-age children in your family?



Sources: UNHCR, CRT 'P21'

The Project 21 is a regional protection monitoring system, launched in 2020 to address gaps in data collection and analysis on protection in West and Central Africa. The inter-agency project mobilizes partners to collect a set of data using harmonized tools and a common methodology to generate joint analysis of the situation, risks, and protection trends.

As of 31 March 2024, more than **9,000 newly arrived refugees** have been interviewed in Chad for the Sudanese emergency. This represents a subset of the collected data.