# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## AWDAL, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 6 | 104 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 53 | 1123 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 42 | 432 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 100% |
| Conflict | 0% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17 | 18 | 8 | 7 | 3 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 28% | 96% | 0% |

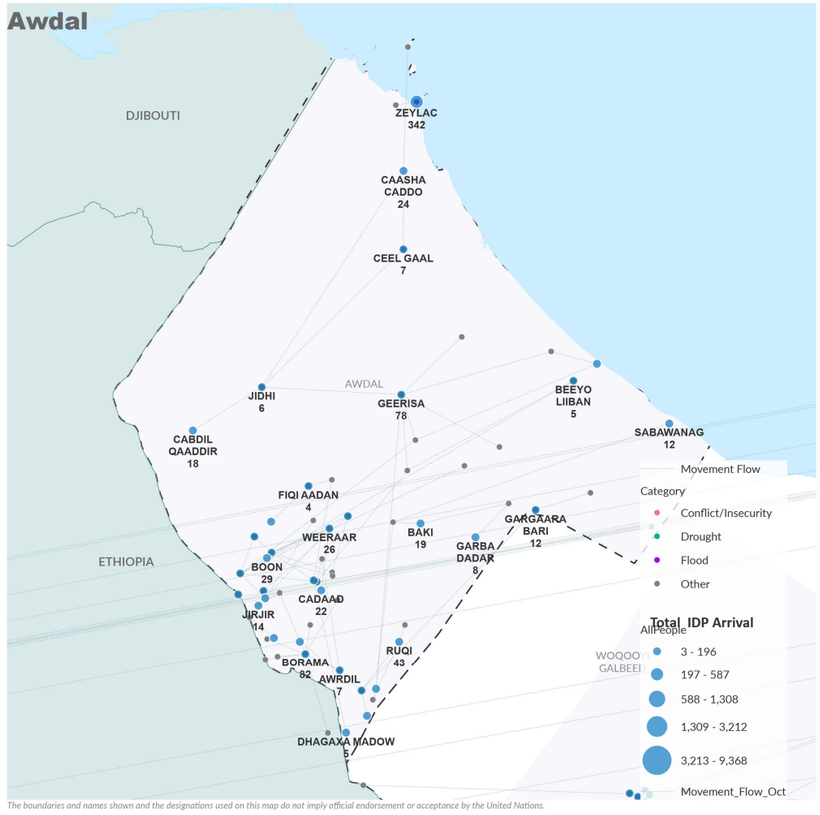
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2% | 98% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 40 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Awdal region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Zeylac (30).

18 individuals were displaced to the Cabdil Qaaddir settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Awdal region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Lughaye(12).

12 individuals were displaced to the Lughaye settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Awdal region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Borama(11).

12 individuals were displaced to Caasha Caddo settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Awdal region.

Borama district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Awdal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (62%)
- Attempted rape (20%).

Borama district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (1768).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child and forced family separation
2. -
3. -

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 0% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 13% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 87% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the notes on PSMN Methodology which outline the approach and certain limitations. More information on Somalia can be found on the UNHCR Somalia Data Portal. For more statistical information related to Protection Monitoring and Displacement, visit PSMN interactive portal (https://prmn-somalia.unhcr.org). Contact: sommopmn@unhcr.org

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Implemented by: NRC NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL

# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## BAKOOL, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 107 | 1402 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 826 | 13107 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 34 | 820 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 52% |
| Conflict | 48% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 272 | 274 | 129 | 110 | 41 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 24% | 91% | 0% |

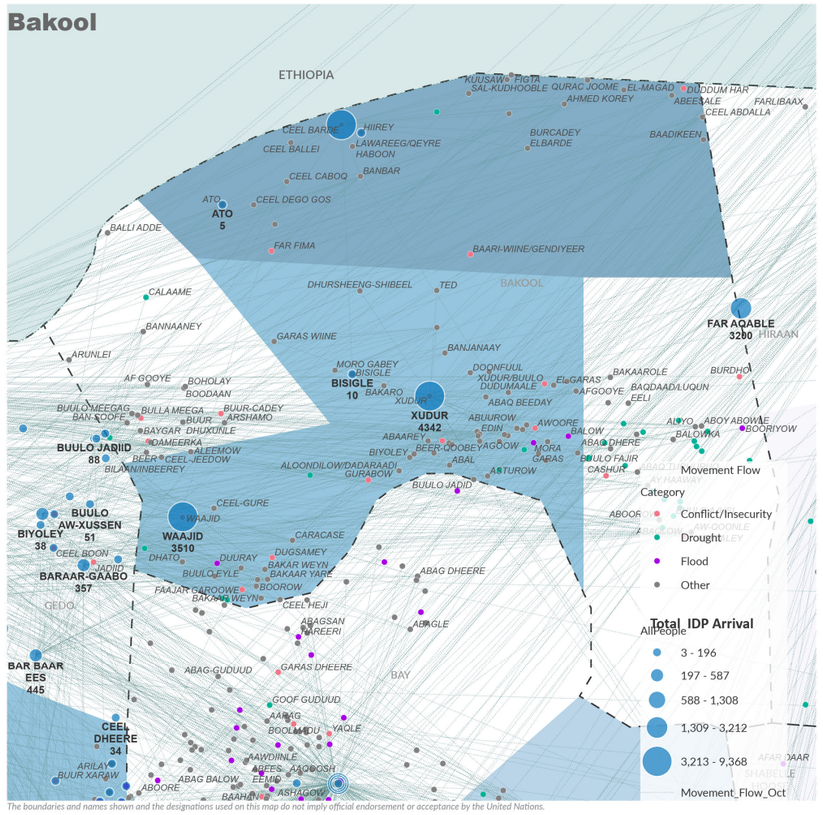
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 55% | 45% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 24 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Bakool region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Ceel Barde (519).

305 individuals were displaced to the Ceel Barde settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bakool region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Xudur(307).

214 individuals were displaced to the Ceel Barde settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Bakool region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

182 individuals were displaced to Xudur settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bakool region.

Ceel Barde district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bakool region (59%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (72%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (9%).

Ceel Barde district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (1511).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
3. Gender-based violence

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 100% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## BANADIR, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 140 | 1840 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 5264 | 31623 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 166 | 1550 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 25% |
| Other | 2% |
| Conflict | 73% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,736 | 1,744 | 821 | 701 | 261 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 12% | 47% | 10% |

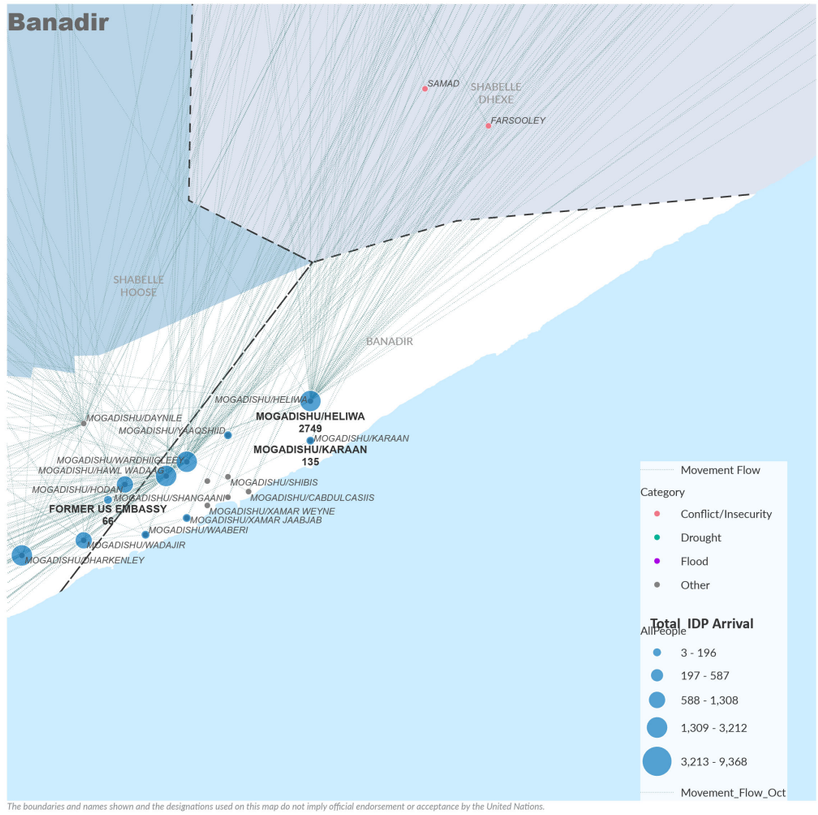
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5% | 21% | 1% | 0% | 73% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 50 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Banadir region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Banadir (5264).

1316 individuals were displaced to the Mogadishu/ Daynile settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

The district in the Banadir region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

1032 individuals were displaced to the Kaxda/ Mogadishu settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Banadir region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

962 individuals were displaced to Mogadishu/ Heliwa settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 12% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Banadir region.

Banadir district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Banadir region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (43%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (18%).

Banadir district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (11383).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 16% |
| Water | 14% |
| Shelter | 17% |
| Health | 2% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 50% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## BARI, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 414 | 3112 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 2992 | 22349 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 36 | 654 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 2% |
| Flood | 8% |
| Other | 76% |
| Conflict | 14% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 987 | 991 | 467 | 399 | 148 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 1% | 98% | 30% |

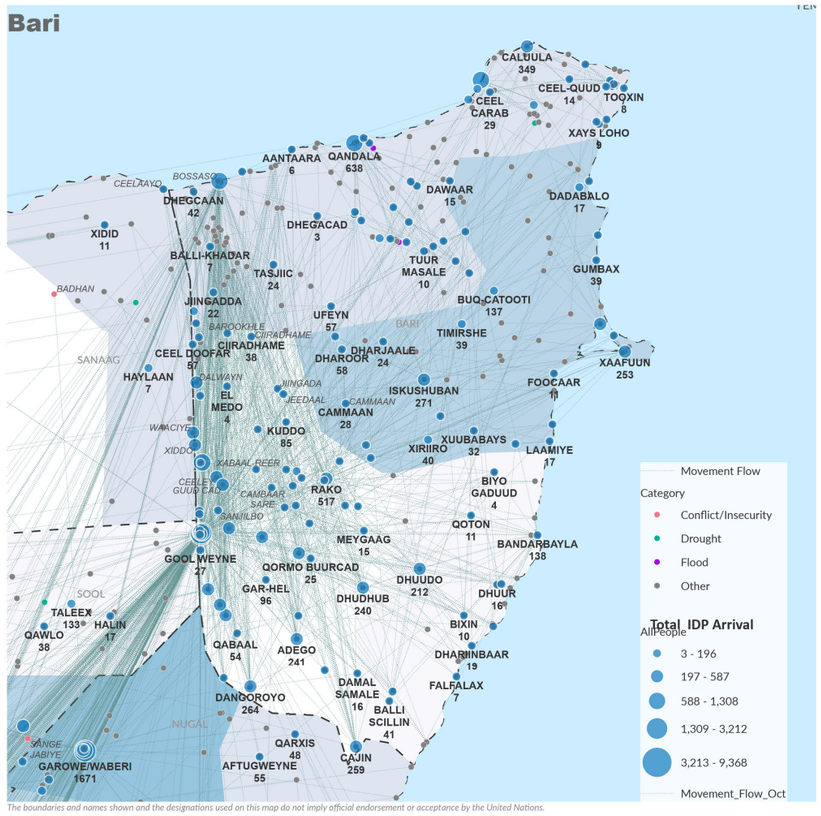
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0% | 99% | 0% | 0% | 1% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 32 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)

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The district in the Bari region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Qardho (1963).

401 individuals were displaced to the Bossaso settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Bari region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Bossaso(783).

291 individuals were displaced to the Qardho/Xiingood settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bari region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Iskushuban(78).

208 individuals were displaced to Qardho/Qoryacad settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bari region.

Bossaso district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bari region (78%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (77%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (13%).

Bossaso district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (2680).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Gender-based violence
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 6% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 31% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 59% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 4% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## BAY, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 323 | 3416 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 5547 | 36219 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 50 | 550 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 72% |
| Conflict | 28% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,830 | 1,838 | 865 | 739 | 275 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 1% | 52% | 0% |

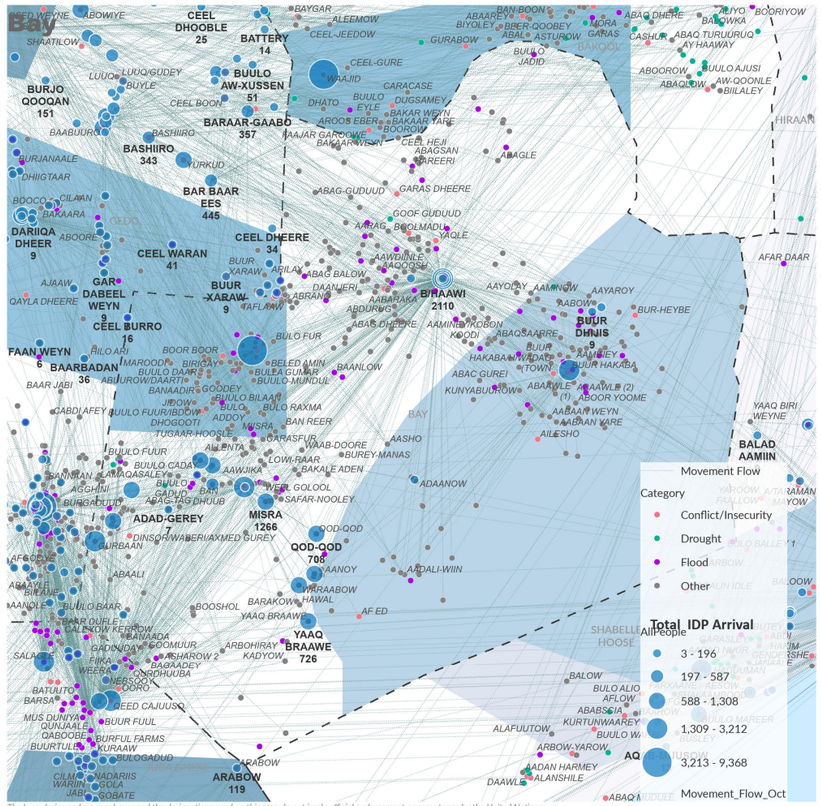
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0% | 7% | 0% | 0% | 93% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 50 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Bay region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Baidoa (3580).

1530 individuals were displaced to the B/HAAWI settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Bay region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Qansax Dheere(772).

1451 individuals were displaced to the Baidoa settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Bay region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Diinsoor(729).

772 individuals were displaced to Qansax Dheere settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Bay region.

Baidoa district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Bay region (56%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Torture (35%)
- Rape (28%).

Baidoa district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (3863).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. -
3. -

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 100% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## GALGADUUD, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 1 | 24 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 100 | 12901 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 40 | 246 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 100% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 0% |
| Conflict | 0% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 33 | 33 | 16 | 13 | 5 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 15% | 19% | 0% |

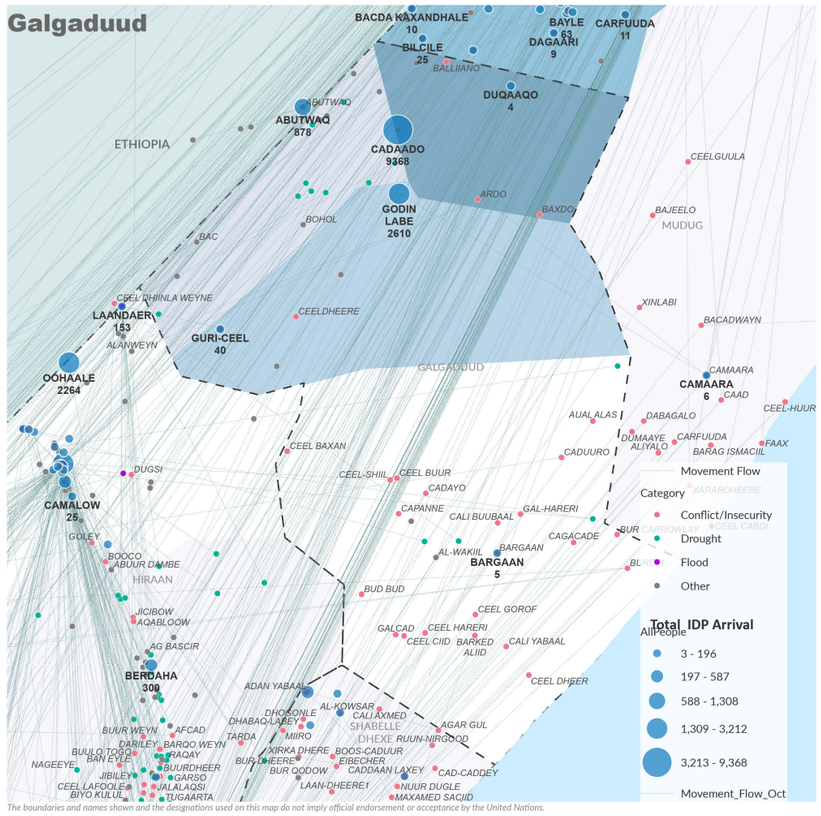
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11% | 15% | 0% | 45% | 29% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 52 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The district in the Galgaduud region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Cabudwaaq (100).

100 individuals were displaced to the Abutwaq settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

The district in the Galgaduud region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

0 individuals were displaced to the - settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to -.

The district in the Galgaduud region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In October 2024, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Galgaduud region.

Cadaado district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Galgaduud region (55%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (47%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (36%).

Cabudwaaq district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (627).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Gender-based violence
3. -

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 0% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 100% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## GEDO, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 493 | 5185 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 39873 | 122194 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 2 | 38 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 4% |
| Conflict | 96% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 13,152 | 13,213 | 6,221 | 5,311 | 1,976 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 26% | 42% | 3% |

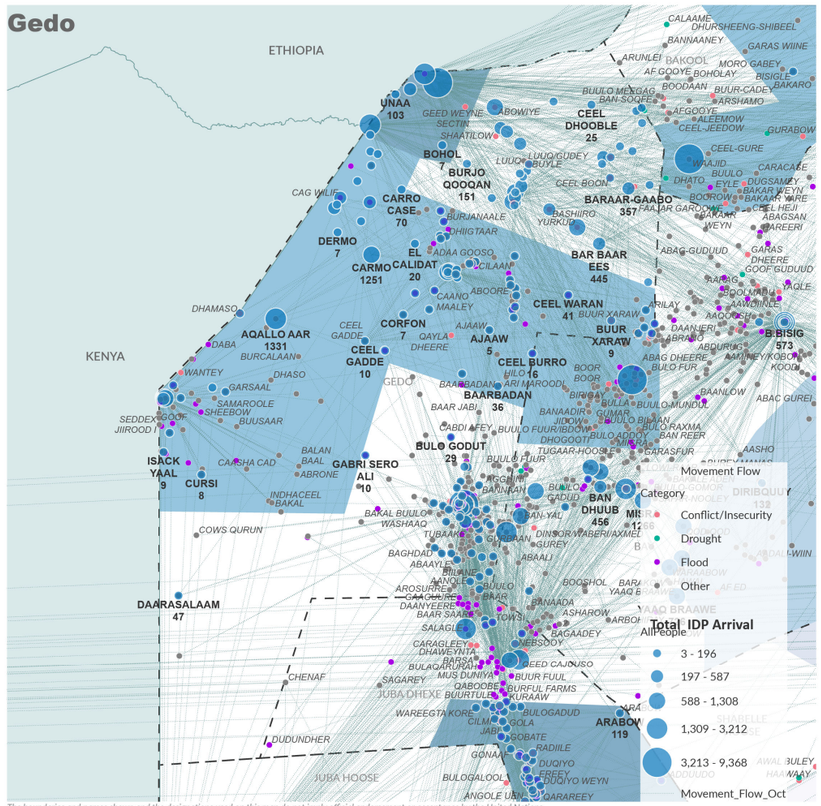
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0% | 8% | 23% | 0% | 69% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 4 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Gedo region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Luuq (36023).

30000 individuals were displaced to the Dogob settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Gedo region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Baardheere(1970).

4800 individuals were displaced to the Dhanaawe settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Gedo region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Doolow(725).

858 individuals were displaced to Yurkud settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Gedo region.

Baardheere district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Gedo region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (37%)
- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (18%).

Baardheere district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (516).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Torture or cruel, inhuman, degrading treatment or punishment
3. Theft, extortion, forced eviction or destruction of personal property

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 99% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 1% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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United Nations CERF Central Emergency Response Fund | عيد الخيرية EID CHARITY | Internal Displacement Solutions Fund | From the People of Japan | USA for UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency

# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## HIRAAN, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 20 | 325 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 274 | 55988 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 0 | 30 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 36% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 0% |
| Conflict | 64% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 90 | 91 | 43 | 36 | 14 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 13% | 37% | 0% |

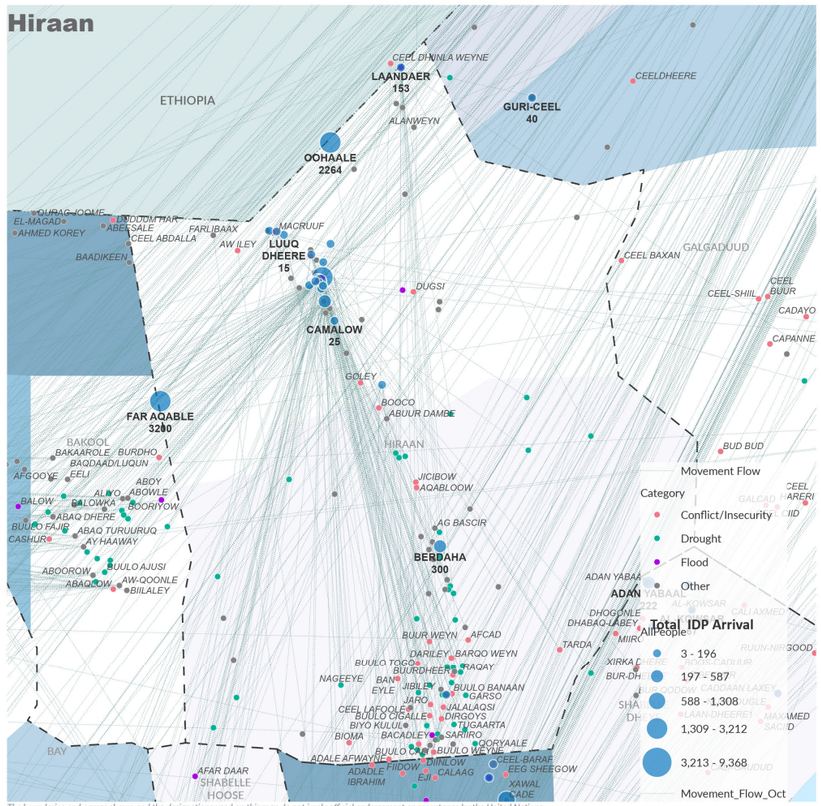
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Hiraan region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Belet Weyne (139).

135 individuals were displaced to the Baqdaad settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Hiraan region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Jalalaqsi(135).

28 individuals were displaced to the Heegan settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

The district in the Hiraan region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

22 individuals were displaced to Hawo-tako settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Hiraan region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Hiraan region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Killing/Manslaughter (63%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (30%).

Belet Weyne district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (430).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
2. Child and forced family separation
3. Gender-based violence

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 84% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 16% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## LOWER JUBA, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 568 | 3707 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 4055 | 60043 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 32 | 468 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 12% |
| Conflict | 88% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,338 | 1,344 | 633 | 540 | 201 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 26% | 93% | 0% |

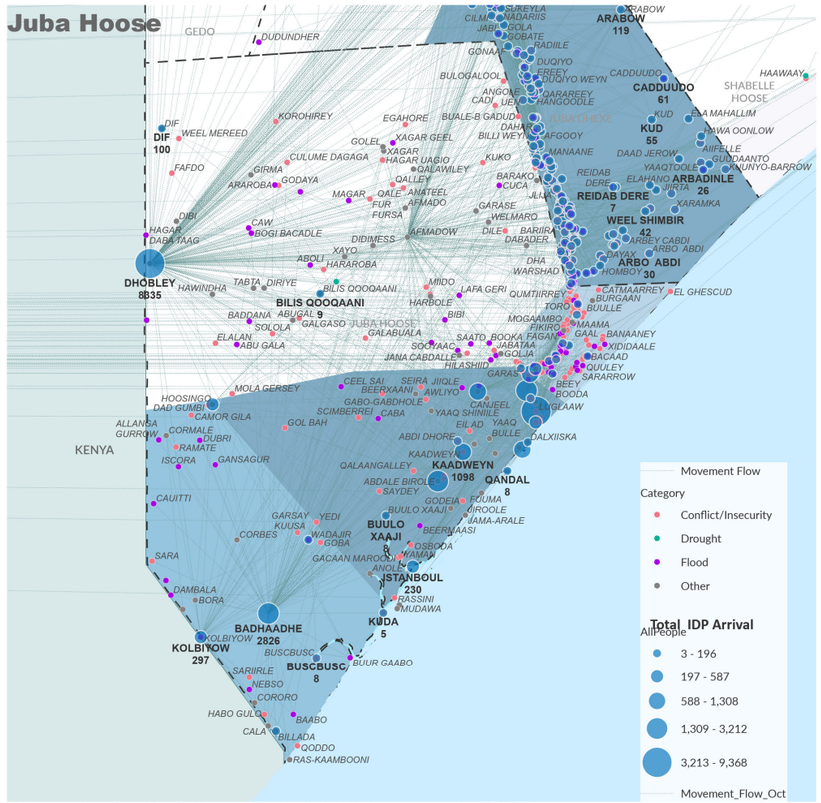
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 13% | 87% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 30 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)

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The district in the Lower Juba region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Afmadow (1890).

959 individuals were displaced to the Dhobley settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Juba region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Kismayo(1124).

539 individuals were displaced to the Kaadweyn settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Juba region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Jamaame(522).

475 individuals were displaced to Afmadow settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 2% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Juba region.

Afmadow district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Juba region (81%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (51%)
- Domestic Violence (11%).

Afmadow district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (1046).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
2. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
3. Disinformation and denial of access to informa-

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 59% |
| Water | 8% |
| Shelter | 19% |
| Health | 1% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 2% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 10% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## LOWER SHABELLE, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 6 | 209 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 467 | 7222 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 444 | 3067 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 0% |
| Conflict | 100% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 154 | 155 | 73 | 62 | 23 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 73% | 83% | 5% |

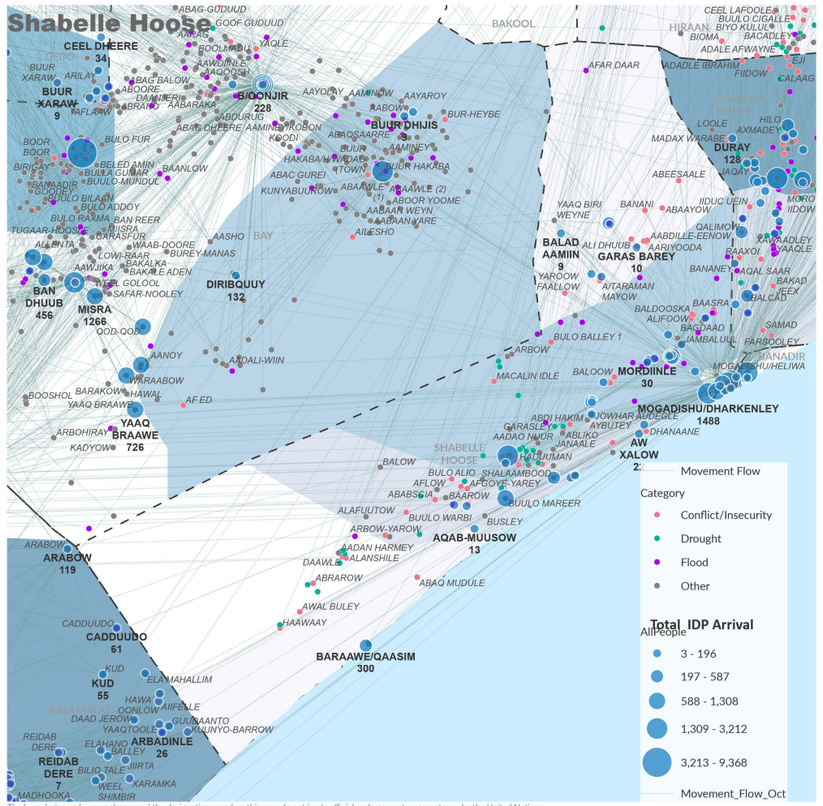
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 16% | 83% | 0% | 0% | 1% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 406 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Lower Shabelle region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Wanla Weyn (467).

420 individuals were displaced to the Wanla Weyn settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Shabelle region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

15 individuals were displaced to the Awkuule settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

The district in the Lower Shabelle region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

13 individuals were displaced to Yaage Arursooy settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 32% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Lower Shabelle region.

Baraawe district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Lower Shabelle region (26%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (49%)
- Domestic Violence (16%).

Marka district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (3409).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
2. Abduction, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary or unlawful arrest and/or detention
3. Child and forced family separation

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 0% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 100% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## MIDDLE JUBA, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 509 | 4813 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 2938 | 27670 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 10 | 120 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 64% |
| Conflict | 36% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 969 | 974 | 458 | 391 | 146 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 3% | 23% | 0% |

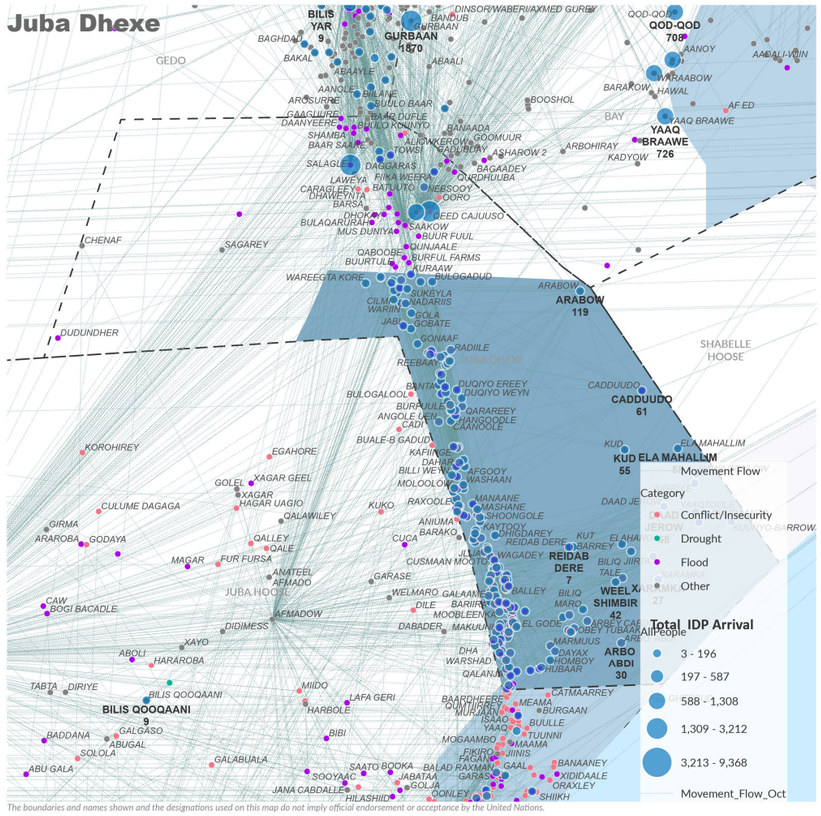
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0% | 4% | 0% | 0% | 96% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 10 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Middle Juba region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Saakow (1845).

1100 individuals were displaced to the Saakow settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Middle Juba region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Bu'aale(549).

323 individuals were displaced to the Qeed Cajuuso settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Middle Juba region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Jilib(544).

290 individuals were displaced to Salagle settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 1% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Juba region.

Saakow district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Juba region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Torture (33%)
- Harassment (26%).

Bu'aale district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (743).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. Child, early or forced marriage
3. Gender-based violence

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 93% |
| Water | 3% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 4% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## MIDDLE SHABELLE, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 63 | 599 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 475 | 8079 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 40 | 536 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 49% |
| Other | 23% |
| Conflict | 28% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 157 | 157 | 74 | 63 | 24 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 51% | 72% | 17% |

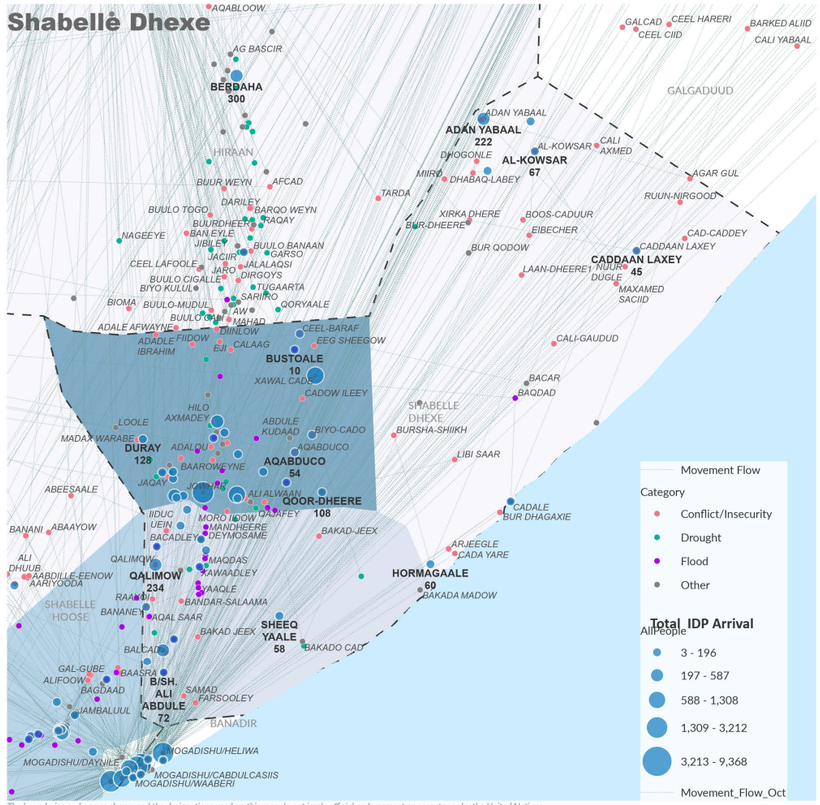
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8% | 63% | 2% | 4% | 23% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 28 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Middle Shabelle region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Jowhar (343).

109 individuals were displaced to the Jowhar settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Middle Shabelle region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Balcad(132).

108 individuals were displaced to the Balcad settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Flood.

The district in the Middle Shabelle region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

108 individuals were displaced to Qoor-Dheere settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Middle Shabelle region.

Jowhar district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Middle Shabelle region (90%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) (49%)
- Killing/Manslaughter (24%).

Jowhar district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (1212).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
2. Attacks on civilians and other unlawful killings, and attacks on civilian objects
3. Gender-based violence

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 52% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 28% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 20% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## MUDUG, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 44 | 784 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 209 | 9114 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 40 | 535 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 100% |
| Conflict | 0% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 69 | 69 | 33 | 28 | 10 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 0% | 99% | 0% |

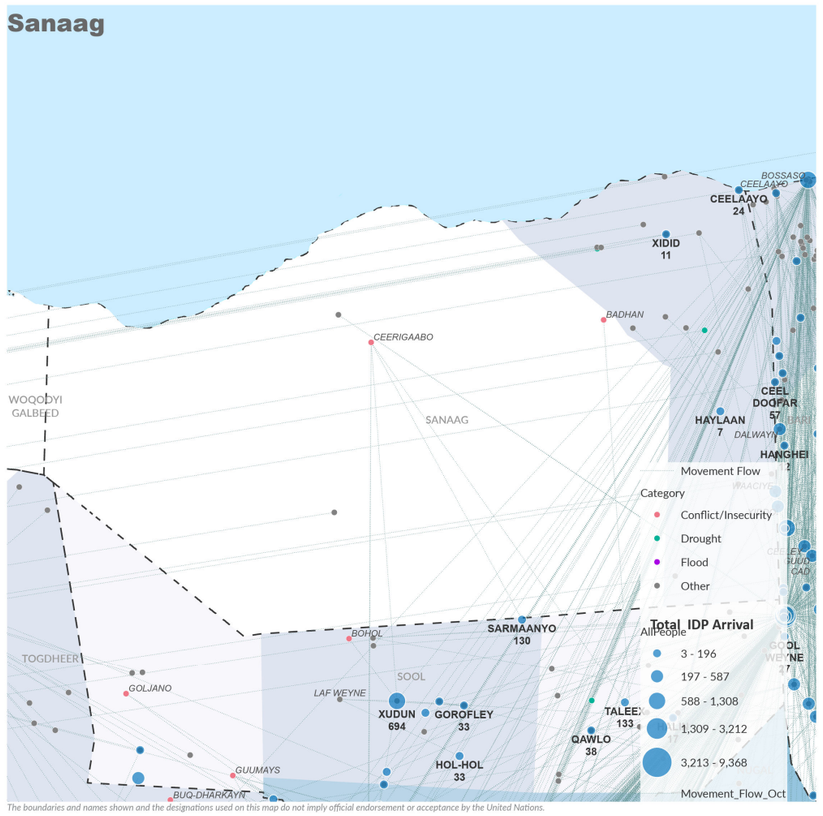
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0% | 92% | 1% | 4% | 3% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 44 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Mudug region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Galdogob (106).

40 individuals were displaced to the Galdogob settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Mudug region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Gaalkacyo(59).

29 individuals were displaced to the Jariiban settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Mudug region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Jariiban(44).

25 individuals were displaced to Gaalkacyo settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 3% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Mudug region.

Gaalkacyo district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Mudug region (70%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (98%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (1%).

Gaalkacyo district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (4451).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Disinformation and denial of access to information
2. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access
3. -

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 25% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 21% |
| Health | 12% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 10% |
| Transport | 2% |
| Other | 31% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## NUGAAL, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 137 | 597 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 1402 | 11122 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 6 | 180 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 8% |
| Other | 87% |
| Conflict | 5% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 462 | 465 | 219 | 187 | 69 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 14% | 98% | 11% |

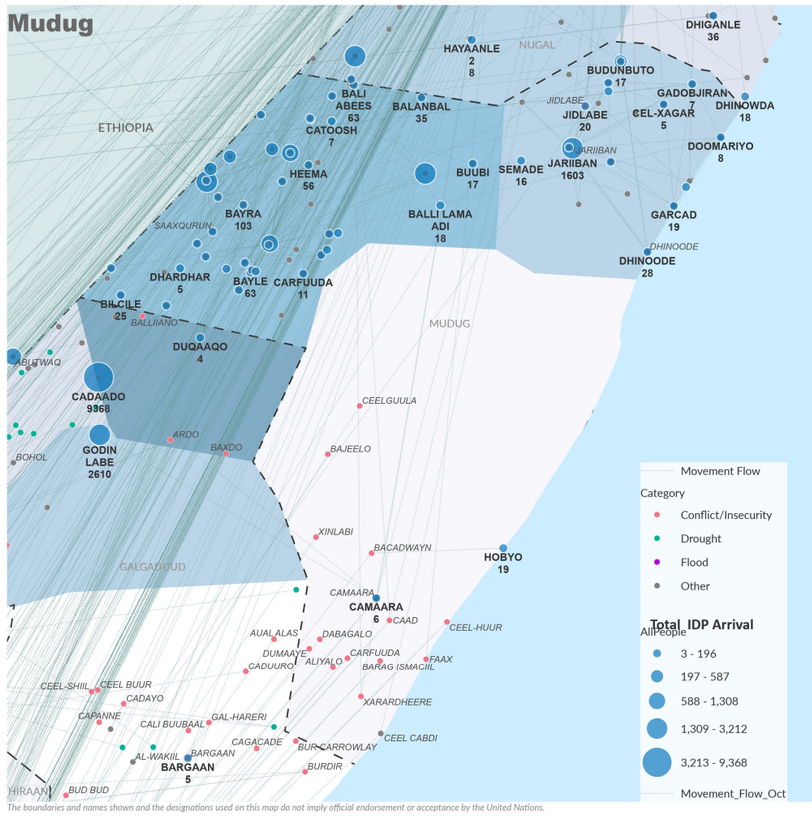
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7% | 62% | 14% | 2% | 14% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 16 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The district in the Nugaal region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Garoowe (1046).

250 individuals were displaced to the Garowe/ Waberi settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Nugaal region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Eyl(222).

181 individuals were displaced to the Garowe/ Hanti-Wadaag settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Nugaal region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was Burtinle(104).

149 individuals were displaced to yoombays settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Nugaal region.

Garoowe district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Nugaal region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (34%)
- Health (26%).

Garoowe district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (1161).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Gender-based violence
2. Psychological/emotional abuse or inflicted distress
3. Child and forced family separation

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 5% |
| Water | 18% |
| Shelter | 34% |
| Health | 31% |
| Protection[4] | 1% |
| Livelihood | 8% |
| Transport | 3% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## SANAAG, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 2 | 85 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 17 | 1597 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 0 | 16 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 59% |
| Other | 41% |
| Conflict | 0% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 13% | 44% | 38% |

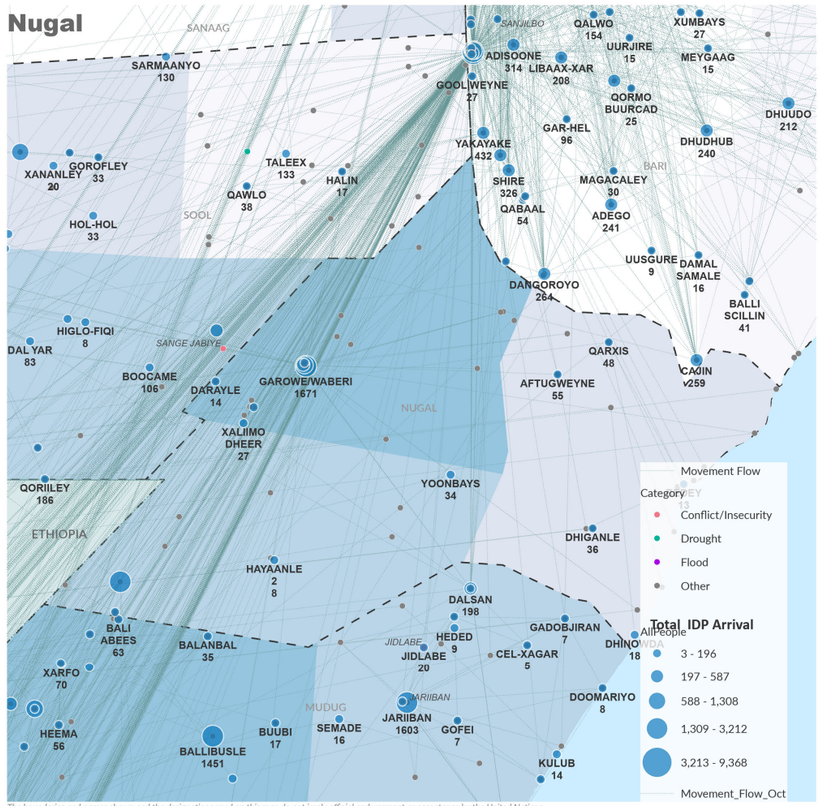
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 33% | 17% | 33% | 0% | 17% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 0 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Sanaag region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Badhan (10).

10 individuals were displaced to the Cawsene settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Flood.

The district in the Sanaag region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Laasqoray(7).

7 individuals were displaced to the Ceelaayo settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Sanaag region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

0 individuals were displaced to - settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to -.

In October 2024, 0% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sanaag region.

- district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sanaag region (0%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Exclusion from or lack of access to medical care/ health facilities (13%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (13%).

Ceel Afweyn district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (460).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child, early or forced marriage
2. Disinformation and denial of access to information
3. -

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 0% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 100% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## SOOL, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 11 | 180 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 707 | 4432 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 60 | 592 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 100% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 0% |
| Conflict | 0% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 233 | 234 | 110 | 94 | 35 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 17% | 66% | 0% |

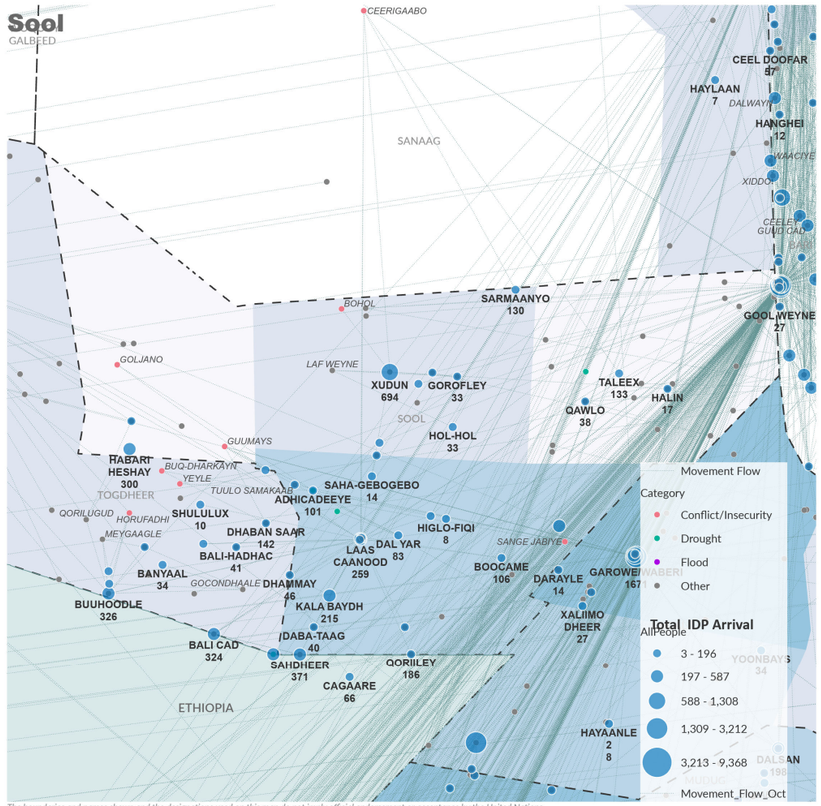
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1% | 59% | 0% | 0% | 39% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 62 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Sool region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Laas Caanood (707).

343 individuals were displaced to the Sahdheer settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

The district in the Sool region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

146 individuals were displaced to the Jidbaale settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Drought.

The district in the Sool region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

135 individuals were displaced to Tuko Raq settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Drought.

In October 2024, 4% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Sool region.

Laas Caanood district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Sool region (87%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (39%)
- Domestic Violence (39%).

Laas Caanood district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (2891).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Presence of Mine and other explosive ordnance
2. Gender-based violence
3. Child, early or forced marriage

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 2% |
| Water | 21% |
| Shelter | 0% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 74% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 3% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivity of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## TOGDHEER, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 42 | 190 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 508 | 2326 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 194 | 694 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 54% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 37% |
| Conflict | 9% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 168 | 168 | 79 | 68 | 25 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 7% | 86% | 0% |

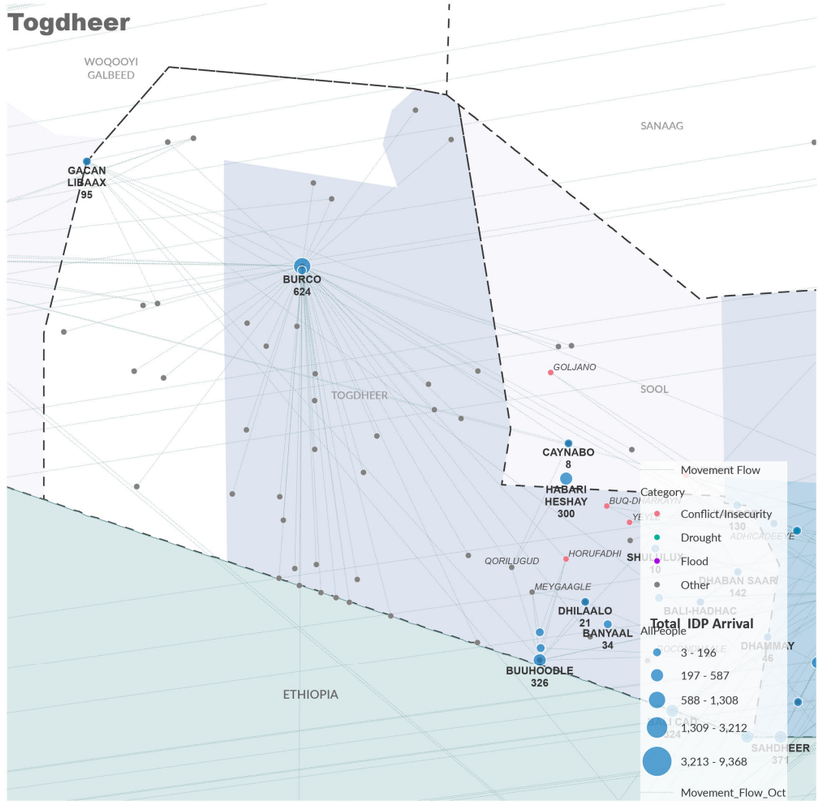
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9% | 82% | 0% | 0% | 9% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 252 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture. Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Togdheer region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Buuhoodle (319).

273 individuals were displaced to the Bali Cad settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Drought.

The district in the Togdheer region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Burco(189).

181 individuals were displaced to the Burco settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Togdheer region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

34 individuals were displaced to Banyaal settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Conflict/Insecurity.

In October 2024, 14% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Togdheer region.

Burco district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Togdheer region (77%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (77%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (12%).

Burco district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (1400).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Child, early or forced marriage
2. Presence of Mine and other explosive ordnance
3. Discrimination and stigmatization, denial of resources, opportunities, services and/or humanitarian access

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 37% |
| Water | 4% |
| Shelter | 13% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 24% |
| Livelihood | 22% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 0% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivey of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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# PROTECTION & SOLUTIONS MONITORING NETWORK (PSMN)

## WOQOOYI GALBEED, SOMALIA | OCTOBER 2024

UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | Somalia

| | OCTOBER 2024 | IN 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| # OF INCIDENTS THAT CAUSED DISPLACEMENT | 10 | 75 |
| # OF NEWLY DISPLACED POPULATION | 66 | 459 |
| # OF PROTECTION VIOLATIONS RECORDED[1] | 174 | 1690 |

[1]Some protection violations were not recorded due to security risks in some regions.

## TRIGGERS OF DISPLACEMENT (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Drought | 0% |
| Flood | 0% |
| Other | 100% |
| Conflict | 0% |

## DEMOGRAPHICS (OCTOBER 2024)[3]

| Girls | Boys | Women | Men | Elderly |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22 | 22 | 10 | 9 | 3 |

[3]Disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those displacement reports where data has been collected at household level.

## PROTECTION VIOLATIONS CONCERNING CHILDREN, WOMEN AND MINORITIES (2024 IN %)

| Children | Girls & Women | Minorities[2] |
|---|---|---|
| 4% | 97% | 15% |

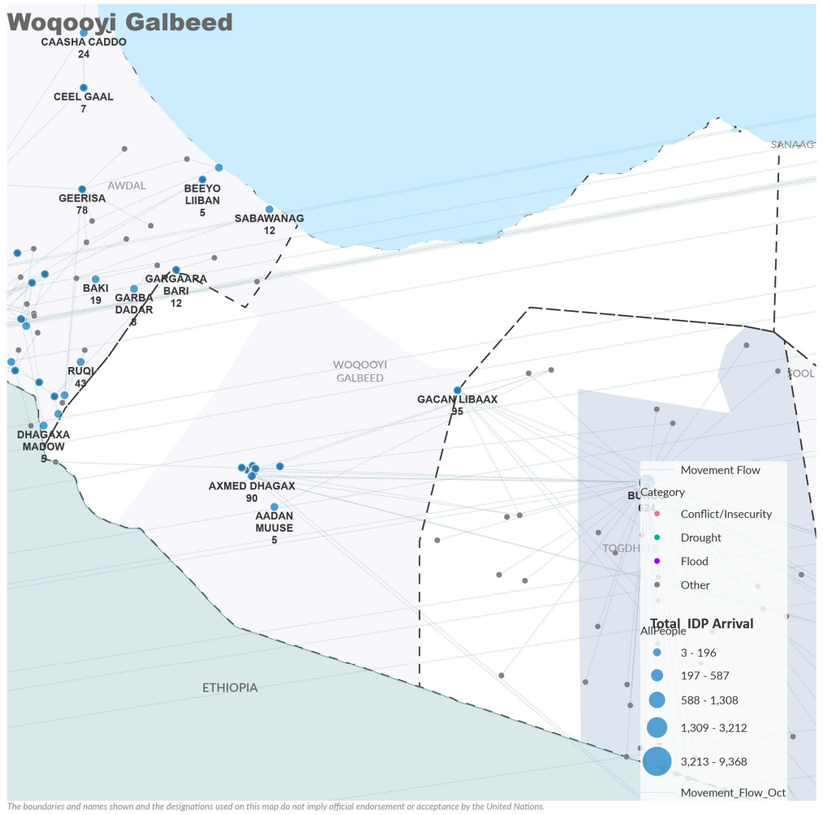
[2]Members of minority clans include the Benadiri, Bantu, AUGUSTIe, Barawans, Gardere, Yakabur and Rahanweyne.

## SPECIFIC NEEDS OF THOSE WHO EXPERIENCED PROTECTION VIOLATIONS (IN 2024)[4]

| Child at risk | Women at risk | Disabilities | Elderly at risk | Others[5] |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3% | 97% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

[4]In Oct 2024, 110 specific needs were recorded of those individuals who experienced protection violations.
[5]Others who are at risk include the following categories family unit, specific legal and physical protection needs, unaccompanied or seperate child, pregnant or lactating, serious medical condition, single parent, SGBV and torture.
Individuals can have multiple vulnerabilities

## IDP FLOW MOVEMENT (JAN - OCT 2024)




The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The district in the Woqooyi Galbeed region with the highest number of recorded displacement incidents was Hargeysa (66).

20 individuals were displaced to the 26-Jun settlement, making it the largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Woqooyi Galbeed region with the second highest number of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

8 individuals were displaced to the Axmed Dhagax settlement, making it the second largest displacement incident due to Other.

The district in the Woqooyi Galbeed region with the third highest numbered of recorded displacement incidents was -(0).

7 individuals were displaced to Gacan Libaax settlement, making it the third largest displacement incident due to Other.

In October 2024, 13% of protection violations across Somalia were recorded in Woqooyi Galbeed region.

Hargeysa district had the highest recorded percentage of protection violations across the Woqooyi Galbeed region (100%).

The highest recorded protection violations in the region from Jan to Oct 2024 include the following:

- Domestic Violence (60%)
- Physical Assault/Attack Not Resulting In Death (20%).

Hargeysa district recorded with the highest number of protection violations in the region from January 2016 to October 2024 (11750).

### Top 3 Protection Risks Identified

1. Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement.
2. -
3. -

## PRIORITY NEED ON ARRIVAL (OCTOBER 2024 IN %)

| | |
|---|---|
| Food | 44% |
| Water | 0% |
| Shelter | 45% |
| Health | 0% |
| Protection[4] | 0% |
| Livelihood | 0% |
| Transport | 0% |
| Other | 11% |

[6]Protection figures are underreported due to the concerns related to the sensitivety of this topic in the context of Somalia.

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