

Given the persistence of conflicts in Sudan and the constant influx of new refugees and returnees, the Chadian government estimates that the number of refugees and returnees could reach **973,000*** in Chad by the end of 2025.

Context

Since the beginning of the conflict in Sudan on April 15, 2023, the CNARR, UNHCR and IOM have noted **an influx of people forced to flee including Sudanese refugees and Chadian returnees** who arrived spontaneously in Chad through over 32 border entry points mainly in the provinces of Ouaddai, Sila, Wadi-Fira and Ennedi Est in Eastern Chad. From the onset of the influx, humanitarian workers are supporting the Chadian Government and local authorities to provide **life saving assistance and a set of Protection services both in spontaneous sites; in the extension of old settlements as well**



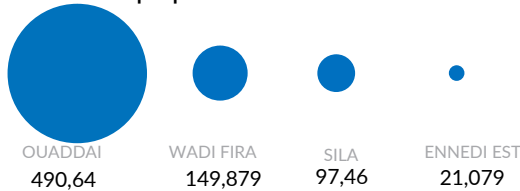
as the newly established settlements. As of date under the leadership of the Government and UNHCR 57,2% of refugees have been relocated from the spontaneous arrival sites to both the extension and newly established settlements where refugees and host communities benefit from the services delivered by the humanitarian teams.

759,058 New arrivals fixed or in the process of being fixed

210,112 Households

37 Host villages

New arrivals per province



Individual biometric registration

(Abéché, Adré, Am Nabak, Arkoum, Alacha, Djabal, Farchana, Gaga, Goz Amir, Iridimi, Kounoungou, Metché, Mile, Aboutengué, Oure Cassoni, Tissi, Touloum, Kerfi, Dougui et Zabout)

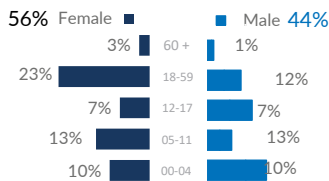
674,162 Registered and pre-registered individuals

191,951 Household

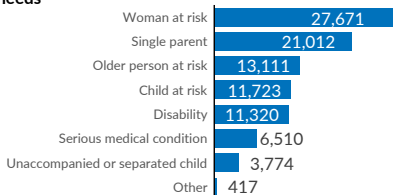
74% registered are women & children of which 25% are women

14% registered have specific needs

Age and gender breakdown of registered persons

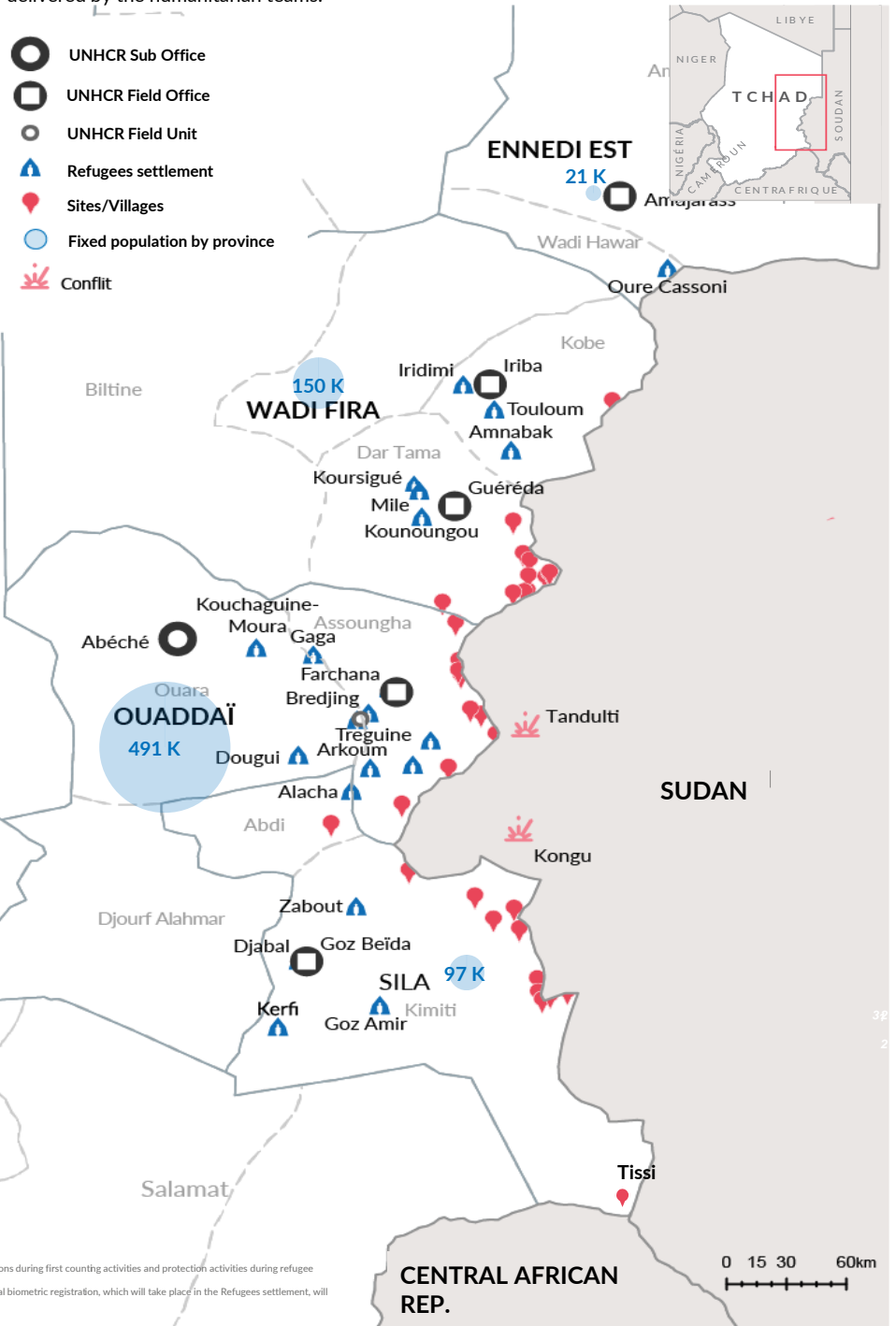


Registered persons with specific needs

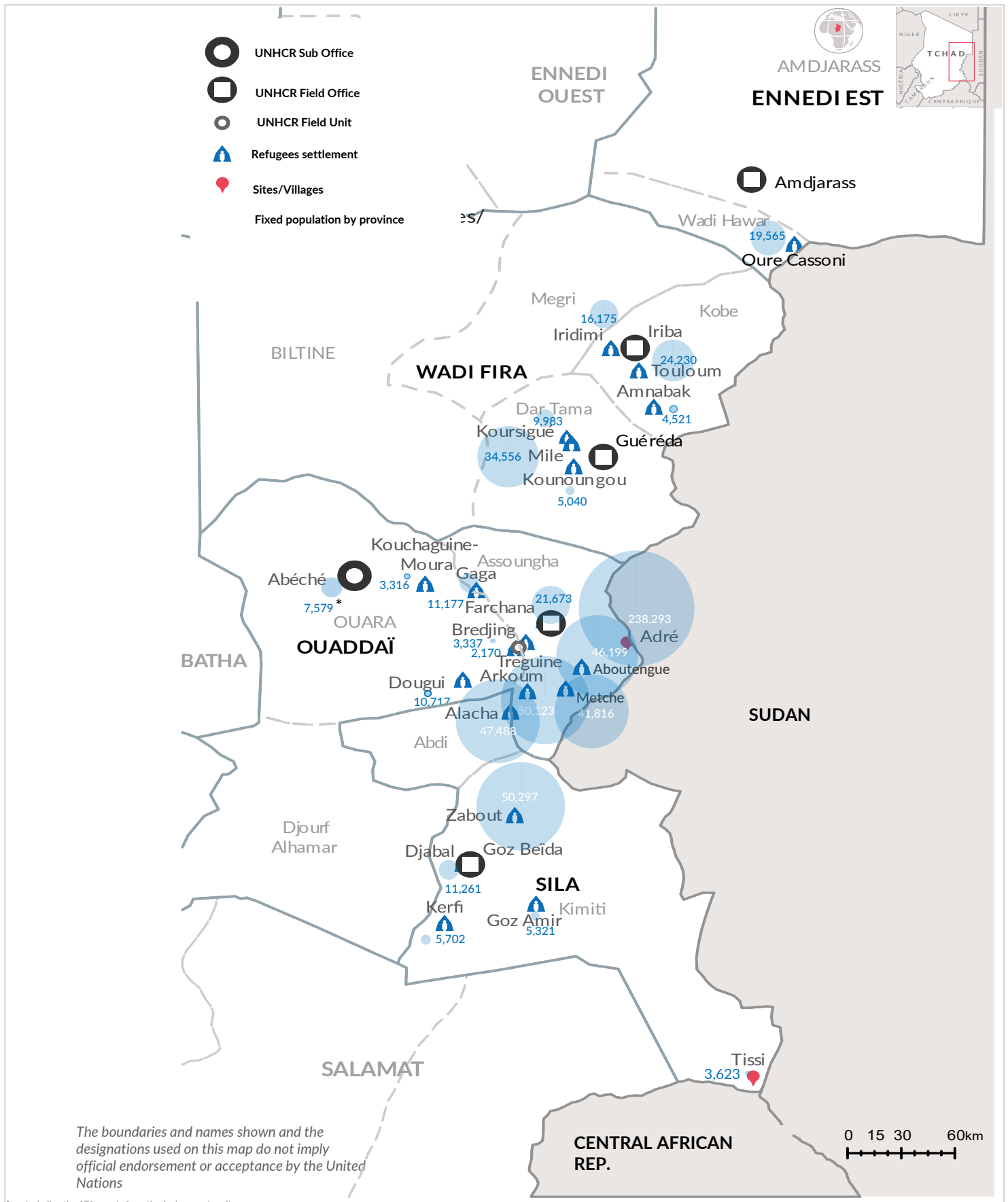


216,337 Migrants Returnees arrivals (Estimated)

68% Returnees are children



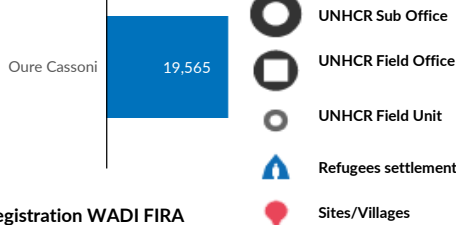
* Source: Estimation by the Chadian government.
** Around 26,000 new arrivals have been reported, but not yet fixed. Based on border monitoring, observations during first counting activities and protection activities during refugee relocation, we have reasons to believe that this figure could experience a reduction by about 20%. The completion of the relocation process and individual biometric registration, which will take place in the Refugees settlement, will confirm precise refugee figures.
*** Source : OIM/DTM, Chad – Sudan crisis response : Situation update 48 (03 february 2025)



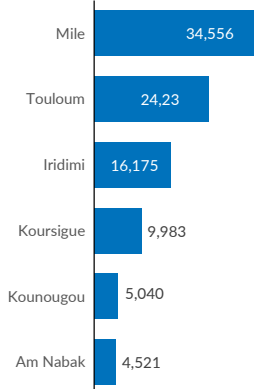
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

* including the 171 people from the Ambougoudan site.

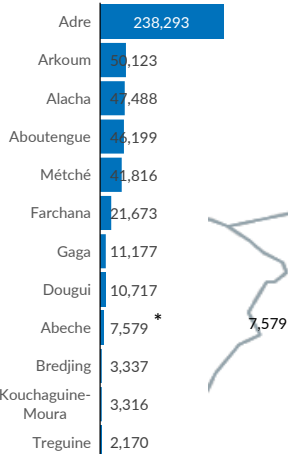
Registration ENNEDI Est
(Oure Cassoni)



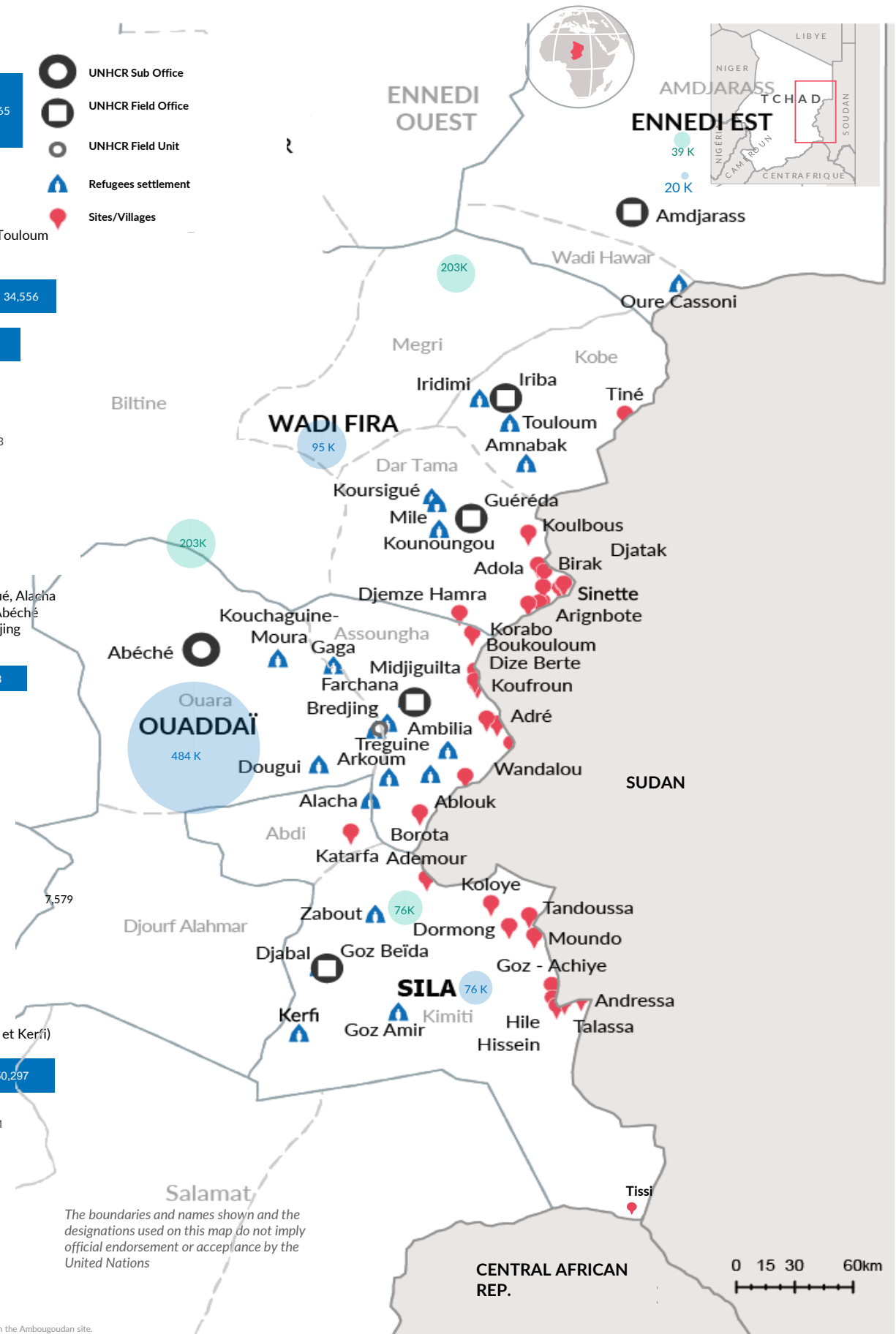
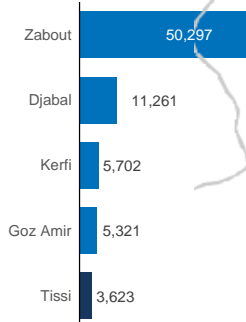
Registration WADI FIRA
(Mile, Kounougou, Irdimi, Touloum et Am Nabak)



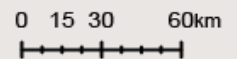
Registration OUADDAÏ
(Adré, Arkoum, Aboutengué, Alacha Métché, Gaga, Farchana, Abéché Kouchaguine-Moura, Bredjing Dougui et Treguine)



Registration SILA
(Goz Amir, Djabal, Zabout et Kerfi)



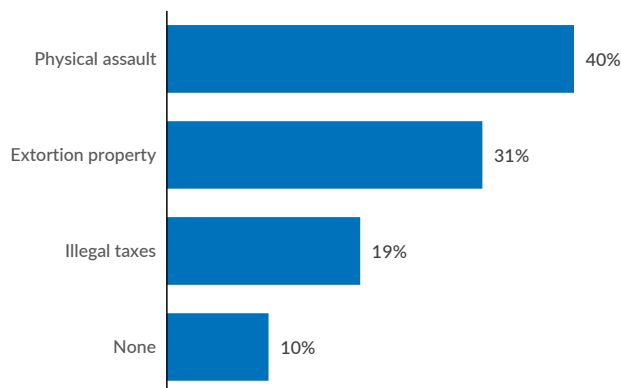
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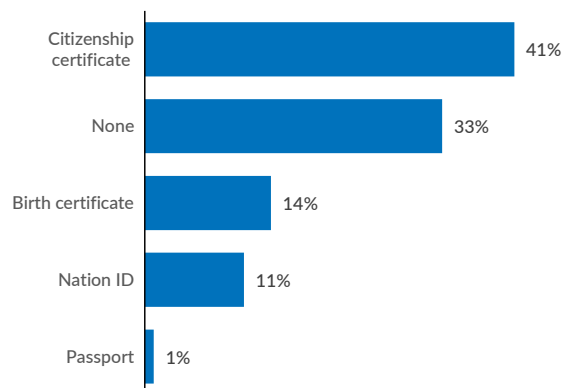
ACCESS TO TERRITORY AND ASYLUM

What types of identified dangers or threats are you exposed to?



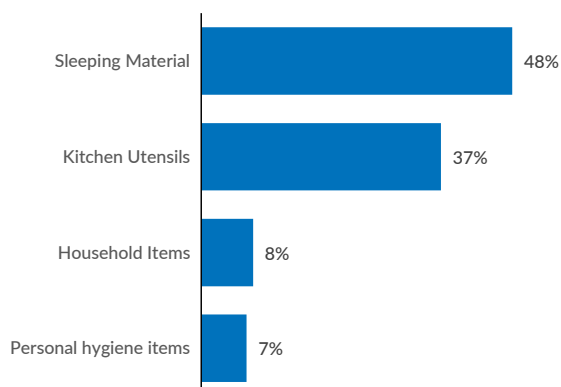
DOCUMENTATION

What type of individual document do you possess?



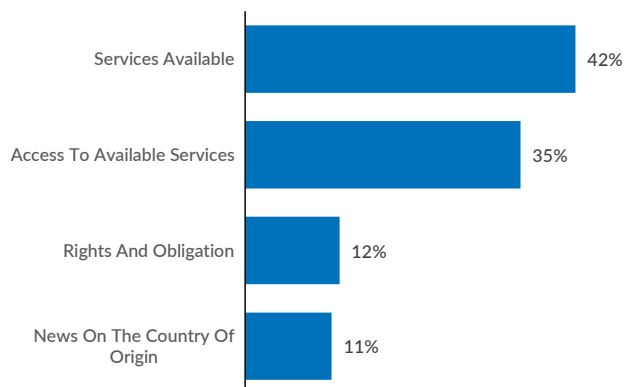
BASIC NEEDS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES

What category of items does your family need the most?



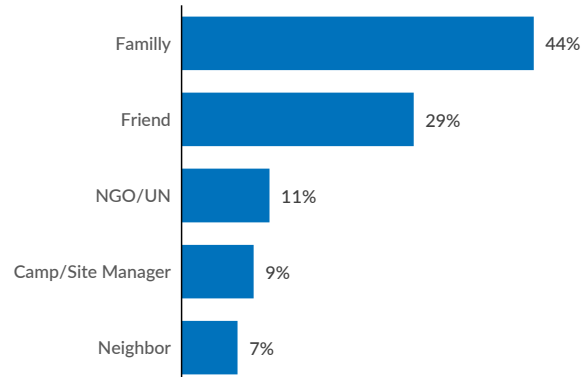
COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

What type of information would you like to receive from humanitarian workers and authorities?



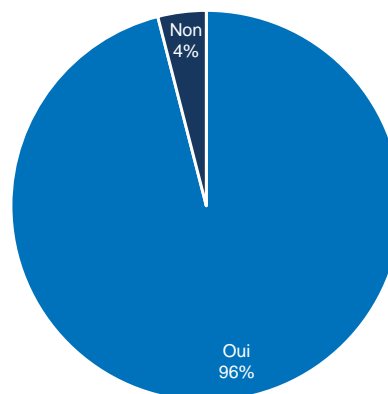
GENDER BASED VIOLENCE

What are the support mechanisms for GBV victims?



EDUCATION

Are there any school-age children in your family?



The Project 21 is a regional protection monitoring system, launched in 2020 to address gaps in data collection and analysis on protection in West and Central Africa. The inter-agency project mobilizes partners to collect a set of data using harmonized tools and a common methodology to generate joint analysis of the situation, risks, and protection trends.

In January 2025, more than 2,743 newly arrived refugee households were surveyed in Chad.