

## SOLUTIONS

One of Chile's main challenges is to **progress toward more inclusive growth and development**, while continuing to be a **destination country offering economic opportunities for forcibly displaced people**. According to official government estimates, as of December 2022, **1.6 million foreign nationals** reside in Chile, representing **8.4%** of the total population. Over the past twelve months, **the employed foreign population grew by 1.5%, mainly in the domestic work sector (41.7%), agriculture and fishing (30.3%), and accommodation and food services (7.4%)**. The most significant declines during the same period occurred in manufacturing (-13.5%), construction (-9.9%), and commerce (-1.0%). Overall, **individuals arriving with the intent to stay not only contribute to human capital, consume services and products, pay taxes, generate economic activity, and drive innovation and creativity, but their arrival has also helped reduce Chile's existing labor force shortage**.

### KEY FIGURES

**11%**

Of the Chilean workforce is foreign

(Statistical Bulletin INE 2024)

**6,3%**

Is the estimated unemployment rate for foreigners; **8.5%** are women.

(Statistical Bulletin, INE 2024)

**31,6%**

Of the population in human mobility participates informally in the labour market versus **27%** of the national population

(Statistical Bulletin, INE 2024)

**46,4%**

Of the foreigners employed in Chile are of Venezuelan origin. **46.1%** are employed in low-skilled jobs.

(Statistical Bulletin, INE 2024)

**87,1%**

Of the people in human mobility are between 15 and 64 years old, compared to **67%** in the Chilean population.

(National Migration Survey, 2022)



### STRATEGIC LINES OF SOLUTIONS

1



#### Development and inclusion

Coordination with Development Agencies to **strengthen public policies for the inclusion of people in human mobility and local development with host communities**. Additionally, promote the integration of refugees and migrants into the Social Protection System and work interinstitutionally with local governments to **enhance territorial response efforts** through coordinated actions with the National Migration Service, the Social Action Directorate, the Subsecretariat for Regional Development, the R4V platform, and civil society.

2



#### Livelihoods

Promote access to decent employment and labor rights through the "**Mercado Inclusivo**" web platform. Furthermore, expand business opportunities for small entrepreneurs through a digital showcase and foster livelihood opportunities by providing access to entrepreneurial training spaces for women, aiming to include them in market value chains.

3



#### Strategic Alliances

Foster partnerships with the private sector, employers, labor organizations, financial institutions, and relevant stakeholders to **promote access to decent work and livelihoods** for forcibly displaced individuals and host communities, adopting a whole-of-society approach.