UNHCR The UN Refugee Agency | CORE

SUDAN

# Influx from South Sudan

*as of 15 June 2025*

## Key figures

**86,152** estimated Arrivals from South Sudan since April 2025

*(Mixed population including refugees, asylum seekers, returnees, etc.)*

**45,084** estimated **newly arrived South Sudanese**

**41,068** estimated **Sudanese Returnees**

## Who is working

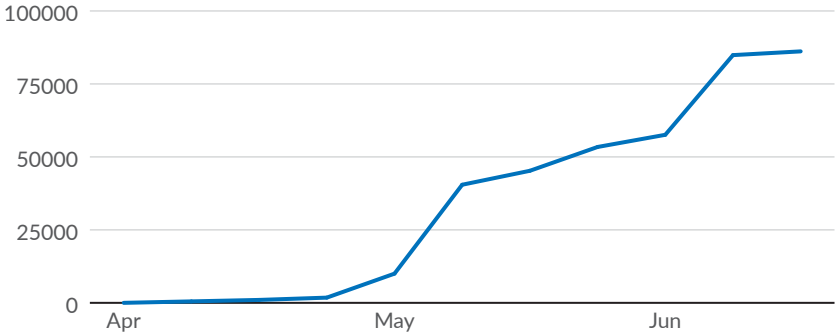
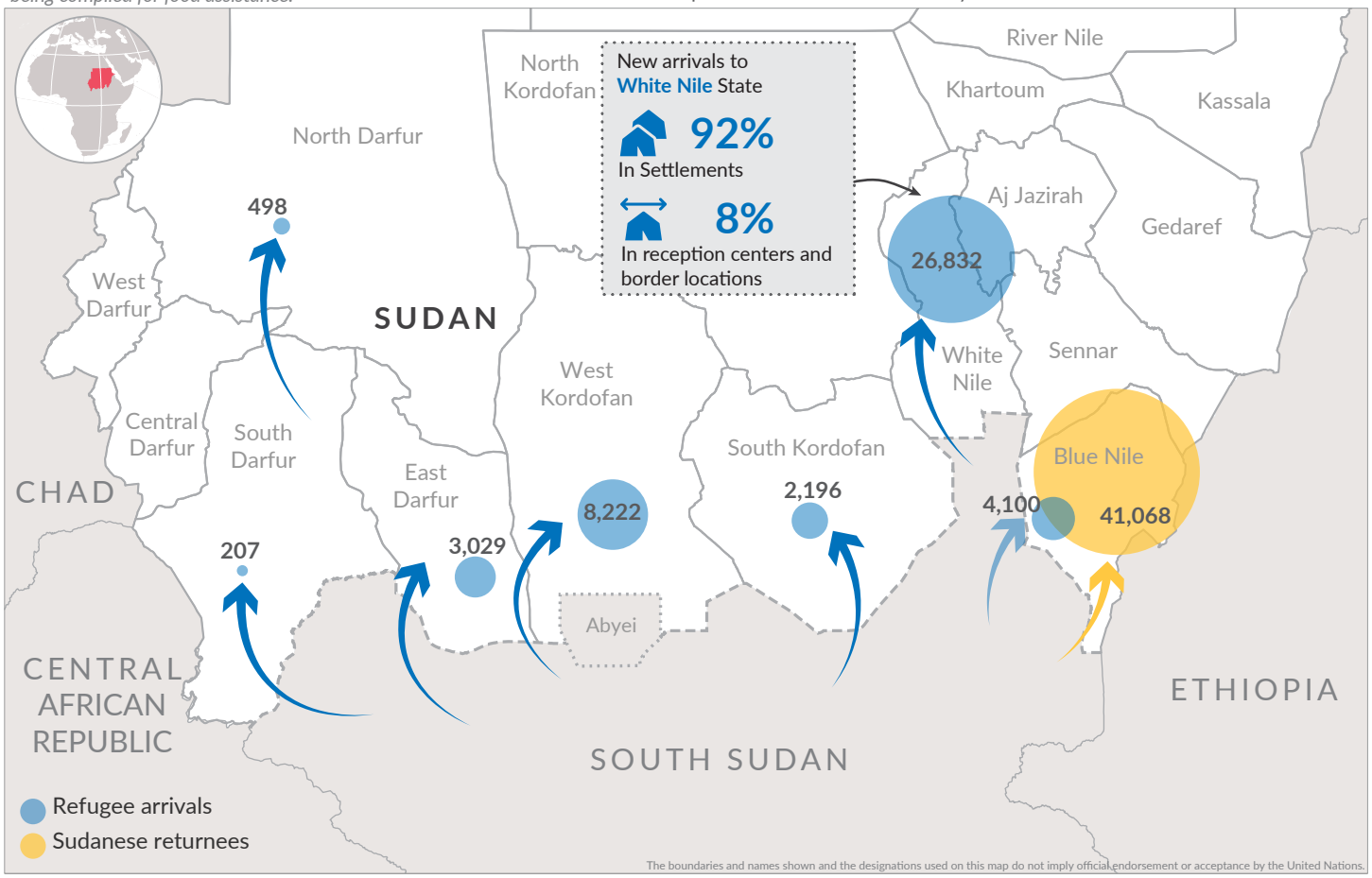
| | |
|---|---|
| **CCCM** | ADRA, COR, Blue Mountain Development |
| **NFI/Shelter** | CAFA, IAS/LM |
| **Food** | SRCS, WFP, WRI |
| **Education** | UNICEF |
| **Health and nutrition** | Al Manar, CAFA, MOH, MSF, MTI, PAN, SRCS, WVI |
| **Protection** | ADD, ALIGHT, MoHSD, Mutawinat, PLAN, UNHCR, UNICEF, WVI |
| **WASH** | CVO, IAS/LM, MSF, UNICEF, WES |

## Assistance

*Hot meal, shelter, food, non-food items, and other services such as first aid, water supply, emergency latrines and protection services were provided upon arrival at the camps. List of registered refugees is being compiled for food assistance.*

## Context

Since late February, political instability and rising hostilities between armed groups in South Sudan have led to fresh clashes, particularly in Upper Nile state. This has caused a large influx of people to flee South Sudan and move to Sudan. Over **86,000 people** have entered Sudan during this period. This includes an estimated **45,000 South Sudanese**, most of whom are in White Nile state. This state already hosts 412,000 South Sudanese refugees as well as 847,000 internally displaced people. Daily arrivals continue, placing immense pressure on already overstretched services in refugee camps. UNHCR is planning to conduct Household Surveys targeting the returnees as part of border monitoring and is exploring a potential partnership with the Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) and IOM to stregthen border monitoring efforts in the White Nile State.

Adding to this complexity is the arrival of more than **41,000 Sudanese returnees** to Blue Nile State. Having previously fled the conflict in Sudan, these people are now fleeing the situation in South Sudan. Returnees have cited insecurity and prolonged lack of food assistance and essential services in South Sudanese camps as key reasons for their return. This is an indication of potential on-going arrivals from South Sudan impacting states bordering South Sudan.

**Total new arrivals** (cumulative since Apr. 2025)