Sudan Regional Refugee Response Plan

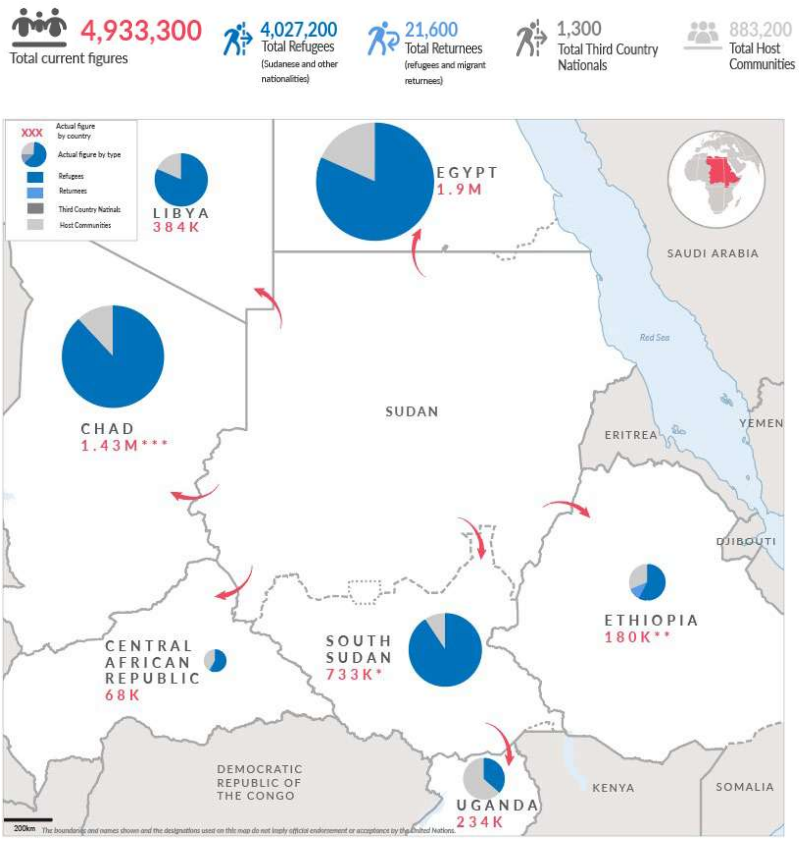
January - June 2025, Mid - Year Progress Update

AT A GLANCE

4,933,300	US$339 M	111
TOTAL CURRENT FIGURES	TOTAL FUNDING RECEIVED	PARTNERS[1]

OVERVIEW

The Sudan crisis has triggered the largest displacement and protection emergency in the world today. Over 14 million people have been forced to flee since April 2023, with 12 million remaining displaced, including over 3.2 million refugees and asylum-seekers who have crossed borders into the Central African Republic, Chad, Egypt, Ethiopia, Libya, South Sudan, and Uganda as of mid-2025. This is not just a Sudanese crisis. It is a regional emergency with global implications. The ripple effects are being felt across an already fragile region, placing enormous strain on host communities, local services, and humanitarian operations. The emergency needs a much stronger international response, including renewed efforts to support peace and practical solutions for people on the move. While some IDPs and refugees have returned to their home areas where fighting has subsided, raging conflict in other parts of the country continues to create new displacement.



Regional Refuge Response Plan (RRP) partners are present and delivering in accessible areas in the seven refugee hosting countries, but the response is below humanitarian standards in many locations. Humanitarian needs are mounting, yet funding has not kept pace. Critical protection, health, and education services are being suspended or drastically scaled back, placing millions at risk and eroding RRP partners' ability to respond under dignified conditions and at scale.

The Mid-Year Progress Update of the 2025 Sudan Regional Refugee Response Plan (RRP) reflects the efforts to respond with lifesaving and in tandem, resilience building interventions for 4.9 million people including refugees, returnees (both refugees and migrants), third country nationals and host communities in the 7 host countries. As of June 2025, the RRP was 18 per cent funded, while the projected planning figure for the year had already been met.

PROJECTED/ ACTUAL POPULATION PLANNING

Country	Sudanese Refugees[2]		Returnees[3 4 6]		Third Country Nationals[5]		Host Community		Total	
	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual
Central African Republic	50,000	38,900	2,500	1,600			27,900	27,900	80,400	68,400
Chad	1,424,000	1,259,900			2,000	600	167,800	167,800	1,593,800	1,428,200
Egypt	1,307,800	1,560,800					345,600	345,600	1,653,400	1,906,400
Ethiopia	133,200	103,700	30,700	20,000			56,000	56,000	219,900	179,600
Libya	375,000	313,000			1,000	100	70,000	70,000	446,000	383,600
South Sudan	641,000	665,700			1,000	600	67,000	67,000	709,300	732,700
Uganda	135,100	85,400					148,900	148,900	284,000	234,300
Total	**4,066,400**	**4,027,200**	**33,200**	**21,600**	**4,000**	**1,300**	**883,200**	**883,200**	**4,986,800**	**4,933,300**

1. *UN agencies and some international NGOs are operational in more than one country but are counted only once as a partner in the RRP although their interventions may vary by country.*
2. *This figure includes mainly Sudanese refugees and others who were themselves refugees in Sudan now fleeing into neighbouring countries.*
3. *The returnee figures for CAR and Ethiopia includes returnees in 2024 and projected in 2025.*
4. *There are an additional 460,535 returnees to South Sudan for both 2024 and projected for 2025 from Sudan, who are included in the HRP for South Sudan and are not in the planning figure for the Sudan RRP. Please note that the total returnees mentioned in the HRP for South Sudan is 725,178-- this includes returnees from other countries as well.*
5. *There are 20,000 Ethiopian migrant returnees and 1,000 third country nationals in Ethiopia who are also not included in this RRP; they are reflected in the IOM Response Overview for the Sudan Crisis and Neighboring Countries.*
6. *Some 61,700 migrant returnees expected to arrive in 2025 in Chad are included in the HRP for Chad.*

HIGHLIGHTS & ACHIEVEMENTS

955K
individuals received protection services[1]

1.2M
individuals provided with food assistance

107K
individuals supported with shelter/ non-food items

160K
individuals relocated or supported with transportation cash allowance

50K
individuals provided with livelihood support

813K
individuals provided with healthcare consultations

CRITICAL GAPS

Unprecedented funding cuts have severely affected the response of RRP partners:

In the **Central African Republic**, with interventions decreasing by 75 per cent compared to the first quarter of 2024. The number of safe spaces for women and girls has also declined sharply, from 31 in 2024 to just 14 in the first quarter of 2025. Due to the severe underfunding, some RRP partners halted the construction of water facilities in Korsi. As a result, the daily water supply per person in Korsi, the refugee neighborhood in Birao, is half that of the standard in emergencies.

In **Chad**, over 280,000 refugees live in makeshift sites along Chad's eastern border. They face critical shortages of shelter, clean water, healthcare, and protection services, with rising disease risks and limited capacity to relocate or meet basic needs. Budget cuts have severely limited the ability of RRP partners to respond to 273,000 refugees stranded at the border. In total, 1.3 million refugees in eastern Chad, including 176,800 from CAR, Cameroon, and Nigeria, risk losing essential services.

In **Egypt**, the delivery of essential services to refugees and host communities has hit various sectors including general protection, health, and education. Organizations have reported increased vulnerability, reduced access to services, and worsening mental health among beneficiaries.

In **Ethiopia**, 69,232 Sudanese refugees are hosted in two regions in a protracted situation with minimal livelihood opportunities. In Benishangul-Gumuz, despite the local government's commitment, which was evidenced by the allocation of 314 hectares of land near Ura settlement, livelihood activities remain deprioritized, making it difficult to cultivate the land or secure additional resources for agricultural income. As a result, most refugees lack access to income-generating activities, increasing vulnerability to food insecurity and malnutrition.

In **Libya**, the WASH sector has received only 9 per cent of its required funding in 2025, posing a huge challenge to maintain essential services. As a result, Sudanese refugees in remote areas such as Alkufra face critical shortages of safe water and hygiene facilities, heightening the risk of disease outbreaks and public health emergencies. Underfunding continues to severely undermine the delivery of gender-based violence (GBV) services in Libya, particularly for Sudanese refugees in overcrowded and underserved areas. Limited access to psychosocial support, case management, safe bathing facilities, and protective shelter leaves women and girls at heightened risk of sexual violence and exploitation.

In **South Sudan**, there has been a broad-scale reduction in humanitarian operations and the closure of numerous projects. Food assistance was reduced across all camps, forcing a shift to targeted distributions that now cover only a portion of the population, heightening the risk of deteriorating food security. Protection services—particularly those related to GBV and child protection—were significantly scaled back, limiting access to case management and safe spaces. Health and WASH gaps remain critical.

In **Uganda**, food assistance has been been phased out completely for over one million refugees, including more than 48 per cent of Sudanese refugees who rely on this support to meet their nutritional needs. Protection capacity has also been severely affected, with substantial reductions in staffing limiting the ability to respond to child protection and gender-based violence (GBV) concerns among Sudanese refugees. Funding cuts have further forced the scale-down of health, education, livelihoods, and resilience programmes, resulting in a 25 per cent reduction in teachers and a 15 per cent cut in healthcare workers, which is deepening the vulnerability of already at-risk populations.

[1] *Includes Child Protection services and GBV responses*

2025 FUNDING STATUS

SECTOR	Funding Status	CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	CHAD	EGYPT	ETHIOPIA	LIBYA	SOUTH SUDAN	UGANDA	TOTAL US$
Basic Needs	Requirements	6,266,398	41,415,463	61,221,088	18,511,381	19,645,000	21,808,054	1,500,000	170,367,383
	Funded (%)	-	2%	-	-	18%	1%	-	3%
Education	Requirements	2,628,702	69,675,400	25,232,126	12,459,579	10,770,000	20,499,894	8,868,405	150,134,106
	Funded (%)	11%	22%	30%	52%	4%	25%	24%	25%
Food Security	Requirements	21,115,702	202,035,753	40,215,271	23,840,263	14,250,000	166,388,513	12,993,768	480,839,270
	Funded (%)	-	14%	27%	15%	27%	0.2%	0.4%	10%
Protection (including Child Protection & Gender-Based Violence)	Requirements	11,265,815	59,440,763	35,357,436	21,767,022	23,570,000	65,267,760	23,117,227	239,786,023
	Funded (%)	29%	53%	47%	50%	40%	35%	14%	41%
Public Health & Nutrition	Requirements	8,540,868	88,668,043	46,726,236	19,937,514	27,820,000	56,972,459	17,246,611	265,911,732
	Funded (%)	12%	28%	4%	33%	23%	8%	7%	17%
Livelihoods & Economic Inclusion	Requirements	5,174,166	77,796,161	17,597,757	20,459,886	4,295,000	15,645,214	17,857,709	158,825,893
	Funded (%)	6%	6%	11%	25%	7%	52%	2%	13%
Supply (Logistics and Procurement) and Telecommunications	Requirements	2,395,086	24,016,667	989,583	777,935	-	19,350,000	-	45,234,270
	Funded (%)	93%	40%	146%	-	-	48%	-	50%
Settlement and Shelter and Housing	Requirements	1,136,059	77,388,840	8,830,000	20,126,575	90,000	20,551,065	16,193,333	144,315,872
	Funded (%)	67%	17%	-	13%	-	28%	-	15%
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	Requirements	6,867,916	47,421,272	1,520,000	21,632,655	6,192,000	29,302,986	9,371,428	122,308,257
	Funded (%)	2%	52%	63%	26%	17%	12%	8%	30%
Multi-Sectors*	Funded	-	500,000	2,918,779	760,853	101,964	-	-	4,281,606
TOTAL USD	Planned	65,390,711	687,858,362	237,689,497	160,290,745	106,632,000	415,785,945	107,148,482	1,780,795,741
	Funded	7,981,079 (12%)	152,850,407 (22%)	43,778,148 (18%)	41,468,018 (26%)	25,017,056 (23%)	60,031,471 (14%)	7,991,362 (7%)	339,117,541 (19%)

**Funding not reflected under any sectors is categorized under multi-sectors*

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Sudan Situation Data Portal - https://data.unhcr.org/en/situations/sudansituation

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