LEBANON Response Plan

Minutes of Meeting
Inter-Sector Coordination Group Meeting

Meeting Location	Online: MS Teams	**Meeting Date**	6 Mar 2026
Chairpersons	Dr. Ola Boutros, LRP General Supervisor (MoSA) Stephanie Laba, Inter-Agency Coordination Officer (UNHCR) Eugena Song, Chief Technical Advisor (UNDP) Yanna Thay, LHF Fund Manager & Deputy Head of Office (OCHA)	**Meeting Time**	10:00 a.m. 12:00 p.m.
Minutes Prepared by	Jana Nasr, Senior Inter-Agency Coordination Assistant (UNHCR)	**Meeting Duration**	2.00 hrs.
Participants	Annex 1		
Agenda	1. Opening Remarks 2. Lebanon Humanitarian Fund 3. Coordination Structure for Emergency Response to Internal Displacement in Lebanon 4. Information Management Updates 5. Flash Update / Emergency Sitrep 6. Updates from Access Working Group (AWG) & CM Coordination 7. Needs Assessment & Analysis 8. HCT Contingency Plan 9. Open Discussion 10. Regular Programming Business Continuity 11. AoB 12. Action Points		

1. Opening Remarks

Dr. Ola Boutros, LRP General Supervisor (MoSA)
Stephanie Laba, Inter-Agency Coordination Officer (UNHCR)
Eugena Song, Chief Technical Advisor (UNDP)
Yanna Thay, LHF Fund Manager & Deputy Head of Office (OCHA)

In their opening remarks, the Inter-Sector Coordination Group (ISCG) Co-Chairs welcomed the participants and presented the agenda. They acknowledge the challenging context and the significant toll the ongoing situation is taking on all responders, while expressing appreciation for the continued dedication and hard work of partners in responding to the emergencies. They also welcomed back Eyram Dzitrie (OCHA) who has rejoined the team for an initial three-week period to support the emergency response as well as Khouloud Mahdi (OCHA) and Marianne El Haibe (UNDP) who will be assisting the ISCG co-chairs during the emergency.

Dr. Ola Boutros expressed appreciation for the strong engagement of all actors and the effectiveness of the response despite the challenging context. She informed participants that the Ministry of Social Affairs' (MoSA) Regional Coordinators within the Operational Coordination Groups (OCGs) will serve as the main link between the Disaster Risk Management (DRM) structures and MoSA social workers, encouraging partners to coordinate with them directly to facilitate communication and operational coordination at the field level. Regarding cash assistance, she noted that MoSA has agreed to support internally displaced persons (IDPs) already registered in the existing Shock Responsive Safety Net (SRSN) database. In this regard, Hadi Haddad, in coordination with the Cash Working Group (CWG), is finalizing documentation related to Phase 1 and Phase 2 of the assistance, including additional data collection where required, which will be shared with partners shortly.

She emphasized that reporting through ActivityInfo will remain essential for tracking response activities, noting that any official online links launched by the Government will be communicated with partners in due course. In parallel, MoSA and the Ministry of Education and Higher Education (MEHE), in coordination with the Protection Sector, are developing a protection link that will be shared with partners to complete prior to undertaking interventions in collective shelters, following the same approach applied during the 2024 escalation.

Dr. Boutros also encouraged partners experiencing challenges in carrying out distributions to reach out to the relevant authorities so that issues can be addressed in coordination with the High Relief Committee (HRC) and the Lebanese Red Cross (LRC). She concluded by noting that preparations are underway to launch a Flash Appeal for Lebanon.

Follow-up on Action Points

Stephanie Laba then reviewed the pending action points on slide 4 of the presentation here.

2. Lebanon Humanitarian Fund

Yendi Ghossein, Deputy Fund Manager (OCHA)

Yendi Ghossein provided updates on the Lebanon Humanitarian Fund (LHF)

- The Humanitarian Coordinator activated a Reserve Allocation of up to $ 10 million to support the emergency response.
- To bridge immediate funding needs, contingency budget lines (approximately $ 800,000) across 40 ongoing grants are being activated through project and grant agreement revisions.
- Sectors were requested to follow up with NGO partners to trigger the contingency budget lines, as less than $200,000 has been activated so far.
- The LHF Advisory Board and donors are meeting to review the allocation parameters and explore additional funding contributions, with the possibility of increasing the allocation envelope or launching additional allocations if funding allows.
- The allocation will be fast-tracked, though not under the 48-hour rapid response modality, as priority activities and response trajectories are already known based on previous emergency responses.
- Priority sectors include: Shelter/Site Management Coordination, Core Relief Items (CRIs), Food Security, WASH, Health, and Protection (including Child Protection and GBV), as well as Nutrition when integrated with Health or other sectors.
- As a Reserve Allocation, the process will be non-competitive, targeting pre-identified partners based on established LHF eligibility and sector-specific criteria.
- Sector funding envelopes will be determined during the Advisory Board meeting and communicated to sectors shortly thereafter.
- The call for proposals is expected to be launched between Monday and Tuesday (likely Tuesday), with partners given 3–4 days to submit full proposals.
- A template with detailed logframes, indicators, and activities will be provided to facilitate proposal development.
- Technical and strategic reviews will be conducted jointly, with the aim of completing reviews by the following Sunday–Monday, and grant agreements expected to be signed the following week.
- Project implementation is expected to start between 16–18 March.
- Once finalized, the full allocation paper and details will be shared with the ISCG and relevant stakeholders.

Discussion

- A question was raised on whether the LHF funding would only target IDPs in collective shelters or also those outside shelters.
- It was clarified that the LHF allocation will target IDPs both inside and outside collective shelters, as well as other affected population groups.
- Given that education is not a prioritized sector, it was asked whether the selection of partners for WaSH and Shelter activities in schools used as shelters would be cross-checked with the Education Sector or the MEHE, particularly to ensure that partners have relevant experience working in schools.
- It was responded that this coordination should be discussed with the relevant sector coordinators, who will ensure that pre-identified partners comply with MEHE requirements and relevant sector criteria.
- Clarification was requested regarding whether LHF allocations for WaSH and Shelter activities in schools could be prioritized for MEHE partners already experienced in working within schools, given the specific requirements and operational sensitivities.
- It was confirmed that this point will be discussed during the sector envelope allocation process to ensure alignment with pre-identified partner criteria and sector-specific requirements. The aim is to facilitate and expedite the allocation process while ensuring partners meet sector and MEHE operational standards.

3. Coordination Structure for Emergency Response to Internal Displacement in Lebanon

Eugena Song, Chief Technical Advisor (UNDP)

Eugena Song presented the coordination structure of the response:

- The coordination structure diagram and accompanying note are being finalized and will be shared after the meeting. The diagram outlines coordination channels and two-way communication flows between national, governorate, and local levels.
- At the national level, the Prime Minister provides overall direction, with the National Disaster Response Coordination Committee activated to coordinate the response with key ministries and national agencies.
- The National Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Unit supports national coordination, including acting as secretariat, providing operational support, and managing the National Operations Room.
- For the current emergency response, MoSA has been mandated by the Prime Minister to lead and oversee the humanitarian response and ensure coordination with UN agencies and NGOs.
- Key national entities involved in the response include MoSA, MEHE, the Ministry of Interior and Municipalities (MoIM), Ministry of Public Health (MoPH), the LRC, and the National Council for Scientific research – Lebanon (CNRS-L), in addition to other contributing ministries.
- Key coordination flows include:
    - National Level
        - National DRM Unit↔ MoSA
        - MoSA & DRM ↔ ISCG ↔ OCGs
        - MoSA & DRM ↔ ISCG ↔ Sectors
        - DRM ↔ Line Ministries
    - Subnational Regional Governorate Local Level
        - OCGs ↔ Governors / DRM Committees
        - OCGs ↔ Sectors & Agencies

    - OCGs ↔ Working Groups (e.g. Access Working Group, Assessment & Analysis Working Group)
    - OCGs ↔ Local Authorities
    - Sectors ↔ Partners
- OCGs serve as the operational coordination platform at the governorate level, linking government leadership with implementing partners and ensuring coordination with governors, DRM structures, line ministries, and municipalities.
- Operational information from the field is expected to flow upward through OCGs to the ISCG and MoSA/DRM for consolidation and decision-making, while strategic guidance flows downward through the same structure.
- Dr. Ola Boutros serves as the liaison between the Government and the ISCG/OCGs, while ISCG co-chairs maintain direct communication with OCGs.
- The Humanitarian Country Team (HCT), led by the RC/HC, provides strategic guidance and system-wide prioritization when required.
- Partners are required to report daily through ActivityInfo, which feeds into key information products such as service mapping and collective site tracking.
- All reporting is consolidated by DRM, including inputs from government entities such as the High Relief Committee, and reflected in DRM dashboards.
- Governorate DRM Committees lead coordination at the governorate level, ensuring two-way communication between national coordination structures and local operational platforms.
- Sector coordination intersects with OCGs by consolidating partner inputs, providing technical guidance, validating interventions, and maintaining response monitoring.
- Routing of requests from OCGs to sectors follows two modalities:
- Where sub-national sector coordination structures exist, requests are channeled through them.
- Where they do not exist, OCG co-chairs send requests directly to national sector coordinators.
- At the local level, coordination involves municipalities, unions of municipalities, first responders, NGOs, and INGOs, where most operational response activities take place.

Stephanie Laba, Inter-Agency Coordination Officer (UNHCR)

Stephanie clarified the role of MoSA regional focal points following questions raised by partners regarding approval of field activities.

- Partners are required to coordinate planned activities with their respective sectors and the OCGs, ensuring that sector coordinators guide the mobilization of partners based on identified needs and to avoid duplication.
- There is no formal approval process required from MoSA for implementing activities.
- After coordination with the sector, partners are only required to notify the MoSA regional focal points prior to conducting distributions or activities.
- The purpose of the notification is to ensure MoSA is aware of ongoing activities at the field level.
- In cases where concerns or issues arise, MoSA focal points may flag the matter to the partner and the relevant sector, but this does not constitute an approval mechanism.

4. Information Management Updates

Raffi Kouzoudjian, Information Management Officer (UNHCR)

Raffi Kouzoudjian presented and demonstrated the emergency-related products which are now consolidated and accessible here **2026 Lebanon Escalations Response Tools**:

- **Stocks Management Dashboard:** This dashboard consolidates partner-reported stock levels to support timely planning and efficient resource allocation.
- **Collective Sites List:** A live document updated hourly, drawing directly from the DRM dashboard. It includes information on open sites, including P-codes, capacity, and occupancy figures.
- **Collective Sites Dashboard:** An interactive dashboard refreshed daily, providing up-to-date information on site status and ongoing interventions.
- **Service Mapping Dashboard:** Directly linked to the ActivityInfo form, this dashboard allows filtering by response type to view emergency-related services.

Discussion

- Concerns were raised regarding the Sites Dashboard, noting that partners are already relying on the dashboard produced by the Operations Room and suggesting that maintaining a separate dashboard may create duplication. It was proposed that site information could instead be extracted directly from ActivityInfo, if possible.
- It was explained that the Sites Dashboard is a by-product of the existing data list, and if partners find it unnecessary, it may be discontinued to avoid overlap.
- Clarification was requested regarding ActivityInfo reporting timelines, noting that in some sectors, particularly Food Security, partners are being advised to report activities implemented the previous day, as daily operations may continue beyond reporting deadlines.
- It was acknowledged that this clarification will be reflected in reporting summaries, indicating that reported data may reflect activities conducted on the previous day.

Stephanie Laba, Inter-Agency Coordination Officer (UNHCR)

Stephanie asked sectors to follow-up with their partners on the following:

- Ensure accurate tracking of the response to the ongoing IDP situation, sectors are requested to closely follow-up with their partners to report their activities DAILY through ActivityInfo by 16:00, covering assistance provided both inside and outside collective shelters.
- The information feeds into the DRM response dashboard to reflect the activities implemented by LRP partners.
- The data will also contribute to the Government's daily briefing, including the Minister of Social Affairs' press conference at 6:30 PM.
- The information will further inform the Flash Update / Sitrep and the Flash Appeal process.
- Sector IM officers will extract the data around 5:00–5:30 PM after the reporting deadline and conduct a rapid check for major discrepancies (e.g., obvious data entry errors such as extra or missing zeros) rather than a full verification.
- After this quick review, sector IM teams will share the consolidated data for further reporting and analysis.
- Delays in reporting will result in gaps in the overall response picture.
- Step-by-Step Guide has been shared with all partners & ActivityInfo users by email.

5. Flash Update / Emergency Sitrep

Khouloud Mahdi, Humanitarian Affairs Officer (OCHA)

Khouloud explained that OCHA will begin producing a Flash Update starting immediately, with the initial frequency set as daily during the early phase of the response:

- The frequency may be adjusted later depending on operational needs.

- The reporting template will be similar to the one used during the 2024 escalation of hostilities and may later be complemented with an "At a Glance" product, depending on reporting requirements.
- Sectors are encouraged to share available information without feeling pressure to provide extensive inputs if data is limited. Contributions may include:
    - Key figures and response updates
    - Identified needs
    - Emerging gaps
    - Relevant advocacy points
- The template will be shared daily with ISCG co-chairs and sector coordinators by 2:00 PM and sector inputs are requested by 5:00 PM, aligning with ActivityInfo reporting timelines. After 5:00 PM, the document will be closed and taken forward for internal review by OCHA, followed by final validation by the Humanitarian Coordinator (HC) before publication.
- While the initial versions may be preliminary, the objective is to rapidly consolidate sector inputs into a single daily update on the response.

Discussion

- Sector coordinators suggested that additional time is needed to verify partner inputs, recommending at least two hours after the ActivityInfo reporting deadline.
- OCHA highlighted that additional time is required for internal review and clearance, including validation by the Humanitarian Coordinator (HC) before publication of the Flash Update.
- To balance timeliness and accuracy, it was proposed that disclaimers may be included indicating that figures reflect data from the previous 24 hours or may be subject to updates, with periodic reconciliation of figures (e.g., weekly verification).
- Sector coordinators (notably WaSH and FSA) asked whether OCHA could extract data directly from sector Sitreps, to avoid duplicate reporting through both sector Sitreps and the Flash Update template.
- OCHA confirmed that data can be extracted from sector Sitreps where relevant but noted that additional indicators may still be required for the Flash Update (e.g., contextual or sector-specific impact indicators).
- It was also clarified that if OCHA relies on sector Sitreps for inputs, sectors should avoid revising their Sitreps afterwards, as this could lead to inconsistencies with the published Flash Update.

6. Updates from Access Working Group (AWG) & CM Coordination

Joelle Harfouche, AWG Co-Chair & Head of Access/CM Coordination Unit (OCHA)

Joelle Harfouche presented updates on humanitarian access and the Humanitarian Notification System (HNS) following a meeting between the Civil-Military Coordination Cell and the Access Working Group (AWG):

- A preliminary list of hard-to-reach areas has been agreed upon, pending final feedback from members. The areas expected to be endorsed include:
    - The entire South Governorate, except Saida District.
    - The Bekaa Governorate, except Zahle and Chtaura.
    - In Beirut and Mount Lebanon, only the southern suburbs of Beirut.
- More detailed information and geographic specifications will be circulated once the list of hard-to-reach areas is finalized.
- The HNS Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and scope are currently being updated to reflect the evolving operational context and recent system updates.

- As highlighted in the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) meeting, the HNS now covers all areas south of the Litani River as well as areas north of the river, including the locations identified as hard-to-reach.
- Sensitization and refresher sessions on the HNS will take place next week, and further details on timing and participation will be shared with partners shortly.
- Static site notifications continue to be submitted for locations across Lebanon, and registered HNS users receive automated alerts from OCHA when notified sites are located near evacuation orders or areas of concern.

7. Needs Assessment & Analysis

Stephanie Laba, Inter-Agency Coordination Officer (UNHCR)

Stephanie provided updates on needs assessment and analysis:

- MoSA is discussing with partners the implementation of the Emergency Rapid Needs Assessment (ERNA) in collective shelters.
- MoSA informed about leading the assessment process through site managers, including staff from MoSA, MEHE, and the LRC.
- To avoid duplication of efforts, coordination is ongoing with the Ministry to determine how humanitarian partners can complement the Ministry-led assessments, including through the deployment of RNA partners and a geographical division of responsibilities.
- The ERNA tool previously used during past emergencies has been shared with the Ministry for review and feedback.
- Humanitarian partners confirmed their readiness to support Ministry staff, including through capacity building on the ERNA tool and operational support in sites where there are human resource gaps, including during a transition period before Ministry focal points are assigned to specific sites.
- Updates will be shared once the Ministry confirms its preferred assessment tool and coordination modality.
- For displaced populations outside collective shelters, MoSA is developing a national registration link for internally displaced persons (IDPs) that will capture key information, including whether individuals are staying inside or outside collective shelters.
- Members of the Assessment and Analysis Working Group (AAWG) indicated readiness to conduct complementary assessments outside collective shelters, which will be aligned with the Ministry's registration process once it is operational.

Discussion

- Sectors inquired about the expected timeline for the RNA rollout. It was clarified that RNA partners have not yet been activated to conduct site-level assessments, as partners are awaiting guidance from MoSA on the assessment modality and frequency.
- It was also noted that the assessment tool is linked to activity reporting systems, which would allow tracking of assessments and facilitate follow-up or repeat assessments if needed.
- The importance of ensuring sectoral review of the RNA tool and results was emphasized, and a question was raised on how partners planning their own assessments should proceed in the meantime.
- Concerns were also raised regarding potential duplication of assessments and assessment fatigue, emphasizing the need for coordination with the AAWG to map planned assessments and improve visibility on partners' assessment plans.

- In response, it was reiterated that a network of RNA partners across Lebanon already exists and is organized based on a geographical division (GeoSplit). Once activated, partners will be assigned to specific sites and will coordinate assessments accordingly, under the established coordination structure.
- However, sectors and partners are advised not to initiate implementation at this stage, as the process is pending official guidance and direction from the Government.

8. HCT Contingency Plan

Yanna Thay, LHF Fund Manager & Deputy Head of Office (OCHA)

Yanna Thay provided a brief update on the HCT contingency planning process, noting that significant technical work has already been completed:

- The previous contingency plan for Lebanon was developed in 2024, but it was not updated in 2025 as partners were fully engaged in response activities.
- At the request of the HCT and the RC/HC, the contingency plan has now been updated with sector inputs, including:
  - Planning assumptions
  - Planning figures
  - Indicative costing of response scenarios
- Many of the planning assumptions outlined in the contingency plan are now unfolding, reinforcing the relevance of the work already undertaken.
- While the technical components of the plan are largely complete, the document still requires final consolidation, validation, and formal endorsement through the Inter-Sector Coordination Group and HCT.
- Sectors were encouraged to use the already-developed sector planning data and assumptions to support the development of the Flash Appeal, which is the primary operational objective of the contingency planning exercise.
- The contingency planning work is therefore expected to serve as the foundation for the Flash Appeal, helping to streamline and accelerate its preparation.

9. Open Discussion

The following questions were posed to guide the discussion:

1. What are the main operational challenges currently affecting the delivery of assistance to displaced populations and collective sites in your area/sector?
2. Are there any coordination or authorization constraints (e.g., access to sites, engagement with local authorities, sector coordination) that are delaying or limiting the response?
3. What immediate actions or decisions at national or governorate level would help resolve these challenges and improve the response?

South

- Operational Challenges Identified:
  - Staffing gaps at MOSA:
    - Limited availability or experience of MOSA staff at the shelter level.
    - Emergency coordination capacity is constrained despite MOSA efforts.
  - Data discrepancies:
    - Differences between figures reported by sub-national DRM and the national dashboard.

        - Ongoing coordination with national team and DRM to ensure timely and accurate data entry.
    - Partner safety concerns during distributions:
        - Safety of partners conducting distributions is a concern, particularly in areas where the Humanitarian Notification System (HNS) is not yet fully activated.
        - HNS activation in South Litani River (SLR) underway; North Litani River (NLR) follow-up planned.
- Coordination and Support:
    - Close follow-up with government counterparts (DRM, local authorities) and partners to ensure coordination consistency.
    - Liaising with UNIFIL to avoid duplication of efforts and coordinate support through sector focal points and DRM.
    - Capturing support provided by the South Council and High Relief Council for situational awareness.
- Next Steps / Immediate Actions:
    - Follow-up discussion with AAWG colleagues to plan the first convoy to NLR.
    - Ensure HNS coverage to improve safety and coordination during distributions.
    - Continue addressing data discrepancies through coordinated reporting processes.

North

- Overview:
    - Situation is manageable now, but expected to change within 24–48 hours due to increasing IDP numbers.
    - Prioritize operational readiness and coordination for rapid response in the North.
- IDP Trends and Shelter Situation:
    - As of 5 March:
        - Outside shelters: 2,581 IDPs
        - Inside shelters: 704 IDPs
    - Trend showing rapid increase in IDP numbers and shelters, nearly doubling within 24 hours.
    - Majority of IDPs (≈80%) are outside collective shelters, highlighting urgent need for tracking and assistance.
- Coordination and Operational Status:
    - Coordination with MOSA teams is stable; deployed staff in shelters are performing well.
    - Some MOSA staff are new to emergency response and are receiving support from OCG co-chairs.
    - Coordination includes local stakeholders and liaison with MOSA staff.
    - Food security and shelter partners, including LRC, are actively reporting and coordinating.
- Challenges:
    - Refugee and migrant populations (Palestinian and Syrian) require targeted advocacy for shelter allocation.
    - Local shelter openings sometimes blocked by central authorities; need for national-level advocacy.
    - Manual consolidation of shelter and needs data from multiple partners is time-consuming; dashboard not yet fully operational.

- Immediate Actions / Support Needed:
  - Accelerate rollout of IDP registration link for outside shelters to consolidate accurate numbers.
  - Centralize data reporting via dashboards to replace manual spreadsheets and improve monitoring.
  - Daily reporting follow-up: OCG requests immediate flagging if partners fail to report on time; sub-national and national reporting must be tracked consistently.
  - Advocacy and coordination to ensure timely access for IDPs outside shelters.

Bekaa

- Overview:
  - Initial response is strong and partners are acting efficiently.
  - Overall response is timely and coordinated: as soon as a shelter opens, CRIs, food, and WASH services are provided.
  - Shelter assessments are ongoing to improve WASH facilities and overall site conditions.
  - Partners praised for efficiency in initial critical response.
- Main Challenges:
  - Lack of inclusiveness for non-Lebanese populations:
    - Only 4 shelters currently dedicated to Syrians; insufficient for the backlog of people needing shelter.
    - Daily efforts ongoing to identify additional locations, but gaps remain.
    - Security deterioration:
    - Evening operations are increasingly risky, particularly in Rashaya (South Bekaa) and Baalbek (North Bekaa).
    - Road access impacted by evacuations and strikes, complicating delivery and movement.
  - Logistics constraints:
    - Suggestion to pre-position items in warehouses or smaller storage sites closer to safer areas to mitigate access challenges.
    - Protection interventions:
    - Activities in collective shelters are pending authorization despite planning and geo-split mapping by protection partners.
  - Reporting issues:
    - Daily reporting is considered too frequent; coordination with DRM to streamline and ensure DRRs receive data from ActivityInfo is recommended.
- Immediate Actions / Recommendations:
  - Encourage pre-positioning of relief items for smoother delivery amid security and access constraints.
  - Finalize authorizations for protection partners to implement activities inside collective shelters.
  - Agree with DRM to centralize reporting via ActivityInfo to reduce duplication and ensure timeliness.

Beirut & Mount Lebanon (BML)

- Overview:
  - Response is ongoing but constrained by human resources, RNA limitations, and operational complexity.

    - Close coordination among partners is critical to manage distributions and updates efficiently.
- Operational Challenges:
    - Limited MOSA capacity:
        - Only one MOSA coordinator covering two large areas (BML and South), creating high workload and stretching coordination for multiple simultaneous distributions.
        - Capacity constraints on the ground:
        - Partners' ability to distribute and monitor assistance is limited compared to previous responses (e.g., 2024).
        - Ensuring presence across multiple collective shelters is challenging.
    - Security and tension issues:
        - Some disturbances reported during distributions at collective sites.
        - RNA (Rapid Needs Assessment) capacity:
        - Current RNA partner capacity is insufficient, highlighted during the recent January storm and ongoing response needs.
    - Dynamic shelter situation:
        - Continuous updates on new or changing collective sites complicate prioritization of distributions.
        - Coordination among limited partners requires careful planning to avoid gaps or duplication.
- Immediate Actions / Recommendations:
    - Consider reinforcing MOSA capacity or providing additional support for site-level coordination.
    - Review RNA partner deployment and capacity to ensure timely assessments.
    - Improve monitoring and coordination mechanisms to manage security risks during distributions.
    - Streamline prioritization for daily distributions as new shelters open or change status.

Persons with Disabilities

- Shelters for persons with disabilities:
    - DRM shared list of accessible shelters and specialized schools/organizations.
    - Current shelters quickly filled, limiting referrals.
    - New shelters (e.g., Medina Riyadi) expected to address gaps.
    - One center in Amur Mishra hosting ~43 displaced persons with disabilities.
- Mapping and services:
    - Limited capacity of organizations (Arconial, Mussawat, LUPD).
    - High need for assistive devices and support items.
    - Advocacy ongoing to ensure accessible shelter allocation and service provision.

Migrant Population

- Population estimates: ~30,000 migrants in affected areas, higher than last year.
- Shelter access:
    - Extremely limited access to government shelters.
    - Only one NGO-managed shelter initially available; more shelters being sought.
    - Majority of migrants are in self-settled sites (abandoned buildings, parking lots, apartments).

- Protection concerns:
  - Domestic workers at risk of being locked up or abandoned by employers.
  - Transportation difficulties and passport confiscation reported.
- Response coordination:
  - Migrant Working Group mapping sites and clusters to inform mobile medical and protection teams.
  - Community kitchens providing 600+ meals/day; funding support needed for grassroots, migrant-led initiatives.

Inclusivity

- Shelter inclusivity:
  - Government policy: collective shelters should host all population groups (Lebanese & non-Lebanese).
  - Alternative shelter solutions being explored to ensure inclusivity.
- Education inclusivity:
  - "Inclusive schools" = schools accessible for children/families with disabilities.
  - Schools updated and can host families with disabilities; list shared with sector coordinators.
- Data:
  - Nationality data exists but not yet displayed on dashboard; non-Lebanese in collective shelters currently minimal.
  - Terminology: use "cross-population" or "all nationalities" where possible to avoid sensitivity issues.

Health Sector

- Casualties and health service pressure:
  - High number of casualties among non-Lebanese, exceeding 2024 figures within first few days.
  - Increased strain on hospital beds and health resources.
- Primary healthcare & collective shelters:
  - Initial mapping completed; priority given to shelters with highest occupancy.
  - PSCC fixed sites and mobile medical units (MMUs) supporting shelters on a regular schedule.
  - Live health sector dashboard to be shared publicly.
- Coordination: Subnational teams working closely with OCG; no major challenges reported so far.

10. Regular Programming Business Continuity

Stephanie Laba, Inter-Agency Coordination Officer (UNHCR)

Stephanie reminded participants of the following products in the pipeline:

- Submission of LRP 2025 EoY Sector Dashboards for ISCG Co-Chairs Review: Pending: Basic Assistance; Livelihoods; Protection; Shelter (Logframe); Social Stability.
- Sector ToRs: HCT has provided comments; they will be shared with sectors to address.
- Sector partners to continue reporting of regular activities on ActivityInfo.
- Advocacy Paper on LRP Extension beyond 2026.
- LRP 2025 EoY Inter-Sector Dashboard (after all sector dashboards are submitted).

11. AoB

No other points were raised under AoB.

12. Action Points

1. Sectors to provide inputs daily are requested by 5:00 PM as per the provided template, aligning with ActivityInfo reporting timelines.
2. Sectors to closely follow-up with their partners to report their activities DAILY through ActivityInfo by 16:00, covering assistance provided both inside and outside collective shelters.
3. MoSA to share with ISCG and sectors the list of nominated focal points and coordination lines with DRM/DRR once issued.
4. ISCG co-chairs to share short written communication protocol including between national & sub-national ISCG, OCG, sectors & with Governors/DRM as requested by OCG co-chair in the North.
5. MoSA to activate and share the shock-responsive safety net registration link for affected populations based on assessment and needs.
6. Shelter sector to coordinate with MEHE to clarify and accelerate the approval process (potentially in bulk) for school repairs/partitioning works and to ensure SOPs governing school use as shelters are applied and communicated to partners.
7. MEHE to share finalized list of school focal points and communicate plan for continuity of learning for affected students.
8. Logistics Working Group to collect and assess transportation and logistics gaps (including fuel and convoy preparedness) and coordinate with sectors accordingly.
9. ISCG Co-Chairs to develop advocacy paper including sectoral lens on LRP extension beyond 2026 to be presented to HCT.
10. Sector Coordinators to submit the LRP End-of-Year Dashboard narrative and logframe to the ISCG Co-Chairs by Friday, 30 January. *Pending: Basic Assistance; Livelihoods; Protection; Shelter (Logframe); Social Stability.*

Annex 1

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