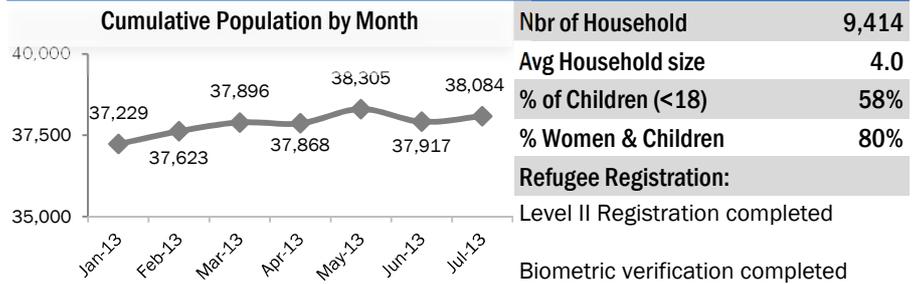




Credits Photo: UNHCR/P. Rullashe

Population Snapshot as of 31st January 2013

Geographic Snapshot

Yusuf Batil Camp is located in Guffa Payam, Maban County, Upper Nile State

GPS Coordinates Long 33.590639
 Lat 9.992778

Distance from Border 51 km

Size of Camp Area 569 hectares

m²/Person 157

Age & Gender of Registered Refugees

Age (Years)	Male (49.1%)	Female (50.9%)
0-4	4,048	3,849
5-11	4,769	4,791
12-17	2,415	2,260
18-59	6,586	7,809
60+	877	680

Contextual Background
Area of Origin Sudan, Blue Nile State (mainly Bau area)

Ethnicity Mainly Ingassana but also Funj, Fur, Jumjum, Magaya,

Main Occupation Predominant is agriculture (around 70%), nomadic pastoralist and, for Ingassana, artisanal gold mining

Meeting Calendar
Administrative Structure
MON
TUE
WED
THU
FRI
SAT

	9:30 Yusuf Batil WASH meeting @Solidarite (Gendrassa)
	11:00 Education @UNHCR (biweekly)
	16:00 Logistic @ UNHCR
	11:00 Nutrition Coordination @UNHCR (biweekly)
	14:00 Security @UNHCR
	14:30 Maban Coordination @UNHCR (biweekly)
	10:30 Health and Outbreak Coord @UNHCR (biweekly)
	14:30 WASH/outbreak @ Solidarite
	15:00 Case management @ UNHCR (biweekly 1st & 3rd Friday)
	16:00 Protection @UNHCR
	09:30 Partners meeting @ DRC compound (Yusuf Batil)
	10:30 Sheiks meeting
	14:00 Hygiene/Health promotion

Upper Nile State Authorities:

Governor: Simon Kun

Deputy Governor: M. John Ivo

RRC Director Malakal: M. Peter Pal

Local Authorities:

County Commissioner: John Juma

RRC Coordinator Maban: M. Alex Balla

RRC Refugee Coordinator: M. Yohannes Luul

Operational Refugees Committees:

Leaders Committee

Food distribution Committee

Women Groups

Community Watch

Youth Committee



Photo credits: UNHCR/P. Rullashe

Highlights

Over 10,500 AJS cases and a little over 230 deaths have been recorded since the outbreak of Hepatitis E began in Maban's four refugee camps. The County has over 118,000 refugees.

Work on a new water dispensing technique to supply water for hand washing purposes has been initiated by UNHCR WASH partner, UNICEF. A cost effective and user friendly method for hand washing at household level called a "tip-tap" is expected to fit refugee requirements and improve better use of hand washing facilities.

Community Services finalized the quarterly SGBV Trends Analysis Report which cites early and forced marriages, domestic violence, rape and sexual harassment, as common violations in the camps.

UNHCR gratefully acknowledges the support of the following partners in Yusuf Batil Camp



Yusuf Batil Monthly Updates

Protection

In a bid to improve and nurture the relations between the host and refugee communities in Batil, protection participated in a meeting with Jin kwata Payam administrator to discuss the revival of peace committees and relocation of the market in Batil. The administrator advised that the peace committee be reconstituted and that the Payam administration be involved and undertook to coordinate and support its activities; will implement a short term solution of relocating stalls in Batil market close to the road awaiting a long term solution after the rainy season.

SGBV	SGBV Referral System	Referral pathway finalised: health, psychosocial and material (based on individual needs) support activated. Partners and UNHCR are meeting biweekly to ensure individual case management and follow up of identified cases.			
	Number of Reported cases		# Cases receiving support		 <p style="font-size: small;">Photo Credits: UNHCR/P. Rulashe</p>
Number of Refugees Trained in GBV					
Child Protection	Number of Child Friendly Spaces		Monthly Average Attendance		
	% Girls				
	UM-SC Mechanism	Family Tracing and Reunification Mechanism established			
	# UM-SC identified & documented		# Positive FTR		
	# Foster care arrangements				

Education

Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	% F	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard
% of Refugees Enrolled in Primary School*	122%	100%	104%	Number of Students per Teacher	123	40
% Average Monthly Attendance	96.0%	n/a	97.0%	% of Female Teachers	16.7%	50%

Four semi permanent classrooms completed and four ongoing.

4041 children enrolled in ECCD

* Crude Enrollement Rate taking into account also over-age students, older than 13 years

Water and sanitation

Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard
Avg water available (litres/person/day)	19.6	>=20	Crude Toilet Coverage	18	<=20
Nbr of persons per usable water taps	86	<80	% of families with family shared latrines*	90.0%	100%
Water collected at HH level (litres/person/day)	n/a	>=20	% of PoC receiving >=450g soap/person/month	100%	100%

Water access indicators are just below UNHCR standards. Medair and SI have developed a new water system design who aims to bring the water system to be more permanent. In terms of sanitation, indicators are good: 40 latrines have been constructed through community participation.

** Family latrines are shared among 4 families, based on a average household size of 5 members, to respect the standard of 20 persons per drop-hole

Health/Nutrition

Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard	Minimum Sectoral Data	Value	Standard
CMR/10,000/day	0.18	<1	# Persons/Health Facility	12,695	<10,000	% of U5 GAM	6.5%	<10%
U5 MR/10,000/day	0.42	<2	Health Facility Utilisation	3.7	1-4	% of U5 SAM	1.1%	<2%



The crude and under five mortality kept within the emergency threshold. UNHCR in partnership with MSF-H and Medair provided primary health services to refugees and access improved through health posts. The most common cause of OPD consultations are LRTI, URTI, AWD and malaria. The trend of HepE outbreak is ongoing and the number of cases reported was declining well in Batil. Since Goal International was phase out health and nutrition program and handover to Medair has done successfully. MSF-H has down sizing the primary health care service in batil and opened new Gentil hospital between Gendrassa and Batil camp and serving both camps. Blanket mosquito nets distribution with health promotion and demonstration on use has been done.

GOAL completed Last rounds of blanket and targeted Supplementary feeding Programmes for children under five years, pregnant and lactating women in Batil as well as Outpatient Therapeutic Care.

Outpatient Therapeutic Care was provided also through one site by MSF-H. Fortnightly sessions of Mother to mother support groups were completed (20 groups). GOAL handed over the Nutrition programme to MEDAIR. Challenge: reported significant number of weevil infested sacks of CSB ++.

General Food Distribution

Date of last distribution	3-5 July	Length of ration	30 days	Next planned distribution	31 July-2 August
Avg Kcal/person/day provided	2,109	Planned beneficiaries	37,921	Served beneficiaries	37,766

For more information, please consult <http://data.unhcr.org/Southsudan>