



Photo: WFP/Tine Frank

## Highlights

- The South Sudan Refugee Emergency Revised Regional Response Plan was launched on 11 July in Geneva and in Nairobi on 15 July. Governments, UN agencies and NGOs attended both events. The plan requests for US\$658 million to provide protection and assistance to 715,000 refugees until the end of the year in a "most likely" scenario.
- As per the Revised Response Plan, WFP requires US\$86 million to deliver critical food assistance to South Sudanese refugees in Uganda, Kenya, Ethiopia and Sudan until the end of the year. However, the WFP shortfall is US\$107 million to meet the needs of all refugees in the four countries until the end of the year.
- The resource situation remains critical in Ethiopia, Kenya and Uganda. WFP will begin reducing rations in August, particularly in Kenya. By October, most of the refugee operations responding to the crisis will experience complete pipeline breaks.
- Since mid-December, more than 409,000 South Sudanese refugees have arrived in Uganda, Kenya, Ethiopia and Sudan.



### In numbers

**>409,000** displaced across borders

**> 1,500** new arrivals daily

**\$107 million** needed for 6 months

Resourcing		
	6-month Shortfall US\$	6-month Shortfall %
Ethiopia Refugee PRRO	\$43m	68%
Kenya Refugee PRRO	\$42 m	58%
Uganda Refugee PRRO	\$10 m	25%
Sudan EMOP*	\$12m	N/A

\* Needs for South Sudanese new arrivals only until the end of 2014.

## Contacts



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## South Sudan Crisis Regional Impact

### Situation Update

**Uganda.** Since mid-December, more than 115,000 South Sudanese refugees have crossed the border into Uganda. The Office of the Prime Minister (OPM) intends to open a new settlement in Yumbe District as Pakelle has reached its capacity. The OPM has requested UNHCR and other partners to support an assessment in the area before the new arrivals are resettled. The Government of Uganda has confirmed a cholera outbreak in Arua District, where some of the new arrivals have been resettled. The Government with support from WHO is providing treatment and cholera kits. Plans are underway to conduct awareness campaigns on prevention of cholera. UNHCR's "most likely scenario" projects that 150,000 new refugees from South Sudan will have arrived by end of 2014.

**Kenya.** The number of new arrivals from South Sudan since mid-December has reached 45,000. Given resource constraints facing the refugee programme, there is a risk of complete pipeline break from October. Super Cereal rations will be reduced from 40g/person/day to 30g/person/day in the August general food distribution (GFD). If substantial funding is not secured soon, WFP will implement further ration cuts in GFD to stretch available food stocks. This may worsen the already critical nutrition situation among children. UNHCR's "most likely" scenario projects that 100,000 new refugees from South Sudan will have arrived by the end of 2014.

**Ethiopia.** The number of new arrivals from South Sudan since mid December has reached 167,000. Kule 2 camp has reached its capacity. The Government has identified land for a fourth camp, which is 50 km away from Kule 2 camp. The Administration for Refugee and Returnee (ARRA) has temporarily suspended relocation of new arrivals for two weeks until all facilities are set up in the new camp. The refugee operation is facing critical resource shortfalls. Without additional resources, WFP will be forced to reduce rations and stop selected activities such as blanket supplementary feeding, which will reverse the positive nutrition outcomes reported so far. UNHCR's "most likely" scenario projects that 300,000 new refugees from South Sudan will have arrived by the end of 2014.

**Sudan.** More than 82,000 South Sudanese have crossed the border into Sudan since mid-December. Food distribution to 15,000 South Sudanese refugees in West Kordofan State begun last week and is expected to continue throughout this week. UNHCR's "most likely" scenario projects that 165,000 new refugees from South Sudan will have arrived by the end of 2014.