



Photo 1. IOM Director for Department of Operations and Emergencies (DOE), Mr. Mohammed Abdiker meets H.E.M. Kalzeube Payimi Deubet, the Prime Minister of the Republic of Chad, N'Djamena, 10 June 2014.

HIGHLIGHTS:

- The IOM Director for Operations and Emergencies (DOE), Mr. Mohammed Abdiker visited the Republic of Chad from 8 to 11 June 2014.
- IOM has restarted the provision of Primary Medical Services in the Gaoui Temporary Site at the beginning of July 2014.
- IOM started the transfer operation of vulnerable CAR Evacuees from Sido and Doba Transit Sites to Maigama Temporary Site on 14 June and it is still going on.
- IOM completed the distribution of Emergency Shelter kits to the Residents of Doba and Sido Transit Sites after heavy rains destroyed their shelter.
- IOM together with other Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) agencies have identified and are preparing the Temporary Site in Djako (Moundou) for receiving 5,000 Chadian Migrants from Cameroon.
- IOM presented the *Initial Profile of Displaced Persons fleeing the Central African Republic to Chad* to the HCT in the Office of Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) on 11 June 2014.

IOM's EMERGENCY RESPONSE IN CHAD

- Registration, Profiling, Intentions Surveys and Assessment Missions of Returnees, CAR Claiming Nationals and Third-Country Nationals (TCNs) at Port of Entries (PoE) and in Transit Sites (TS) in Chad.
- Primary Medical Care Services to Evacuees in Gaoui IOM Temporary Clinic including Referrals for Secondary Medical Care Services to Hospitals in N'Djamena.
- Transfer of Evacuees from Transit Sites (Doyaba and Sido) to Temporary Site (Maigama) in Southern Chad.
- Distribution of Emergency Shelter Kits to Evacuees with destroyed Shelters due to Rains in Sido and Doba Transit Sites.
- Identification and Set-up of a New Temporary Site in Djako (Moundou) for receiving 5,000 Chadian Migrants from Cameroon (Kentzou and Garoua Boulai).
- Information sharing with Humanitarian Partners on Influx, Trends of and Response to the influx, and Gaps through OCHA.

IOM DOE DIRECTOR VISITED CHAD.

The IOM Director for Operations and Emergencies (DOE), Mr. Mohammed Abdiker visited the Republic of Chad as one of the main countries affected by the CAR crisis in the region from 8 to 11 June 2014.

The objective of his mission was to discuss with High National Authorities, United Nations Country Team (UNCT) and donors about the IOM Emergency and Post-emergency Responses to the influx of Evacuees from the CAR as well as on the emergency assistance needed for the Chadian migrants who fled CAR but are still stranded in neighboring countries i.e. Cameroun and Congo Brazzaville.

The Director met with the Prime Minister, H.E. Mr. Kalzeube Payimi Deubet; the Secretary of the State of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and African Integration, H.E. Ms. Kassire Issabelle; Representatives of the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA); the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR); Ambassadors of the United States of America (USA), Germany, and South Africa; the Representative of the Ambassador of the European Union (EU), and the Head of the European Commission Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection Department (ECHO).

He also visited the Gaoui Transit Site in the outskirts of N'Djamena that is hosting some of the Returnees from CAR in Chad.



Photo 2. IOM DOE Director visiting Gaoui Temporary Site.

REGISTRATION, PROFILING, INTENTION SURVEYS AND ASSESSMENT MISSIONS.

Registration.

As of 12 July 2014, IOM and partners registered 106,337 Evacuees in Chad. This includes Chadian Returnees, CAR Claimed Nationals and other TCNs.

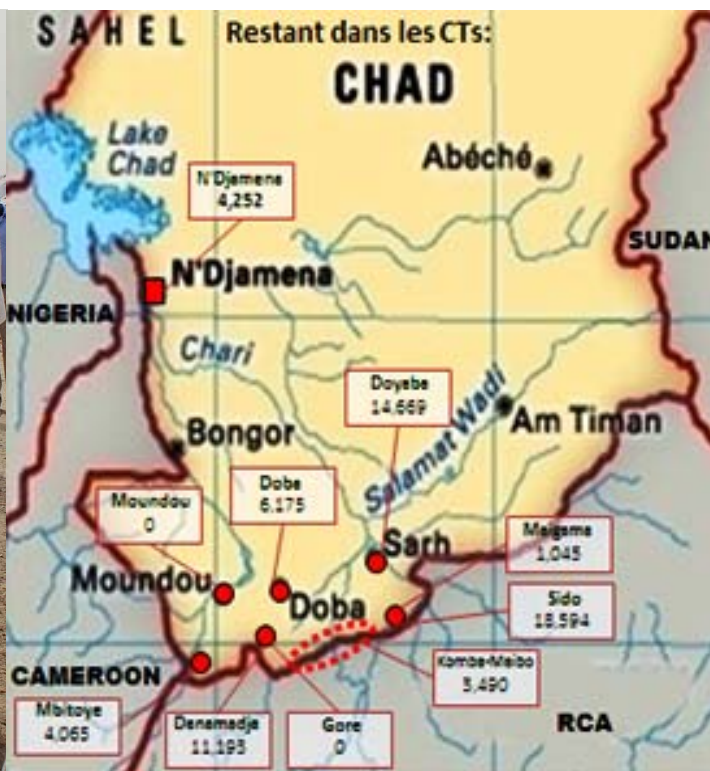
In N'Djamena (Gaoui Temporary Site) there are currently 4,252 Evacuees while in the South, IOM registered a total of 81,918 Evacuees including 59,993 living in the Transit Sites of: Mbitoye (4,065), Doba (6,175), Doyaba (14,669), Sido (18,594) and in the Temporary Sites of Maigama (1,045) and Danamadja (11,193).

Profiling.

IOM released an initial analysis of the on-going profiling exercises in Chad for all displaced persons fleeing the violence in CAR based on the initial profiling of 1,256 individuals. The profiling exercise, which is still on-going, began on 15 January 2014 and was carried out in Transit Sites and Areas of Return in N'Djamena, and in the South (For more information please click <http://reliefweb.int/report/chad/initial-profile-displaced-persons-fleeing-central-african-republic-chad>)

Intention Surveys.

IOM has completed Return Intention Surveys in five Transit Sites and host villages (Doba, Doyaba, Gaoui, Gore, Mbitoye and Sido). The collected data and information is currently being processed for analysis.



Map 1. Snapshot of IOM Registration as of 12 July 2014.

Assessment Missions.

A joint mission among IOM, UNDP, UNHCR, UNDSS, UNESCO, UNICEF and *Institute Nationale de la Statistique, de l'Education et de l'Etude Démographique* (INSEED) on Peace Building was conducted in southern Chad i.e. Mbaibakoum, Mbitoye, Gore, Doba, Sarh, Maro and Sido from 09 to 19 June 2014 .

The objective of the mission was to assess the needs of migrants fleeing the crisis in CAR that could be potential sources of conflict between the migrants and host communities.

Focus Group Discussions (FGD) were organized with different categories of the target groups including women, men, Returnees, Refugees, local authorities, traders, religious and traditional leaders to collect the necessary data and information.

Additionally, a joint technical team from OCHA, IOM, UNICEF, WFP, IRC and the Local Authorities carried out another mission in Moundou in southern Chad with the aim of identifying a site to be developed as a Temporary Site for receiving 5000 Chadian Migrants from Cameroon (in Kentzou and Garoua Boulai).

PRIMARY MEDICAL CARE SERVICES.

IOM reactivated the Temporary Clinic in the Gaoui Temporary Site at the beginning of July 2014.

The Clinic is staffed by a Medical Doctor, a Nurse and a Midwife providing Primary Medical Care services including Referral to Hospitals in N'Djamena for Secondary Medical Care.

Major medical cases treated in the clinic include: Malaria, Diarrhea, Intestinal Parasites, Trauma, Conjunctivitis etc. 7 cases required secondary medical care services including laboratory analysis and surgery. Therefore they were referred to Hospitals in N'Djamena.

There is a need of an ambulance to transfer patients who require secondary medical care to hospitals in N'Djamena.

Additionally, IOM Chad received a donation of medical supplies from the World Health Organization (WHO) for the Gaoui Temporary clinic on 09 July 2014.

IOM has started transferring additional 1000 to 1100 CAR evacuees (250 households) from Doyaba and Sido to Maigama.



Photo 3. FGD during the UNCT and Government Assessment Mission on Peacebuilding in Southern Chad.



Photo 4. The Donation of Medical Supplies from World Health Organization to the IOM Temporary Clinic in Gaoui.

DISTRIBUTION OF EMERGENCY SHELTER KITS.

IOM distributed emergency shelter kits to the residents in Doba and Sido Transit Sites as their shelters were destroyed by rains.

In Doba, 250 households received the emergency shelter kits while in Sido, the number of emergency shelter kits distributed is 1100. Families with numerous family members received more than one kit (2 to 3 kits).

In each emergency shelter kit there are: 2 mosquito nets, 2 plastic sheeting, 2 mats, and 1 cord.

TRANSPORTATION.

At the request of the National Authorities and in coordination with the Humanitarian Partners, IOM transported a total of 1,045 evacuees from Doyaba (533) and Sido (512) Transit Sites to Maigama Temporary Site on 14, 15 and 17 June 2014 respectively.

IDENTIFICATION AND SET UP OF DJAKO TEMPORARY SITE.

The newly identified Temporary Site in Djako (Moundou), is in the process of being developed by IOM, and partners i.e. WFP, UNICEF and IRC to receive the 5,000 Chadians Migrants who fled CAR and who are currently stranded in Cameroun (Kentzou and Garoua Boulai).

The cleaning of the site has been already finalized by IOM that is responsible for the construction of shelters. Moreover, a Rub Hall to store building materials for shelters is in the process of being constructed on the site as well.

Additionally, IOM has received the donation of Shelter material and Non Food Items (NFI) i.e. 4780 Tarpaulin and 2000 Blankets from OCHA in Moundou.

The first convoy transporting the first group of the 5000 Chadian Migrants is expected to leave Cameroun on the 22 and to arrive in Moundou around the 26 July 2014.



Photo 5. Set Up of Djako Temporary Site .



Photo 6. Distribution of Emergency Shelter Kits in Doyaba.



Photo 7. Relocation of Evacuees from Doyaba and Sido Transit Sites to Maigama Temporary Site.

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

IOM has appealed for USD 29,939,700 million to respond to the needs of evacuees fleeing the CAR crisis in Chad. This includes funding for providing life-saving and basic assistance to Chadian Returnees, CAR Claimed Nationals and other Third Country Nationals (TCNs) arriving in Chad.

To date, the appeal remains critically underfunded, jeopardizing the delivery of the very much-needed life saving and basic assistance.

Table 1 IOM Chad Appeal (USD)

Protection	3,860,000
Health	1,690,536
Emergency Shelter and NFI	6,165,300
Transportation/Logistics	8,223,864
Early Recovery	10,000,000
Total Requested from IOM Chad	29,939,700

IOM THANKS ITS DONORS:



**CENTRAL
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Humanitarian Aid
and Civil Protection

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