

KEY FIGURES

14,464 *

Burundian refugees have been received in Uganda since November 2014 (As of 22th September)

Further breakdown of the above figure:

10,907

Refugees received in Nakivale Refugee Settlement

232

Refugees received in Kyaka II Refugee Settlement

156

Refugees received in Oruchinga Refugee Settlement

95

Refugees received in Kisoro Refugee Settlement

3,074

Urban refugees received in Kampala

**statistics are provided by the Government of Uganda Office of the Prime Minister*

PRIORITIES

- Education sensitization efforts are continuing, to improve school enrolment
- Community healthcare education and sensitization outreaches continue with a focus on malaria prevention and control, hygiene and sanitation, nutritional assessments, and childcare services (immunization, deworming, and supplements).

UGANDA

UPDATE ON THE BURUNDI REFUGEE RESPONSE

18-24 September 2015

HIGHLIGHTS

- A total of 14,464 Burundian refugees have been received in Uganda since the onset of the influx, including 10,907 in Nakivale; 156 in Oruchinga; 232 in Kyaka II, 3,074 in Kampala; and 95 in Kisoro. The period 18-24 September saw a total of 74 new Burundian refugees seeking protection in the country (up from last week's 27), with a daily arrival of 11 individuals. Slightly over half (38) of the refugees, who were transported from Mirama Hills, Kisenyi Police Post Kagitumba and Kikagate border points were children. The new arrivals are citing insecurity in Burundi as their reason for fleeing.
- A total of 921 individuals are residing at Kabazana Reception Centre, including 479 Burundians, 389 Congolese, 50 Rwandese, and 03 Eritreans. The centre can accommodate up to 1,500 individuals.



Newly arrived Burundians with their aid relief materials at Kabahinda C village in Nakivale, Uganda. © UNHCR/E.Ohanusi

UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Protection

Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs)

- The joint inter-agency (UNHCR, ARC, OPM and Accord) data analysis exercise for persons with specific needs living among the Burundian community that began on 15 September ended this week. A total of 276 PSNs were identified, 45 of them are extremely vulnerable-old persons, people living with disabilities and those with severe medical conditions. A follow-up has been initiated to find caregivers and to construct shelters and latrines.

Child Protection

- In Nakivale, there were two child protection community dialogue meetings held on 14 and 16 September in Misiera A and Kashojwa, jointly attended by UNHCR, OPM, ARC, URC, Isingiro District Probation Office and community leaders of both villages to address child protection concerns in the Burundian community. Most of the key issues raised were education related including concerns over long distances to school and medical centres, lack of scholastic materials, examination fees, absence of a school for children with disabilities, inadequate food for children at school, and language barriers during learning.
- ARC received a case of an eight-year-old female unaccompanied minor from Burundi. Best Interest Assessments were conducted to identify her basic needs. She was placed under temporary foster care and her case was referred to URC for family tracing.

Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV)

- In Nakivale, a community awareness dialogue on gender-based violence was conducted in Nyarugugu, Kabahinda and Misiera villages. About 100 people attended the meeting where alcoholism was identified as one of the causes of gender-based violence. One of the issues reported by female participants was their reluctance to report their husbands. Alternative reporting channels were set up to make this process easier.

Education

- In Nakivale, UNICEF and Isingiro District Education Office organized a five day training (from 14 -18 September) for 36 caregivers from early childhood development centres. The training focused on early childhood learning framework and curriculum.
- In Nakivale, the nine-day inter-agency “Go back to school” campaign launched on 8 September 2015 at Kashojwa Primary School ended in Kabahinda on September 18, after coving Misiera A, B, Kashojwa A, B, Ngarama, Kyeibare, Kabazana, Nyakagando, and Miriamira villages. The campaign has increased school enrolment by 166 from 767 recorded to 933. Enrolment of Burundian students at Nakivale Secondary School also increased from last week’s 193 to 223. UNHCR, OPM, WTU, ARC, Isingiro district officials, refugee leaders, religious leaders and teachers participated in the campaign.
- Out of the 223 Burundian students enrolled at Nakivale Secondary School, 60 are on UNHCR/WTU scholarships but this does not sufficiently cover the number of vulnerable new arrivals who are in need of scholarships. English lessons are ongoing for new arrivals to address language challenges during learning.
- Construction of Ngaram and Kabahinda D early childhood development centres has been completed. Training of caregivers has been planned including a Burundian volunteer instructor to help address language challenges during learning.
- Twenty newly arrived Burundian refugees were enrolled at the vocational training centre and are undertaking courses in tailoring and garment cutting, carpentry and brick laying.



Health

- In Nakivale, village health teams conducted a health education community outreach in Misiera, Kashojwa and Kabazana village for 380 people with a focus on malaria prevention and control, hygiene and sanitation practices. A total of 39 malaria, 12 diarrhoea and 32 skin disease cases were referred to the health centre for treatment
- A total of 1,001 consultations were made as compared to 886 reported last week. The increase is attributed to the ongoing health education and awareness raising outreaches by mobile clinics on timely healthcare seeking behavior, environmental cleanliness, importance of sleeping under an insecticide treated mosquito net, drinking safe water, and proper waste disposal. Nevertheless, malaria remains the leading cause of morbidity accounting for 21% of cases. The sensitisations have noticeably reduced diarrhoea cases down to 8% from last week's 14%.

Immunization

- In Nakivale, 266 children between 0-15 years were immunized against measles and polio, dewormed and given Vitamin A supplements during the weekly immunization outreach conducted by MTI. The numbers of parents bringing their children for the routine interventions is increasing courtesy of the health education campaigns and outreaches.

Reproductive Health

- In Nakivale, there was a five-day reproductive health outreach by Reproductive Health Uganda at Nakivale Health Centre from 14-18 September. Services offered included cervical cancer and STD screening, antenatal care, and pregnancy mapping.



Food Security and Nutrition

- In Nakivale, A total of 125 children between 0-15 years were screened for malnutrition during MTI weekly health outreach. One child was found with moderate severe malnutrition and enrolled on supplementary feeding program.



Water and Sanitation

- In Nakivale, Water access gap indicators for Burundian villages stood at: Kabahinda C-12.09 l/p/d; Nyakagando B-13.5 l/p/d; Ngarama A-14.7 l/p/d; Misiera B-13.5 l/p/d; and Nyarugugu-11.9 l/p/d.

Working in partnership

The Government of Uganda, through the Office of the Prime Minister and UNHCR are supported by:



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Links: [Burundi regional portal](#) - [Twitter](#) – [UNHCR: Thousands continue to flee Burundi](#)

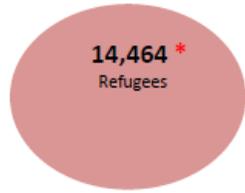
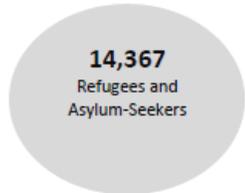
Uganda - Burundi Refugee Situation as of (22 September, 2015)

Info-graphic and statistics

Total

Pre 01 January 2015

Post 01 January 2015



Registered :14,203 | Unregistered: 896 *

* The presented figure includes refugees arrived in November and December in Nakivale

Grand Total



* The grand total as it is reported by the Office of the Prime Minister, Refugee Department, on 6 August, 2015

Key Statistics for (Post 01 January 2015)



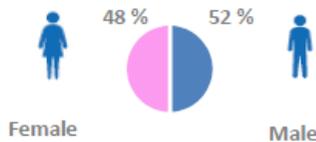
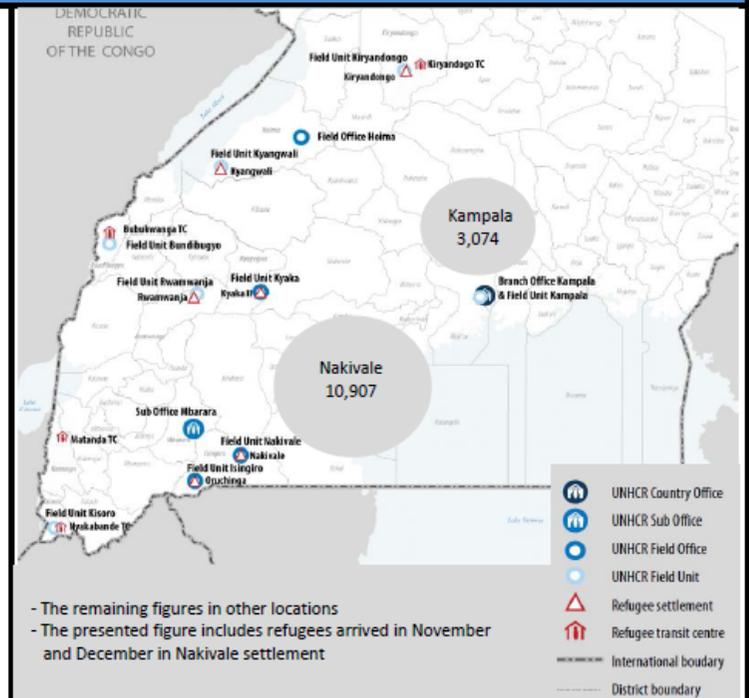
50 %
of the population are
Children <18
7,232 individuals



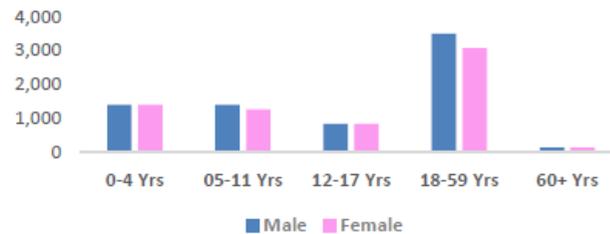
73 %
of the population are
Women and Children
10,558 individuals



02 %
of the population are
Elderly
289 individuals



Age and Gender Breakdown



New arrival trend since 1st January, 2015



Registered : person of concern who went through level 1/ level 2 registration with government , Unregistered : new arrivals pending registration

Source : Government , Office of the Prime Minister, Refugee Department, Refugee information Management System (RIMS)

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