



RRP5 TARGET

(assumes 1 million refugees by end 2013)



300,000 refugees in camps with access to safe drinking water



300,000 refugees in camps with access to sanitation facilities



250,000 beneficiaries with improved access to WASH services in host



135,000 beneficiaries of WASH in schools, youth/child-friendly spaces



550,000 beneficiaries of hygiene promotion and hygiene kits

OBJECTIVES (as per RRP5)

- 1 Ensure regular access for Syrian refugees living in camps to sufficient and safe drinking water; secure and clean sanitation and hygiene facilities which are culturally appropriate for both genders, giving consideration to those with special needs
- 2 Improve access to WASH services and facilities to vulnerable Syrians and urban and rural host communities
- 3 Rehabilitate and install gender appropriate water and sanitation facilities for boys and girls in schools,
- 4 Establish and maintain effective mechanisms for WASH coordination at national and sub-national levels

KEY DECEMBER DEVELOPMENTS

On 2 December the Ministry of Water & Irrigation convened a high level conference on Jordan's water crisis to communicate to partner agencies and donors Jordan's water situation and examine the impact of the Syrian refugee influx on water resources. This conference is part of MoWI-led WASH preparatory work for the National Resilience Plan.

WASH in Schools & Hygiene Promotion

JEN and UNICEF have rehabilitated WASH facilities in 91 host community schools in Irbid, Mafraq, Amman, Zarqa, as part of an overall effort to improve WASH facilities in 150 schools. Some 72,985 students benefited, both Jordanian and Syrian. Over 300 hygiene sessions involving administrators, teachers and students; some 699 teachers and 25,717 students have benefitted to date.

JEN and UNICEF are currently conducting hygiene promotion trainings and sessions in host community schools under the "WASH in schools" programme. As of 27 November, 650 teachers in 94 schools received hygiene messaging through training of trainers, and student sessions were held at 17 schools in Mafraq, Amman, and Zarqa, reaching a total of 11,819 children. After the hygiene promotion sessions, each of the 11,819 children received a hygiene kit containing information materials, toothpaste, a toothbrush, towel and soap.

Za'atari Camp

Work to repair the road used by water trucks filling at Bore Hole 2 in Za'atari Camp has been completed. Water is now supplied from two Za'atari boreholes, as well as from tankering. Commissioning for a third borehole for Za'atari is now underway, an initiative which will benefit the entire camp community by providing an estimated 1.4M litres per day, just under half of the camp's water supply needs.

ACTED and UNICEF are conducting a household waste-water management survey targeting approximately 144 refugee households in Za'atari (10-12 households in each of the 12 districts) to examine ways to improve household-level sanitation.

UNICEF repaired 48 broken septic tanks which were spilling waste. These tanks were in three districts (9, 10 and 11) in Za'atari benefiting around 23,000 refugees.

Current Planning Figures



529,839 Total Persons of Concern as of 1 October 2013



137 M USD required budget

ACHIEVEMENTS TO DATE



510,000 beneficiaries connected to the water network



124,105 beneficiaries of water trucking



124,105 beneficiaries with access to adequate latrines



124,105 beneficiaries with access to shower facilities



201,920 beneficiaries reached through hygiene promotion



124,105 beneficiaries with access to solid waste collection and disposal services



86,992 beneficiaries of WASH in schools

WASH RESPONSE

Overall % of target achieved as per sectoral targets.  
(Note : Total current refugee population figure is at 50% of target.)



Leading Agencies: UNICEF Sector Coordination: Jamal Shah jshah@unicef.org  
Reporting Agencies for this month:

