



## REFUGEE POPULATION IN JORDAN



## APRIL HIGHLIGHTS

### New Co-Chair

A new co-chair, Farrukh Mirza, joined the Education Sector Working Group (farrukh.mirza@savethechildren.org).

### MRM Orientation

The ESGW members received an orientation on Monitoring and Reporting Mechanism for Syria, by Florence Gaspar, Child Protection and MRM Specialist (UNICEF). The purpose of the MRM is to provide for the systematic collection of "timely, objective, accurate and reliable information" on grave violations committed against children in situations of armed conflict. The orientation on MRM will be replicated in camps for field staff.

### Joint Education Needs Assessment

The Joint Education Needs Assessments for both Za'atari and Host Community will start after the final approval from the Ministry of Education.

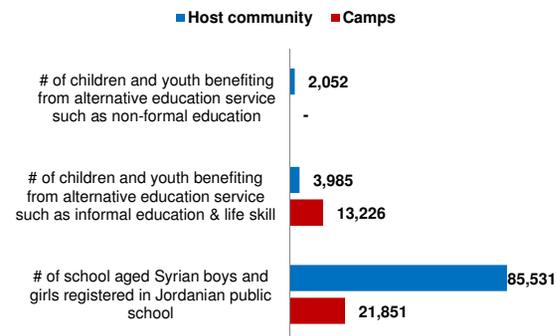
### Za'atari education referral pathway

In consultation with partners in Za'atari, the EWG members jointly developed an education referral pathways for Za'atari to ensure children and youth are referred to the appropriate education service within the camp. An Organizational Committee was established to organize a 'referral Pathways consultative workshop' in mid-May.

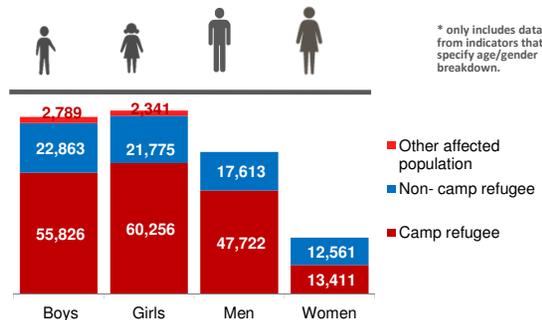
### Data Collection and Information Management

Following the EWG workplan, the UNICEF Education M&E Specialist facilitated the first exercise on Data collection and Management for EWG members.

## ACCESS TO EDUCATION SERVICES IN HOST COMMUNITY/ CAMPS



## POPULATION ASSISTED\* BY EDUCATION SECTOR IN APRIL



## NEEDS ANALYSIS

By the end of 2014, some 36 per cent of the Syrian population in Jordan is projected to be of school-going age (5–17 years). This equates to approximately 147,000 boys and 131,000 girls. Of this number, it is estimated that up to 200,000 Syrian boys and girls will require access to formal education while 88,000 Syrian boys and girls will need alternative education opportunities, such as informal and non-formal education. The Education Sector aims to provide formal education to 150,000 school-aged children, which represents 75 per cent of the total formal education needs of school-aged children.

An additional 62,500 Syrian boys, girls, and youth are to be provided with alternative education services such as informal or non-formal education coupled with life skills activities. The services are also provided to Jordanian children. In addition, almost 10,700 Syrian and Jordanian young boys and girls will be provided with pre-primary education, and 4,520 children with disabilities will receive the support necessary to access education services.

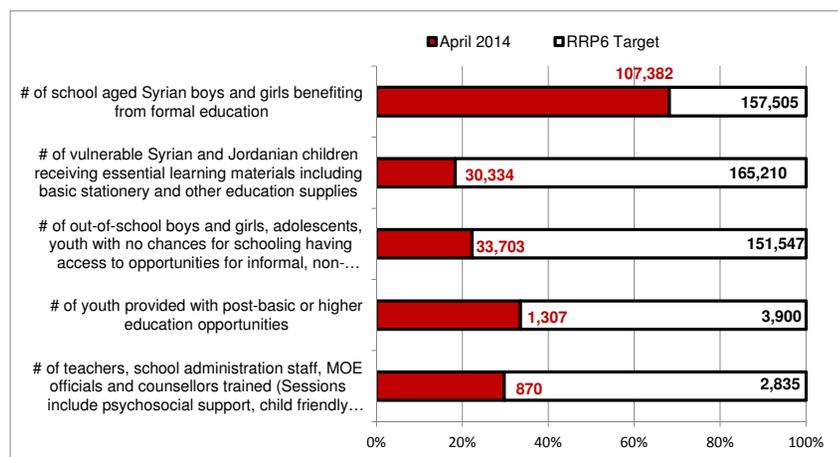
Meeting the needs of adolescents and youth (roughly between 15 and 25) remains a clear gap in the Education Sector response in Jordan. The needs of this group arise from limited access to schooling, life skills and vocational training. The provision of informal and non-formal education services for male and female Syrian youth and adolescents remains a key focus in 2014.

The priority of the Education Sector in Jordan in 2014 is to ensure uninterrupted access to public education for displaced Syrian children across the country, including those in camps.

## RRP6 OBJECTIVES

- Children and youth have sustained access to appropriate education opportunities
- Children and youth benefit from a learning environment that promotes quality education, protection and well-being.

## PROGRESS AGAINST TARGETS



Leading Agencies: UNICEF - Maria Paradies, mparadies@unicef.org; SCI - Farrukh Waseem Mirza, farrukh.mirza@savethechildren.org

Participating Agencies:

