



PROTECTION Sector Achievements

January to September 2014

ACHIEVEMENTS

- ✔ **22,489** women, girls, boys and men received legal information, counselling and/or representation.
- ✔ **10,153** girls and boys benefited from Child Protection case management services.
- ✔ **356,036** women, girls, boys and men benefited from psycho-social support services.
- ✔ **106,917** Syrian refugees newly registered in both camp and non-camp locations.
- ✔ **7,878** survivors benefited from SGBV case management services.

NEEDS

- 1** Family separation has increased, negatively impacting the resilience of refugees due to the absence of protective family and community structures.
- 2** Recent assessments in Zaatari have highlighted the lack of psychosocial support for youth in Jordan, and the absence of targeted protection and support programmes that address the distinct needs of youth (19% of refugee total population).
- 3** 30% of Syrian refugee children born in Jordan do not have birth certificates. Similar gaps exist in terms of documentation of marriages, deaths, and other family-related matters.
- 4** Despite significant efforts to improve information about available services, focus group discussions and assessments with refugees in camps and host communities indicate continued gaps and misinformation in terms of information about services and assistance, including about entitlements to assistance and to government services, particularly in urban areas.
- 5** Syrian women and girls report that they face a pervasive environment of harassment, which they say is worse than what they experienced in Syria. Some female refugees report that they are not allowed to leave their homes unaccompanied because of perceived insecurity.

CHALLENGES

- ✔ Continued reports of persons being denied entry into Jordan or being sent back to Syria.
- ✔ Restrictions on access to the formal labour market and to vocational training programmes for Syrian refugees create challenges for the development of programming that supports positive coping strategies and the resilience of refugee families.
- ✔ Planning and programming still includes an over-emphasis on trauma and less focus on supporting natural coping strategies and family/community resiliency, and national capacities remain limited, including insufficient specialized MHPSS staff.
- ✔ Mechanisms to track violence against children and domestic violence remain fragmented with gaps in coverage.
- ✔ Survivors are often afraid to speak openly about SGBV and to discuss what has happened to them, owing to stigmatization and fear of retaliation by family and community members. Challenges around disclosure of SGBV therefore persist, and are at times exacerbated by legal requirements to report certain kinds of cases.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ✔ Continuous registration of Syrian refugees in camps and non-camp settings will continue to be a priority in order to ensure that all stakeholders have accurate data regarding the Syrian population in Jordan and so that Syrian refugees are able to access protection and assistance services, including protection from *refoulement*.
- ✔ Expanding and strengthening of information dissemination programmes, community-based networks and awareness campaigns on fraud and complaints mechanisms, legal entitlements, documentation processes and services available in camp and non-camp settings.
- ✔ Expansion and strengthening of quality programmes providing community-based, multi-sectoral and case management services to survivors of SGBV and children at risk.
- ✔ Working together with Government authorities to increasingly integrate Syrian refugees into national protection systems.

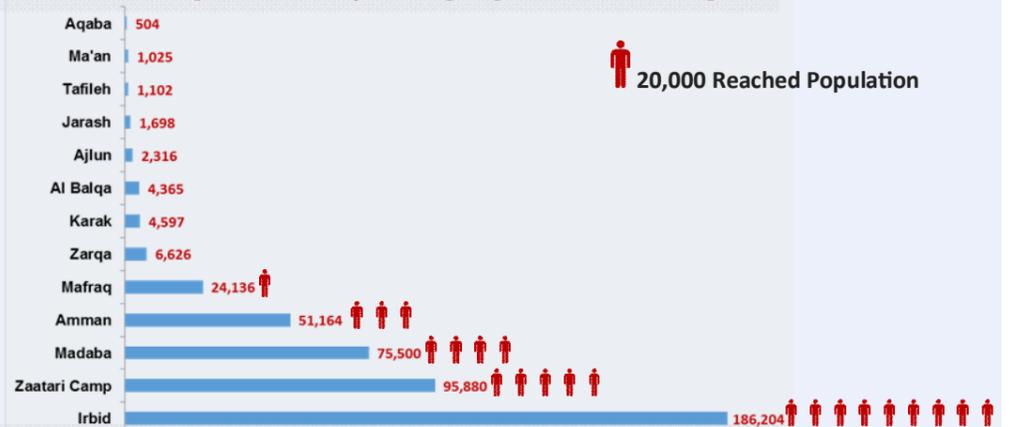
KEY FIGURES

AFFECTED POPULATION	REACHED CAMP	REACHED OUT-OF-CAMP	REACHED HOST COMMUNITY
BOYS	28,094	115,640	116,500
GIRLS	26,272	98,683	116,440
MEN	19,177	131,058	147,332
WOMEN	22,341	144,506	186,204
TOTAL	95,885	489,887	566,476

* Camp population figure reflects camp arrival population.

* Population figure represents the highest population assisted as reported in ActivityInfo.

Reached Population by Geographical Coverage

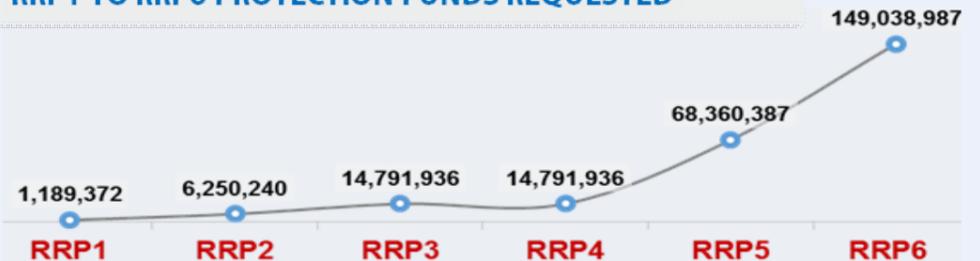


KEY OUTPUT INDICATORS ACHIEVEMENTS

OUTPUT INDICATORS	PLANNED	ACHIEVED	%
# of individuals submitted for resettlement.	5,625	2,985	53%
# of women, girls, boys and men SGBV survivors benefiting from case management services.	18,142	7,878	43%
# of girls & boys benefiting from multi-sectoral services.	36,647	10,153	28%
# of women, girls, boys and men with specific needs receiving special support.	44,794	7,361	16%
# of women, girls, boys & men receiving legal information, counseling and/or representation.	75,434	22,489	30%
# of women, girls, boys & men benefiting from psychosocial support services (level 2 & 3).	386,492	356,036	92%

PROTECTION FUNDING STATUS

RRP1 TO RRP6 PROTECTION FUNDS REQUESTED



RRP6 ALLOCATION SUMMARY

TOTAL REQUESTED	\$149,038,987
FUNDS RECEIVED	\$73,907,145 50%
REQUESTED BUT NOT FUNDED	\$75,131,842 50%

Participating Agencies

