



SYRIAN REFUGEES

INTER-AGENCY REGIONAL UPDATE

25 January 2015

KEY FIGURES

3.8 million

Syrian refugees have fled to neighbouring countries and North Africa

1.9 million

Refugees and vulnerable members of impacted communities are receiving food assistance in 2014

1.7 million

People have been provided with access to safe drinking water in 2014

966,000

People have benefited from shelter assistance in camp and non-camp settings in 2014

1 million

People have benefited from the distribution of basic household and core relief items in 2014

FUNDING

USD 3.7 billion

requested for the situation

Gap
46%



Funded
54%

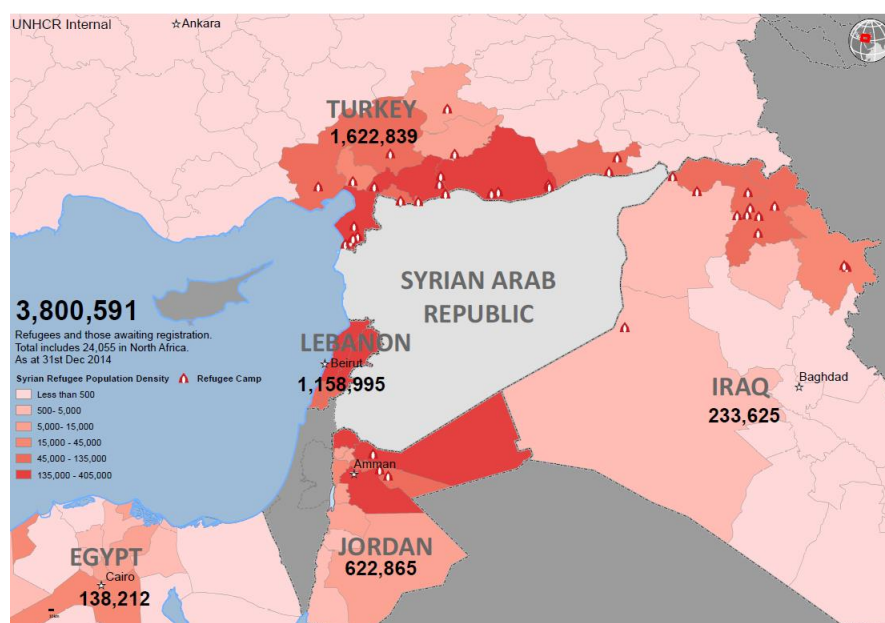
PRIORITIES

- 2015-2016 planning
- Preserve protection space
- Winterization activities targeting some 2 million Syrian refugees across the region with winter relief items, cash assistance and shelter support.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Turkey opened its biggest refugee camp on 25 January to respond to the growing number of Syrian refugees fleeing fighting between Kurdish forces and Islamist militants in the town of Kobane. The new camp, located in the southeastern border town of Suruc will have the capacity to house up to 35,000 people. The facility has two hospitals, seven medical clinics, enough bathrooms and sanitation facilities to service all of the refugees and classrooms for 10,000 children. Another camp is set to open in Mardin next month.
- The 'Mid-Year Trends 2014' report released by UNHCR on 7 January, shows that Syrians have become the largest refugee population under UNHCRs protection mandate. The report shows that Syrians account for nearly one in four of the 13 million refugees worldwide being assisted.
- The Italian Coast Guard recently intercepted two cargo ships in the Mediterranean Sea abandoned by their crews and carrying hundreds of Syrian refugees. On December 31, a recovered vessel was carrying approximately 800 refugees, most of them Syrian, whilst a second ship was discovered on 2 January carrying approximately 360 Syrian refugees, including more than 60 children. UNHCR recently warned of other similar incidents in recent months. This may also indicate a new trend of Syrian refugees departing from Syria by sea as land borders become increasingly difficult to cross.

A total of **3.8 million** people of concern



UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

Insecurity and violence continued to cause displacement within Syria and across the Middle East. Throughout 2014 more than 100,000 Syrians were registered on average each month in the region.

Humanitarian needs remain enormous. Government services and local communal services are under strain due to the increased demand, impacting service quality for both refugees and nationals, and threatening social cohesion. Lebanon and Jordan currently rank first and second in the world in refugees per capita.

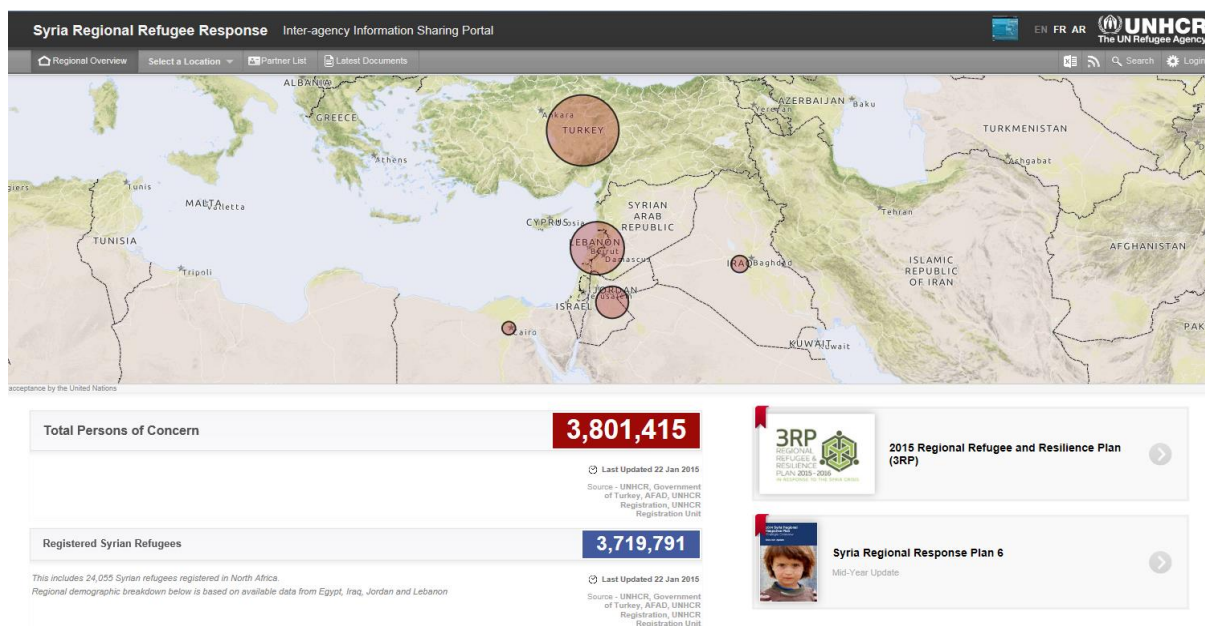
More than 3 million people are directly affected by the Syria crisis in Lebanon, where one in every four people is a refugee. On 31 December 2014, Lebanon's General Security Office published new regulations for the entry of Syrians, which took effect on 5 January 2015. The new regulations allow Syrian refugees already in Lebanon to renew their residency permits every six months from within Lebanon for a fee. The new regulations require Syrian nationals who wish to enter Lebanon to declare their purpose for entry. Syrians with eligible purposes and supporting documentation will then be given entry with a validity period ranging from 72 hours to six months renewable. Syrians who do not specify their purpose for entry require sponsorship by a Lebanese national.

Turkey's General Directorate of Migration Management (GDMM) has stated that there are now more than 1.5 million Syrian refugees registered in the country, following significant efforts to increase registration capacity at the end of 2014. Some 265,000 of these refugees are living in 24 camps across the south of Turkey.

The arrival of Syrian refugees into Jordan has fallen markedly since early October 2014. The Government of Jordan continues to extend protection to Syrian refugees within the country, but is increasingly concerned of the potential security implications of the crises in neighbouring Iraq and Syria.

In the region, some 400,000 refugees are accommodated in refugee camps. Outside of camps, it is estimated that 38 per cent of refugees live in sub-standard shelter. The provision of winterization assistance to the most vulnerable is an ongoing priority for humanitarian and government actors as temperatures continue to drop.

Monthly sectoral dashboards are published on the [Syria Regional Response Data Portal](#), detailing sectoral priorities, achievements and needs by country and regionally.



The Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan 2015-2016

The Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP) for 2015-2016 was jointly launched with the 2015 Syria Strategic Response Plan on 18 December 2014.

The plan comprises two inter-connected components. **The 3RP Refugee protection and humanitarian component** will address the protection and assistance needs of refugees living in camps, in settlements and in local communities in all sectors, as well as the most vulnerable members of impacted communities. **The 3RP Resilience/Stabilization based development component** which will address the resilience and stabilization needs of impacted and vulnerable communities in all sectors; build the capacities of national and sub-national service delivery systems; strengthen the ability of governments to lead the crisis response; and provide the strategic, technical and policy support to advance national response.

It is expected that there will be up to 4.27 million Syrian refugees in the region by the end of 2015. If fully funded, the 3RP will also directly or indirectly benefit up to 21 million people in affected communities. The 3RP brings together some 200 government, UN and NGO partners, presenting total requirements of US\$ 5.5 billion for 2015.



Protection

LEBANON

- In December 2014, 68,740 vulnerable families received US\$ 7.3 million in cash assistance.
- In December, legal awareness sessions were provided to more than 9,600 individuals - a 12 per cent increase on the previous month. The total number of refugees that participated in legal awareness sessions in 2014 stands at over 124,000 persons, exceeding the annual target, and 35,436 persons have been provided individual legal counselling, meeting the end of year target.
- As part of the plan to transfer capacities to local partners, UNICEF conducted training on the basic concepts of child protection and gender based violence (GBV), including detection, referral and psychosocial support.
- In order to build the capacities of service providers to engage with adolescent girls in an effective manner, training was conducted in the past month by humanitarian agencies on the implementation of the 'My Safety, My Wellbeing' curriculum. The curriculum targets Syrian and Lebanese adolescent girls, equipping them with knowledge and skills to help mitigate, prevent and respond to GBV.

TURKEY

- As a result of intensive efforts of the Directorate General for Migration Management (GDMM) to complete registration of all Syrians in Turkey, the number of registered individuals has significantly increased to over 1.6 million. The increase was the result of additional support in terms of human resources, equipment and mass information efforts, which led to an acceleration of the processing of the registration towards the end of 2014.

JORDAN

- In response to the Huda snowstorm, the Government of Jordan and UN agencies worked round the clock to mobilize and deliver an effective response to vulnerable refugees and Jordanians in urban areas and refugee camps.
- UNHCR made available two hotlines for refugees to report emergency needs, allowing for quick and effective referral to service providers. In the camps, the Syrian Refugee Affairs Directorate (SRAD), supported by UNHCR, have led the coordination, inter-agency harsh weather contingency plans have been mobilized, and dedicated staff have stayed 24 hours a day to ensure minimum and emergency services.

IRAQ

- UNICEF and its partners provided psychosocial services to a total of 625 children (319 girls and 306 boys) in camps in Duhok, Sulaymaniyah and Erbil governorates from 1-15 January. 515 Syrian children (216 girls and 299 boys) received specialized services from front line workers through child protection units in camps.

- In Sulaymaniyah, UNHCR continues to facilitate and refer individuals without civil documentation to Protection and Reintegration Centre (PARC) lawyers for legal assistance to obtain the necessary documents, which is a prerequisite for obtaining residency permits. From 1-15 January 2,090 cases (5,756 individuals) of Syrian nationality were processed for update, renewal and (re)-issuance of documentation through the urban and camp-based Registration centres.

EGYPT

- During 2014, more than 1,400 Syrian nationals were arrested for attempting to irregularly depart Egypt, including children and women. The Egyptian authorities have been conducting regular releases of groups of individuals from detention shortly after their arrest, issuing six-month residency permits to Syrians who are released.
- UNHCR is aware of at least 70 Syrian nationals being held at several detention facilities in Alexandria and its surrounding governorates for attempting irregular movement. Approximately 50 per cent of the arrested Syrians are registered with UNHCR. UNHCR's partners, Caritas and Resala, are working together to assist vulnerable detainees in the form of food, blankets and medical care. IOM has also provided assistance in the form of sanitary kits and non-food items.
- Recently, a number of new detention facilities have been used, including Zaafrana and Ezbet Elborg, indicating different routes are being taken for irregular departures, whilst Marsa Matrouh appears to have become another new route for irregular departure by sea.

Education

LEBANON

- Following the decision by the Ministry of Education and Higher Education (MEHE) in December, 147 schools were selected for second shifts to accommodate growing demand. UNHCR, UNICEF and partners are providing tuition fees and other school supplies, as well as staff salaries and the running costs of the afternoon shifts. In order to compensate the late start of schools, the MEHE is considering extending school shifts to Saturdays and shortening breaks during weekdays. Efforts to share information with parents on registration in the second-shift is ongoing through refugee outreach volunteers, SMS and posters available in registration and community centres, and schools.
- The MEHE has approved 61 schools for rehabilitation with donor funding to meet safety and accessibility standards.
- As part of UNICEF's winterization program, and in coordination with the MEHE, fuel is being distributed in 583 public schools located in areas above 500 meters across Lebanon, benefitting 155,000 children.
- At least, 5,000 children living in informal settlements were able to access non-formal education activities in the South, Bekaa and Akkar after UNICEF and partners used 350 plastic sheets and put up nine tents to substitute damaged ones used as learning areas.

JORDAN

- Enrolment of Syrian refugee children in formal education increased in 2014 to 53 per cent. Financial constraints, lack of space in schools, and the disruption to children's lives arising from displacement are the key reasons for non-enrolment. A comprehensive strategy is being put in place by the Ministry of Education (MoE), UNICEF and Education Sector partners to scale up access to certified and alternative education opportunities in 2015.

IRAQ

- In the Kurdistan Region, current enrolment figures show 8,000 children attending schools in host communities in Erbil and Sulaymaniyah governorates, and 6,468 children attending camp schools. From 1-15 January, UNICEF provided basic supplies to 5,684 students in the four camp schools of Erbil. In Duhok, 8,000 children attend camp schools. A 10-day training course was also implemented for 355 Syrian refugee teachers from Duhok camp schools. The course covers aspects of psychosocial support for affected children, teaching methodologies, classroom management and testing and assessment methods. UNICEF also transferred fixed grants to 15 Parent Teacher Associations across the three governorates to support the cleaning and maintenance of school buildings.

- UNICEF completed construction of eight prefabricated schools (five in non-camp areas and one each in the Qushtapa, Kawergosk and Darashakran camps) in December. The schools will improve education access for more than 7,200 Syrians, the host community, and displaced Iraqi children.
- The shortage of teachers and demand on schooling in both camp and non-camp schools is an ongoing challenge for education service providers. Pre-schooling services are also needed in many Syrian camps. To address this gap, UNICEF has undertaken the construction of a kindergarten in Basirma camp.

EGYPT

- CRS continued to disperse education grants to families with children between 3 and 20 years to ensure access to education. Additional support is provided to families with children with specific needs and vulnerable families. 25,000 education grants were dispersed for 2014/2015 academic year to Syrian students.
- UNICEF, Save the Children and UNHCR continued to support the MoE with teacher training, capacity enhancement through the provision of supplies, school furniture, and construction of new classrooms. Since the beginning of 2014, 433 administrators and school personnel from 135 schools were provided with training on high-density classroom management. In addition, 95 new classrooms were added in four public schools hosting the highest number of Syrian refugees in Cairo, Giza, Qalyoubeyya, Damietta and Alexandria.
- The number of new Syrian students enrolled in public universities has reached 5,520 students in the 2014-2015 academic year through advocacy efforts with the Ministry of Higher Education. This brings the total number of Syrian refugees in public universities to 14,503 undergraduates and 1,177 postgraduates.
- Two surveys on “Out Of School Children” were carried out in December, indicating that 12 per cent of Syrian children in Egypt are not attending school.



Food Security and Nutrition

LEBANON

- Since the beginning of January, WFP and its partners reached approximately 902,571 beneficiaries through e-cards and food parcels. WFP has contracted 403 partner shops across Lebanon and will continue to expand. WFP also made 800 food parcels available for vulnerable refugees in the Bekaa and South/Mount Lebanon who had lost their food stocks during the winter storm.
- For the period 10 – 16 January, the Union of Relief and Development Associations (URDA) distributed 2,328 food parcels and 3,500 bread parcels to 1,691 refugees in and around informal shelter settlements in Akkar, Beirut and Bekaa.
- The International Orthodox Christian Charities (IOCC) is supporting a community kitchen in Akkar and from 10 – 16 January distributed 720 hot meals for 240 vulnerable Lebanese and Syrian refugee families.

JORDAN

- In preparation for the snowstorm, WFP loaded e-cards for approximately 89,000 camp-based refugees on 6 January, enabling beneficiaries to purchase goods in preparation for the worsening weather. Supermarkets in both Zaatari and Azraq camps made arrangements to operate with extended hours and remain stocked to accommodate large crowds. The e-cards of 441,400 refugees in communities have also been loaded.
- WFP along with ACTED and Save the Children International (SCI) provided emergency assistance to 350 families in distress, including food assistance in the form of 24-hour ready-to-eat food parcels and high energy biscuits.

IRAQ

- Following the transition from in-kind food to voucher assistance in Darashakran and Akre camps, more than 74,000 refugees received vouchers in December. As of January 2015, the voucher value has been reduced from \$31 to \$28.20 per person per month.

- WFP, in partnership with ACTED, distributed individual food parcels to over 5,000 Syrian refugees in Arbat camp and vouchers to over 8,000 refugees in Darashakran camp in January, reaching the entire population of both camps.
- WFP maintained its access to Al Obaidy camp in December, delivering food assistance sufficient for the camp's entire population of over 1,000 Syrian refugees. However, insecurity continues to severely hinder access to the camp.

EGYPT

- WFP and its partner Norwegian Refugee Council have begun distribution of food assistance for January, targeting a total of 87,944 beneficiaries, including 84,224 Syrian refugees and 3,720 Palestinian refugees from Syria.



Health

LEBANON

- Approximately 7,000 primary health care (PHC) consultations were conducted throughout Lebanon from 10 – 16 January by UNHCR, AMEL, Caritas Lebanon Migrants Centre (CLMC), International Medical Corps (IMC), Makassed and URDA, in coordination with the Ministry of Public Health (MoPH).
- 3,070 individuals benefited from awareness sessions provided by UNHCR, IMC, CLMC, IOCC and URDA. Sessions covered malnutrition screening, nutritional awareness, reproductive health, infant and young child feeding, contraception, first aid and health promotion for children.
- IMC provided 545 social and mental health consultations through its outreach and centre-based activities. A further 190 awareness materials and sessions were conducted on mental health, GBV and early marriage.
- The MoPH, Beyond Association and UNICEF provided around 3,200 children with high-energy biscuits through 25 mobile medical units in 650 informal settlements. These units also attended 1,600 patients in their tents with pre-positioned medical supplies.
- The International Rescue Committee is touring informal settlements and collective shelters in Bar Elias, Al Marj, Majdel Anjar and Aarsal to provide psychosocial first aid to women and girls most affected by the storm.
- The Nutrition Sub-Working Group, led by the MoPH, has started updating the National Nutrition and Food Security Strategy plan for Lebanon developed in 2009, which includes nutrition in emergencies. This is an important step towards strengthening the nutrition surveillance system countrywide in order to monitor the nutrition status of the most vulnerable children in light of the anticipated reduction in food aid assistance.

TURKEY

- The UNHCR funded prefabricated health facility in Ceylanpinar is operational, as of 25 January with large numbers of Syrians visiting the clinic. Construction of the similar health facilities in southeast Turkey continues.

IRAQ

- The consultation rate/person/year increased to an average of 4.6 and is slightly above the expected range of 1 – 4 consultations per person per year at the end of 2014.
- The national Measles immunization campaign started in December 2014 and close to 4 million children (aged 9 months to 5 years old) have been vaccinated in 13 out of 15 governorates in the center/south of Iraq thus far, reaching coverage of almost 98 per cent in accessible governorates.
- Up to 8,391 persons with acute, chronic and mental health conditions have benefited from the health services provided in Domiz, Gawilan and Akre camps in Duhok. A total of 6,925 consultations have been conducted in the four camps in Erbil governorate, including 229 consultations for mental health care.
- In Gawilan and Arbat refugee camps, more than 1,000 tents were visited by trained Syrian refugee nurses as part of the UNICEF-supported newborn home visit program. During the visits, 70 new-born babies and 47 post-delivery mothers received follow up examinations,

- Through the UNICEF-supported growth monitoring program, a total of 1,110 children under 5 were screened in seven refugee camps across the KR-I in the first two weeks of January.

Shelter and NFIs

LEBANON

- As a severe storm hit Lebanon in early January, UNHCR and partners continued operations begun last autumn to provide winter assistance to up to 132,000 refugee families (660,000 people) across the country. Since November, of the initial targeted 36,000 families living in high altitudes, 27,432 have received fuel vouchers. Cash support has been provided to 48,537 families. Approximately 125,000 people received high thermal blankets and an additional 132,960 are planned to be reached in January 2015. Sealing-off kits of plastic sheeting, wood, and basic tools to keep accommodations well insulated have been distributed to almost 50,000 families living in unfinished buildings and informal settlements. Weather proofing and site improvements continued in informal settlements across the country, up to 16 January.

JORDAN

- The response to snowstorm “Huda” from 7 January built on months of inter-agency winterization preparations. Over 146,000 individuals (37,321 families) were assisted in urban areas. 5,800 winter kits for children are currently being distributed through partners.
- UNHCR has mobilized 80,000 high and medium thermal blankets to be distributed through CBOs to vulnerable refugees and members of the host communities, whilst Islamic Relief Jordan distributed over 9,000 blankets to Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians across northern areas.
- UNICEF, in partnership with ACTED, provided emergency winterization assistance (blankets, food, children’s clothing, and plastic sheeting for tent reinforcement) to more than 630 people in east Mafrq. ACTED have repaired damaged tents, and will continue the distribution of UNICEF blankets and children’s clothing and food in January.
- WFP launched the OneCard system in partnership with UNICEF on 6 January to support their winterization programme, reaching a total of 41,000 children under the age of 14 in Azraq and Zaatar camps, enabling refugees to buy winter clothes, such as boots, gloves, trousers, coats and scarves at WFP-contracted supermarkets in the camps.
- WFP along with ACTED and SCI provided emergency assistance to 350 families in distress, all of which were living in Informal Tented Settlements in communities when their tents collapsed. Blankets, children’s clothing, and plastic sheeting for tent reinforcement was provided.

IRAQ

- Distribution of special winterized core relief items (CRI) as well as distribution of kerosene was completed in December 2014. Nearly 100,000 refugees and hosting community members in the KR-I received winter kits containing high thermal blankets, plastic sheeting and jerry cans for storing water, and kerosene.
- Families in Akre camp in Duhok governorate, Basirma camp and Darashakran camp in Erbil governorate each received kerosene between 16 - 31 December.
- From 16-31 December, YAO completed distribution of 150 winterization CRI kits to the newly arrived refugees in Arbat camp in Sulaymaniyah governorate. YAO also distributed 87 heating stoves and 104,800 litres of kerosene to 1,084 refugee families in the camp. Each refugee family received 200 litres of kerosene for the months of January and February. YAO distributed 17,400 litres of kerosene to 147 Syrian urban refugee families in Said Sadiq (200 litres per family for January and February) and 100 litres of kerosene was distributed to each of the 244 families in Al Obaidy camp in Anbar governorate.
- As Basirma camp, the Ministry of Migration and Displacement (MoMD) completed the second phase of site preparation for 200 shelter plots, with concrete slab construction in January 2015, however 40 concrete slabs could not be implemented due to lack of space.

- From 1-15 January, PWJ distributed winter jackets to 5,201 students in Domiz, Gawilan and Akre camps, with distribution still ongoing for a remaining 1,000 jackets. PWJ also distributed cooking stoves to all 810 families in Gawilan.
- The French Red Cross (FRC) and Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) continued with their monthly provision of hygiene kits in Domiz 1, covering the whole camp population.



Water and Sanitation

LEBANON

- In December 2014, UN-Habitat and UNICEF started sewage system improvements in the Chouf district and south Lebanon to benefit both refugee and local communities.
- UN-Habitat and UNICEF finalized a project in partnership with the private sector aimed at reducing the contamination of the spring of Yamounneh in the Bekaa Valley through the replacement of the sewage pipe system. The spring is used to provide drinking water to 15 villages and some 50,000 Lebanese and 15,000 Syrian refugees are expected to benefit from the works.
- UNICEF and partners assisted 73,000 Syrian children living in flood-prone informal settlements through site improvements. These included the provision of 1,100 drainage kits as well as providing access to safe drinking water.

IRAQ

- UNICEF continued work to improve the sanitation facilities available to Syrians in the camps in the KR-I. In Erbil governorate, WASH improvement works at the PHCs in Darashakran and Kawergosk camp have been completed. In Qushtapa camp, UNICEF's partner finished about 98 per cent of the ongoing sewerage system project. In Domiz camp, UNICEF and its partners NRC and FRC have continued to improve the sanitation facilities with new sewage holding tanks, rehabilitation of toilets and showers, serving the camp population of 50,700 Syrians. In Darashakran Camp, UNICEF's implementing partner Relief International distributed 2,074 hygiene kits to refugees in the camp between 1-15 January. UNICEF jointly with the Qatar Red Crescent finalized a water pipeline for 1,280 refugees in Arbat refugee camp, which provides potable water and will reduce the risks of waterborne diseases.



Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

IRAQ

- In Basirma camp, DRC completed the distribution of 2014 grants for business development. In 2015, DRC will prioritize monitoring and support for the existing businesses that started in 2014.

Working in partnership

- The Regional refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP) is a unique and coordinated initiative involving humanitarian and development partners, including governments, United Nations agencies, and national and international NGOs.

ABAAD | [ACF Action contre la faim](#) | ACTED Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development | [ActionAid](#) | ADRA Adventist Development and Relief Agency | [AMEL Association-Lebanese Popular Association for Popular Action](#) | ANERA American Near East Refugee Aid | [ARMADILLA](#) | AVSI The Association of Volunteers in International Service | [British Council](#) | CARE International | [CCPA Lebanon](#) | CDO Civil Development Organization | [CISP Comitato Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei Popoli](#) | CLMC Caritas Lebanon Migrant Center | [CONCERN](#) | COOPI Cooperazione Internazionale | [CRS Catholic Relief Services](#) | DCA Dan Church Aid | [DOT Digital Opportunity Trust](#) | DRC Danish Refugee Council | [EMERGENCY](#) | FAO Food and Agricultural Organization | [FPSC Fundacion Promocion Social de la Cultura](#) | GVC Gruppo di Volontariato | [HI Handicap International](#) | Humedica | [HWA Hilfswerk Austria International](#) | ILO International Labour Office | [IMC International Medical Corps](#) | International Alert | [INTERSOS](#) | IOCC International Orthodox Christian Charities | [IOM International Organization for Migration](#) | IRC International Rescue Committee | [IRW Islamic Relief Worldwide](#) | KCSAMA Kurdistan Center for Strengthening Administrative and Managerial Abilities | [KURDS](#) | Leb Relief | [MAG Mines Advisory Group](#) | Makassed | [Makhzoumi Foundation](#) | MAP Medical Aid for Palestinians | [MEDIAR](#) | Mercy Corps | [Mercy USA](#) | NRC Norwegian Refugee Council | [OCHA Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs](#) | Oxfam | [PAO Public Aid Organization](#) | Partners – Jordan | [Partners – Turkey](#) | PCPM Polish Center for International Aid | [PU-AMI Première Urgence-Aide Médicale Internationale](#) | PWJ Peace wind Japan | [QANDIL](#) | RET Refugee Education Trust | [RI Relief International](#) | Safadi Foundation | [SCI Save the Children International](#) | SeraphimGLOBAL | [SFCG Search for Common Ground](#) | SI Solidaritiés International | [SIF Secours Islamique France](#) | Solidar Suisse | [SOS Children's Village](#) | TDH Terre des Hommes | [TDHI Terre des Hommes Italia](#) | Toastmasters International | [UN Women](#) | UNDP United Nations Development Programme | [UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization](#) | UNFPA United Nations Population Fund | [UN-Habitat](#) | UNHCR United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees | [UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund](#) | UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organization | [UNODC United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime](#) | UNOPS United Nations Office for Project Services | [UNRWA United Nations Relief and Works Agency](#) | URDA Union of Relief and Development Association | [War Child Holland](#) | War Child UK | [WFP World Food Programme](#) | WHO World Health Organization | [WRF World Rehabilitation Fund](#) | WVI World Vision International |

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Links:

[Syria Regional Refugee Response Inter-agency Information Sharing Portal](#)
[UNHCR Syria Emergency Response](#)