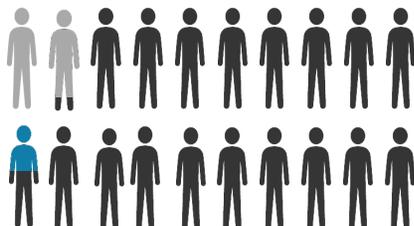


POPULATION



18,131 Estimated Nigerian refugees
5,268 refugee in Dar Salam site

3,398 IDPs at Bagasola, in the Lake Region.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Several attacks directed mainly at two islands (Tchoukoutalia and Ngouboua) of the Lake, were registered during the first half of April 2015 .
- Attacks of Boko Haram on the Lake Region prompted the implementation of new security measures. Henceforth, at least two cars convoy are required for mission on the route N’Djame-na-Bol-Bagasola.
- Informed of the presence of 500 refugees from Dar Es Salam site to the municipality of Diffa, a joint UNHCR-CNARR mission assessment accounted only for 38 refugees heading to Maiduguri.
- Following a sensibilization campaign to the Parents and Teacher Association (PTA) the number of students experience the raised of 164% (from 224 to 592 children)

FUNDING



PRIORITIES

- Relocation of refugees from Lake Chad islands to Dar Salam camp.
- Increase the number of latrines in the refugees sites (700 out of 800 still needed).
- Sensitization prevention and treatment of HIV/AIDS should continue
- Despite the increase of the number of children in schools more long term action should be taken to ensure the participation in the activities.
- Despite the daily ration of 2,100 kcal/p/day, malnutrition is still an issue for refugees have different eating habit.



The profiling exercise identified about 4,892 IDPs in Bagasola and Bol and about 1,712 returnees. The Sub-prefecture of Diffa, Chad reported the presence of 500 refugees, but UNHCR mission confirmed only the presence of 38 refugees.



The main concern is the high percentage of HIV+ affected people (10,10% in Bagasola district compared to the 2,7% of the whole country). The organizations working in the area are organizing sensitization campaigns and counseling sessions.



Only 65% of refugees in Dar Salam camp (3,247 out of 4,961) reported for the monthly food ration in April. In kind donation of food, from the Govt of Nigeria was received and the partners are working on the modality of distribution.



The quantity of water in the camp is of about 48l/p/day, above the minimum standard. The number of latrines in the camp though is below standard with a ration of 29 p/latrine. Furthermore other 700 latrines are needed in the other sites.



1,054 shelter have been built and 250 need to be assigned. CRT is conducting an assessment to define the effective occupation of shelters in the camp.



Following the sensibilization campaign to the Parents and Teachers Association (PTA) and the implementation of school canteen, an increased attendance of 164% (from 224 to 592 children) was registered at *Ecole Espoir I and Ecole Espoir II* of Dar Es Salam



Regarding the protection of the environment and reforestation of Dar Salam camp, 4,000 out of 6,000 trees have been successfully planted. The negotiation to obtain fishing permits is on going.

* Funds received by UNHCR as of 1st May