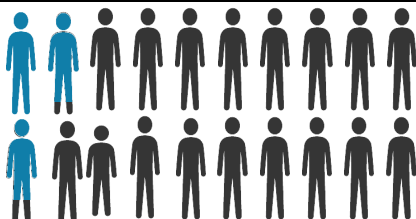


POPULATION



18,384 Estimated Nigerian refugees

7,139 Refugees Registered in Dar Es Salam Site

HIGHLIGHTS

- On 30 June, the National Assembly of Chad ratified the law project prohibiting child-marriages; a significant victory that will create a favorable environment for the implementation of UNHCR's child protection strategy and also an encouraging step in addressing SGBV.
- Two deadly attacks (15 and 29 June 2015) attributed to Boko Haram and directed mainly against defense and security forces at Ndjamenas left 38 people dead and over one hundred wounded.
- Reinforcement of security measures following the attacks in the Capital resulted in random arrests of foreign citizens; over 395 persons of 14 nationalities, mainly from Niger and Nigeria, were arrested and transported to Dar Es Salam refugee site; only one person among them appeared to be a refugee.
- To advocate and protect refugees and asylum seekers in Ndjamenas, UNHCR and CNARR set up a crisis committee to address the arrests and forced deportation to Dar Es Salam site.
- The transport of 149 refugees from Niger willing to relocate from Karam village to Dar Es Salam site, increased the total of registered Nigerian refugees at Dar Es Salam site to 424 persons.

FUNDING

11%*

USD 30,180,208 RRRP Financial requirements

PRIORITIES

- PROTECTION:** Partners for community services and child protection are needed at the Lake Region.
- WASH:** Increase the number of latrines in the refugees sites and build more family latrines.
- HEALTH:** Preventive measures were taken to anticipate and contain the outbreak of cholera.
- EDUCATION:** Reinforce school infrastructures with durable materials that can withstand harsh weather conditions.
- NUTRITION:** Persistence of malnutrition, despite the daily ratio of 2,100 kcal/p/day provided by WFP to the refugees.



The Joint UNHCR/IOM profiling exercise for returnees and IDPs in some villages of the Lake area is ongoing. The results will be shared as soon.

UNHCR provided capacity building training to ASELPA, the partner in charge of community protection.



On 16-18 June, general distribution of 2,190 mosquito nets and sensitization on their use for the prevention of malaria. In the district of Bagasola and its health center 57 educators and 35 Paramedics received training and capacity building on HIV care and community outreach to fight HIV/AIDS.



A rapid evaluation of children's nutritional needs shows that 12.3% of them in Dar Es Salam suffer from severe malnutrition. Funding is needed to conduct a SMART study to determine the prevalence and address its roots



The quantity of water in the camp is about 40l/p/day, and therefore above the minimum standard of 20 l/ day. 200 communities and 90 family latrines are functional and construction of more latrines is ongoing. The latrines in the camp are below the standard with a current ratio of 24 p/latrine.



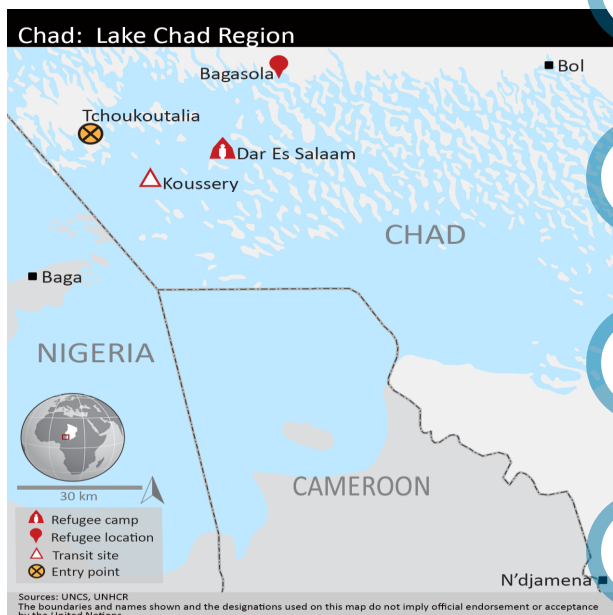
Of the 1,144 shelters built, 173 were damaged by the storm of June 14, and are being repaired. 23 additional family shelters were built to house affected refugees. temporarily.



At present 957 students attend primary school at Bagasola. Following the storm that destroyed nearly 85% of the school infrastructures, repairs are ongoing. The school has introduced extended hours to make up for the lost time. Additional school materials were provided to teachers and students.



Partnership agreement with SECADEV, a National NGO has been finalized, to handle livelihood (agriculture and fishery) activities at the lake that will benefit 1,000 refugees.



* Funds received by UNHCR as of 29 June 2015