

Over 100,000 households receive regular, emergency or sector-specific cash assistance so far in 2016

HIGHLIGHTS:

In Jordan, USD 8,240,034 worth of regular cash and non-food item (NFI) were provided by the Basic needs working group to vulnerable beneficiaries from refugees and host Communities.

In Iraq, almost 1,200 households living in the Sumel district of Dohuk Governorate received USD 200 for summer assistance. New arrivals and existing refugees continued to be provided with NFI assistance, including the distribution of 1,660 hygiene kits in Gawilian and Akre and 388 fire extinguishers in Domiz 1 camp. In total, over 8,700 households have received in-kind NFI assistance in Iraq this year.

In Egypt, More than USD 5.8 million has been injected into the local economy through the monetization of assistance since the beginning of 2016. A total of 39,880 Syrian refugees benefited from cash assistance during May.

In Lebanon, profiling of Syrian refugee households reached 44,890 so far this year. Some 42,527 Syrian households and 10,509 Palestinian refugee households are receiving multi-purpose cash transfers each month. In Lebanon, a total of USD \$38.3 m out of \$183 million amount was distributed in multi-purpose cash for Syrian and Palestinian refugees so far in 2016. In addition to assisting 60,592 households with core relief items.

In Turkey this year, some 87,000 people have benefited from receiving NFIs in-kind, while 140,000 have benefited from the distribution of hygiene kits and other sanitary materials. Over 189,000 people have also benefited from assistance in the form of unconditional, sector-specific or emergency cash assistance.

NEEDS ANALYSIS:

Many Syrian refugees arrive in a desperate condition, and their personal belongings, if any, are minimal and basic. The current economic decline, coupled with limited access to sustainable livelihood options, resulting in asset depletion, gradual savings exhaustion and increased debt levels.

3RP partners undertake early planning, preparation, procurement and coordination to deliver an efficient and timely response to millions of Syrian refugees through both CRIs and cash assistance, in order to mitigate negative coping strategies.

Basic needs assistance is provided to eligible families across the region, through ongoing socio-economic assessment, using identification and selection criteria that combine protection, social and economic criteria, to indicate severe vulnerability and required interventions through provision of cash grants to meet their basic needs, and CRIs such as blankets, mattresses, plastic sheeting, jerry cans and kitchen sets.



Extra kerosene distribution for vulnerable families in Darashakran refugee camp, Erbil, Kurdistan Region of Iraq. UNHCR/ O.Zhdanov

Sector Response Summary:



4,349,000 Refugees & Local Community Members targeted for assistance by end of 2016
1,548,880 assisted in 2016



Syrian Refugees in the Region:



4,687,000 Syrian Refugees expected by end-2016
4,812,000 currently registered



3RP Overall Funding Status:



USD 4.54 billion required in 2016
USD 1.38 billion received in 2016



NEW VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT IN EGYPT TO BUILD ON 2014-15 STUDY

The Egypt Vulnerability Assessment for Refugees (EVAR), effectively the second round of socio-economic assessments of Syrian refugee households, started in April 2016. As of May, data was collected from 1,600 households across Cairo, Alexandria and Damietta. The re-assessment plan aims to monitor the vulnerability of beneficiaries to ensure that the most vulnerable and food insecure are supported by 3RP partners in a sustained manner.

The first socio-economic assessment was conducted between September 2014 and November 2015, with a sample representing around 80 per cent off the total Syrian refugee population registered in Egypt.

Main results and key findings of the 2014-15 assessment included:

- Nine out of ten Syrian refugees in Egypt lack the resources required to meet their daily basic needs;
- Female-headed households are more likely to be vulnerable than male-headed households;
- Refugee households spend most of their resources on their basic needs;
- Cash and food assistance from humanitarian organizations represent an important, but shrinking, source of support for vulnerable households;
- In the absence of secure livelihoods, households are depleting what savings and assets they arrived with and are going into debt;
- Some households are resorting to emergency coping strategies to survive, raising particular protection concerns; and
- Around one in ten households stated that a member of their family had attempted to migrate from Egypt in the last year.

REGIONAL RESPONSE INDICATORS: JANUARY - MAY 2016

Progress Planned Response, by end-2016

309,775 households received seasonal support through cash or in-kind assistance

54%

573,635

128,229 households received unconditional, sector-specific or emergency cash assistance

28%

463,123

115,009 households received core relief items in-kind

32%

356,465

These dashboards reflect the achievements of the more than 200 partners, including governments, UN Agencies, and NGOs, involved in the 3RP response in Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon and Turkey. Progress and targets may change in line with data revisions. All data on this Dashboard is current as at 31 May 2016. Data may differ from the 3RP Mid-Year Report due to data revisions and updates.