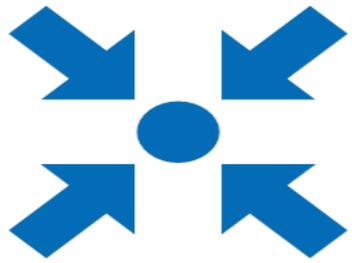


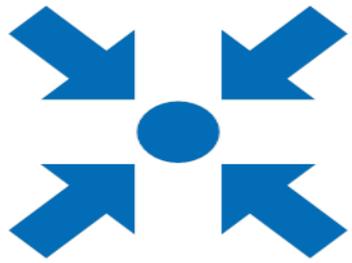


**Inter Agency Meeting –8 July 2016**



# AGENDA

- UNICEF Household Survey
- Mapping of private sector engagement in the LCRP (MOSA)



# AGENDA

- **UNICEF Household Survey**
- Mapping of private sector engagement in the LCRP (MOSA)

# Baseline Survey 2016



INTERAGENCY

July 8th 2016

Beirut LEBANON

1. Background and methodology
2. Summary of key few indicators by theme

# Purpose and Objectives

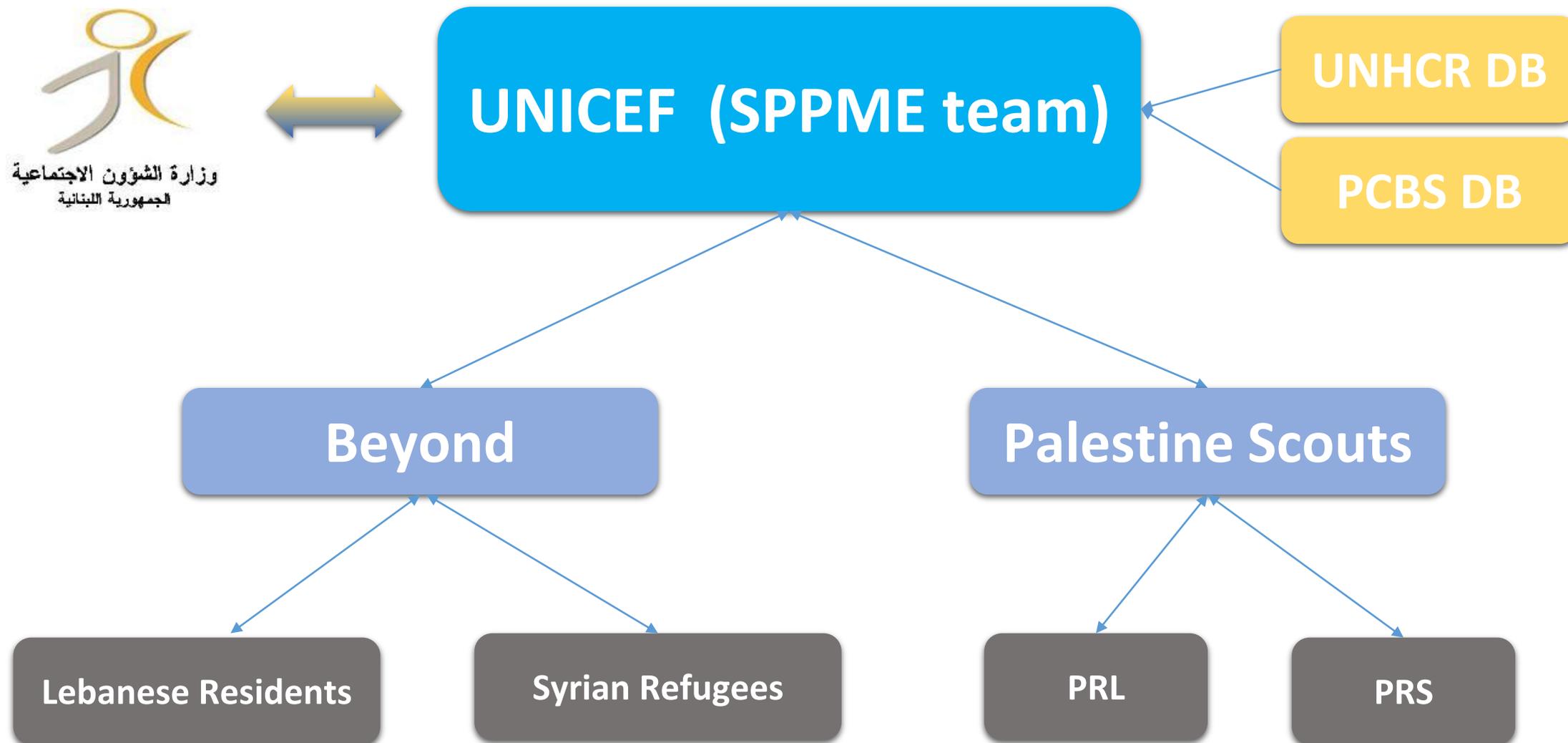
1. Provide an overview of the situation of all children and women in Lebanon
2. Provide comparable information at governorate level
3. Baseline data on key social indicators for “Lebanon country programme of cooperation 2017-2020” and SDGs



## Collaboration

- Assess the situation of children and women in Lebanon of all population cohorts
- **Inform** future policies and strategies based on the findings
- Facilitate the implementation of the survey

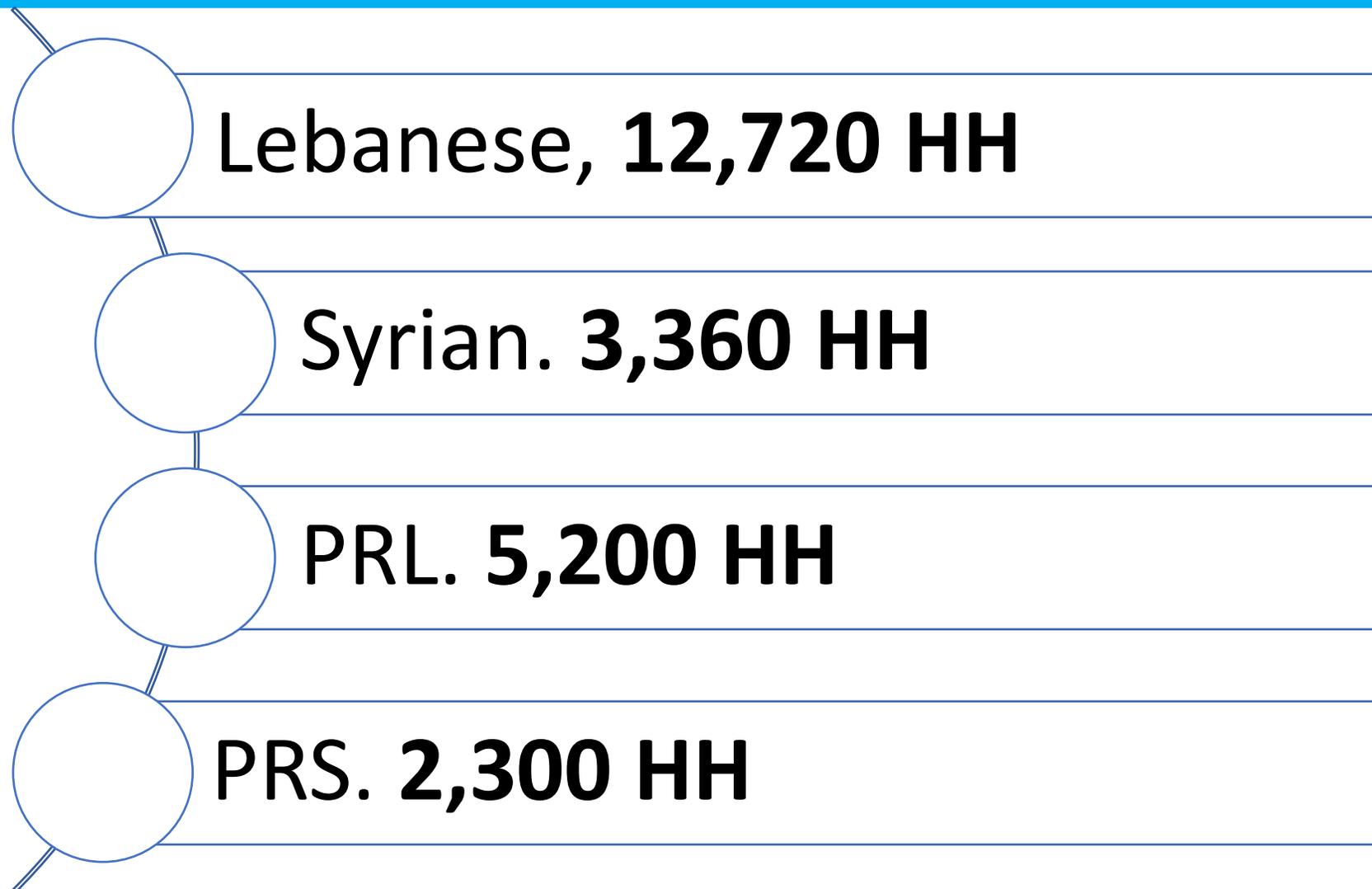
# Governance structure



# Sample Size and Sample Domain

**4 Population cohorts**

Total 23,580 HH



# Questionnaire and modules

## Standard MICS questionnaires were utilized in consultation with MOSA

Household Questionnaire	Questionnaire for Individual Women (15-49)	Questionnaire for Children Under Five
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Household Information Panel</li><li>○ List of Household Members</li><li>○ Education</li><li>○ Child Discipline</li><li>○ Household Characteristics</li><li>○ Water and Sanitation</li><li>○ Child labour</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Woman's Information Panel</li><li>○ Woman's Background</li><li>○ Access to Mass Media and Use of Information and Communication Technology</li><li>○ Attitudes toward Domestic Violence</li><li>○ Fertility/CM</li><li>○ Union/marriage</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Under Five Child Information Panel</li><li>○ Age</li><li>○ Birth Registration</li><li>○ Breastfeeding</li><li>○ Immunization</li><li>○ Care Of Illness</li></ul>

# Data collection

## 28 teams in total

- 16 for Residents of Lebanon and Syrian Refugees
- 12 teams for PRL, PRS
- Fieldwork from October 2015 till February 2016; parallel and sequential



**Data Collected on Tablets using CSpro Platform**

# Challenges and Limitations

- Security events mitigated access and prolonged the fieldwork
- Specific local level consultations were required which further delayed fieldwork in some areas
- Challenging workload on supervisors in terms of navigating, listing, sampling and managing enumerators
- No access to some areas in Beirut, Mt Lebanon and South thus were not covered
- Movement of Syrian refugee population and the inaccuracy of the phone numbers required resampled lists from UNHCR
- Similarly, PRS required resampled lists from UNRWA listing
- Representativeness of the findings has to be analyzed with the backdrop of the above challenges

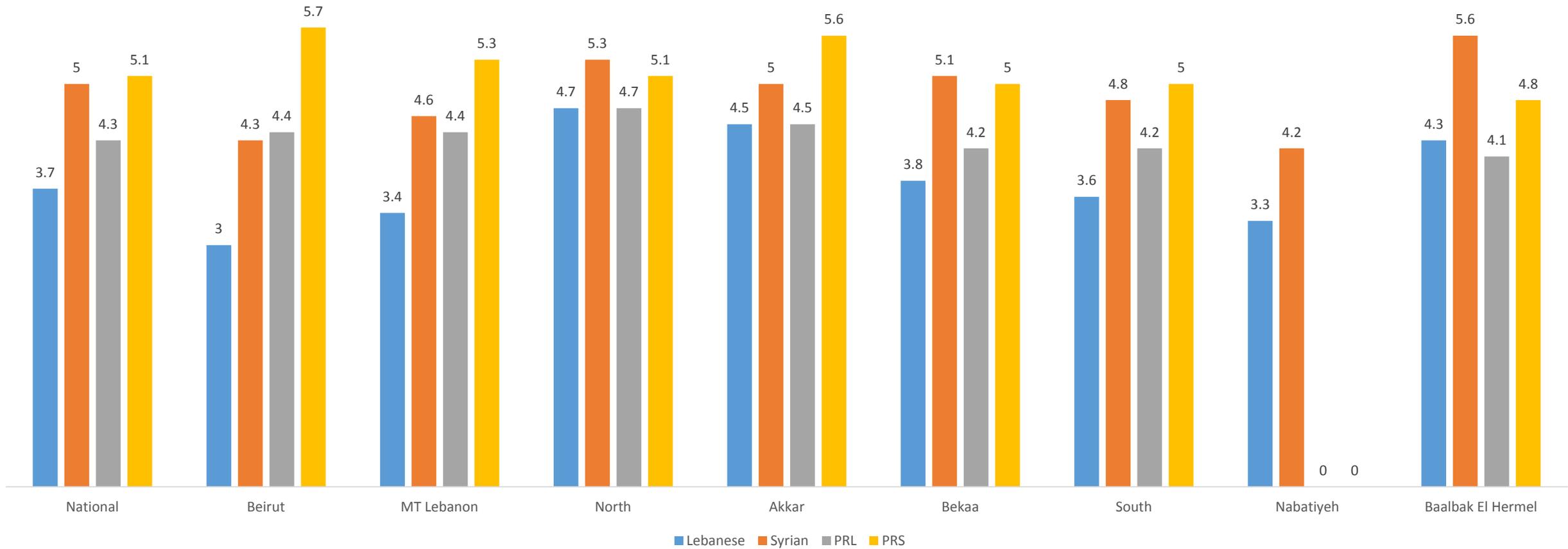
# FINDINGS



# Households Size

# Households

## Mean Household Size



# Health and Nutrition

# Breastfeeding practices among mothers

**% of children according to breastfeeding status at selected age groups, Lebanon, 2015**

Practices	Indicators	% Leb	% Syr	% PRL	% PRS
<b>Breastfeeding</b>	% Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months <sup>1</sup>	24.8	33.5	26.2	21.2
	% Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months <sup>2</sup>	34.2	62.1	39.9	40.5
	% Continued breastfeeding at 1 year	36.7	61.6	42.9	47
	% Continued breastfeeding at 2 years	20.1	36.5	15.4	15.3
<b>Duration of any breastfeeding</b>	Median duration among children age 0-35 months	9.3	16.3	10.8	13.1
<b>Age-appropriate breastfeeding</b>	% of children age 0-23 months <sup>3</sup>	25	38.7	30.8	31.7
<b>Bottle feeding</b>	% of children age 0-23 months <sup>4</sup>	68.4	50	53.1	40.5

1. Infants receiving breast milk, and not receiving any other fluids or foods, with the exception of oral rehydration solution, vitamins, mineral supplements and medicines

2. Infants who receive breast milk and certain fluids (water and water-based drinks, fruit juice, ritual fluids, oral rehydration solution, drops, vitamins, minerals, and medicines), but do not receive anything else (in particular, non-human milk and food-based fluids)

3. % of children age 0-23 months who were appropriately breastfed during the previous day

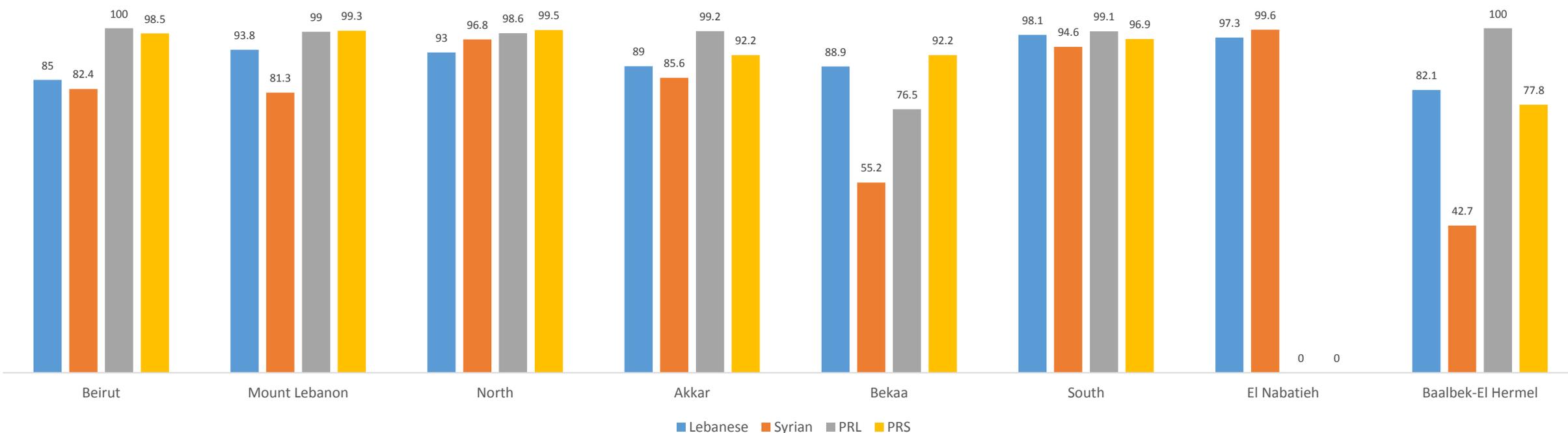
4. % of children age 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle with a nipple during the previous day

**WASH**

# Main source of drinking water (%)

Percent distribution of household population according to main source of drinking water and percentage of household population using improved drinking water sources

Percentage using improved sources of drinking water\*



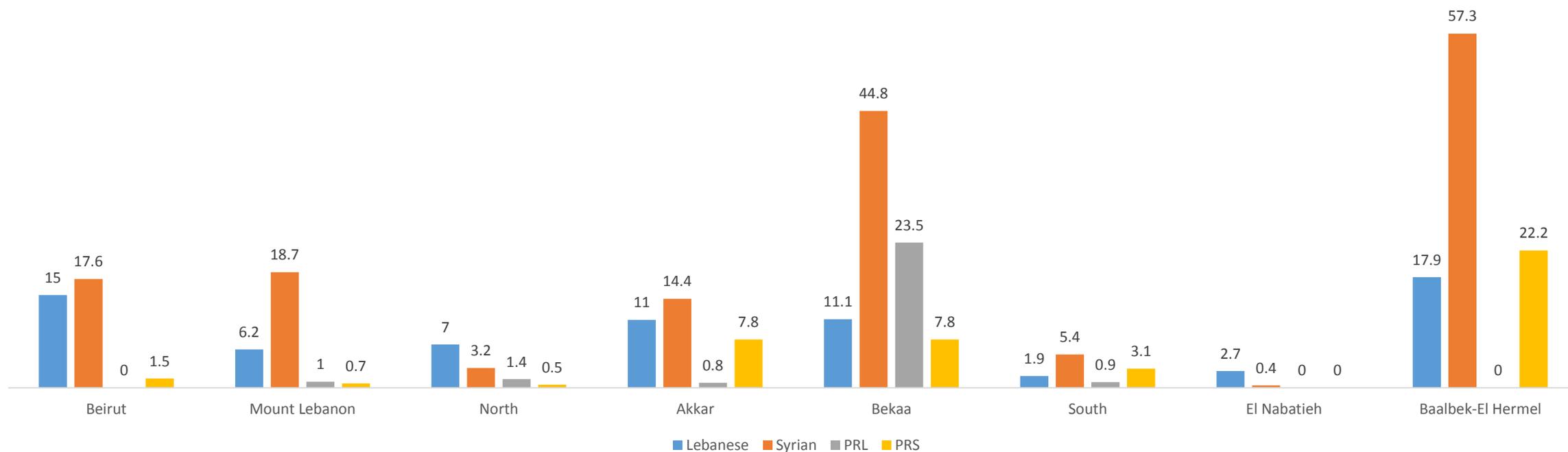
\***Improved sources:** piped into dwelling, piped into compound, yard or plot, piped to neighbor, public tap/standpipe, tube well, borehole, protected well, protected spring, rainwater collection, and bottled water

\*\***Unimproved sources:** unprotected well, unprotected spring, tanker-truck, Surface water, Bottled

# Main source of drinking water (%)

Percent distribution of household population according to main source of drinking water and percentage of household population using improved drinking water sources

Percentage using unimproved sources of drinking water\*\*



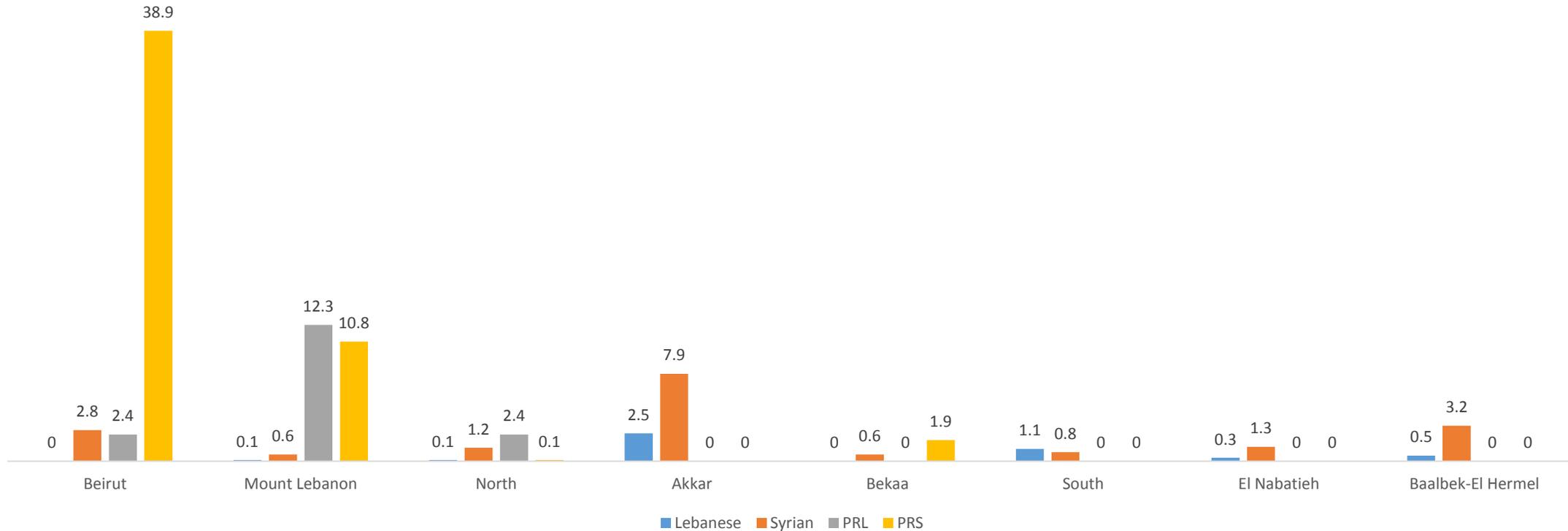
**\*Improved sources:** piped into dwelling, piped into compound, yard or plot, piped to neighbor, public tap/standpipe, tube well, borehole, protected well, protected spring, rainwater collection, and bottled water

**\*\*Unimproved sources:** unprotected well, unprotected spring, tanker-truck, Surface water, Bottled

# Improved sanitation facility (%)

## Percent distribution of household population according to type of toilet facility used by the household

Percentage using unimproved sanitation facilities



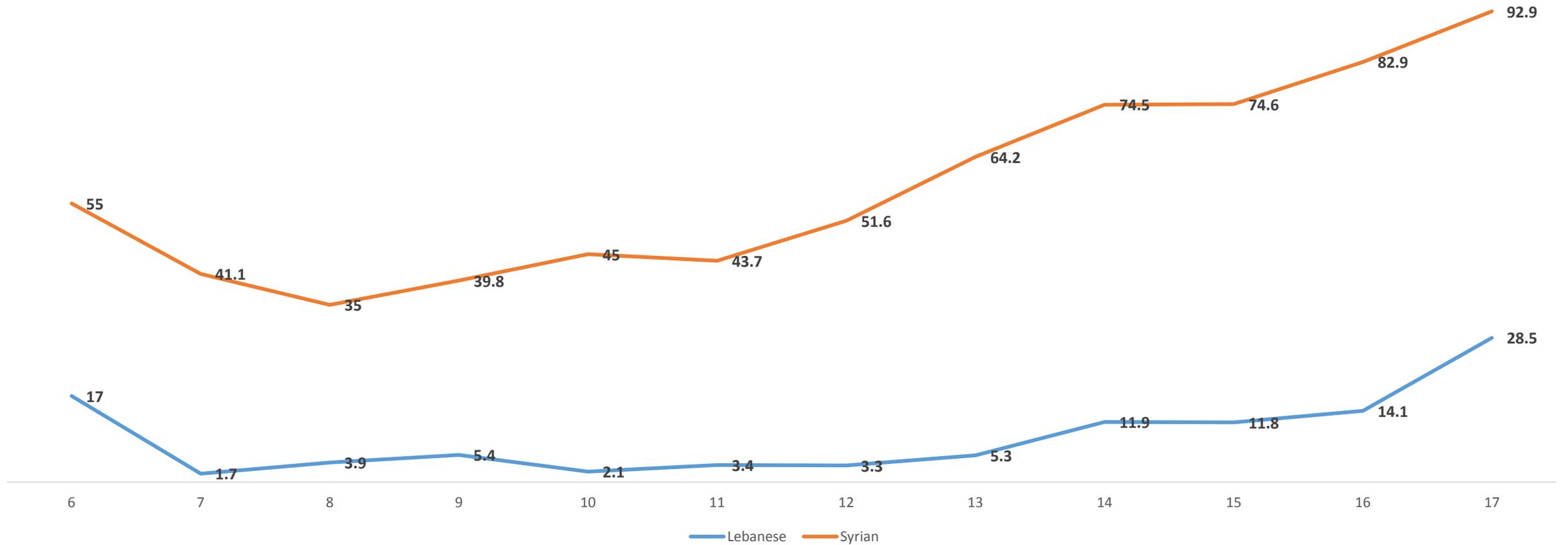
**\*Improved sanitation facilities:** Flush to pipe sewer system, flush to septic tank, flush to pit, flush to unknown place, ventilated improved pit latrine (VIP), pit latrine with slab.

**\*\*Unimproved sanitation facilities:** Flush to somewhere else, pit latrine without slab / Open pit, and bucket.

# EDUCATION

# Out of School Children

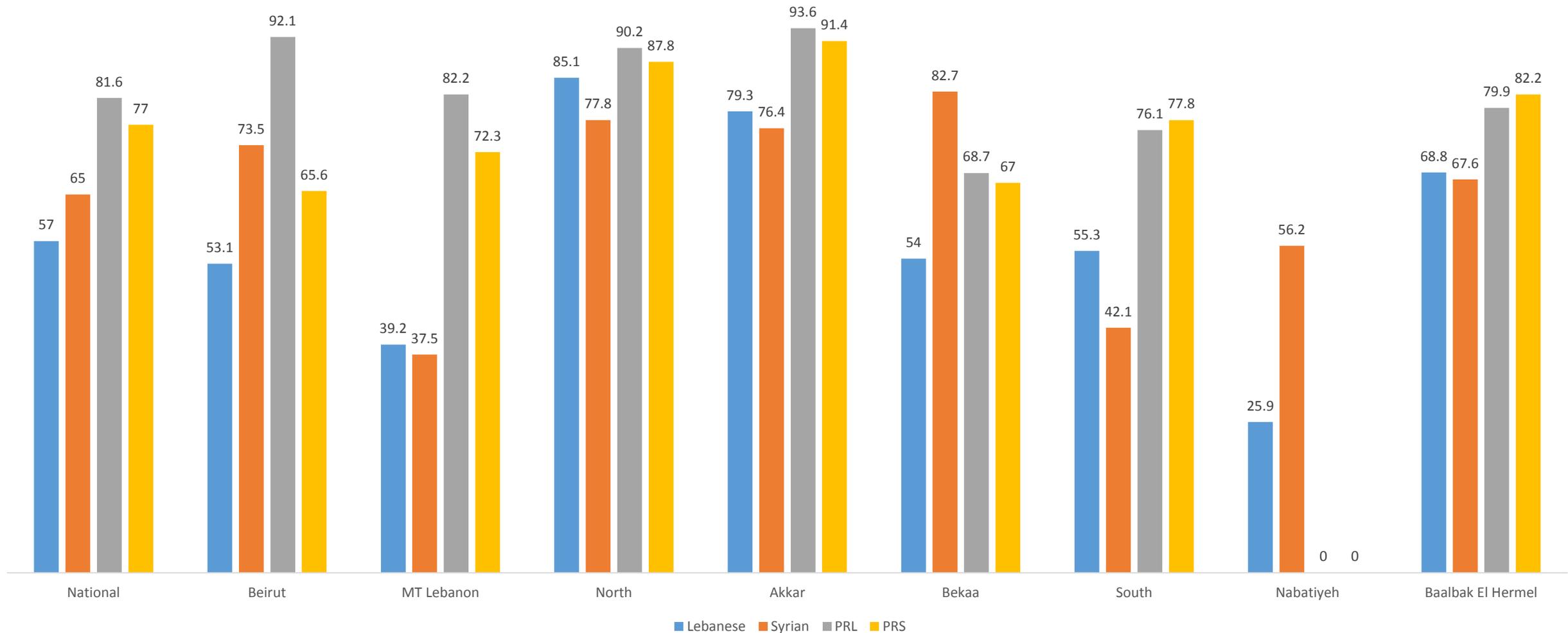
Percentage Out-of-School Children, by Age



# PROTECTION

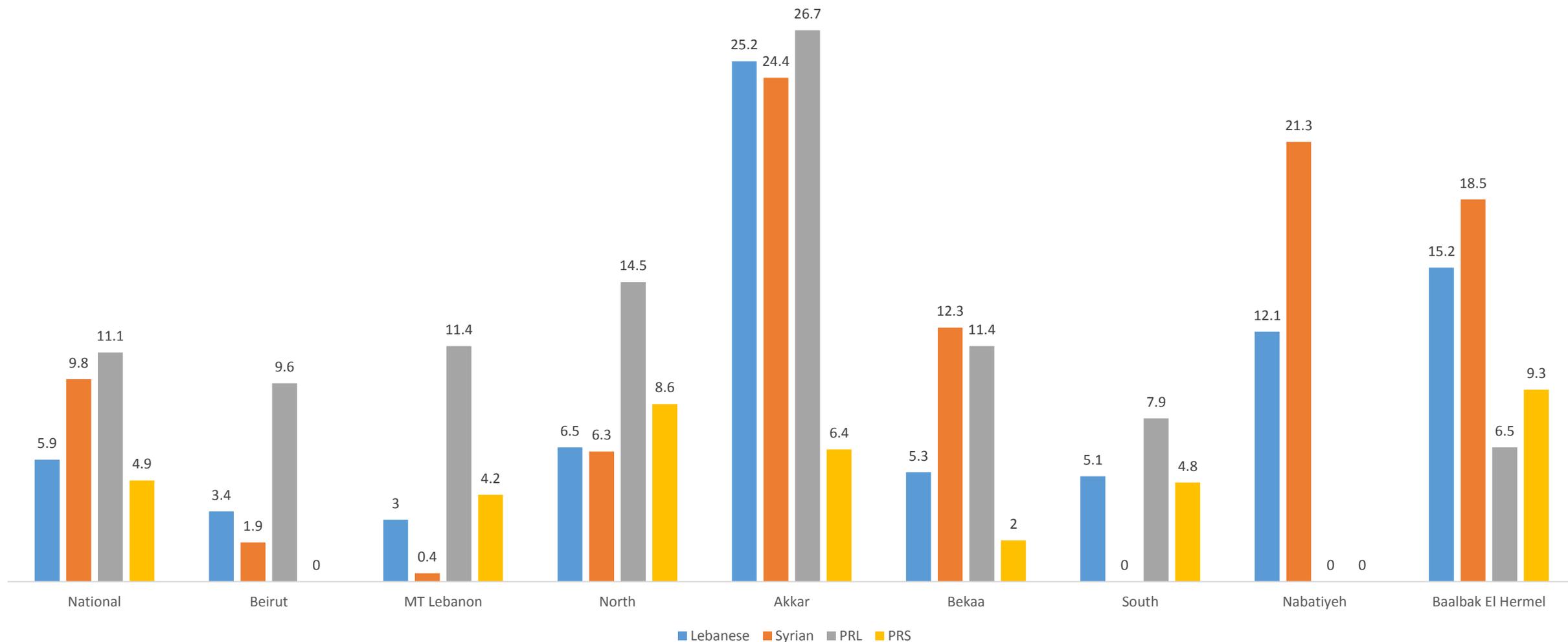
# Key Indicator Results – Child Discipline

Percent of children age 1-14 years who experienced any violent discipline method during the last month



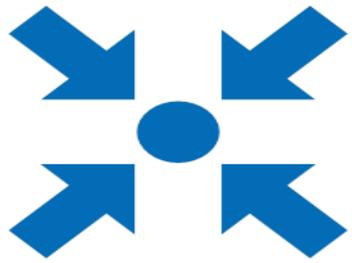
# Key Indicator Results – Attitude Towards Domestic Violence

Percent of women age 15-49 who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife



# Thank you





# AGENDA

- UNICEF Household Survey
- **Mapping of private sector engagement in the LCRP (MOSA)**

# Private Sector Engagement

Initiative by MoSA 2016

# What is private sector engagement?

Private sector engagement looks into bringing the private sector into the humanitarian and stabilization agenda.

It is about facilitating a change of the private sector way doing business to align with the humanitarian and stabilization programs for the mutual benefit of the poor and their business.

It is about bringing the private sector to the table during the program design process and throughout the program lifecycle.

# What is private sector engagement?

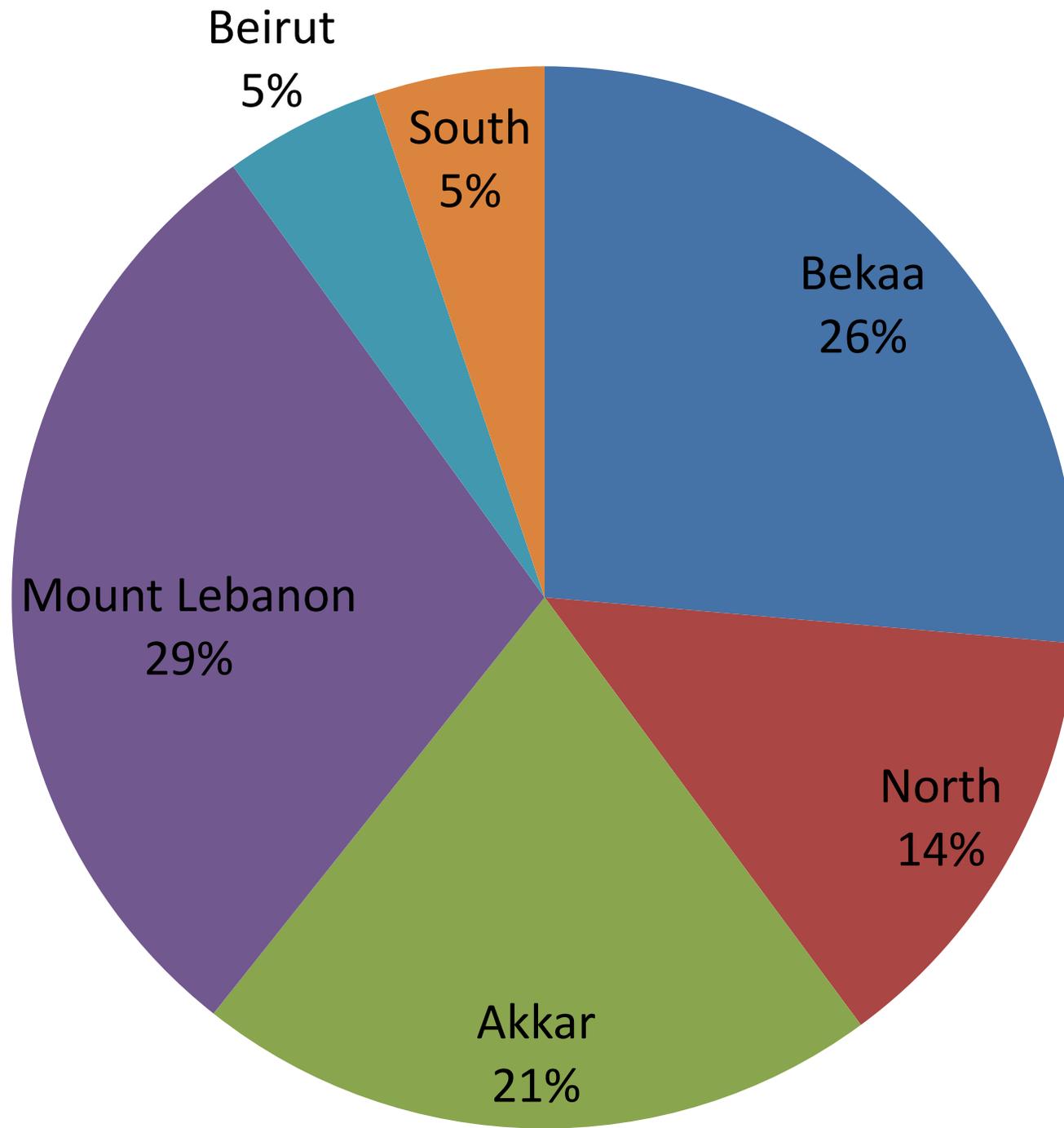
- Corporate social responsibility or charity actions
- Securing a place for private sector in assessment, design and through the whole program life cycle.

# Who are the targeted private sectors?

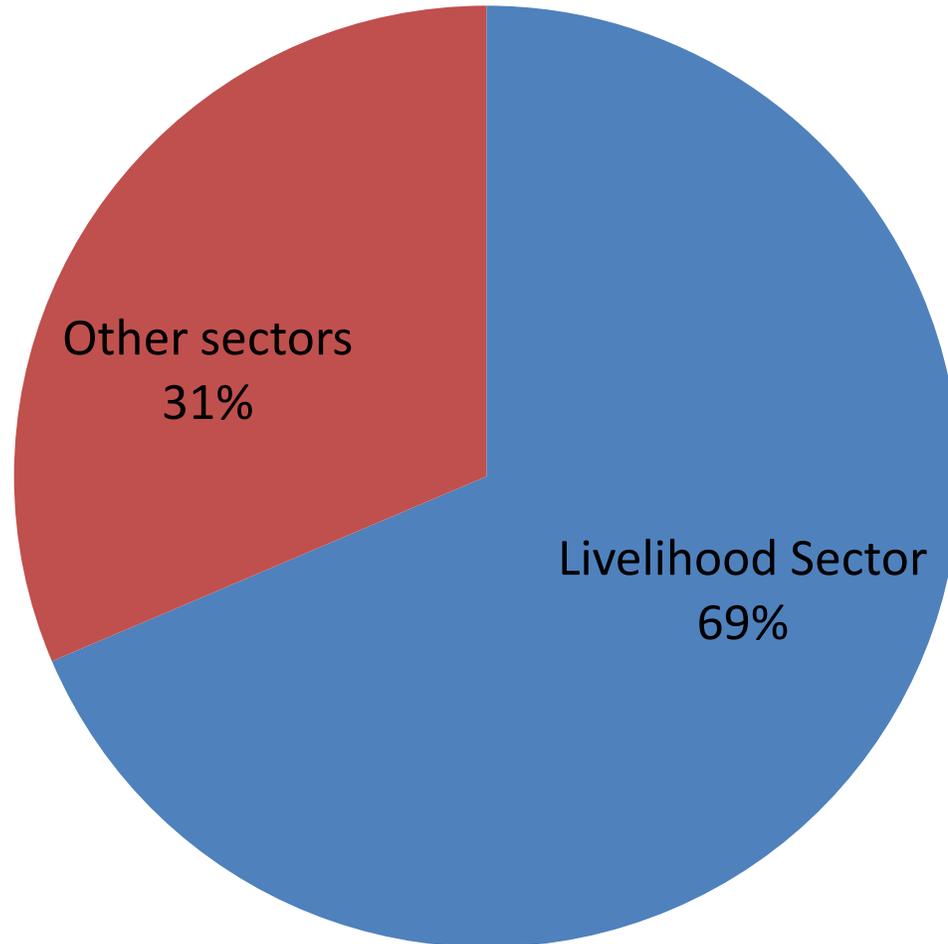
- It includes all sizes from the micro small and medium enterprises up to regional and multinational corporations.
- All stakeholders at a defined value chain or service providers in different value chains.

# Data Collected

Nbr of agencies	Nbr of sectors	Nbr of private sector engaged
12	5	1429



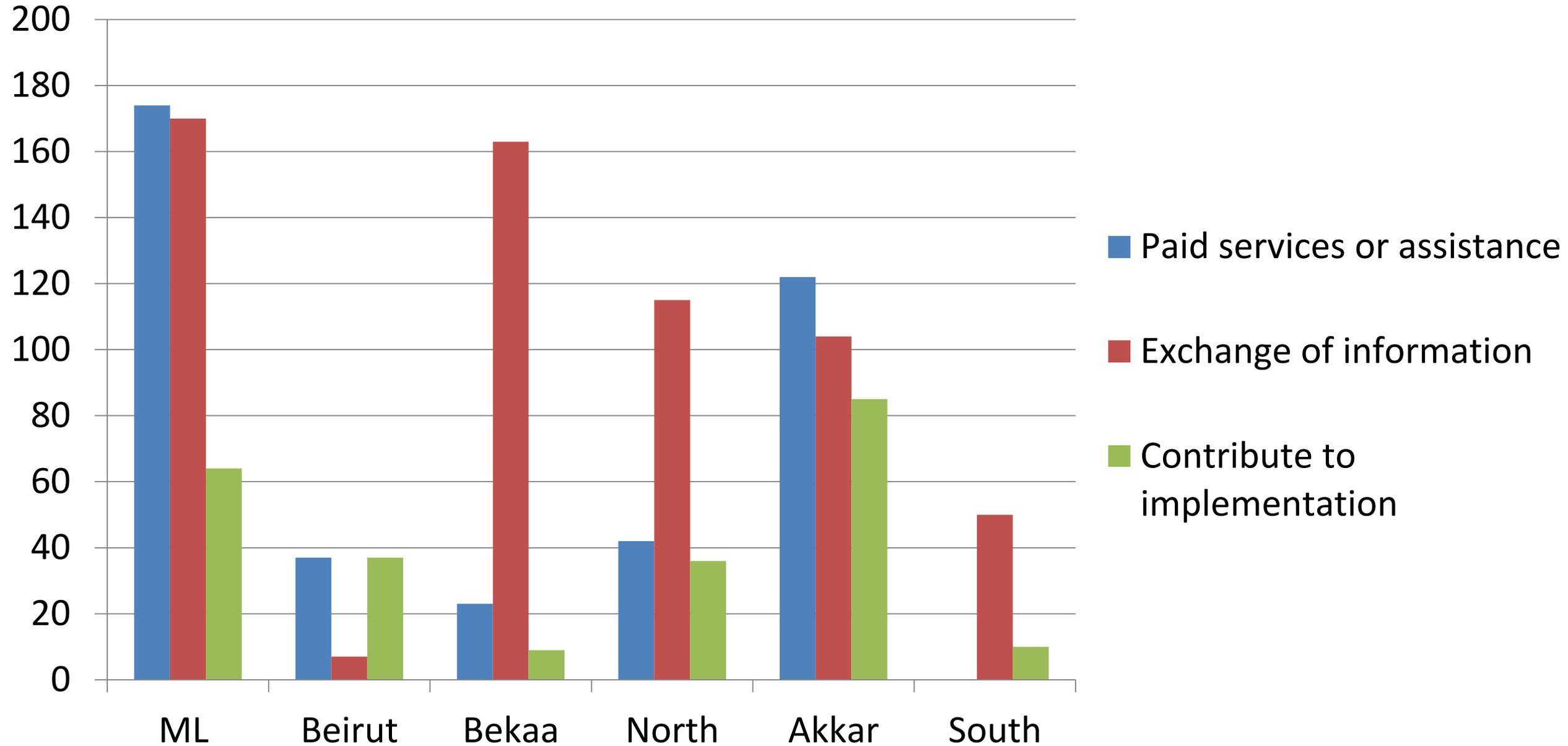
# Distribution per Sector



# Distribution per type of engagement

	Paid services or assistance	Exchange of information	Contribute to implementation
Mount Lebanon	174	170	64
Beirut	37	7	37
Bekaa	23	163	9
North	42	115	36
Akkar	122	104	85
South	0	50	10

# Distribution per type of engagement



# Private sector engagement potentials

- The private sector is not only a source of financing, but is also an actor in the response providing till the moment and average of \$180 US per refugee household through income opportunities.
- The private sector can go beyond that if motivated and provided a business enabling environment and market opportunities.
- Private sector engagement aims to focus investments from the private sector in targeted areas and subsectors as well as private public partnership.

# Thank You!

