



## Protection Cluster Ethiopia

### FACTSHEET September 2016



## Key Figures



**684,705**

The total number of IDPs including protracted and new caseloads in the country as of July 2016. .

**373,231**

Individuals displaced due to the flooding as of July 2016.

**264,079**

Individuals are still displaced due to the impact of El Niño as of July 2016.

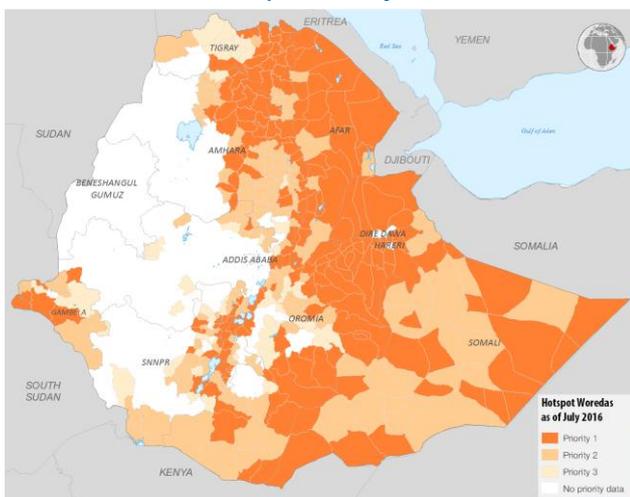
**10.2 M**

Individuals affected by the drought according to the Humanitarian Requirements Document.

**USD 23.8 M**

Protection funding requirements  
**21.5 % funded**

## ETHIOPIA | Priority Woredas



Core group in need of Protection

**2,5 M Population of Concern**

Children – 1 M | Women and Girls – 1.3 M | Men and Boys – 0.2 M

## Key Facts

- For the first time, the Protection component has been included in the 2016 Humanitarian Requirements Document (HRD) issued by the GoE and humanitarian partners.
- The recent floods have multiplied the effects of the drought induced by El Nino creating gaps in terms of access to basic services; food distribution, ES/NFI, Health, WASH and Education. In total, 9,901 individuals or 1,785 HHs were newly internally displaced in Afar and Oromia regions of Ethiopia during July 2016 due to flooding. The sex disaggregated data for the most recent IDPs is 52 per cent (72,610 men) and 48 per cent (66,636 women).
- The Belg assessment conducted June 2016 identified that services are very limited and are not accessible to the most vulnerable groups such as elderly, people living with disabilities, Pregnant and lactating women, and girls.

- The Belg assessment has also reported that, since the drought, children have been separated from their parents or usual caregivers, including through migration to other areas. Children live on their own, live with other children, their employers, in foster care arrangement, with extended family or clan group or on the street.

- A Gender Analysis conducted by Oxfam and Care in March – April 2016 in 21 drought affected Kebeles across four regions of Ethiopia indicated protection risks to pastoralist boys, who face physical attacks as a result of conflict over pasture (Afar region). Women and girls affected by the drought fear sexual violence as they need to travel longer distances to fetch water and/or collect fire wood and domestic conflict at household level. Adolescent girls are more vulnerable to trafficking and to sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV).

## Current Engagement/Response

- Protection Cluster Meetings: Monthly meetings allow information sharing and coordinated effort among humanitarian partners on protection response particularly on internal displacement.
- Protection Mainstreaming: On August 2016 the Protection cluster was asked to approach Wash, Nutrition, Food, and Health Cluster in order to identify the protection needs for four (4) clusters. The Protection Cluster and CP/GBV Sub Cluster met with the Food, Nutrition, and Wash Clusters. Discussions are held with various Clusters currently responding to the humanitarian situation to ensure protection is mainstreamed within the sectoral responses.
- The Protection Cluster has assigned Protection Cluster focal persons to other clusters as part of its Protection Mainstreaming works. The focal persons will be responsible for:
  - Participating in the meeting of the respective Clusters in Addis Ababa as well as at the Sub-National level, to understand issues related to Protection and improve Protection Mainstreaming.
  - Regularly reporting at least once every month to the Protection Cluster subsequent to their interaction with the Clusters they are focal persons for in Addis Ababa and/or at Sub-National level government bodies.
- Field Missions- Protection Cluster mission to attend Belg Assessment Debriefing Sessions: The Protection Cluster conducted two missions to Afar and the Somali Region following the completion of the Belg assessments in the two Regions. The objectives of these missions were to discuss with partners the outcome of the Belg Assessment and the debriefing sessions that followed. Moreover, as a follow up to the Inter-Agency Protection Field Mission (IAPFM) conducted between 29 Feb – 23 March 2016 in the Somali Region, the recent mission to the Somali Region sought to assess IDP sites visited by the IAPFM to identify the gaps as well as the improvements made following the assessment undertaken in Fafan and Siti Zones.

## Protection Cluster Products

- Monitoring of activities: A Protection Cluster Infographics is developed to show operational presence for protection response including on-going, completed and planned activities.
- Advocacy Note on GBV: The Advocacy Note focusing on GBV related issues is being developed. This note complemented the Protection Cluster Advocacy Note prepared in April 2016 and was presented to the EHCT on June 2016.

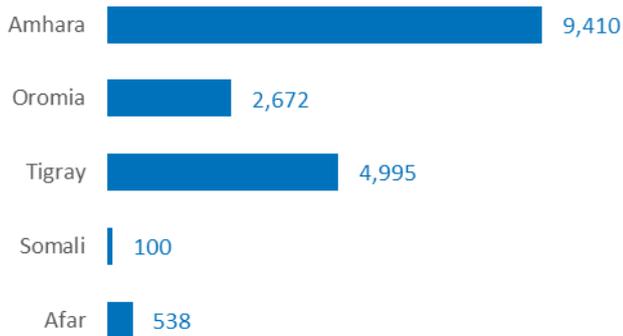
## Child Protection & Gender Based Violence

The Child Protection / Gender Based Violence (CP/GBV) Sub Cluster in Ethiopia is co-chaired by UNFPA (for GBV) and UNICEF (for Child Protection), together with the Ministry of Women and Children Affairs (MOWCA), and works in close collaboration with the Protection Cluster. Sub-national sub clusters have also been established across six regions, co-chaired by the Bureau of Women and Children's Affairs (BoWCA) and UNICEF in five regions, and the Bureau of Labour and Social Affairs and UNICEF in Tigray Region.

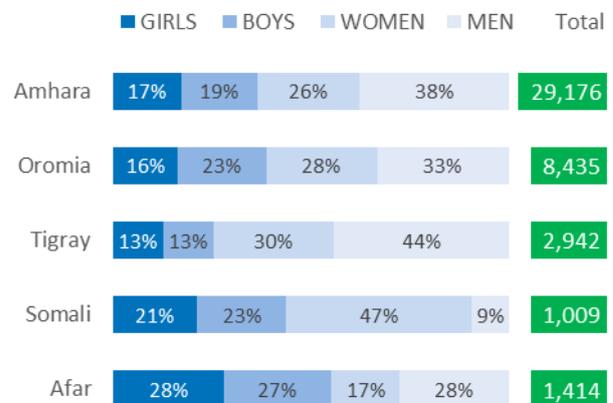
Key CP/GBV Sub Cluster Activities [June-August 2016]

Activities	Boys	Girls	Men	Women	Total
• Psychosocial Support through Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) and Women Friendly Spaces (WFS)	9,925	7,790	-	9,036	26,751
• Unaccompanied and separated children reunified with their families.	639	549			1,188
• Disseminate communication message on CP and GBV to Girls, boys, woman and men	8,468	7,408	15,588	11,512	42,976
• Conduct training on Child Protection in Emergencies, Case Management and Psychosocial Support	-	-	2,734	1,769	4,525
• Organize positive parenting session with parents including foster/host parents	-	-	3,191	3,527	6,718

# Children accessed Psychosocial Support (PSS) through Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) by region



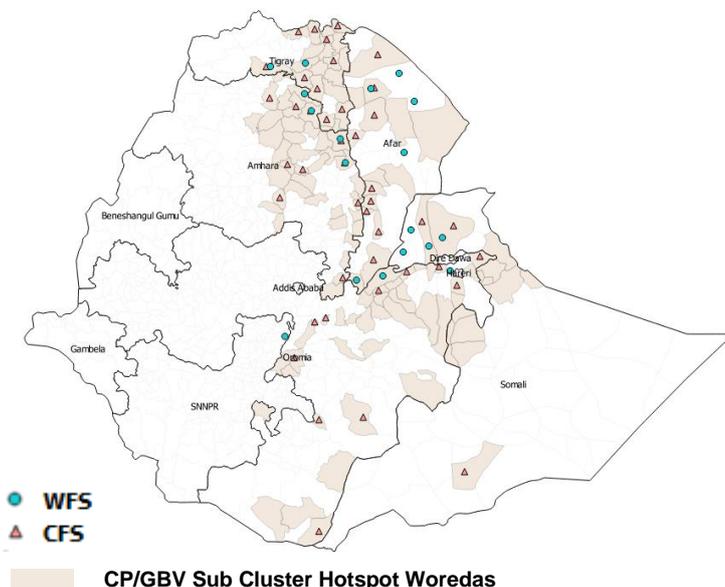
Beneficiaries reached with Communication messages on CP and GBV



# Women accessed Psychosocial Support (PSS) through Women Friendly Spaces (WFS) in Amhara region: 9,036

WFS reporting is partial only

Sub Cluster supported Child Friendly Spaces ('CFS') and Women Friendly Spaces ('WFS') in drought affected areas



Activities for this sub cluster also include:

- Amendment of the sub-cluster work plan in line with Humanitarian Requirement Document (HRD), Meher & Belg seasonal assessments.
- Developing GBV key messages which were presented to EHCT & ICCM for support. A task force has been formed which includes MOWCA to plan for specific interventions.